

## GIVING BEES WINTERING IN CELLAR A CLENSING FLIGHT

I am discussing this subject a month or so early, in order that those interested may have time to consider it before it is time to put it into practice should they desire to do so. It seems to me that cellar wintering is coming more in vogue every year. It is not the purpose of this article to say which I have found best or the success I have had with either, but rather to emphasize my belief that it pays to give the bees in the cellar a fly in early spring, and then return them to the cellar for two weeks or so before removing them finally. It is such a large subject to deal with and so many things to consider that I hardly know where to begin. In the first place I had better describe this "locality," so that if you wish to do as I advise, you will know whether conditions are the same. Mr. R. F. Holtermann, of Brantford, but last year made the statement, that in his locality he would begin setting out the bees at any time after March 15th. He says, "out of 100, set out 7 or 8 and when they have had a good flight put shade board over the entrance and set out more the next favorable day and so on until all are out." I am inclined to think that friend Holtermann has made some mistake in the date, or else things are vastly different here, April 15th is about the time for setting them out in this locality and sometimes a few days earlier and sometimes even later. From the 10th to the 20th of April we may have two or three favorable days February

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for this, but more frequently only one. Those outside sometimes have a fly in March, but only for a short time if they should. In stating my reasons for giving bees a fly two weeks or so before being finally removed from the cellar, it will be necessary to explain that in this locality, as in many others I presume. we frequently have days when it is warm enough for the bees to fly but too cold for them to go very far, which many do and are lost. This is one reason why I like bees returned to the cellar after a cleansing flight. They do not get lost or chilled to death. Another reason is they are not becoming exhausted by continuous flights, as they do when the weather is warm day after day, after weat ittle being removed from the cellar. The most disastrous spring I ever experienced was one where for a whole nake week we had summer weather follow. las o ing the day they were removed from voulc the cellar. The outcome was, before han ( young bees were hatched so many of lon fe the old bees had died that there were ave ] ing i not sufficient left to protect the brood. ared Most frequently my experience has been that no brood will be reared ork i until removed from the cellar, which ecess: makes me anxious to have them out lake as soon as possible. I know there are ave th exceptions to this, but too few with hite c me to induce me to leave them in ere is r win their winter repository longer than! can help, unless they have had wish cleansing flight. Before going fur eping ther I would say that while Doolittle Itable ose w may object to rearing bees out of ne. season, I have never yet had my bee e cella too strong for the white clover, which usually begins to bloom here betwee ves by the 10th and 15th of June. Colonie ter gi that may be ready to swarm in Ma ey can can be well used in strengthenin e whi others that may otherwise take un vs of the hi July, so that while I am very caref y wou to shut off brood rearing that may m to