

AND The Big Laughing Jubilee

Monday, Oct. 26

MUTT & JEFF

IN MEXICO 50 AND 1-3 PEOPLE

GRANT THEATRE

All Feature Vaudeville KELSO BROTHERS

THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

Colonial Theatre

MONDAY and TUESDAY

OCT. 19 - 20

NAPOLEON

NOTICE - Starting Monday

Gem Theatre

THE LION TAMER'S REVENGE

THE OCTOBERON (in 3 parts)

NOTICE!

Barber Shop

M.C.A. CAFE

Gentlemen's Valet

Leid & Brown

THE TEA POT INN

GERMAN OFFENSE BROKEN

Tremendous Check Given to Movement Near the Coast.

Enemy is Still in Great Force and Battle Continues

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

LONDON, Oct. 21.—A comparison of the official reports from Paris and Berlin leads to the conclusion that all along the western battle front in France and Belgium the Germans have resumed the offensive, but with their supreme efforts directed against the lines left.

The great turning movement is undoubtedly developing through the corner of Belgium bounded by France and the sea, but the public remains in a haze as to whether the turning movement is one on the part of the allies to get around the right flank, or a German operation to envelope the allies' left.

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CORDIAL MESSAGE IS SENT

Churchill Expresses Appreciation of the Japanese Navy.

Reply of Inspiring Nature Received by British.

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Vice-Admiral Yashiro, Japanese Minister of Marine, have been exchanging fraternal greetings.

In a telegram from Mr. Churchill to the Japanese minister, the First Lord of the Admiralty says: "I desire on behalf of the British Admiralty and the royal navy to express at this crucial stage of the war our deep sense of the efforts and energy with which the Japanese navy is sustaining the cause of our ally."

FOR TURK NAVY LONDON, Oct. 21.—9:50 a.m.—A despatch from Athens to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that it is learned there that two submarines and some aeroplanes are en route for Constantinople and will probably pass through Rutchuk, on the northern frontier of Bulgaria.

EFFECTIVE AID OF THE BRITISH SHIPS RECEIVES FAVORABLE COMMENT

[By Special Wire to the Courier.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Reviewing the war situation to-day, The Herald's military critic says:

Lacenic reports that British naval forces are supporting the extreme left of the allies' flank on the Channel coast, between Dunkirk and Ostend, inadequately convey the measure of advantage obtained thereby to the Belgians. British troops, who at this point oppose the German advance. What can be effected by such cooperation between land and naval forces was demonstrated two years ago, when the Turks, although routed in battle and their ranks decimated by cholera, were enabled to establish an effective defensive behind obsolete redoubts along the lines of Chatjala, against the victorious Bulgarians.

The retreat of the Turkish troops from Lule Burgas, Bunarhisar and Chorlu had degenerated into a panic. The tactical organization of the Sultan's army had collapsed and military experts regarded a defence of the incompletely fortified Chatjala line as impossible.

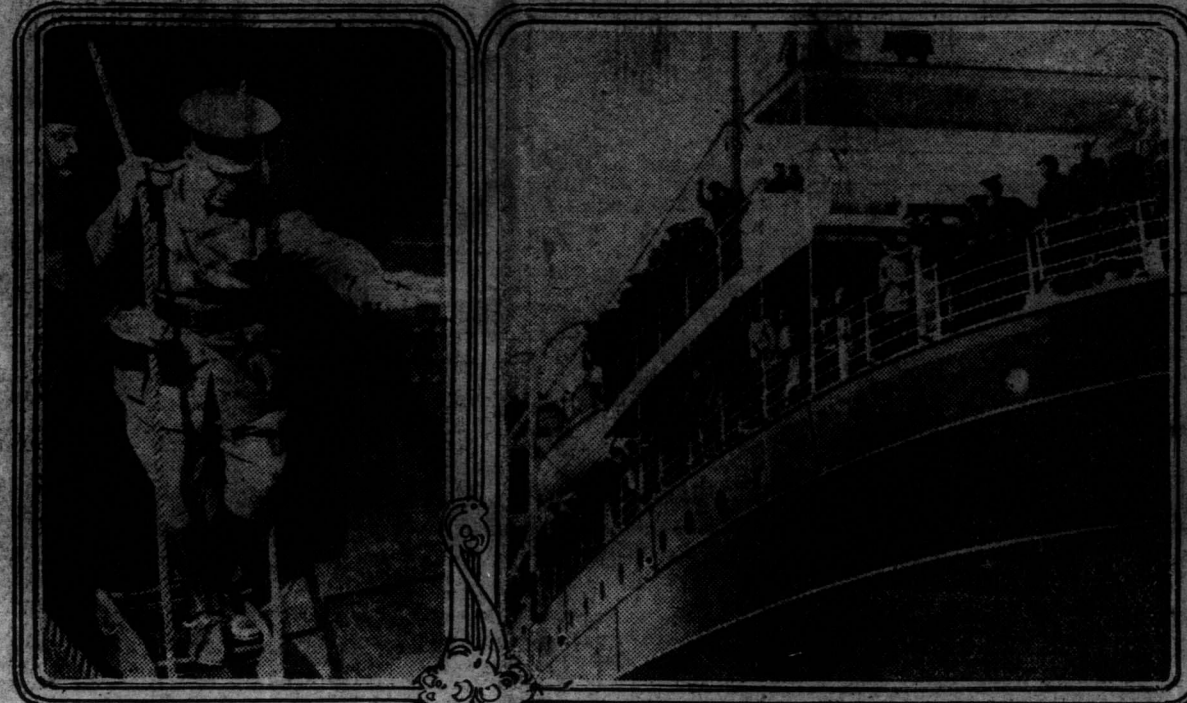
firm, and the line marked the limit of their retreat. At no point were the Bulgars able to effect a breach in the defence. What was the secret of this apparent reversal of form? It was not that the Turks had received reinforcements of sufficient strength to warrant a check upon the Bulgarians, since the fact was that the Bulgars had weakened.

The fact was that the Turkish fleet in the Black Sea and in the Sea of Marmora commanded both ends of the line, making a repetition of the banking operations, hitherto applied with remarkable success by the Bulgarian troops, an impossibility.

While the Belgian soldiers are not so well armed as their adversaries, since the commencement of the campaign and their historic victory in effecting a junction with the Franco-British forces after the fall of Antwerp, they have not once shown themselves the inferior of any force of equal numerical strength in the world. It is extremely likely also that they are operating in direct conjunction with the British reinforcement.

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CANADIAN TROOPS LEAVING FOR SERVICE ABROAD.



The picture on the left shows Colonel Samuel Hughes, Canadian Minister of Militia, leaving the flagship of the cruiser convoy. The scene on the right, the troops waving their last farewell.

SURPRISE WAS WHAT GERMANS GOT AT COAST

Correspondents Send News of How Allies Succeeded This Week.

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

LONDON, Oct. 21.—5:22 a.m.—The correspondents of the London newspapers in the field have succeeded to-day in getting through some details of the fighting along the channel coast in Belgium. The reports agree that the Germans have met with a reverse and it is said that the Germans are retreating.

"The German military administration is prepared to give railway facilities as soon as it thinks it is possible."

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MEASURES FOR RELIEF BRING DISPUTE ON

Germany Shirks Responsibility of Looking After Stricken People.

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at The Hague, sends the text of the official correspondence between Holland and Germany regarding the proposals that Holland supply food for the starving Belgian population. The following letter was sent August 18th by F. Von Miller, the German minister at The Hague, to J. L. London, the Dutch minister of foreign affairs.

"The Dutch Government replied as follows under date of October 13th: 'The Belgian Government has gratefully accepted our proposal

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HAULED FLAG DOWN AND THEN JUMPED ON IT

German Naval Officer Was Peeved at Capture of British Steamer.

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Captain Johnson and sixteen men of the crew of the British steamer Giltara, which was sunk by a German submarine, have arrived in Stavanger, Norway, from Skudenes, according to a despatch to the Reuters Telegraph Company from that place in telling of his experience, Capt. Johnson said.

"The German military administration is prepared to give railway facilities as soon as it thinks it is possible."

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SUMMARY OF ALL THE WAR NEWS

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

Violent attacks and counter-attacks for possession of the sea coast in the extreme north of France continue without decisive results.

The attacks of the Germans, especially severe at Nieupoit, Dixmude and La Bassée yesterday, were repulsed, says the French War Office. There was no noteworthy change elsewhere on the battle front.

Counter claims regarding the situation in the east leave much to speculation. There appears, however, little doubt that the German advance in Russian Poland has become more severe, and that Warsaw is seriously threatened.

There has been a renewal of activity in Eastern Prussia without definite result. A statement from Vienna issued yesterday says that the fighting in Central Galicia has become more severe, and that the Austrian attacks are progressing.

A news despatch from Copenhagen says that German torpedo boats have been engaged with an enemy in the Baltic off the Prussian coast. No details were given.

Albania looms again as a possible influence upon the attitude of Italy towards the war. The Italian Government to-day denied that Italian troops had occupied Avlona, which had been threatened by insurgents since the abdication of Prince William of Wied.

Rome reports unofficially that the Angla French fleet is still bombarding Cattaro, Dalmatia.

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BATTLE'S OUTCOME IN DOUBT

Allies Meet With Barbed Wire German Resistance.

Sacrifices Are to be Made Says Paris Despatch Today.

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The outcome of the battle in the north, according to the judgment of observers in Paris, still remained undecided this morning.

The furious contest in this part of Belgium and France is regarded here as now having reached its height. The Germans, who at first apparently yielded to the offensive of the allies, are now forcing to the maximum the lines of the French and the English. In this way they have been assisted by troops from Antwerp and all the other German forces available in Belgium.

The attacks of the allies, which have been accompanied by progress at various points, have been followed always by spirited counter-attacks on the part of the Germans, who, in the opinion of the French, are fighting to the limit of their energy. Around Lille and in the thickly populated districts, where the fighting has been from house to house, the operations are difficult and progress has been slow, especially in the face of the barbed wire defences put up by the Germans.

William Ruttan of House's Rapids was found guilty of murdering his partner, George Coutermarch, on the 20th of May last.

BOARD OF TRADE GIVES ENDORSATION TO LIBERAL POLICY FOR EMPLOYMENT

Optimistic Speeches Were Delivered Last Night—Viewpoint of Manufacturers is Submitted in Report—Buy "Made-in-Canada" Goods.

The Board of Trade held a meeting in the City Council Chambers last night when a largely representative body was present. The principal business was the discussion of plans for winter work to give employment to the unemployed and the oard expressed itself as highly satisfied with the work proposed.

Copy of Resolutions. 1. Manchester (England) Association of Importers and Exporters. "The Association representing the all classes of the mercantile and manufacturing community of this district hereby give expression to their feelings of gratitude for and admiration of the spirit of loyalty and devotion to the British Empire shown at this crisis by the King's Overseas Dominions and Possessions in offering the services of their troops and by giving valuable assistance in other ways."

A letter was read calling attention to the fact that on January 1st, next, new laws will come into force, respecting flour, meal, rolled oats, rolled wheat, feed and vegetables providing that the weight of the contents of any bag, sack or package of any of these cereal products must be stated thereon and that uniform weights per bushel or bag, for vegetables throughout the whole of Canada, will be definitely established.

The members take up the question of contributing to the aid of the poor and starving Belgians who had so nobly stood against the Germans and been the victims of such terrible atrocities was the motion of Mr. van Someren, who moved a vote of sympathy to the Belgians as a nation. The resolution was passed. The Patriotic committee has already taken the matter in hand.

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FAMOUS GENERALS FIGHTING GREAT EUROPEAN BATTLES



The German Crown Prince, General von Bulow and General von Einem are commanding principal German armies in France. General Auffenburg is one of the most notable officers of the army of Austria-Hungary. General Rennenkampf, a famous Russian general who won distinction in the Russo-Japanese war, is now fighting in the great battles on the Russian frontier, and Major General H. L. Smith-Dorrien is one of the principal commanders of the British forces in France.