

Messenger and Visitor.

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Messenger and Visitor.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 1887.

THE JUBILEE.

Probably the world has never seen the like of the demonstration of last week, in connection with the closing of the fiftieth year of the reign of our gracious Queen. All around the world, in that domain of Great Britain upon which the sun never sets, there has been a blaze of enthusiasm, manifesting itself in joyous ways. This has been due to no mere empty sentiment; both the progress of the British empire under Queen Victoria and the personal worth of our sovereign have given solid ground for this world wide demonstration. It is also noticeable that Victoria is the fourth sovereign who has reigned over England for fifty years.—Henry the 3rd, Edward the 3rd and George the 3rd being the other three. The two last of these reigns had much of the glory of war and conquest; but none of them can compare with the reign which closed its fiftieth year on the 21st, in the many-sided progress made and achievements won.

During the last fifty years the population of the United Kingdom has grown from 26,000,000 to 37,000,000. Her colonial subjects of European descent numbered less than 2,000,000 in 1837; now they are more than 9,000,000. Her subjects of other nationalities numbered then 99,000,000; now they are 261,000,000. In a little more than fifty years the territorial possessions of Great Britain have increased from 2,250,000 to 10,000,000 square miles of territory. Thus the empire of which we form a part comprises one-fifth of the surface of the globe and one-quarter of its population. The great empires of antiquity sink into comparative insignificance beside the realm of Queen Victoria.

When our Queen began her reign the first ocean steamship was in course of construction. The telegraph was then but issuing from the brain of Morse. The railway had not begun to revolutionize the land carrying trade. Now the realm is covered with a vast network of railways, telegraph lines are flashing messages to and from every city and town and under the oceans, and the waters of the sea are plowed by thousands of steamships. In material prosperity there has been a grand advance. In Great Britain in 1840, the average wealth of each inhabitant was \$600; now it is \$1,600, and the wealth is more evenly distributed than of yore. During the same period the textile industry has increased from 188 millions of pounds of raw cotton to 1,140 millions; the trade from 115 to 686 millions of pounds sterling; the products of her mines from 413,000,000 to 468,000,000.

Of the shipping of the world the British realm provides 11,165,292 of its 21,508,184 tons, or more than half. She also provides two-fifths of the trade of the world.

While the British realm has made such amazing strides in material greatness during the last fifty years, she has also made grand progress in all that pertains to good government and popular liberty. Neither are we of the number who take a pessimistic view of her moral condition. It is true there is much over which the true-hearted man must feel sad; but never was good more aggressive and never was evil more put to shame than to day. But all this would not have aroused the joyous enthusiasm which has rolled around the world, as the closing sun of Victoria's fifty years of rule pursued its course. Her subjects remember how she has purged a corrupt court, how she has thrown her grand influence in favor of social purity, how she has provided a home for her family—one that need not fear having its secrets made known. They remember also that she has been a kindly Christian lady, when she has been permitted to break through the formalities and punctilious which are supposed to be necessary to her exalted station.

She has been a loving wife; a good mother and a Christian woman, and these are worth more than all external accessories of rank and station.

The jubilee celebration must help deepen the general loyalty, and aid in binding the great British domain more closely together in bonds of common association and sympathy.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE BAPTIST SEMINARY, ST. JOHN.

Wednesday last was a day of drizzle and pour. Succeeding the Jubilee celebration, it was not the most favorable time for an anniversary, in any case. When eight o'clock p. m. came, the rain was falling steadily, and it was feared that there would be too few present to justify the carrying out of the programme. It was especially pleasing, therefore, to find gathered an audience that very well filled the spacious audience room of Leicester Street Church,

where the anniversary was held, thus testifying to the interest in the Seminary and to the favor won by previous exhibitions of the kind.

The following is the programme:—
ANTHEM....."Awake the Song of Jubilee."
Choir, with Orchestral Accompaniment.

PRAYER.
Piano Solo....."Tannhauser."—Wagner.
Miss E. Blanche Thomas.

ESSAY....."Music and Its Influence."
Miss Wallace.

CORNET SOLO.....Mr. Fred Crandall.

RECITATION.....Miss Helen Roberts.

PIANO SOLO....."Caprice."—Hoffman.
Miss Helen Young.

ESSAY....."Rome Was Not Built in a Day."
Miss Robinson.

VOCAL SOLO....."Gaily Chant the Summer Birds."—Miss Hattie Hopper.

"LAS HERRIERAS.".....Misses McLeod, Robinson, Wallace, Wortman, Young.

ESSAY....."English Literature," with Valedictory.
Miss McLeod.

PRESENTATION OF DIPLOMAS.
CORNET SOLO.....Prof. Williams.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Miss Wallace's essay was an excellent composition, and was delivered with a grace of gesture and flexibility of voice which showed very careful training in elocution.

Miss Robinson illustrated the worth of patient but determined energy, and pressed it upon the attention of her hearers with much force of argument.

Miss McLeod, after a plea for the study of our own literature in preference to that of foreign countries, gave an excellent sketch of the great British writers from Chaucer downward. The valedictory words were full of beautiful sentiments fittingly expressed.

The dialogue in French was rendered with great vivacity, and showed that great care had been given to instruction in conversational French. It was more pleasing to the eye of the most than instructive to the brain. Miss Roberts received an encore for her recitation, Miss Hopper for her song, and Mr. Crandall for his cornet solo.

After the presentation of the diplomas by Principal Wortman, addresses were made by his Worship the Mayor, by Senator Boyd, and by Dr. Higgins of Acadia College. It was now after eleven o'clock, when Rev. J. A. Gordon made an appeal for contributions to aid the Seminary in this her time of urgent need. \$10,000 must be had to meet maturing and maturing claims. Considering the lateness of the hour, and the number remaining, the response was encouraging.

The exhibition spoke well for the quality of the work done at the Seminary during the year, and afforded one of the strongest arguments for its continued existence and work.

A part of the forenoon session and all of the afternoon were taken up by the reading of the letters from the churches. It is scarcely a question that this is not the best way to spend so much of the best time of the Association, when a digest might be prepared by the clerk which would be much more interesting and would need but a small proportion of the time to read. This was done at the Southern Association of New Brunswick, and all remarked upon the improvement over the past method. It only requires the churches to send their letters to the clerk a few days before the Association, to give him time to embody the interesting parts of the letters in the digest.

In the evening the report on Temperance was presented and a platform meeting held. The report will be found in our temperance column.

Rev. J. H. Saunders thought it was well that tobacco should be linked with rum. The rum devil had been pretty well expelled from our churches, but Satan was wrapping himself up in tobacco and getting in. The members of our churches were spending more in tobacco than rum, and we should clear ourselves from the stigma of its use.

Bro. W. H. Ritchie was a total abstainer from both rum and tobacco, because they would do him no good, but harm. He could not afford to waste the money, and he did not dare to risk the influence of his example were he to use them.

Bro. Woodland deprecated putting rum and tobacco in the same category. The difficulty of the temperance stipulation is increased by the fact that there are so many who honestly believe moderate drinking no wrong. Others are not able to be their own guardians, and are an easy prey to the tempter's art. The first cases can be reasoned with, but the latter need something else—prohibition by law. This is not far fetched. Prohibition is protection of the helpless. Our politicians, he believed, were disposed to do right, if they knew temperance men would stand by them. If temperance men were loyal, there would not be more than two counties in Nova Scotia where their representatives would dare be anything else than true to temperance principles.

Bro. Rowe thought the politicians we should send up to be those who would sacrifice themselves rather than violate principle. He gave a vivid picture of the terrible effects of the traffic. We need law to cut it up by the roots.

Bro. Adams thought the rum traffic the most gigantic of monopolies. Politicians cater to this monopoly because they fear its power, and do not dare put a temperance plank in their platforms. Moral

suasion is not enough. The church cannot do the needed work. Some churches are not true. High license is not sufficient. The only hope is in prohibition. He was in favor of a third party. The old parties are not to be trusted. He was very plain spoken about the evils connected with the use of tobacco.

A few excellent remarks were made by Brethren Wallace and Warren in moving and seconding the adoption of the report, and it was carried unanimously.

The Sabbath services were full of unction and power. Father Bill's sermon in the morning, with the social service following, afforded a rich feast to the crowded audience in the Baptist church at Digby. The afternoon Sabbath school service was well attended—although the old church was crowded at the same time to hear Dr. Day—and was very interesting. Bro. Adams preached in the evening, and a social service followed. It was a very solemn time. It is hoped abiding impressions were made. A large number of the thirty-three or four ministers attending the Association went to the churches all around, and the seed of the kingdom was scattered broadcast. May it spring up and bear a rich harvest!

The first session of Monday was the reception of the report on Sabbath schools. It recommended the indoctrination of the young in our tenets, that Sabbath schools spend less on themselves and more for missions, and urged upon the schools the contribution of at least fifty cents per member toward the jubilee offering for Acadia College.

The Association sermon, preached by Bro. R. D. Porter, from Psalm 90: 17, was rich in thought, beautifully expressed. Its publication in the MESSANGER AND VISITOR was voted; but Bro. Porter doubts the propriety of the custom of inserting all sermons of this kind in our paper, and has not yet decided whether he will favor us with the manuscript.

The circular letter by Bro. Warren, on Scriptural Methods in Christian Work, is a trenchant handling of this important topic. Let not any of our people fail to read it, as it appears in another column this week.

On Monday afternoon a delegation from the Free Christian Baptists, consisting of Rev. Messrs. Atwood and Crowell, was received. Fraternal addresses of a very cordial nature were made, and a resolution passed by the Association expressing the hope that the friendly relations existing between the two bodies may yet culminate in organic union, when this union can be formed on a basis mutually acceptable.

Dr. Day read an excellent report on Denominational Literature, commending the MESSANGER AND VISITOR very highly, and emphasizing the need of greater care in our Sabbath schools and families in the matter of securing such books and other publications as do not exert influences antagonistic to the doctrines we believe and preach. The Book Room at Halifax was spoken of in terms of praise. Bro. Geo. A. McDonald was present, and a gratifying statement was given by him as to the growth and prosperity of the room. Rev. J. Wallace and others spoke appreciatively of the good work done by this society.

The report on obituaries showed that some of the ministers of the Association had been removed by death during the year. Appropriate reference was made to the demise of Rev. J. A. McLane, who formerly labored at Bear River and afterwards at Pine Grove. Upwards of 130 lay members of churches in the western counties have, however, gone to their reward since the last annual gathering.

Further attention was given to the report on education. In the absence of Rev. Dr. Sawyer, in consequence of illness in his family, Rev. A. Cohoon gave some account of the present outlook of our institutions at Wolfville. He showed that since the foundation of these institutions about 600 of our young men and women have been converted whilst pursuing their studies at Wolfville, and that 102 of these have been led to consecrate their lives to the glorious work of preaching the gospel. He dwelt upon the present needs of the college, and explained the plan by which he hopes to raise \$50,000 as a memorial offering for our jubilee celebration next year.

A grand missionary meeting was held in the evening, at which the Digby choir rendered excellent service, as indeed it did during all the sessions. Rev. J. Rowe read the report on missions and gave an eloquent address on the subject. He was followed by Rev. J. C. Morse, who spoke sympathizingly of his brethren in the ministry, especially those engaged in missionary work. Rev. W. H. Warren spoke of the rich results that have followed the efforts of those who have been training the great spiritual world field, and claimed that this field afforded the best security for profitable investment. Rev. Mr. Rouleau gave a sketch of the state of things in the French mission enterprise, intimating that there were many difficulties, much opposition, but some success. Dr. Day outlined the history of early missionary operations, showing that the spread of the gospel has been marvelous, and that its universal triumph is assured. Rev. A. Cohoon pointed to the beautiful place of worship in which the Association was holding its sessions, as furnishing a good illustration of what our Mission Board has been helpful in accomplishing. Digby was at one time aided by our H. M. Board, but now it is not only self-supporting, but it has already paid back into our missionary funds more than it had formerly received.

On Tuesday the report of the committee on questions in letters occupied most of the day. The state of affairs in connection with the church at Weymouth was carefully considered, and a committee, consisting of Revs. E. N. Archibald, I. Wallace, W. H. Warren, J. B. Woodland, I. E. Bill and J. S. Brown, was appointed to visit Weymouth with a view of securing a harmonious adjustment of existing difficulties.

In answer to a question contained in one of the letters, a resolution was passed advising churches, in their efforts to secure pastors, to avoid the system of advertising and candidating, as this system was adapted to divide churches and to promote unkindly feelings among ministers. It was recommended that each church, desirous of engaging a pastor, should appoint a judicious committee to make inquiry privately, by correspondence or otherwise, as to where a suitable minister could be secured, and to obtain all available information in reference to the character, standing and abilities of the person whose name they may have obtained. If these seem satisfactory to the committee, let the matter be submitted to the church for approval. This being gained, the committee should then ascertain from the minister himself whether he is in a position to receive a call. In case of an affirmative reply, a hearty call, as unanimous as possible, should be given by the church, through its clerk, trusting to God and to the minister sought after that the new relations will prove to be satisfactory and productive of much good. It was further recommended that the Home Mission Board be utilized as a suitable medium of correspondence between pastorless churches and unemployed ministers.

Other routine business having been transacted, a hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the Digby friends for their kindness, and to the moderator for his efficient services in the chair, after which the Association adjourned to meet next year at Clarence.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE UNION BAPTIST EDUCATION SOCIETY OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Directors' report states that forty-five have attended the Seminary during the year. Of these, seven are licentiates for the ministry. Three young ladies have finished the Academic course and three matriculate into College this autumn. The new building is being rapidly pushed forward. The contract price for the building is \$25,575. The cost of the heating apparatus is to be \$5,100. In addition to this there are about \$1,500 cost of land for the Seminary, and of plans. Of course the furnishing of the building is not included in these figures. Liabilities to the contractors, to a large amount, mature on July 1st, and it is of vital importance that the friends of the Seminary come to the help of the directors at once. Bro. Wm. Vaughan has been acting as agent; but it is felt that there must be a personal canvass of the Baptists of the two denominations immediately, and that other brethren must be put into the field.

There is a deficit on past operations of about \$2,000. It is hoped this may be collected in St. John. A brother has the matter in hand.

The new directors consist of the following gentlemen:—

F. C. Baptists. Regular Baptists.
E. McLeod, Esq., W. Vaughan, Esq.,
J. McLeod, Esq., Geo. Masters, Esq.,
J. A. Vanwert, Esq., D. Vaughan, Esq.,
D. W. Clark, Esq., Dr. Gilmore,
Hon. G. E. Foster, M. MacDonald, Esq.,
A. C. Smith, Esq., Robert May, Esq.,
Robt. McLeod, Esq., R. Elkin, Esq.,
Dr. Macgregor, J. March, Esq.

The question of continuing the school or suspending it until the buildings in St. Martins are ready was left to the new board.

THE WEEK.

In Great Britain attention has been absorbed in the Jubilee celebration. Even the everlasting Irish question sank out of sight for a few days. The demonstration in London was of unexampled magnificence. In England, Wales and Scotland there was general celebration in all the cities, towns and villages. Ireland, however, held sullenly aloof, except in the Protestant North. The passage of the Coercion Bill but a day or two before the Jubilee has made the Irish bitter and resentful.

The matter of chief interest at present is the Egyptian question. The Convention recently entered into by Great Britain and the Porte, and agreed to, it is supposed, by the other European powers, has been strongly opposed by Russia and France.

It is rumored that they threaten war, unless it is given up. There has been a cabinet meeting in London over the matter, and considerable irritation prevails.

The Amer of Afghanistan appears to be gradually overcoming the rebels. At the same time, the Russians are reported 10,000 strong, within about 30 miles of Herat, and there are evidences that Russian emissaries have been tampering with the Amer's troops.

The gravest fears are had that the trouble in the throat of the Crown Prince of Germany is cancerous and incurable, while the venerable Kaiser may drop off at any time. Many conjectures are already ventured as to the effect their death would have upon the political situation in Germany and on the Continent.

There has been quite a tempest in a teapot in Boston. Some British subjects and admirers of our Queen obtained Faneuil

Hall for a Jubilee celebration. This aroused the ire of the Irish and those who sympathize with them. An indignation meeting was called and held in the Hall. Bold orators twisted the tail of the British lion and rubbed their fists under John Bull's nose in fine style, and the more they railed the more the rabble shouted. It was a grand time. Shrewd politicians made considerable political capital, and all went home, it is to be hoped, feeling better. The banquet, etc., was held in the Hall all the same; but under the guardianship of the police.

The Parliament of the Dominion is prorogued. The supplementary railway bill was passed. The session has not been noted for any measures of special importance.

There is a general paucity of news apart from the Jubilee celebrations.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING.

We see by the *Intelligencer* that our F. C. Baptist brethren have had an important meeting. As many of our readers know, the doctrine of instant and entire sanctification has quite a large following among them—a following which seems on the increase. For several years before the last, deliverances which appeared to many to partake of the nature of a compromise were made by the Conference; but the dissensions grew more pronounced. Last year the Conference, by a rather narrow vote, passed a resolution in plainest condemnation of this doctrine; but this has not proved satisfactory. Two weeks ago a consultation was held between the leading representatives of the two parties, and an agreement was reached. It is to the effect that all abide by the resolutions adopted by the Conference in 1885. On condition of this being accepted by the Higher Life party generally, those who took part in this consultation are prepared to recommend the Conference to rescind the resolutions of last year.

Our people take more than a neighborly interest in this action, and what may grow out of it, because of the movement for union between them and us, now in progress. Those who are best acquainted with the instantaneous and entire sanctification sentiment regard it as most troublesome and disruptive. We hope our body will never assume any temporizing attitude toward it.

Acadia College Jubilee Fund.

100,000 SHARES OF 50 CENTS.

In response to appeal and a few personal solicitations the following pledges have been received:

Rev. C. Goodspeed, Carleton, 500 shares; Rev. H. F. Adams, Yarmouth, 100; Rev. J. B. Woodland, Yarmouth, 100; Rev. J. A. Ford, Milton, Yarmouth, 100; Rev. S. B. Kempton, 100; B. H. Eaton, Halifax, 400; E. D. King, do, 200; Friend, 1000; Den. W. H. Grady, sr., Yarmouth, 20; Henry E. Haly, do, 20; A. Cohoon, Hebron, 200; Rev. J. I. DeWolf, Beaver River, 50; Rev. W. H. Ritchie, Barrington, 20; Joshua Ray, Clarence, 16; John Chaloner, Digby, 40; George E. Freer, Halifax, 35; Rev. F. H. Beale, Billtown, 10; James A. Etey, St. John, 200; J. J. Bostwick, do, 100; H. C. Creed, Fredericton, 100. Total 3,281 shares.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

are also beginning to come in: From the two younger children of Dea. P. D. Kinsey, Yarmouth, "A freewill offering," from "their own proper good," 2 shares each; "One of the 40,000 Baptists," 2; A grandmother and her granddaughter, 1 share each (John Genuan, 1 share. Total to date 8 shares.

From the above it will be seen that the Governors of the College, the pastors and members of our churches and the children of our Sunday schools are already taking hold of the work. It is interesting to notice that the first money received came from two children. Now let all arise to the work. Do not wait for the agent to call upon you. If you are not prepared to send forward the money, write out a pledge like the following, sign, and send to me:

I hereby promise to pay to the order of the Trustees, Governors and Fellows of Acadia College, the sum of dollars towards the Jubilee Fund of Acadia College, said amount to be paid.....

Let all who can give something to this important undertaking do this and the full amount will be pledged before Convention.

A. CONOON, Cor. Sec'y.
Hebron, N. S., June 24. Agst.

Home Missions.

NEWS AND NOTES.

1. At a special meeting of the Home Mission Board on the 15th inst. the following grants were made:—

(1) To the Queensbury field, Carleton county, N. B., \$125 for one year. Rev. Josiah Webb, pastor.

(2) To the Rockport church, Westmorland county, N. B., \$50 for one year. Bro. B. H. Thomas, missionary.

(3) To the Lunenburg field, N. S., \$200 for one year. Rev. S. H. Cain, pastor.

(4) To the Greywood and Milford church, \$60 for one year. Rev. J. E. Blakney, pastor.

2. Four of the five men from the Maritime Provinces that finished their studies at Newton this year returned to Nova Scotia and are settled as follows: F. H. Beale at Billtown; D. Price at Cambridge, King's county; H. B. Smith at Casco, and A. L. Powell at Guysboro. We expect the fifth, Rev. J. H. Fletcher, to return

after another year. One, Bro. C. E. Baker, is expected from McMaster Hall to settle in P. E. I.

3. Twenty-two of our young men have been appointed or recommended to fields of labor during the vacation as follows:—

(1) From Newton—L. J. Tingley to Rockland, Carleton county, N. B., and J. W. McGregor to Tazet, N. B.

(2) From Rochester—Walter V. Higgins to Oak Bay, Charlotte county, N. B.

(3) From Wolfville—C. W. Corey to Amherst; L. D. Morse to Hebron; J. H. Jenner to Shediac; J. Bradshaw to Maitland, Hants county, N. S.; W. S. Black to Blackville, Northumberland county, N. B.; H. T. DeWolf to Baillie and Rolling Dam, Charlotte county; C. A. Eaton to Mauderville, Sunbury county; E. E. Locke to Hammond's Plains, etc., Halifax county; D. H. McQuarrie to Ecum Secum, etc., Guysboro county; C. P. Raymond to Shelburne field; J. E. Tyner to Margaret's Bay; C. P. Wilson to Lower Westville field; M. M. Smallman to Clements; J. A. Marple to Tanook, Lunenburg county; Thomas Shackook to North Esk and Little Southwest, Northumberland county, N. B., and L. A. Palmer to Summerside, P. E. I.

(4) From St. John Seminary—H. D. Baker to Chipman, Queen's county; Wm. London to Queensbury field, York county, and E. E. Daily to Musquash field, St. John county.

Could we have offered them fields, a few others from McMaster, Newton and Wolfville would have accepted appointments. Some of the above have been designated without the invitation we would like to have received, but if the fields are unsupplied, as we think they are, we hope the churches will receive them kindly and do their utmost to provide for their support. They are all good and true men, and though some of them are but beginners and have their reputations to make, we believe they will earn for themselves a good report.

THE DEBT.

has been lessened by the following donations since last report:—

SECOND THROUAND.

Nathaniel Rushon, Westchester, \$1 "No name," Hebron, 50c; "Friend," Temple church, Yarmouth, \$1; collected at Central Chebogue, \$2.77; "A member of New Glasgow church," \$19.87; Mrs. A. C. Rose, Carleton, Yarmouth, \$1; Mabel Rose, do, \$1; Samuel Bancroft, Round Hill, \$5; Lucilla Bancroft, do, \$3; Rev. P. F. Murray, Milton, \$5; collection of Middlefield church, Queen's county, \$4.20; Charles Skinner and wife, Brooklyn, Annapolis county, \$2; Rev. J. C. Morse, Sandy Cove, \$1; Morace Haycock, Westport, \$5; Rev. J. W. Weeks, Liverpool, \$1; Mrs. Dr. Harris, Beaver River, \$1; Rev. I. Wallace, Granville, \$1; from South Musquash and Dipper Harbor: R. Thompson, jr., \$1; W. H. Belding, 50c; Wallace Belding, 50c; Samuel Jones, 25c; Mrs. R. Belding, 25c; J. Thompson, 25c; "A Friend," 25c. Before reported, \$1,897.51. Total to date, \$1,955.85.

THIRD THROUAND.

1st Hillsburg S. S. concert, \$20; Lokport S. S., \$11.77; Melvern Square S. S. concert, \$5.50; Milton, Queen's county, S. S. concert, second instalment, \$5.58. Before reported, \$644.73. Total to date, \$687.58.

Special—"A Friend," for the purchase of French Testaments, \$5.

All correspondence addressed to Hebron will reach me after a few days and will receive attention as heretofore.

A. CONOON, Cor. Sec'y.
Hebron, N. S., June 24th, 1887.

Appeal.

To the Baptists and Free Christian Baptists of N. B., and the Free Baptists of N. S.

DEAR BROTHERS.—We have reached a crisis in the building of the new Seminary at St. Martins. Hence this appeal. Many of the subscriptions—made in good faith—will not be available for months. In order that the work may not be interrupted, we have carried on to completion, in time to secure the largest of the promised gifts, and to meet maturing obligations entered into with the contractors, ten thousand dollars are immediately required. Not to have this amount means disaster and disgrace. Can they be averted? Say! we now, after so much has been done, be compelled to abandon the work? Impossible! Brethren and sisters, friends of religious education, will you suffer the thought?

The Directors make through the undersigned committee this appeal to you, asking for the \$10,000 within the next thirty days. We only ask this amount in one dollar subscriptions. Will you deny the request? We have confidence in you in this hour of need. Let us now, at once, in one grand effort—an effort in which the rich and poor, the old and young, men, women and children, unite, and avert a crisis now face to face with this higher education movement. Now or never, brethren. Only one dollar each from 10,000 individuals, burdening no one, will lift the burden from many who are very anxious in regard to the new Seminary. We anxiously wait your response.

In behalf of the Directors,
MONT. McDONALD,
WM. PETERS,
G. A. HARTLEY,
W. R. MAY,
G. O. GATES.

NOTE.—Rev. Geo. O. Gates, 55 Queen St., St. John, is authorized by the committee to receive money raised by this appeal and to give receipt for the same.