

Weather Forecast:
Cool

The London Advertiser

HOME
EDITION

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

THE LONDON, ONTARIO, ADVERTISER, THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 4, 1917. 80 COLUMNS.

PRICE, TWO CENTS.

HAIG STRUCK AGAIN IN FLANDERS

COMMONS CLOSES; NO VOTING DATE FIXED BY GOVT; GUTHRIE SWORN

Dominion Parliament Dissolved This Afternoon, As From Saturday—Premier Says No Election Date Yet, But Polling Likely In January—Guthrie Becomes Solicitor General.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—At 1 o'clock today a proclamation was issued dissolving Parliament as from Saturday. Announcement of dissolution was made to a Canadian Press representative by the prime minister. No date, the prime minister stated, had been fixed for the election. This will be decided later, although it is unlikely that the election date will be before January.

GUTHRIE SWORN IN

There was a further addition to the Cabinet this morning in Hugh Guthrie, Liberal member for South Wellington. Mr. Guthrie takes the portfolio of solicitor-general, held by Hon. Arthur Meighen up to the present time. Mr. Meighen retains his portfolio as secretary of state. Mr. Guthrie was sworn in shortly before 1 o'clock.

Sir Robert Borden also stated that no further changes had so far been made in the Cabinet. He indicated that there would be no additional announcements just at present.

CABINET COUNCIL CALLED

A Cabinet council has, however, been called for this afternoon. Western Liberals will be in conference here tomorrow, when the question of union government will again be under consideration. Whether or not any ministers of the prairie provinces will enter a union government, states Hon. J. A. Calder, is still under consideration.

From Vancouver comes the story that Hon. H. S. Brewster, prime minister of British Columbia, has been invited to join the Borden Administration, but no confirmation of the report is available here.

COSTS COMMISSIONER SUBMITS REPORT ON PRODUCTION OF BREAD THROUGHOUT CANADA

Increase in August Due to the Bakers Using Their Contract Flour.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—W. F. O'Connor, K. C., acting commissioner of cost of production in Canada has issued an interim report to the minister of labor, giving some figures on the cost of production of bread in Canada. Mr. O'Connor has been conducting an investigation during the past six months into the milling industry in Canada, on which he will make an exhaustive report to the minister of labor shortly. The table showing the present cost of production of bread in the principal cities of Canada, reveals that cost of bread per pound is highest in Vancouver and New Westminster, B. C.; i. e., 7.88c per pound. In Montreal the cost is 7.55c, in Halifax 7.35c, Winnipeg 6.55c, Toronto 6.00c, and in Ottawa 5.40c.

Why Prices Increase
Mr. O'Connor notes that an increase in the retail price of bread occurred during the month of August, which the previous calculation will show to be about \$11.40 in Ontario and Quebec for first patent flour. In the event of the fixing of the price of flour some provision should be exercised to insure that standard quality is maintained.

Delivery Costs.
The disproportionate costs of delivery are apparent by the table above. This is particularly striking in Montreal and Vancouver, where the delivery charge exceeds by nearly half a cent per pound the average of the Canadian cities reported.

It is estimated that cost of delivery of bakers' bread per ton is \$3,000 in Montreal, \$2,000 in Toronto, \$1,000 in Winnipeg, \$1,200 in Vancouver and \$1,000 in Ottawa.

Winnipeg and Calgary are particularly fortunate in having had large supplies of flour purchased by their bakers at a low cost. The public have received the benefit of this.

The investigation into the milling industry, of which this into bread costs is a subsidiary effort, has covered a period of about six months. It has involved an examination into grain production, grain prices and the production of flour and the cost of the milling process.

Five Sailing Ships Only Italian Losses By Mines and Subs

Rome, Oct. 4.—Italian shipping losses by mines or submarines for the week ending September 30, in all seas, were two sailing vessels of more than 100 tons, and three sailing vessels of less than 100 tons. One of the vessels was attacked by a submarine.

CLOTHES TOOK FIRE WHILE COOKING MEAL

Aged Sarnia Township Woman Fatally Burned.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Sarnia, Oct. 4.—Ella, widow of the late George Hardy, aged 71 years and 4 months, died at her home, lot 12, concession 4, Sarnia Township, yesterday, as the result of burns received when her clothing caught fire, while she was engaged in preparing a meal. It became known here today. With her clothing ablaze, the unfortunate lady ran from the house towards the barn, where the other members of the family were engaged in milking, but fell to the ground before she reached them. Hearing her screams, the other members of the family came to her assistance, carried her to the house, and summoned a physician, but the burns proved fatal. And she expired a short time after. The funeral will be held on Friday, October 5, at 2 o'clock, at the Lakeview Cemetery. She is survived by a grown-up family of sons and daughters.

AMERICAN SCHOONER ATTACKED

London, Oct. 4.—The American schooner, Annie F. Conlon, was attacked by gun fire by a German submarine Wednesday morning off the Scilly Islands. The crew of eight men has been landed safely.

CROTHERS SLATED FOR JUDGESHIP, BURRILL FOR HOUSE CLERKSHIP, ROCHE TO CIVIL SERVICE BOARD

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—The Ottawa Journal says it is expected that announcement will be made this week of the resignation from the Government of Hon. W. J. Roche, minister of the interior, and his appointment to the civil service commission. This statement cannot be definitely confirmed. Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor, it is expected, will take a judgeship. The name of Hon. Martin Burrill has been frequently mentioned of late in connection with the clerkships of the House of Commons at \$5,000 per annum, the post made vacant by the retirement of Dr. T. B. Flint.

SECOND BOMBING FOR FRANKFORT WITHIN A WEEK

French Continue Their Aerial Reprisals—Rastatt Bombed.

Paris, Oct. 4.—Another aerial raid over Germany was made last night by French aviators. The cities of Frankfurt and Rastatt were bombed. The following official announcement was given out:

"In reprisal for the bombardment of Bar-le-Duc our aviators bombed Frankfurt and Rastatt."

Rastatt is a town of 14,000 in Baden, 14 miles southwest of Karlsruhe. This is the second attack on Frankfurt in the last week, since the French inaugurated their policy of reprisal raids.

MYSTERIOUS MACHINE CAN USE FREE ENERGY

Tests of Wonderful Discovery To Be Made by U. S.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The House bill providing for tests of a mysterious machine for utilizing free energy, devised by Garabed T. K. Aramian, an Armenian inventor, from Boston, went to the Senate today and congressmen, enthusiastic over the war possibilities of the machine, planned a drive for immediate action.

LABOR DEPT. BLAMES ELEVATOR MANAGERS FOR GRAIN STRIKE

Have Ignored Demands of the Men for Many Months.

Fort William, Oct. 4.—E. N. Comp-ton, the fair-wage officer of the labor department, held a session with the committee of the strikers yesterday afternoon and at 5 o'clock met the grain commission and discussed the phases of the elevator strike with them. Following this, he met the elevator superintendents in a session which lasted till 9:30, after which Fred Urquy, as representative of the labor department, gave the Canadian Press the following statement:

There is less than 16 per cent of the employees alien enemies and all of these are employed by the managers and only part of them are in the union. The minister of labor was informed of the progress of affairs and sent an officer as soon as the request was wired. The blame for the rupture must rest where it properly belongs, and that is with the management of the elevators for totally ignoring the men for many months."

HEAVY BATTERY DUEL ALONG RUSSIAN FRONT

Petrograd, Oct. 4.—On the northern end of the Russian front in the region of the Rumanian army, a duel of great severity is in progress, says today's official statement.

SUCCESSFUL AIR RAID BY BRITISH IN MACEDONIA

London, Oct. 4.—A successful raid by British airplanes on hostile positions in the Macedonian front is reported in an official statement from the war office today. The statement says:

"Our airplanes made a most successful raid on an extensive scale, bombing the enemy's camps and dumps on the Belaschita-Platina. Hostile troops were scattered by machine gun fire, and one of several enemy airplanes, which attacked our formation, was brought down. All our machines returned safely."

U. S. WAR TAX REACHES ALL

Washington, Oct. 4.—The new war taxes, which are to be levied on a half billion dollars under the provisions of the revenue bill signed yesterday by President Wilson, went into effect today.



Advertiser Illustrations —Philadelphia Ledger.

REPRISALS FOR THE AIR RAIDS DECIDED ON BY GOVERNMENT

London, Oct. 3.—Delayed.—According to the Standard a policy of reprisals for German air raids has been decided upon.

That such a decision had been reached by the British Government was indicated by the premier's statement on Tuesday that Germany would be bombed with compound interest.

"YELLOW" HEARST PROVED FRIEND OF BERNSTORFF ESPIONAGE GANG

U. S. Investigator Discovers That Anti-British Publisher Was Close "Social" Intimate of Von Papen, Boy-Ed and Bolo Pasha, Exposed Agents of Kaiser In America.

New York, Oct. 4.—The investigation of State Attorney-General Merton E. Wise into the activities here of Bolo Pasha, under arrest in France, disclosed that William Randolph Hearst, newspaper publisher, attended a dinner given in this city by Bolo Pasha in March 1916, according to the attorney-general.

There were present at this dinner, Mr. Lewis told newspapermen, an intermediary for the transfer of German funds into New York banks to be sent to Paris for peace proposals, and Jules Bois, a French lecturer, who, it was revealed, received money from Bolo Pasha.

Some time prior to this dinner, Mr. Lewis said, Mr. Hearst had been retained Bolo at the editor's home. It was explained by the attorney-general that the editor had been formed of the progress of affairs and sent an officer as soon as the request was wired. The blame for the rupture must rest where it properly belongs, and that is with the management of the elevators for totally ignoring the men for many months."

NOT A TRAIN MOVING IN ARGENTINE REPUBLIC

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 4.—Employees of the Government railroad joined the ranks of the striking railroad men last night. The strike is now general, and no trains are operating on any railroad in the republic.

THE WEATHER

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 57; lowest, 51.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 52; lowest, 44.

TOMORROW—COOL

Forecast.
Winds, becoming fresh to strong from the west, mostly fair to day showers tonight.
Friday—Fresh to strong west to north-west winds, showers at first, then clearing and cool.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	54	44	Fair
Calgary	50	40	Cloudy
Winnipeg	50	40	Cloudy
Port Arthur	50	38	Rain
Parry Sound	50	38	Cloudy
Port Stanley	50	44	Cloudy
Buffalo	50	46	Cloudy
Kingston	50	44	Rain
Ottawa	50	46	Cloudy
Quebec	50	46	Rain
Father Point	50	46	Rain

Moderate depressions are situated over Lake Superior and in the Lower St. Lawrence Valley, while pressure is highest over the north Pacific states. Fairly heavy rain has been almost general from the lake region to New Brunswick, and a few light scattered showers have occurred in the western provinces.

BRITISH DRIVE A MILE DEEP AND OVERRUN FOE'S HEIGHTS; BOCHES SURRENDER IN FLOCKS

GERMAN COMMANDERS PLEAD WITH WORKERS TO SUPPLY MATERIAL

Conference at Enemy's Main Army Headquarters.

FOE IS SHORT OF NICKEL

Probably Not Now Able To Keep Pace With Entente Production.

Amsterdam, Oct. 4.—Fears that Germany might possibly be unable to continue fighting owing to the lack of raw material have been answered by Major-Gen. Schuch, the new minister of munitions, who according to a dispatch from Berlin, says:

"Regarding the supply of raw materials, particularly those required for the manufacture of guns and munitions, we are not dependent solely on the stock in hand, which, moreover, would be insufficient. We have to produce them, and this production is proceeding satisfactorily."

Gen. Schuch admitted that production was interrupted temporarily last year, because of transport difficulties. Although these seem to have been overcome, the minister of munitions expects a probable recurrence of the coming winter.

Copenhagen, Oct. 4.—Leaders of various groups of German labor were received at main army headquarters this week not for the purpose of congratulating Field Marshal von Hindenburg on his birthday, as first was intimated, but in an effort to have German workmen speed up the production of munitions. Complaints of the labor classes dealing with the operation of compulsory labor service law were made. A lengthy conference was devoted to discussing the possible improvement of the conditions of labor and the maintenance of the output of munitions, which General von Ludendorff, quartermaster-general, declared was the cardinal duty of the hour.

FRENCH SHIP LOSSES TEN FOR LAST WEEK; FIVE FOILED SUBS

Weekly Report of Republican Ally Small Comfort for Enemy.

Paris, Oct. 4.—"The night was calm," says today's official statement, "except on the right bank of the Meuse, where the artillery on both sides was very active."

ARTILLERY ACTIVE ALONG MEUSE BANKS

Stockholm, Oct. 4.—The detention of Swedish vessels by the United States, France and Great Britain, and the capture of Swedish coal ships on the Rotterdam-Göteborg route, by the British, is causing much indignation here, even among Swedes most friendly to the Allied cause. The Swedish press units in expressing its displeasure. Typical comment appears in the Social Demokrat, which says:

"Aggression of this sort is certainly the poorest possible way to maintain the faith that there is really any difference between the one belligerent group and the other in the unscrupulousness with which they wage war. After all the attack on von Bethmann-Hollweg's words about 'necessity knowing no laws,' the people on the Entente side should avoid letting their need for tonnage lead to such obvious violations of neutral rights."

SWEDES ARE PEEVED AT ALLIED PRESSURE

Dislike Detention of Vessels and Capture of Coal-Ships.

TEUTONS HELD BACK BY RUSSIAN TROOPS DESPITE REVOLUTION

German Strength on the East Russian Front Increased By 15 Divisions.

Petrograd, Oct. 4.—British Admiralty, per Wireless Press—A semi-official statement from Russian headquarters, commenting on how, despite the difficulties involved by the revolution, the Russian armies are still holding up the enemy points out that since the beginning of the revolution the enemy's forces on the Russian front, excluding the Caucasus, have been increased by fifteen divisions and 540 guns.

Circulation Last Week of The London Advertiser

Largest Circulation of Any Paper in Ontario Outside of Toronto

Monday, Sept. 24 . . . 39,620

Tuesday, Sept. 25 . . . 39,510

Wednesday, Sept. 26 . . . 39,540

Thursday, Sept. 27 . . . 39,640

Friday, Sept. 28 . . . 39,570

Saturday, Sept. 29 . . . 39,870