The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES | CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1914. | VOL. XLIII., NO. 33.

Canadian Government Railways.

PRINCE EDWRD ISLAND RAILWAY.

Commencing on June 1st, 1914, Trains on this Railway will run as follows:

Trains Outward Read Down. Daily Except Sunday.

A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.				Trains Inward Read Up. Daily Except Sunday. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
	5.00	3.30	7.35	Dep.	Charlottetown	Ar.	11.30	10.15	2.45
	6.15	4.42	8.30	"	Hunter River	"	10.30	9.16	1.15
7.10	7.00	5.21	9.02	"	Emerald Jct.	"	9.56	8.45	12.20
7.55		5.56	9.27	"	Kensington	"	9.27	8.17	11.35
8.30		6.30	9.50	Ar.	Summerside	Dep.	9.00	7.50	11.00
			P.M.						A.M.
		8.00	12.10	Dep.	Summerside	Ar.	8.45	5.15	
		8.25	1.39	"	Port Hill	"	7.48	3.46	
		9.47	3.00	"	O'Leary	"	7.04	2.30	
		11.00	5.00	Ar.	Tignigh	Dep.	5.45	12.20	
								A.M.	
		8.55	7.10	Dep.	Emerald Jct.	Ar.	7.00	8.45	
		9.30	8.00	Ar.	Cape Traverse	Dep.	6.00	8.10	

Daily Ex. Sun. P.M.	A.M.				Daily Ex. Sun. A.M.	P.M.	Sat. Only P.M.
3.00	6.50	Dep.	Charlottetown	Ar.	8.05	5.40	6.45
4.10	8.35	"	Mt. Stewart	"	7.05	4.10	5.15
4.36	9.12	"	Morell	"	6.33	3.20	4.36
4.57	9.41	"	St. Peter's	"	6.11	2.51	4.05
6.00	11.10	Ar.	Souris	Dep.	5.10	1.25	2.35
	Sat. Only						
7.10	12.40	Ar.	Elmira	Dep.	4.00		1.00

Sat. Only P.M.	Dly. Ex. Sat. & Sun. P.M.	A.M.			Dly. Ex. Sun. A.M.	Dly. Ex. Sat. & Sun. P.M.	Sat. Only P.M
5.15	4.15	8.40	Dep.	Mt. Stewart	Ar.	6.55	3.50	4.10
6.04	5.04	9.50	"	Cardigan	"	6.06	2.43	3.03
6.25	5.25	10.20	"	Montague	"	5.44	2.15	2.35
7.00	6.00	11.00	Ar.	Georgetown	Dept.	5.10	1.25	1.45

Daily Except Sunday. P.M.	A.M.				Daily Except Sunday. P.M.	A.M.
8.15	3.10	Dep.	Charlottetown	Ar.	5.35	9.45
9.50	4.25	"	Vernon River	"	4.01	8.31
11.45	5.55	Ar.	Murray Harbor	Dep.	2.00	7.00

Summer Goods

Hammocks
Hammocks
Hammocks

A Splendid NEW STOCK just opened at lowest prices in the City. 95 cents each to $6.00 each. Call and see them. All strong well made Hammocks, large size, fast colors.

For The Seaside

Sand Pails and Shovels for the Kiddies, NEWEST BOOKS, LATEST and BEST NOVELS, JULY MAGAZINES, Latest NEWSPAPERS, TENNIS GOODS, RACKQUETS, TENNIS BALLS, BASE BALL GOODS. A big stock of BASE BALLS from 5 cents each up to $1 25 each. Souvenirs of every Description.

CARTER & CO. LTD.

Charlottetown.

PLANT LINE

The S. S. Evangeline sails from Charlottetown for Boston via Hawkesbury and Halifax Fridays at noon. Returning leaves Boston on Tuesdays.

For further information apply to

JAS. CARRAGHER,
Agent, Charlottetown.

Aug 26, 1914—tf

Invictus--- the Best Good Shoes for Men

We are showing now a nice line of Invictus—the best boots for men.

These are shown in gun metal, patents, tan and black, laced and buttoned styles. Some of the new features are the new style tongue attached to uppers, wearproof lining and many other new ideas that dressy men should see.

Prices range from $5.00 to $7.00.

Alley & Co.

135 Queen Street.

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Tickets
Dodgers
Posters
Check Books
Note Books of Hand
Receipt Books
Leertt Heads

Fraser & McQuaid

Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.,

Souris, P. E. Island.

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.

MONEY TO LOAN.

June15, 1910—tf

D. C. McLEOD, K. C.—W. E. BENTLEY

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., Æ. A MacDonald
Jas. D. Stewart.

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,

Newson's Block, Charlottetown

Barristers, Solicitors, etc

McDonald Bros. Building, Georgetown

July 26, 1911—tf

Famous French Church

The announcement has just been made of the date when will be consecrated the most famous of modern French churches, the Church of the Sacred Heart on the hill of Montmartre. The date chosen for the consecration, October 14, is the Feast of Blessed Margaret Mary, to whom the building of the church is primarily due, although a century elapsed between her death and the laying of the first stone. When Louis XIV was King of France Our Lord appeared to Blessed Margaret Mary and commanded her to build a church in honor of His Saceed Heart on the top of Montmartre. Louis XIV heedlessly disregarded the invitation to accomplish the work, and his successor, Louis XVI, though he promised to build the church, died on the scaffold before he could realize his intention. Napoleon proposed to build a Temple of Peace on the hill, saying the future is mine." But when peace came to Napoleon he was not triumphant, he was defeated and degraded.

The events of the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71 directed the Catholic mind again to the project which was taken up with zeal by the Catholics of Paris at the time when the city was besieged by the German troops. The difficulty was to establish communication with the outside world. Balloons were tried and the pigeon-post, but all failed, and it was not until the war was over that the enterprise took practical shape.

The War Minister objected that he wanted the site for a fort; but, better inspired, Mgr. Guibert, the Cardinal Archbishop of Paris, cried, "Your fort will do no good and may be turned against you. Better build my citadel than yours." The Minister gave up his project, and, on July 23, 1873, the National Assembly authorized the purchase of land for the church.

Two years later the first stone was laid with impressive pomp, and in the presence of 12,000 persons gathered from all parts of France. The church was built in the Byzantine style, and slowly the domes and campanile and the cluster of side chapels arose on the Mount of Martyrs—near, indeed, to the spot where St. Denys was decapitated and carried his head under his arm as if it had been a crown.

On pillars within the sanctuary appear the arms of towns of France which have contributed to the building fund. Each stone may be said to bear the name of some community—a town or village—or of an individual Catholic. Altars to St. Patrick and to St. John the Baptist mark the offerings of Ireland and Canada. Deputies, working men, students, and even schoolboys have their part in the erection of this striking and majestic monument to the Catholic spirit of France.

Only now, after thirty-nine years, is the fair fabric complete enough to be ready for consecration. The great bronze doors have lately been put in; the paving is scarcely finished, and some of the altars, bespeaking the devotion of different parts of France, are still unbuilt. In its present state the huge white building, under its imposing dome, has cost £1,600,000. This is precisely the sum which Napoleon proposed to spend on his Temple of Peace. It has been the aim of those who have founded the church to address themselves to all classes of society, and the same spirit prevails today in the great Sunday services, at which from 1,500 to 2,000 men are present in the nave. These worshippers are drawn from every section of the community; academicians and officers of the army and navy sit side by side with artisans, small shopkeepers and the very poor. The Church of the Sacred Heart has no parish attached to it; it is a place of pilgrimage, and scarcely a day passes without some band of pilgrims climbing the sides of the mount. In the evening lights glimmer from the summit of the rock upon which is perched this symbol of "Gallia poenitens et devota."

Cardinal Amette, the Archbishop of Paris, will be assisted by the other Cardinals of France in the great consecration ceremony and possibly the Pope may send a delegate. In a sense it will be a national occasion, for the Church of the Sacred Heart is a national monument, representing the high hopes of a people. Its graceful silhouette and "bouquet of chapels" stand out lofty and incorruptible from the crowded plain as the image of a spiritual power brooding over Paris.

Sword of St. Ignatius

When Ignatius of Loyola fell wounded defending Pampeluna against the French and was carried to his native castle in Guipuscoa, he reached the turning point of his life, writes Rev. C. J. Mullaly, S. J. From being a Knight in the service of Charles I, he became a true knight of Christ. The sword which he had used so valiantly to defend the honor of his king he left at the altar of the Virgin of Montserrat as a sign that his life was to be spent henceforth in the service of God. From that shrine amid the awe-inspiring peaks of Catalonia he went forth with new spiritual arms received in exchange for his sword of iron.

The Sword of St. Ignatius is preserved in the Church of the Sacred Heart (Sagerdo Corazon) in Bracelona, Spain. It is remarkable for its strength. Though long since stripped of its hand-guard and ornaments by relic-seekers, it still shows that it belongs to the type of thursting blade used in the deadly hand to-hand conflicts of the sixteenth century. It was forged from the best metal of its time, is firm and tapers to a point.

This sword was affectionately guarded for a long time by the Benedictines of Montserrat. In 1674 it passed by the courtesy of these good religious, to the Jesuit Church of Our Lady of Bethlehem (Nuestra Senora de Belen) in Barcelona. Constant tradition and the writings of many authors show beyond a doubt that the sword guarded in this church for more than two centuries, and during years of the Jesuits' exile and of civil strife, is no other than the sword of the soldier saint, the founder of the Society of Jesus. On March 25, 1907, this esteemed relic was given, by permission of His Eminence Cardinal Casanas, to the present Jesuit Church of the Sacred Heart,

As one kneels at the altar of the saint in the little church in the calle de Caspe, Barcelona, and holds reverently in his hand the long, firm blade that Ignatius used in the service of his earthly king, a prayer instinctively rises from the heart to God that the heroic spirit of the brave soldier from the Basque hills may inspire countless other souls to a prompt obedience to the voice of the Heavenly King, calling the worldly to a higher life of renunciation and detachment. As we hold in our hand that relic of worldly glory, the saint seems to whisper: "Vanity of vanities, and all is vanity, except to love God and serve Him alone."

St. Augustine, The Student of Holy Scripture.

In his early days as a priest Augustine had, as we have seen, begged of his bishop a little time in which to study Holy Scripture says Hugh Pope, in the August Catholic World. The years of anxious toil slipped away one by one, and still he pored over the Sacred Page. Not long after his consecration, the bishops assembled at the two Councils of Numidia and Carthage desired him to devote himself to Biblical study. He had, therefore, bargained with his flock that they should leave him free from temporal cares for five days in the week, but the compact had not been observed.

In 426 he reminded his people of this when endeavoring to persuade them to accept his nomination of a coadjutor. "Let me now at length," he said to them, "if God shall grant me a little longer time of life, devote that little space, not to sloth nor idleness, but to His Holy Scriptures, wherein, as far as He allows and gives me strength, I may exercise myself."

And so the long life of study, of preaching, teaching, and writing drew to a close. Truly a man of the Bible! The Bible is God's revelation to man; we must then study it. But it is replete with difficulties; we must then have a guide. And that divinely instituted guide is Holy Church.

The Largest Church

The Church of Notre Dame de Bon Secours ("Our Lady of Good Help"), Montreal, is one of the most magnificent on the American continent, and seats from between 10,000 and 12,000 persons. Begun in 1824, the church was opened in 1829. It is built in the Gothic style of the thirteenth century in the form of a parallelogram. It is 241 feet long and 135 feet wide.

There are six towers, one on each corner, and one in the middle of each flank. The two on the main front rise 213 feet, nearly twice the height of the others. In one of the main towers is a peal of bells, the largest of which weighs upuard of 20,000 pounds. The church has several aisles and chapels; it is 61 feet from the foundation to the eaves, and its principal front window measures 64 by 32 feet. This church, because of its huge size, is often erroneously styled the Cathedral of Montreal.

Prince Rupert Has Great Revenue From Its Fisheries.

The Prince Rupert fisheries are developing very rapidly and during the Month of July the fleet gathered in a catch valued at $490,535. This included salmon taken in the canneries or used otherwise. Of that quantity 6800 pounds were either frozen or used in a fresh condition. In a canned form there were 8,156,000 pounds made use of, while for mild curing 1,289,000 pounds were utilized.

Halibut is easily the next most important fish for the month with a total catch landed of 1,016,000 pounds. The only other variety that was represented in any quantity was the cod to the extent of 6,000 pounds, all of which was used in fresh condition.

There is also an ever increasing production of fruits and vegetables in the district around Prince Rupert, These have been of exceptionally good quality. Fruits ripened earlier than usual this season bringing them into close competition with produce grown farther to the south.

One grower, Mr. H. D. Lenhart at Mile 87 on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway along the Skeena River, has received $700, for the strawberries growu on 1½ acres of land while much of his crop still remains to be picked.

Praise Railway for Handling of Convention Party

The Grand Trunk Railway has already handled this summer some hundred of special trains carrying convention parties. Mr. R. W. Ashcroft, Advertising Manager of the Canadian Consolidated Rubber Co., who, as a traveller of renown and a Member of the Circumnavigators Club, accompanied the late Mark Twain on many of his overseas jaunts, recently organized a party of prominent men interested in the Rubber industry for a trip to Berlin, Ontario. They travelled over the Grand Trunk route and Mr. Ashcroft has now written to the Railway officials thanking them for the very thorough manner in which they handled the Convention Party. "The service both on the sleepers and in the dining cars", he says, "was excellent and all the Delegates enjoyed a most comfortable trip."

WAS ALWAYS TROUBLED WITH BOILS AND PIMPLES

Could Not Get Rid of Them Until He Used

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

All Blood or Skin Diseases are caused by bad blood, and to get it pure, and keep it pure you must remove every trace of the impure and morbid matter from the system by a blood cleansing medicine such as Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mr. A. F. Hopp, Kipling, Sask., writes:—"I was always bothered with Boils, and could not get rid of them, and also had all kinds of Pimples on my face, from early in the Spring till late in the Fall. One of my friends told me about your medicine, and that I had to get something to purify my blood. I got two bottles of your Burdock Blood Bitters, and in a short time I was cured, and I have never been troubled with Boils or Pimples since."

Burdock Blood Bitters is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Silence is a great peacemaker. —Longfellow.

Do thoroughly whatever work God may give you to do, and cultivate all your talents besides. —Archibald A. Hodge.

BEWARE OF WORMS.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

A wrongdoer is often a man that has left something undone, not always he that has done something.—Marcus Aurelius.

If you are unhappy, it is probably because you have so many thoughts about yourself and so few about the happiness of others. —Mary Lyon.

A SENSIBLE MERCHANT.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's Price 25 and 50 cts.

He missed his calling—the guest that the bellboy forgot to awaken.

The fat girl is passed by in the marriage market because of her prohibitive figure.

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Disyepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25 cts.

The wife won by correspondence doesn't correspond to the description.

"To owe an obligation to a worthy friend is happiness."—R De Charron.

Are Your Bowels Ever Constipated

If you wish to be well you must keep the bowels open. Any irregularity of the bowels is always dangerous, and should be attended to at once, for if the bowels cease to work properly, all the other organs become deranged.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills work on the bowels gently and naturally, and will cure the worst cases of Constipation.

Mrs. A. Cumming, Manchester, Ont., writes:—"I have been troubled with Constipation for over five years, and I feel it my duty to let you know that your Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills have cured me. I only used three vials and I can faithfully say that they have saved me from a large doctor bill."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are a wonderful remedy for all diseases or disorders of the liver or bowels.

Price, 25 cents per vial, or 5 vials for $1.00, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.