

fection of Marsh lands, Lancaster, could not be received, also a petition of Thos. O'Keller, St. John, refused.

Mr. Ferris brought in a Bill to make road in Parish of Sheffield a great road.

A Bill to explain the law of jurisdiction of magistrates in civil suits adopted.

Mr. Tilley presented petition of Chamber of Commerce, St. John, in favor of Bill for extension of jurisdiction of City Court, St. John.

Bill relating to administration of justice in equity, adopted. Also one to define boundary between Carleton and Victoria.

Mr. Gilbert's Bill for simultaneous polling under discussion.

March 7.

Mr. Boyd presented petition from Mr. Osborn, manager of N. B. & C. Railway, against incorporation of Digglequash Driving Company; also petition from John Brookfield for a select committee on his Railway claims.

Mr. Young moved for returns of all bye road expenditures by all Commissioners appointed within last six years.

March 8.

Mr. Lindsay introduced a bill to incorporate Wookstock and Houlton Railway Company.

Mr. Tilley laid before the House a proposition of Mr. Bridges, representing English capitalists, to construct Inter Colonial Railroad; offers to build road for subsidies granted by Provincial Government, and keep it running without expense to Province.

Mr. Munroe presented a large petition from Wookstock in favor of Western Extension.

House went into committee on Mr. Cudlip's Railway resolution.

LECTURES.—On Wednesday evening last, the Rev. Wm. Wilson of Wookstock delivered an entertaining and instructive lecture on the geography of the Moon, Eclipses and Tides which was listened to by a large and attentive audience.

On Monday evening 7th inst. J. W. Lawrence, Esq., of St. John lectured on the St. John River, giving a history of its first settlement. Owing to the heavy storm, the hall was not so well filled as on previous occasions, but the audience were well pleased with the lecture.

Last evening, Mr. Lawrence delivered a lecture on Railways and Railway Extension Westward. It is impossible this morning to do more than announce that the lecturer was well received by a large and respectable audience.

On Tuesday evening next, Mr. Rosser will lecture on "Hindostan."

At the close of the lecture a Railway meeting was held, when the following resolution passed unanimously:—

RESOLVED.—That in the opinion of this meeting, the present Session of the Legislature should not close without making provision for the immediate construction of that section of the E. & N. A. Railway between the line at St. John and the American border on such a route as will best serve the general interest of the Province.

And further Resolved.—That a copy of the foregoing Resolution be forwarded to the Representatives of the County of Charlotte, as well as to the Hon. Messrs. Robinson and Todd, of the Legislative Council.

Mr. Osborn, Manager of the N. B. & C. Railway, thoroughly endorsed the Douglas Valley route crossing the N. B. & C. R. 40 miles from St. Andrews, advocated by Mr. Lawrence.

ITEMS.

—As the governor of Trinidad, and Major Holworthy, the colonial secretary, and six other friends were sailing in the Gulf of Paria, the boat was upset and the whole party immersed. The governor and one lady perished.

It is proposed to establish a military settlement upon the land confiscated by the insurrectionaries of New Zealand, which is estimated at about eight million acres. The New Zealand Parliament has already passed the necessary measures for carrying out this important project.

—One of those dreadful exhibitions once so common in India, a suttee, or the burning of the living widow with the dead body of her husband, recently took place in Rajpootana. All the parties who assisted have since been seized and punished according to the malignity of their offences.

It is estimated that the cost to the U. S. Government of the soldiers, per man, is nearly \$1,200 a year.

At Beauvoir, S. C., occupied by the Federals, the marble coverings of some of the tombs of the aristocracy, have been removed by soldiers to be used in the construction of their quarters.

—Marshal Wrangel, the commander-in-chief of the army invading Denmark, will be 84 in April, but he is still exceedingly vigorous. Prince Frederick Charles who commands the advanced guard is 35.

—There is said to be a tenement-house in New York city having 68 rooms, 8 by 10 feet, containing 70 families, of 144 adults and 138 children, 11 dogs and 43 cats.

IT CURES SO QUICK.

Radway's Ready Relief, whether applied externally or taken internally, acts at once; there is no delay, but it instantly fulfills its mission of relieving the patient of pain and discomfort.

NAIL IN THE KNEE PAN.

A highly respectable lady of the city of New York while nailing down some carpets ran a small carpet tack in her knee and shifted the pain. For two years she was laid up a cripple, spent upwards of TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS WITHOUT DERIVING ANY BENEFIT. She was advised by a nurse to use Radway's Ready Relief; the first application gave her ease, one week's use made a perfect cure. Had this lady tried the

Ready Relief when the injury happened, she would have escaped the painful sufferings of two years' duration, and saved two thousand dollars. Bear in mind, that Radway's Ready Relief will prove its marvellous efficacy at once in all cases where pain is experienced, whether Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gout, Neuralgia, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Wounds, or Dislocations, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Influenza, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Coughs, Let those who suffer try it. Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

Married.

At South Richmond on the 27th ult. by the Rev. James Kidd, A. M., George Ivey, to Miss Eleanor Duff.

Died.

At his residence in Saint Andrews, on the 6th instant, WELLINGTON HATCH, Esquire, in the 50th year of his age, leaving a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss. He held for many years the office of Clerk of the Peace, for the County of Charlotte, the duties of which he performed to the satisfaction of the public. During his illness he experienced all the attention which affection could afford, and all the consolations which religion could bestow.

The funeral will take place this afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

At Chamecock, on Thursday the 25th inst. after a protracted illness, which she bore with pious resignation to the divine will, Jane, the beloved wife of Wm. Cunningham, in the 66th year of her age. Her end was peace.—[Wookstock papers please copy.]

MEETING OF COURTS.

The Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace, will be held at the Court House on Tuesday the 12th of April next.

At which time and place all Magistrates, Clerks, and Constables of said County and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby publicly notified to give their attendance.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, March 8, 1864.

TO LET.

From the 1st of May next.

THAT neat Cottage with a garden attached, in rear of the Court House. The premises are in good order. Apply to

CHAS. GILLILAND.

March 9, 1864.

FOR SALE.

THAT farm owned by the Subscriber at BAY SIDE.

Containing One Hundred Acres, fifty acres under cultivation, and fifty acres about equally divided into pasture and woodland. Fences built with cedar, and in good repair. Water in abundance from never failing springs.

Half the purchase money will be required on the delivery of the deeds, the remaining half may remain in the hands of the purchaser for three or four years secured by mortgage on the premises.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN.

mar 9—1f

Rub. Rubber.

Rubbers.

AT THE

Albion House.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

Has received an assortment of

Childrens, Misses, Ladies, Gent's, Rubber Overshoes.

Also, Ladies Rubber Balmoral Boots, a nice article for the present season, which with a lot of Childrens and Ladies Boots,

SKELTON SKIRTS, and the balance of stock of

WINTER DRY GOODS.

He will sell CHEAP for Current Money. American Bills taken at the usual discount.

Bottles! Bottles!!

WANTED immediately—ALE & PORTER Bottles.

E. A. JULIAN.

Patent Steam Brewery.

St. Andrews, March 2, 1864.

4

CHARLES P. BUTLER & CO.,

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

No. 115 Wall Street,

New York.

A Bill for establishing and

maintaining a Police Force in

the County of Charlotte.

WHEREAS offences against the Peace, as well as injuries to property have become frequent in the Parish of St. Stephen, it is expedient to establish an effective system of Police in the following district, to-wit:—Beginning at the dwelling house of Hill Hill, near Milltown, and extending to Porters Millbridge, so called, and back from the River St. Croix, one mile.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Lieutenant Governor, the Legislative Council and Assembly, as follows:—

1.—The Justices of the Peace for the said County shall and may at any general sessions, or at any special sessions to be for that purpose called, appoint a sufficient number of fit and able men not exceeding

to be, and act as a police force, within the before mentioned district, who shall be severally sworn in by any magistrate of the said county to act as constables for preserving the Peace, and preventing all felonies, and apprehending offenders against the peace, the men so sworn in shall within the district have all such powers, privileges, and advantages, and

to be liable to all duties and responsibilities as any constable appointed by law now has or may hereafter have, or is, or may be liable to within his constabulary, by virtue of the common law or act of Assembly made or to be made, and shall obey all such lawful commands as they or any of them may receive from time to time from any Justice of the Peace within said district, for conducting them in the execution of their office.

2.—The Justices of the Peace at any General Sessions or at any Special Sessions for that purpose called, shall have powers, by regulations to be made, to employ and to dismiss any constables or persons to be employed under this act, and to define the powers and duties of the said Constables or Constables.

3.—That it shall be lawful for any constable belonging to the said Police force, during the time of his being on duty to take into his custody, without warrant, any loose idle, or disorderly person, or whom he shall have just cause to suspect of having committed, or being about to commit any felony or misdemeanor, or breach of the Peace, and all persons whom he shall find during the months of March, April, May, June, July, August, September and October, between the hours of seven o'clock, P. M. and six o'clock, A. M.; or during the months of November, December, January and February, between the hours of seven o'clock, P. M. and six o'clock, A. M. lying or lurking in any highway, yard, or other place, and not giving a satisfactory account of himself or themselves and also to take into custody under warrant as aforesaid, any person who shall within the limits of the aforesaid district be charged by any other person with committing any aggravated assault, in every case in which the said constable shall have good reason to believe that such assault has been committed, although not in view of the constable, and that by reason of the recent commission of the offence a warrant could not have been obtained for the apprehension of the offender in order that such person may be secured till he can be brought before a Justice of the Peace within the said district to be dealt with according to law.

4.—The Justices of the Peace residing within the said district shall in addition to the powers they now possess, be invested with, and shall exercise and execute all other duties and powers as shall be in this act specified, or in any regulations now or may hereafter be made by the General Sessions as provided for in this act.

5.—The Justices of the Peace for the said County at their General Sessions in April in each and every year hereafter are hereby authorised to make a rule and assessment for a sum not exceeding the sum of Dollars for any one year to defray the expenses of supporting and maintaining said Police establishment, such assessment to be levied and collected on the Inhabitants and property residing and being within the limits of said district, such sum shall be assessed level and paid agreeable to any act now or which may be in force for assessing, levying and collecting county rates; and when recovered or collected shall be paid over to the County Treasurer of the said County to be held and applied under the direction of the Justices of the Peace for the said County for the purposes of this act.

6.—The sums of money recovered or received for fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred and paid under or by virtue of any of the provisions of this act, committed within the limits of the said district, such sums shall be paid on the first Monday of each month to the County Treasurer.

7.—The County Treasurer shall receive all sums of money received by assessment and all fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred and paid from every collector, magistrate, constable or other person paying the same for the purposes of this act, and he shall keep and hold the same as a separate fund for the purposes of this act, to be paid over by him from time to time under the order of the General Sessions of the Peace for the said County.

8.—All fees recovered by any of the police for performing the duties of constables shall be paid over as received to the magistrate by whose directions he has performed the duty to be paid to the County Treasurer in the same manner as fines and forfeitures are directed to be paid over.

A BILL

To authorize the erection of Gas Lamps and Lamp Posts, in the Public Streets in the Parish of St. Stephen, in the County of Charlotte. With in the district between Hitching's corner, so called, near the mid landing and Porters Mill bridge, so called, and extending back one mile from the River St. Croix, and to provide for the expense of the same.

1.—The Justices of the Peace for the said County of Charlotte, at any General Sessions or at any Special Sessions for that purpose called, shall have power to appoint two or more persons residing in the before-mentioned district, to be a committee to agree with some person or persons to erect said Gas Lamps and Lamp Posts, and keeping the same in repair and for lighting the said district, and to make an account of the expense of the same to be laid before the Justices of the Peace of the said County, at the April General Sessions of each and every year.

2.—The Justices of the Peace of the said County, are hereby authorized at any General Sessions to make a rate and assessment of a sum not exceeding Dollars, for any one year, for defraying the expenses incurred by the said committee for the purposes aforesaid; such assessment to be levied and collected on the Inhabitants and property residing and being, situated within the limits of the before-mentioned district, being the owners or occupiers of any house, or houses, and all the real property within such limits aforesaid, shall be assessed, levied and paid, agreeable to any act now or which may hereafter be in force, for assessing, levying, and collecting County rates; and when collected or recovered, shall be paid over under the direction of the Justices of the Peace for said County, for the purposes of this act.

3.—The Justices of the Peace for the said County, shall and may at any general sessions, or at any special sessions to be for that purpose called, appoint a sufficient number of fit and able men not exceeding

to be, and act as a police force, within the before mentioned district, who shall be severally sworn in by any magistrate of the said county to act as constables for preserving the Peace, and preventing all felonies, and apprehending offenders against the peace, the men so sworn in shall within the district have all such powers, privileges, and advantages, and

to be liable to all duties and responsibilities as any constable appointed by law now has or may hereafter have, or is, or may be liable to within his constabulary, by virtue of the common law or act of Assembly made or to be made, and shall obey all such lawful commands as they or any of them may receive from time to time from any Justice of the Peace within said district, for conducting them in the execution of their office.

4.—The Justices of the Peace at any General Sessions or at any Special Sessions for that purpose called, shall have powers, by regulations to be made, to employ and to dismiss any constables or persons to be employed under this act, and to define the powers and duties of the said Constables or Constables.

5.—That it shall be lawful for any constable belonging to the said Police force, during the time of his being on duty to take into his custody, without warrant, any loose idle, or disorderly person, or whom he shall have just cause to suspect of having committed, or being about to commit any felony or misdemeanor, or breach of the Peace, and all persons whom he shall find during the months of March, April, May, June, July, August, September and October, between the hours of seven o'clock, P. M. and six o'clock, A. M.; or during the months of November, December, January and February, between the hours of seven o'clock, P. M. and six o'clock, A. M. lying or lurking in any highway, yard, or other place, and not giving a satisfactory account of himself or themselves and also to take into custody under warrant as aforesaid, any person who shall within the limits of the aforesaid district be charged by any other person with committing any aggravated assault, in every case in which the said constable shall have good reason to believe that such assault has been committed, although not in view of the constable, and that by reason of the recent commission of the offence a warrant could not have been obtained for the apprehension of the offender in order that such person may be secured till he can be brought before a Justice of the Peace within the said district to be dealt with according to law.

6.—The Justices of the Peace residing within the said district shall in addition to the powers they now possess, be invested with, and shall exercise and execute all other duties and powers as shall be in this act specified, or in any regulations now or may hereafter be made by the General Sessions as provided for in this act.

7.—The Justices of the Peace for the said County at their General Sessions in April in each and every year hereafter are hereby authorised to make a rule and assessment for a sum not exceeding the sum of Dollars for any one year to defray the expenses of supporting and maintaining said Police establishment, such assessment to be levied and collected on the Inhabitants and property residing and being within the limits of said district, such sum shall be assessed level and paid agreeable to any act now or which may be in force for assessing, levying and collecting county rates; and when recovered or collected shall be paid over to the County Treasurer of the said County to be held and applied under the direction of the Justices of the Peace for the said County for the purposes of this act.

8.—The sums of money recovered or received for fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred and paid under or by virtue of any of the provisions of this act, committed within the limits of the said district, such sums shall be paid on the first Monday of each month to the County Treasurer.

9.—The County Treasurer shall receive all sums of money received by assessment and all fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred and paid from every collector, magistrate, constable or other person paying the same for the purposes of this act, and he shall keep and hold the same as a separate fund for the purposes of this act, to be paid over by him from time to time under the order of the General Sessions of the Peace for the said County.

10.—All fees recovered by any of the police for performing the duties of constables shall be paid over as received to the magistrate by whose directions he has performed the duty to be paid to the County Treasurer in the same manner as fines and forfeitures are directed to be paid over.

11.—The Justices of the Peace for the said County of Charlotte, at any General Sessions or at any Special Sessions for that purpose called, shall have power to appoint two or more persons residing in the before-mentioned district, to be a committee to agree with some person or persons to erect said Gas Lamps and Lamp Posts, and keeping the same in repair and for lighting the said district, and to make an account of the expense of the same to be laid before the Justices of the Peace of the said County, at the April General Sessions of each and every year.

12.—The Justices of the Peace of the said County, are hereby authorized at any General Sessions to make a rate and assessment of a sum not exceeding Dollars, for any one year, for defraying the expenses incurred by the said committee for the purposes aforesaid; such assessment to be levied and collected on the Inhabitants and property residing and being, situated within the limits of the before-mentioned district, being the owners or occupiers of any house, or houses, and all the real property within such limits aforesaid, shall be assessed, levied and paid, agreeable to any act now or which may hereafter be in force, for assessing, levying, and collecting County rates; and when collected or recovered, shall be paid over under the direction of the Justices of the Peace for said County, for the purposes of this act.

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to be liable to all duties and responsibilities as any constable appointed by law now has or may hereafter have, or is, or may be liable to within his constabulary, by virtue of the common law or act of Assembly made or to be made, and shall obey all such lawful commands as they or any of them may receive from time to time from any Justice of the Peace within said district, for conducting them in the execution of their office.

14.—The Justices of the Peace at any General Sessions or at any Special Sessions for that purpose called, shall have powers, by regulations to be made, to employ and to dismiss any constables or persons to be employed under this act, and to define the powers and duties of the said Constables or Constables.

15.—That it shall be lawful for any constable belonging to the said Police force, during the time of his being on duty to take into his custody, without warrant, any loose idle, or disorderly person, or whom he shall have just cause to suspect of having committed, or being about to commit any felony or misdemeanor, or breach of the Peace, and all persons whom he shall find during the months of March, April, May, June, July, August, September and October, between the hours of seven o'clock, P. M. and six o'clock, A. M.; or during the months of November, December, January and February, between the hours of seven o'clock, P. M. and six o'clock, A. M. lying or lurking in any highway, yard, or other place, and not giving a satisfactory account of himself or themselves and also to take into custody under warrant as aforesaid, any person who shall within the limits of the aforesaid district be charged by any other person with committing any aggravated assault, in every case in which the said constable shall have good reason to believe that such assault has been committed, although not in view of the constable, and that by reason of the recent commission of the offence a warrant could not have been obtained for the apprehension of the offender in order that such person may be secured till he can be brought before a Justice of the Peace within the said district to be dealt with according to law.

16.—The Justices of the Peace residing within the said district shall in addition to the powers they now possess, be invested with, and shall exercise and execute all other duties and powers as shall be in this act specified, or in any regulations now or may hereafter be made by the General Sessions as provided for in this act.

17.—The Justices of the Peace for the said County at their General Sessions in April in each and every year hereafter are hereby authorised to make a rule and assessment for a sum not exceeding the sum of Dollars for any one year to defray the expenses of supporting and maintaining said Police establishment, such assessment to be levied and collected on the Inhabitants and property residing and being within the limits of said district, such sum shall be assessed level and paid agreeable to any act now or which may be in force for assessing, levying and collecting county rates; and when recovered or collected shall be paid over to the County Treasurer of the said County to be held and applied under the direction of the Justices of the Peace for the said County for the purposes of this act.

18.—The sums of money recovered or received for fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred and paid under or by virtue of any of the provisions of this act, committed within the limits of the said district, such sums shall be paid on the first Monday of each month to the County Treasurer.

19.—The County Treasurer shall receive all sums of money received by assessment and all fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred and paid from every collector, magistrate, constable or other person paying the same for the purposes of this act, and he shall keep and hold the same as a separate fund for the purposes of this act, to be paid over by him from time to time under the order of the General Sessions of the Peace for the said County.

SHERIFF'S SALES

Sheriff's Sales to take place at the Court House, St. Andrews.

John Billings, Land April 12

Angus Holmes, Jr. do April 13

N. B. & C. Railway do June 8

To be sold by Public Auction at the Court House, in St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, at 12 o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, the eighth day of June, 1864:—

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand, whatsoever, of the NEW BRUNSWICK AND CANADA RAILWAY AND LAND COMPANY, LIMITED, of, in and to all the following lands, described as follows:—

First, all that certain tract of land, (excepting so much of the same, as lies and is situated in the County of York)

Beginning at a birch tree standing on the westerly side of the railway and in the north-easterly angle of block number six, granted to the Saint Andrews and Quebec Railroad Company, in the Parish of Saint James, thence running by the magnet of the year 1858 south seventy-three degrees west, three hundred and fifty-six chains along the northerly line of said grant, (crossing the road from Oak Point Bay to Wookstock and the south branch of Canoe River), to the northerly line of lot number four, surveyed for Hugh Pinkerton; thence along the same, north eighty degrees west, seven chains, or to the southerly line of a birch tree standing on the northerly line of lot number four, surveyed for John Reid and the northerly line of a lot surveyed for Wm. Johnston, north eighty-eight degrees west, fifty chains to a spruce tree standing in the north-westerly angle of the last mentioned surveyed lot; thence along the westerly line thereof, south two degrees west, thirty-one chains, or to a cedar tree; thence north seventeen degrees west, forty-two chains or to a hemlock tree standing on the easterly line of a grant to the Trustees of Greenock Church, in the Parish of Saint Andrews, in connection with the Established Church of Scotland; thence along the same, north three degrees and thirty minutes east, eleven chains and fifty links (crossing Canoe River) to a stake standing in the north-easterly angle thereof; thence along the northerly line of the same, north eighty six degrees and thirty minutes west, three chains and fifty-seven links to a hemlock tree; thence north seventeen degrees west, two degrees and thirteen chains, or to a cedar tree; thence south seventy-three degrees west, three chains and forty-five links to a spruce tree standing on the easterly line of a grant to Freeman H. Todd; thence along the same, north seventeen degrees west, one hundred and forty-four chains and fifty links (crossing Mud Lake road and the line dividing the counties of York and Charlotte) or to a hemlock tree standing on the northerly line thereof; thence north two degrees east, one hundred and thirty-seven chains, (crossing Trout Brook) or to a cedar tree; thence north seventeen degrees west, one hundred and twenty-six chains and fifty links, (crossing City Camp road, Ed. Works Brook) or to a dry birch tree; thence north seven degrees east, forty chains, or to a post standing on the southerly bank or shore of the Chipmunk-Outlet; thence north seventy-three degrees east, one hundred and twenty-eight chains, (crossing a brook running into said outlet, and recrossing the road from Oak Point Bay to Wookstock) or to a post standing on the southerly line of lot number two, granted to John McMillan; thence north two degrees east, one hundred and twenty-eight chains and fifty links, or to a birch tree standing on the northerly bank or shore of the second Digglequash Lake above mentioned; thence following the various courses of the same in a north-easterly direction (crossing a brook at its mouth) to a cedar tree standing at a point where the southerly line of said last mentioned grant strikes the said bank or shore of said Lake; thence along said line, south eighty-eight degrees east, eleven chains to a spruce tree standing in the south-easterly angle of said last mentioned grant; thence along the easterly line thereof, north two degrees east, twenty-eight chains, recrossing the last mentioned brook to a hemlock tree; thence north twenty-three degrees east, five hundred and twenty-seven chains, (crossing the railway above mentioned, White Beaver Brook, Thompson's road, the road, and the south branch of Canoe River) or to a pine tree; thence north twenty-four degrees and thirty minutes west, one hundred and eighty chains, (crossing Mink Lake) or to a post standing in the north-easterly angle of block number eight, granted to the New Brunswick and Canada Railway and Land Company; thence along the southerly line thereof, south thirty-seven chains and fifty links, thence north and its prolongation, same in a southerly direction, thirty seven chains, or to a birch tree standing on the northerly bank or shore of the said Lake; thence north two degrees west, one hundred and fifty links, or to a stake standing in the south-easterly angle thereof; thence along the southerly line thereof, south eighty-eight degrees east, fifty-one chains, or to the westerly side of the railway above mentioned; thence following the various courses of the same in a north-easterly direction (crossing a brook at its mouth) to a cedar tree standing at a point where the southerly line of said last mentioned grant strikes the said bank or shore of said Lake; thence along said line, south eighty-eight degrees east, eleven chains to a spruce tree standing in the south-easterly angle of said last mentioned grant; thence along the easterly line thereof, north two degrees east, twenty-eight chains, recrossing the last mentioned brook to a hemlock tree; thence north twenty-three degrees east, five hundred and twenty-seven chains, (crossing the railway above mentioned, White Beaver Brook, Thompson's road, the road, and the south branch of Canoe River) or to a pine tree; thence north twenty-four degrees and thirty minutes west, one hundred and eighty chains, (crossing Mink Lake) or to a post standing in the north-easterly angle of block number eight, granted to the New Brunswick and Canada Railway and Land Company; 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thence north twenty-three degrees east, five hundred and twenty-seven chains, (crossing the railway above mentioned, White Beaver Brook, Thompson's road, the road, and the south branch of Canoe River) or to a pine tree; thence north twenty-four degrees and thirty minutes west, one hundred and eighty chains, (crossing Mink Lake) or to a post standing in the north-easterly angle of block number eight, granted to the New Brunswick and Canada Railway and Land Company; thence along the southerly line thereof, south thirty-seven chains and fifty links, thence north and its prolongation, same in a southerly direction, thirty seven chains, or to a birch tree standing on the northerly bank or shore of the said Lake; thence north two degrees west, one hundred and fifty links, or to a stake standing in the south-easterly angle thereof; thence along the southerly line thereof, south eighty-eight degrees east, fifty-one chains, or to the westerly side of the railway above mentioned; thence following the various courses of the same in a north-easterly direction (crossing a brook at its mouth) to a cedar tree standing at a point where the southerly line of said last mentioned grant strikes the said bank or shore of said Lake; thence along said line, south eighty-eight degrees east, eleven chains to a spruce tree standing in the south-easterly angle of said last mentioned grant; thence along the easterly line thereof, north two degrees east, twenty-eight chains, recrossing the last mentioned brook to a hemlock tree; thence north twenty-three degrees east, five hundred and twenty-seven chains, (crossing the railway above mentioned, White Beaver Brook, Thompson's road, the road, and the south branch of Canoe River) or to a pine tree; thence north twenty-four degrees and thirty minutes west, one hundred and eighty chains, (crossing Mink Lake) or to a post standing in the north-easterly angle of block number eight, granted to the New Brunswick and Canada Railway and Land Company; thence along the southerly line thereof, south thirty-seven chains and fifty links, thence north and its prolongation, same in a southerly direction, thirty seven chains, or to a birch tree standing on the northerly bank or shore of the said Lake; 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