



Income Tax Forms Are now available

Returns must be filed on or before 31st March

THE Dominion Income War Tax Act requires you to fill in one or more of the five special Forms provided before 31st March, 1918. In order to assist the public to understand just what is required of them, information on each Form is given below. Read carefully, then get three copies of the form that fits your case and fill them in. Answer all questions fully and accurately. For making false statements, a penalty of \$10,000 or six months' imprisonment, or both, is provided.

Individuals.—All persons unmarried, and all widows or widowers without dependent children, whose income is \$1500 a year or more, must fill in Form T1. All other persons whose income is \$3000 or more, use the same Form. Where any income is derived from dividends, list amounts received from Canadian and Foreign securities separately. Fill in pages 1, 2 and 3 only. Do not mark on page 4. Partnerships, as such need not file returns, but the individuals forming the partnerships must.

Corporations and Joint Stock Companies, no matter how created or organized, shall pay the normal tax on income exceeding \$3000. Use Form T2—giving particulars of income. Also attach a financial statement. Under Deductions, show in detail amounts paid to Patriotic Fund and Canadian Red Cross or other approved War Funds.

Trustees, Executors, Administrators of Estates and Assignees use Form T3. Full particulars of the distribution of income from all estates handled must be shown as well as details of amounts distributed. A separate Form must be filled in for each estate.

Employers must use Form T4 to give names and amounts of salaries, bonuses, commissions and other remuneration paid to all employees during 1917 where such remuneration amounted in the aggregate to \$1000 or over.

Corporation Lists of Shareholders.—On Form T5 corporations shall give a statement of all bonuses, and dividends paid to Shareholders residing in Canada during 1917 stating to whom paid, and the amounts.

Figures in every case are to cover 1917 income—all Forms must be filed by 31st March. For neglect, a fine of \$100 for each day of default may be imposed.

In the case of Forms T1 and T2, keep one copy of the filled in Form and file the other two with the Inspector of Taxation for your District. In the case of T3, T4 and T5, keep one copy and file the other two, with the Commissioner of Taxation, Dept. of Finance, Ottawa.

Forms may be obtained from the District Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

Postage must be paid on all letters and documents forwarded by mail to Inspector of Taxation.

Department of Finance,
Ottawa, Canada

Inspector of Taxation, Arthur W. Sharp, 57 Princess St., St. John, N.B.

RIVER VIEW

River View—Mr. George Donalds of this place is very poorly. His many friends wish to see him around again.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Price and

this place calling on Mrs. Sandy Munn, one day last week.
Mrs. Annie Gaston and Mrs. Sandy Munn made a flying trip to Doaktown one day last week.
Mrs. Daniel Miner and Mrs. Annie Gaston were calling on Mrs. Donalds on Sunday last.
Mrs. Duncan Munn of Hazelton, is receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby girl.
Miss Minnie Munn was calling on Miss Annie Gaston one day last week.

In The Local Legislature

(Continued from page 6)
stands would mean. They would support a bill establishing a commission to fix rates and supervise payments and to see that the act was carried out satisfactorily.

It is urged that the passage of the act be delayed until the report of how the Nova Scotia Act worked out last year is received. The Nova Scotia Act is similar to that now before the Legislature in this province and it has been given a year's trial. Manitoba has a somewhat similar Act except that in the prairie province the commission stands on guard between the workman and the manufacturer. Something along this line was, it is understood, suggested at the conference this morning. A royal commission was appointed some time ago to look into the Manitoba act, and it was thought it might be advisable to see that report before proceeding with the present Act. The Premier promised consideration of the suggestion made by the delegates present. At the request of the manufacturing interests, who wanted further time to consider the bill, consideration was postponed until another meeting is held. The bill will be brought up after Easter recess.

The House met at 3 p. m.
Hon. Mr. Robinson introduced an act to somewhat lessen amount payable to Patriotic Fund, as not so much is needed as assessed for last year.
The Premier promised a bill to exempt Victory Bonds from taxation. The House went into committee to consider the Bill to facilitate collection of Stampage.
Mr. Tilley asked what was the stampage of pulp wood.
Hon. Mr. Smith replied that it was the ordinary rate plus 20 pc.
Mr. McGrath asked if the cutting of pulpwood on Crown Lands had not been prohibited.
Hon. Mr. Smith replied that it was prohibited but an arrangement had been made whereby those operating on both granted and Crown Lands and mixing their logs together could ship as pulpwood a quantity equal to

the cut on their granted lands, irrespective of whether the logs shipped had been cut on granted or Crown Lands.

Mr. McGrath claimed that this regulation mentioned by the minister was not fair to all operators. It gave an undue advantage to the man who owned private lands.

Hon. Mr. Smith said this regulation had gone into effect in 1915.

Mr. Murray (Kings) explained that the regulation referred to had been passed, in order to avoid inflicting hardship on lumber men operating on both private and Crown Lands, the member for Northumberland was taking a liberal view of the matter. His colleague probably could explain to him how the regulation operated.

Mr. McGrath said the regulation favored the licensee who was rich enough also to hold lands in soil right.

Hon. Mr. Smith said that to his mind the legislation was bad and did not tend to discourage the export of pulpwood from Crown Lands. He believed that it would be a grand thing for the province if the legislature could bring about the investment of capital in the paper-making industry in New Brunswick.

Ex-premier Murray explained that the former administration had bright hopes of establishing the pulp and paper industry on a large scale in New Brunswick, but it having been held out, had decided upon drastic action against the export of pulp wood from the Crown Lands. However, the lumbermen had come and explained that the law would bear too hard on those who operated on both granted and Crown Lands. In consequence of that a change had been made.

Mr. Baxter stated that since the time of Hon. Mr. Fleming, Minister of Lands and Mines, the practice of cutting pulpwood on Crown Lands had gone on. The Hon. Mr. Clarke when minister was decidedly opposed to this and attempted to stop it. He had found, however, that his practice was quite general and after representations had been made in the law which would confirm with the practice.

Mr. Tilley said there had been a sufficient expression of opinion to show that the legislature was absolutely opposed to the export of pulpwood from Crown Lands. That being the case why could not action be taken which would put a stop to such export. If had legislation existed it should be rescinded.

Hon. Mr. Smith informed the House that the illegal shipment of lumber from Crown Lands over a period of years had caused three lumber companies to owe the province sums aggregating upwards of \$250,000. The Miramichi Lumber Company had been the chief offender.

His Deputy Minister had given him that information. The act of 1916 was to legalize such transaction. He believed that it was bad legislation to permit mixed logging from granted and Crown Lands. He would be only too pleased to bring in a bill to prohibit the export of pulpwood from Crown Lands.

Ex-premier Murray pointed out that strong representation made to the late Hon. Mr. Clarke had brought about the action of which complaint was made. He as well as all others realized the value of the public domain and he could not understand why the minister considering the legislation of 1916 to be so heinous did not introduce legislation to rescind it instead of bringing in a bill to perpetuate it. The late Hon. Mr. Clarke acted as he did for the purpose of legalizing acts done by the lumbermen in good faith, and if in public as well as private business good faith must be preserved why could not the minister bring in legislation without seeking to cast reflection on the department of the late government conducted by the late Hon. Mr. Clarke. The latter always had been a stickler for the law and has administered his department properly in every respect. Personally he believed the law should be altered.

Hon. Mr. Smith said the bill was not introduced for the purpose of perpetuating previous legislation, it was for the purpose of getting more money. He desired to cast no reflection on his predecessor and was very pleased to hear the leader of the Opposition express the opinion he had with regard to the prohibition of the export of pulpwood.

Hon. Mr. Smith informed the committee that he wanted to have this bill go through.

Mr. Baxter said the bill should go through. It had a statistical value which would form a foundation for a future policy.

The House adjourned until 8.30 p. m. March 28

NOW RAISES 600 CHICKENS

After Being Relieved of Organic Trouble by Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oregon, Ill.—"I took Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound for an organic trouble which pulled me down until I could not put my foot to the floor and could scarcely do my work, and as I live on a small farm and raise six hundred chickens every year it made it very hard for me.

"I saw the Compound advertised in your paper, and tried it. It has restored my health so I can do all my work and I am so grateful that I am recommending it to my friends."

—Mrs. D. M. ALTERS, R. R. 4, Oregon, Ill.
Only women who have suffered the tortures of such troubles and have dragged along from day to day can realize the relief which this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound, brought to Mrs. Alters. Women everywhere in Mrs. Alters' condition should profit by her recommendation, and if there are any complications write Lydia E. Finkham's Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

"Canada's Greatest Seed House"
PLANT
Steele, Briggs' Seeds
For Sale Everywhere
Send for Catalog
Steele, Briggs' Seed Co.
TORONTO
HAMILTON - WINNIPEG

EAGLE MOTOR CYCLES

Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE showing our full lines of Bicycles for Men and Women, Boys and Girls.
MOTOR CYCLES
MOTOR ATTACHMENTS
Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps, Bells, Cyclometers, Saddles, Equipment and Parts of Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices.
T. W. BOYD & SON,
27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.



ASSESSORS NOTICE

The Assessors of Rates for the Town of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, hereby give notice to every person and Body Corporate who are liable to be assessed within the said Town, to furnish the Assessors within 30 days of the date hereof with a written detailed statement duly sworn to, of Real and Personal Estate and Income for which they are liable to be assessed within the said Town.

Blank forms for statements may be had from the assessors or at the Town Office.

ASSESSMENT FOR 1918

Town—Park and Fire.....	\$2,200.00
Police & Street Lighting.....	3500.00
Schools	12500.00
Public Works	2500.00
Contingencies	3,000.00
Sinking Fund	4,500.00
Interest	7,500.00
Sewerage	1,500.00
Board of Health.....	400.00
County—Schools	1298.17
Pauper Lunatics	171.50
Contingencies	2720.00
Alms House	234.00
Patriotic Funds	1470.95
	\$ 44694.22

GEO. F. McWILLIAM,
S. A. RUSSELL,
JOHN CLARK,
Assessors

Dated at Newcastle, March 15th, 1918
12-15

FARMERS! LOOK!

WE HAVE THE GOODS and
WANT YOUR BUSINESS

Below is a Partial List of our High Grade Spring Line of

Farm Implements:

"Deering" inthrow Disc Harrows, Drill Seeders, Steel Land Rollers.

The renowned Wilkinson and Fluery Plows, Perrin Riding Plows.

Outhrow Disc Harrows, and "Ironage" Planters with Fertilizer Attachment.

Spring, Spike and Drag Tooth Harrows.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF THE FOLLOWING:

FERTILIZERS

Nova Scotia Potato—Special Potato—Grain and Vegetable

Call, Write or Phone Us for Prices on these Lines

THE LOUNSBURY COMPANY, LIMITED

NEWCASTLE, CHATHAM, TRCADIE