

Whiskard's

230 and 232 Dundas Street.
Just received per special import, a new line of

Fancy Swiss Curtain Muslin
Embroidered border on both sides,
Only 15c, 20c, 25c yard.

A special line of
Fancy Madras Muslin
In Cream and Ecru,
15c AND 20c YARD.

Our New Prints are in. We show a splendid line of

ENGLISH PRINTS
Wide widths, fast colors,
Only 12c YARD.

LADIES' BLACK COTTON ROSE
Fast colors, seamless,
15c PAIR.

Children's Cardinal Cashmere Hose
ALL SIZES.

GLOVES.

Ladies' Black Taffeta Gloves,
All sizes,
ONLY 25c PAIR.

Black, Cream, White, Brown and Fawn Silk Gloves. All prices.

A splendid line of
Ladies' Silk Silk Gloves,
ONLY 25c PAIR.

MILLINERY.

New Flowers, Ostrich Tips, Jet Sprays, Jet Crowns, Jet Bonnets, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats

Crinkled Tissue Paper,
In all shades,
ONLY 10c ROLL.

BLACK FELT SHOPPING BAGS,
Embroidered and plain,
25c EACH.

A splendid line of
Ladies' Summer Corsets,
ONLY 50c PAIR.

See our new line of
T. G. W. Corsets
WORTH 75c,
OUR PRICE 50c PAIR.

THE CHURCH MURDERS.

Durant Claiming He is Innocent of the Crime Imputed to Him.

San Francisco, April 29.—For the first time since the charge of murdering Miss Annie Williams in the Emanuel Baptist Church, of this city, was formally entered against W. H. T. Durant, the prisoner has consented to talk. He spoke first of the Lamont case, saying:—"Poor Blanche, I am accused of strangling her, and then remaining unmoved at the details of the most horrible crime in history. No one will ever know the sorrow I feel, and no one can begin to comprehend my thoughts, even if I were to tell all the anguish her terrible fate caused me. I could not have murdered the girl. I liked her too well. Not better than anyone else in the world, but I respected and admired her, and we were good friends. Judging by newspaper communications I am looked upon as a cold-blooded, diabolical monster. I am painted as a devil in human shape, and very little is said of the possibility of any other person having killed these two girls; but when the trial is over, the world will know that I am innocent. My composure and self-control since my arrest are held against me; but no person will ever know the terrible ordeal I am undergoing. It is said that I use opium to induce sleep. That is a lie. I am able to sleep well because my conscience is clear of all crime. I am not of a nervous temperament, and have been always able to keep cool." He accuses the police of working solely from the premise that he was guilty of the crime and ignoring all other clues.

JUMPED 105 FEET.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 28.—"Toronto Red" today leaped from the Lackawanna trestle into Lake Erie, a distance of 105 feet. "Toronto Red," who by the way, is a local newsboy who came here from Toronto, claims to be Duffy, who leaped from Brooklyn bridge and was reported to have been killed at the time. The fact that Duffy's body was never again seen, and that "Toronto" immediately claimed that he was his own, lends probability to the assertion that he was the real hero of the bridge jump, in view of his daring feat of to-day, which is well authenticated.

CYCLONE AT OMAHA.

Omaha, Neb., April 29.—A cyclone struck the northern portion of this city this morning, and several houses were blown down. It is reported that three men were killed.

MANLEY'S

CELESTINE NERVE-COMPOUND
NO MORPHINE. NO OPIUM.
Sold by Apothecaries & Druggists.

ELECTRIC LEAVEN MAKES CHARMING BISCUITS.

THE GRAND TRUNK.

Sir Henry Tyler Resigns the Presidency.

TOO MANY PROXIES AGAINST HIM.

Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson Likely to Be His Successor.

SIR HENRY'S FAREWELL SPEECH

Noisy Meeting of the Shareholders in London—An Adjournment for a Week—A New Board to be Appointed.

London, April 30.—There was a crowded meeting here to-day of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sir Henry Tyler, the President, announced that on account of the majority of proxies against him he placed his resignation in the hands of the company.

The meeting was very noisy, and finally adjourned until next Tuesday in order to enable the shareholders to appoint a new board of directors.

Previous to the public meeting of the shareholders, the board of directors held a board meeting and decided to resign.

At the meeting of the shareholders the feeling expressed against Sir Henry Tyler was very strong. The latter, in the course of a speech, which was really an apology for his policy, declared that the majority of proxies were obtained by an unfair and misleading circular.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The anxiously-awaited annual meeting of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada took place here to-day. It was a packed one, and great excitement prevailed.

When Sir Henry Tyler, who presided, arose he announced the resignation of himself and the Board of Directors. He was received with cheers and groans from the different sections of the meeting. Sir Henry Tyler said he had presided for the 40th and last time. This statement was greeted with more cheers and silence on the part of his friends.

The Board of Directors held a meeting this morning previous to the annual one. It was reported to them that the committees of the dissatisfied shareholders had secured a majority of the proxies against the Board.

The Board, however, held the opinion that this had been accomplished by means of an unfair and misleading circular. The Board also charges that the committee of shareholders have published an abstract which differs in many respects from the Barker report, and does not fairly convey its substance. In a separate circular, which had previously been issued, the directors asked for the support of the proprietors, and referring to the opposition stated:—"This agitation is carried on by a self-constituted committee, with authority from the general body of proprietors and appears to be mainly fomented by those having comparatively small interests in the company. The general effect of their allegations is that the present unfortunate condition of the company is due to mismanagement, whereas it will be obvious to all impartial proprietors not only that it is due to circumstances entirely beyond the control of the Board or of the management in Canada, but also that every possible exertion has been made by the strictest economy to counteract the effects of extreme depression in business and low rate of conveyance. No evidence has been adduced that those who have put themselves forward and who hope by becoming directors to assume control of this vast system, involving so much complication are capable of surmounting the serious difficulties by which it has, from depression of trade and other adverse circumstances, been temporarily surrounded, or even that they possess any technical knowledge whatever of railway affairs. The integrity and credit of the company are, in the unanimous opinion of the Board, seriously threatened by the agitation, which is a sufficient reason to the directors for appealing to all those who have a real interest in the company to assist them in carrying the undertaking through the present crisis, which they have so far surmounted and from which, with the continued support of the proprietors, they cannot doubt the company will satisfactorily emerge. The Board to-day decided, therefore, to resign their seats or hold them at the disposal of the shareholders. It was not necessary in this event to go through the formality of taking a poll."

The meeting, which was held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon street, E. C., lasted two hours and was most exciting.

Sir Henry Tyler's speech was a long one, and was principally a justification of the acquisition of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Road. He gave the charge of concealment laid against the Board a warm denial. For a long time past, he said, there had been a great struggle for proxies among the proprietors of shares, and it was his duty to announce that the committee of shareholders had not obtained a large majority of them. Many of these proxies had been obtained by unfair and misleading circulars. However, the directors only awaited the appointment of their successors. A poll would be needless, as the committee themselves must decide the method of procedure. It was absolutely necessary, first, that efforts should be made to reduce the expenses of the company in consequence of the great losses incurred by the passenger and freight accounts. Under great stress and by rigid economy the expenses had been reduced by cutting the train service. This alone had saved £12,750, and during the whole year the expenses had been reduced about £135,000, against a loss of receipts of £418,000. These extraordinary savings had been made in the expenses of a railway that had always been conducted under a system of great economy. It would have been impossible to have obtained such a reduction unless there had been the high state of efficiency to which the line had always kept up. After

surveying the condition of the line Sir Henry said he thought the results were more satisfactory to the owners than they might have anticipated. The adverse results, he said, were due to the continuous decline in rates since 1882, the competition of the numerous railways, including the Canadian Pacific, and the general paralysis of business and the lower prices in Europe. In closing his farewell speech he paid a high tribute to the staff of the company in Canada.

Sir Henry then moved the adoption of the reported accounts, having for a second Mr. Wm. Unwin Heygate. Mr. Gilderston, chairman of the committee of dissatisfied shareholders, and manager of the Bristol Docks, affirmed the committee's charges against the Board, and announced, amid loud cheers, that Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, late controller of the National Debt and Government Director of the Suez Canal, reorganizer of the Egyptian finances and of the Central Pacific Railway of the United States, had promised to give his most careful consideration to the offer of the presidency of the company, which the committee had made him. The committee desired Messrs. Hubbard, Allen and Brock to remain on the Board under Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson.

It was moved that the directors be requested to hold their resignations until the latter reorganized the Board, and that eight of the largest shareholders be added to the committee; and that the meeting be adjourned till May 7.

Mr. Jas. Price read a cablegram from Mr. Barker, declaring the committee's statement to be substantially correct. The cablegram greatly influenced the meeting.

Mr. Baker proposed a joint committee of the Board and shareholders, but this was not seconded.

When Sir Henry Tyler put Mr. Gilderston's amendment a forest of hands showed the meeting's approval of the movement. Only half a dozen hands were shown in opposition.

The meeting then adjourned until May 7, amid loud cheering.

The following is the Board of Directors which resigned:—Sir Henry W. Tyler, President; Geo. Allen, Esq., John Allan Clutton Brock, Esq., Lord Claud John Hamilton, Wm. Unwin Heygate, Esq., Alexander Hubbard, Esq., Wm. Brame Jeffries, Esq., John Mainham, Esq., Sir Henry Mather Jackson Bart, Hon. Sir Frank Smith.

In the ordinary course of events the retiring directors would have been:—Mr. Alexander Hubbard, Sir Henry M. Mather Jackson Bart, Hon. Sir Frank Smith and Mr. John Markham.

The two first named gentlemen were proposed for reelection, and Mr. John Mainham, on account of serious ill-health, had expressed his wish to retire from the Board.

The Times to-morrow will congratulate Sir Henry Tyler and his colleagues in the management of the Grand Trunk RR. on resigning. It will say that they managed the line to the best of their ability, and that the proprietors were partly to blame for tolerating them so long, notwithstanding the constant attempts of the minority to open their eyes to the existing danger.

The committee, the Times learns, have asked a score of the largest proprietors to meet on May 3 and form a sort of grand committee to deliberate as to the best course to pursue.

OTTAWA NOTES.

Items of Interest from the Dominion Capital.

Special from Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Ont., April 30.—Mr. Thomas McGreevy, M. P. elect for Quebec, arrived to-day.

The Dominion Prohibition Alliance will hold their annual meeting on some day of next week that is not yet decided.

Sir Hibbert Tupper is still confined to his house, although reported to be on the mend.

Judge Taschereau has been elected Dean of the Law Faculty of Ottawa University in the place of the late Sir John Thompson.

The Divorce Committee of the Senate met for organization this morning. One bill is ready for their consideration, but the proceedings are held in secret in the interests of morality.

A good deal of amusement has been caused here by the publication of an advertisement by Lord and Lady Aberdeen, in which they offer a reward of \$20 for information as to who stole a box of toy tools from a summer house in the Rideau Hall grounds. The ad. states that the information is not required in order to inflict a penalty, but that the offending party may be told that he is not conducting himself as a respectable Canadian.

Mr. Alex. McKay, M. P. for Hamilton, yesterday gave notice of a petition from the St. Catharines & Niagara Central Railway Company, praying for the passing of an Act empowering them to extend their line through Hamilton onward to Brantford, to construct certain branch lines, and to change the name of the company to that of the Niagara, Hamilton & Pacific Railway Company.

TRUE MERIT APPRECIATED.—Brown's Bronchial Troches were well-received as a simple, yet effective, remedy for coughs and throat troubles.

In a letter from Hon. Mrs. Perry, Castle Grey, Limerick, Ireland, she is thus referred to:—"Having brought your Bronchial Troches with me when I came to reside here, I found that, after I had given them away to those I considered required them, the poor people will walk for miles to get a few."

BUCHANAN AGAIN RESPITED.

Sing Sing, N. Y., April 30.—Dr. Robt. W. Buchanan for the second time has been snatched from the electric chair within a few hours of the time set for his execution. This time it has been stayed pending the determination of an appeal entered by his counsel.

—Mr. T. Donly is having the Fraser House and grounds at Port Stanley fitted up for the opening on May 24th.

IN PARLIAMENT.

The Newfoundland Question in the Commons.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES DISCUSSED.

The Opposition Resolved on a Policy of Obstruction—Mr. McGreevy Takes His Seat.

Special from our own correspondent.

Ottawa, Ont., April 30.—This might be called Newfoundland's day in the House. Immediately after the routine proceedings, which were of the briefest, and relieved only by the introduction of Mr. Thos. McGreevy, who had as his sponsors Messrs. Taylor and Fréchet, Mr. Davies broke away from the order of proceedings as laid down and questioned the Government as to the truth of a newspaper despatch relating to the admission of Newfoundland to the Confederation.

He desired, he said, especially to know if the Government of Canada had undertaken to see that a bounty on fish exported from Newfoundland should be paid by Canada. He also desired to know if it was intended not to present the question to the people of Newfoundland, or, on the contrary, to admit that colony on the vote of the present Legislature. One province, he said, had been legislated in the order in this he regarded as constitutional in one sense, but unconstitutional in another. He said we do not want another Nova Scotia on our hands.

Hon. Mr. Foster said he was surprised to find a discussion on such an important question precipitated on the slender foundation of a newspaper paragraph. There had been nothing to show that there was anything of the kind in the paragraph referred to, of which Mr. Davies had managed to manufacture two grievances. He could only repeat what he had said the other day on the subject—that the result of the negotiations would be simultaneously submitted to the Legislature of Newfoundland and the Parliament of Canada.

Mr. Laurier said he did not desire to know the details of the negotiations, but there were certain broad principles that should be laid down. He held it to be essential that the people of Newfoundland should be consulted before the Act of Union was consummated. He did not regard it as essential that the people of Canada should have a voice, as he said it had always been understood here that Newfoundland was to be admitted when the people of that country were ready for union. He would regard it as unfortunate if the experience of Nova Scotia should be repeated.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) treated the question from a constitutional point of view, and held that the people of Canada are as much interested as are those of Newfoundland.

Mr. Weldon, who is also a constitutional authority, replied to Mr. Mills, and pointed out that the interests of Canada are fully safeguarded, everything being subjected to the ratification of Parliament. He took the ground that Mr. Mills was talking as though he held a brief from Newfoundland, and as to the fiery element that existed in Nova Scotia some years ago it was now dead as the ashes of Julius Caesar. Mr. Fielding tried some nine or ten years ago to revivify the repeal sentiment, but it fell flat and was now dead—an observation that sardonically observed that if it was dead the obsequies had cost Canada many millions.

MR. LISTER TOO HASTY.

This being disposed of Mr. Lister began to make an impassioned speech because the Public Accounts Committee had not yet been called, but he drew in his horns, so to speak, when he was informed that the committee was already called for to-morrow morning.

THE MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

Hon. Mr. Foster gave a pro forma statement of the changes in the Cabinet since the last session, which was in effect practically the same as that given in the Senate the other day by Sir Mackenzie Bowell.

Referring to this Mr. Laurier made an attack on Sir Frank Smith, but precise and his complaint was not made very clear, but as near as could be made out it was to the effect that Sir Frank Smith, as a Catholic, had allowed himself in a newspaper interview to endorse the Premiership of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, an Orangeman.

Then Mr. Edgar took the floor. He dealt out a vast amount of stimulating commission for the member for London, notwithstanding the statement that that gentleman had retired from the Cabinet at his own request. Dropping into poetry, like our old friend, Silas Wegg, he grandiloquently exclaimed, "It was all very well to dissemble your love, but why did you kick me down stairs?" "Is that original?" queried Dr. Montague. "Yes, it is original," replied Mr. Edgar; and it is the whole of his speech he judged by his truthfulness in that instance there is very little need be said regarding it.

IMPORTANT STATEMENTS.

In the course of the debate, which preceded the going into committee of supply, there were two important statements made. One was by Hon. Mr. Foster, to the effect that there would be no supplementary estimates for anything beyond the 1st of July in the present year, and the other was by Mr. McMillen, who stated that it was the intention of the Government to fight every item in the estimates inch by inch; and he was frank enough to add that this was to be done not because of a belief that it would have any effect in the House, but solely for the effect it would have on the country.

The debate went on in a ribbing sort of way, the general object seeming to be to worry Mr. Foster.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

Speaking of the civil service, Mr. Lister told a pathetic story of a young man in London who had passed the civil service examination and failed to get an office afterwards. Most Londoners attributed Mr. Lister's many persons in that city have passed the civil service examination without being provided with an office, and they could also tell him that if the Government were bound to provide an office for all who passed the examina-

tion it would not be long till every college institute graduate would pass from the school-room to the civil service.

The whole of the evening service was spent in supply.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. McMillen gave notice for an order of the House for copies of all papers and correspondence relating to the purchase or lease of the property known as the "Old Carling Brewery," and situated in the city of London, on Waterloo and Pall Mall streets; also for a copy of the lease, if any.

Sir Richard Cartwright has given notice of an enquiry as to whether the Premier wrote to Mr. McNeil, M. P., concerning a senatorship, which letter also stated that all the vacancies in the Senate have been promised.

Mr. McCarthy is very much in evidence on the notice paper to-day. He is going to interrogate the Minister of Public Works as to the authenticity of a denial in La Presse, signed by Hon. Mr. Oulmet, of the statement that Sir Hibbert Tupper had demanded from his colleagues that the remedial order should be postponed until after the general elections. He will also ask if the policy of the Government was correctly defined, and announced in the statements of the Minister of Public Works at the nomination in Vercheres, where he was reported to have said:—"The Conservative Ministers are unanimous in giving assent to the order in regard to the remedial law, not because they are Catholics or Orangemen, but because it is required by the law of the land. That is how we are, we Conservatives. Some have left our ranks, more will leave, but it will not prevent the Government from carrying out its purpose. That is what I have to tell you in the name of my colleagues. You have but one course dictated by duty. If you cannot rise above local or party considerations you must bear the reproach if ever there has been a solemn occasion it is the present one, and I repeat my appeal, not for my sake, but for the sake of our country, our race, our language and our institutions. I ask you to forget party ties and think of your God."

IN THE SENATE.

IMMIGRATION—'COLONIZATION.

The proceedings in the Senate were of a good deal of interest.

Senator Bernier called attention to the importance of the Upper Chamber either appointing a committee of its own on emigration and colonization or agreeing upon a joint committee of both Houses to deal with this important subject.

Senator Angers admitted the importance of the suggestion, and agreed to make inquiries as to the practicability of a joint committee being appointed to deal with matters pertaining to agriculture and colonization.

DIVORCE.

The divorce committee reported that Senator Loughheed had been appointed chairman to replace Senator Dickey, who is detained at his home in Nova Scotia through the illness of his wife.

The report also stated that the divorce petitions of Mary B. Fielding, of Rockville, Ontario, Wm. Colton, of Picton, Ont., and Helen Woodburn Jarvis, of Toronto, had been examined and the notices found sufficient. The petition of L. Sewell O'Dell of Quebec, was accompanied by a counter petition from the respondent, asking that the petition for divorce by her husband be not considered until a civil action now before the courts is decided.

OTHER COMMITTEES.

The reports from the other committees showed that Senator Allan was elected chairman of the Banking and Commerce Committee, Senator Vidal, chairman of the Committee on Railways, Telegraphs and Harbors, Senator Loughheed, chairman of the Private Bills Committee, and Senator McKay, chairman of the Internal Economy Committee.

Senator Miller called the attention of the Senate to the large number of vacancies now and for some time past existing in the Senate, and announced his intention of enquiring of the Government why such vacancies have been allowed to remain so long unfilled.

THE H. B. RAILWAY.

Senator Miller asked for a return of all orders in council and other documents relating to any subsidies, loan or guarantee in connection with the Hudson Railway within the last two years.

THREE BURNED TO DEATH.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 29.—A frame dwelling occupied by Samuel Weaver and his family burned last night. Weaver was very ill with diphtheria fever and perished in the flames. This morning his body and that of Frederick Snider, son of the owner of the building, were recovered in the ruins.

Mrs. Weaver is in a critical condition from burns and fright. The fire started in an adjoining house, and soon communicated to the Snider building. Mrs. Weaver is the mother of a two-days-old baby, and she and the child were rescued with great difficulty. The body of Wm. Mitchell, aged 32, the nurse attending Mr. Weaver, was recovered later to-day, making the third fatality from the fire. Mitchell had stayed with his patient in hopes of saving him; and had thus sacrificed his own life.

A POLITICAL COUNTERFEITER.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 30.—J. B. Michiner, the Canton (Ohio) attorney who is charged with passing counterfeit gold money, has been brought to the Niagara penitentiary in jail. He has made an assignment in Canton, his assets amounting to \$25,000. The secret service officials are hard at work, and expect to unearth a big counterfeiting gang in Canton, including at least two well-known men of that city. Michiner has always stood well as a lawyer and politician, and was in the field for the last Democratic nomination for Mayor of Canton.

WINTER WHEAT.

Chicago, Ill., April 29.—The May crop report of the Prairie Farmer states that the former promise of winter wheat has been further lessened during the last month. In the States of principal production east of the Rocky Mountains, the condition is 82.1, or 1.1 per cent. below the average.

W. J. Strong, house and sign painter, paper hanger—advertising signs a specialty. 393 Simcoe St., London. m, w, s



Grateful Women Write Us Letters.

From every corner of the country come thankful letters written by those who have been lifted into cheerful, vigorous, healthy strength by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Thousands on thousands of women have been relieved of the nerve-racking drag of weakness and pain.

They have been made better wives and better mothers by having perfect health restored, and without the humiliating exposure of examinations so generally insisted on by physicians.

The stereotyped treatment by "local applications" is seldom necessary, and there is no reason why modest, sensitive women need submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is of purely vegetable composition and is perfectly harmless in any condition of the system. It exerts a wonderful soothing, healing and strengthening power over woman's delicate organism. It is an invigorating tonic for the whole system, and is almost an infallible specific for the peculiar weaknesses, irregularities and painful derangements of woman.

To these causes may be traced the trouble of tired, nervous, irritable, worn-out women. Careless, easy-going doctors frequently treat their women patients for biliousness, nervousness, dyspepsia, liver or kidney troubles, when the real sickness is in the organs distinctly feminine, and no help can come till they are made perfectly strong and healthy in both structure and function which is brought about in due time, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Prescribed for 30 years by Dr. Pierce.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Growing Opposition to Confederation—Successful Sealing Season.

St. John's, Nfld., April 29.—The seal fishing season just ended has been one of the most successful on record. Two-thirds of the steamers engaged did remarkably well, while the remainder made enough to pay expenses. The value of the seal was estimated to be about \$500,000. This will prove wonderfully beneficial in the way of bringing about the recovery of the colony from the recent commercial disasters.

The movement against a union with Canada is spreading rapidly. Petitions opposing confederation are receiving a large number of signatures throughout the colony. The confederate opponents are organizing to contest the question in all contingencies in the general election. The dissolution of the Government party is probable, as all but the cabinet ministers oppose confederation.

REBELS ROUTED.

Victory for Spanish Troops in Cuba.

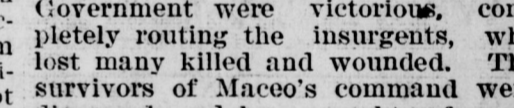
Havana, April 29.—General Saigoo, commanding the Spanish troops operating against General Maceo, the insurgent leader, has won a great victory. He attacked Maceo's forces at Parra Hueco. After a severe engagement, during which the Spanish soldiers fought bravely, the forces of the Government were victorious, completely routing the insurgents, who lost many killed and wounded. The survivors of Maceo's command were dispersed, and have sought refuge in the mountains. In addition, the insurgents commanded by General Garzon have been completely defeated, with great loss in killed, wounded and prisoners. Later, nearly all the remainder of this band surrendered themselves prisoners to the Spanish authorities.

GERMANS AND THE K. OF P. RITUAL.

Evansville, Ind., April 30.—The fight between the Knights of Pythias and the German seceders over the ritual has been decided, and the latter are prohibited from using the ritual printed in this city. The case went before Judge Foster, of the Superior Court, who found that out of 68 or 70 pages in the ritual, only two and a half pages was new matter. The balance was the old ritual of the Knights of Pythias. This action puts the new "Improved Order of Knights of Pythias" in a bad way for a ritual. There is no doubt that the defendants will ask for a re-hearing, and being denied this will carry the matter to the Supreme Court, although plaintiffs and defendants agreed before submitting the ritual to Judge Foster to be bound by his decision.

THE FOOL KILLERS AGAIN.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 30.—The State Senate has passed a resolution censuring Great Britain for occupying the Nicaragua port of Corinto, and calling upon President Cleveland to enforce the Monroe doctrine. A similar resolution was introduced in the House.



The Sun

for bleaching clothes; Pearl-line for washing them; Just remember that. You can't change any colors with Pearl-line, but if you want the brightness and freshness and newness brought back, then you want Pearl-line. The ease, the safety, the economy, the saving of time and of things washed—these are not the only points that recommend Pearl-line. The work is done better, all through. Bright women, who have proved this for themselves, have used hundreds of millions of packages. Beware of imitations. JAMES PYLE, N.Y.