

increased taxation to meet the growing war burden. Expenditures of all kinds for the year, he said, would require \$980,000,000, while the sums available from revenue, Victory Loan and other sources would total \$700,000,000, leaving a balance of \$280,000,000 to be provided from loans in Canada or elsewhere. This sum, he explained, was not inclusive of railway commitments. In this connection he announced that the government proposed to issue and sell equipment securities to cover the cost of the purchase of railway equipment. For the fiscal year which closed on March 25 he stated that apart from the war the expenditure had been \$205,000,000, and the revenue \$258,000,000, leaving the government a favorable balance of about \$53,000,000 to apply to war expenditures.

Criticism From Opposition.
Mr. A. R. McMaster, member for Bromes, the new opposition financial critic, in the course of his speech, regretted the absence of an announcement of the removal of the duty from agricultural implements. When the need for food was so great, he said, the government should have adopted this very simple method of encouraging the farmer. The government, he said, had admitted the principle of free farm implements by removing the duty from farm tractors selling at \$1400 and less. He said the present fiscal policy of Canada could not be pursued because it was opposed to the policy which the United States would have to adopt after the war.

See also Page 11.

BRITISH CASUALTIES REPORTED IN APRIL

London, April 30.—British casualties reported in April reached a total of 52,475, divided as follows:
Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 1621; men, 45,854.
Wounded or missing: Officers, 7447; men, 35,684.
Altho the complete reports of casualties sustain in the recent heavy fighting in France and Belgium apparently have not yet been made, a marked increase is shown in April figures. The total in March was 14,090, the smallest in several months.

SCORE'S MAY-DAY MENTION OF IRISH SERGES AND OTHER WOOLLENS.

Special mention of the special purchase and fortunate shipment of guaranteed indigo dyed Irish blue serge will serve to emphasize the extraordinary values in high-class suitings, overcoatings and trousseurs throughout the entire high-class woolens stocks in the recent heavy fighting in France and Belgium. The most favorable contracts placed through the Score's English broker nearly two years since. See the special values in the recent heavy fighting in France and Belgium. The most favorable contracts placed through the Score's English broker nearly two years since. See the special values in the recent heavy fighting in France and Belgium. The most favorable contracts placed through the Score's English broker nearly two years since. See the special values in the recent heavy fighting in France and Belgium.

WAR SUMMARY THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

With the beginning of an ambitious British advance from Bagdad upon Mosul Mesopotamia has again come before the world as an important theatre of action. The British, who are marching several columns, have already captured the city and are pursuing the retreating Turks, who declined to resist attack towards Kiruk. A force of British cavalry overtook one of the Turkish columns in the night and captured more than 1000 Turks, and took 538 prisoners. The British then captured Tuzkhurmat and began the pursuit of the Turks along the main road towards Mosul.

This news has a significant bearing on the situation in the east. The some distant and important objectives before the British army is evident. The London official communication in announcing this campaign refers to the long and careful preparation given to the organization of the columns for this advance. As a defensive measure it aims at protecting the British from the Turkish advance while they are yet far from the Indian frontiers. It is being carried out principally by Indian troops. The first duty of the Indian Government is to look to the defence of the peninsula. As an offensive measure it aims at striking down the new Turkish-German power in Armenia and the Caucasus at a moment when it is still embryonic. It also aims at giving assistance to the resisting Armenians.

The immediate object of this advance is to occupy Mosul and seize an important road centre towards Erzerum in order to open up the Caucasus to the British. The British are in their perennial wars with the Romans used often to use this route of attack. The impending attack of the British against Armenia may be the end of the Turkish-German advance in Russian Transcaucasia and recover these important regions for civilization. If the enemy were allowed to hold on to this territory he would at once, for instance, begin to derive full advantage from possession of the Russian oil wells at Baku. These are one of the richest prizes in Europe.

A quiet day on the Flanders battlefield succeeded the desperate struggle of the preceding day, and the sudden pause merely emphasizes all the more the enemy's disastrous defeat. It is as yet uncertain in the mind of the allied supreme command whether the enemy will renew the battle here, or whether he will choose to try his piercing operation somewhere else, but if he forsakes the Ypres salient for more promising fields, he concedes the allies a decisive victory of the same stamp as the first battle of Ypres. It seems that after the German onset had spent its force in the battle and the French counter-attacked they not only regained the lost ground on the southern slope of Scherpenberg, but advanced to a further depth of 2500 yards astride the Dranoutre road. They also regained Loere, which they had lost and won several times, and drove the Germans well beyond the British made a further advance east of Villers-Bretonneux.

On the French front, except near Langard, where the bombardment was

NEXT ENEMY BLOW AWAITED BY ALLIES

German Tactics in Present Battle Closely Resemble Those Before Verdun.

MENACE NOT YET EFFACED

Conservative Estimates Place Ludendorff's Losses at Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand

With the French Army in France, April 30.—The Germans again turned their attention to the southern flank of their front of attack Sunday night and early Monday morning, assaulting the Hangard Wood a number of times unsuccessfully. At the same time they bombarded with poison gas shells the northern flank, where there are strong indications of an approaching renewal of their infantry operations around Ypres.

It appears certain that the Germans soon must disclose their intentions, showing whether they have decided to confine their operations to the present battlefield or extend the actual fighting line on one end or the other in the hope of finding a weak spot. The enemy's tactics in the present battle bear a very close resemblance to those used in the battle of Verdun in 1916, but on an immense larger scale. After the opening rush along the entire line for the purpose, if possible, of overwhelming the defenders by pure strength of numbers, before they are able to recover from the first great shock, each flank is attacked separately with the object of securing strong supporting bases on both wings, which would permit them to launch a second and real offensive with masses of fresh troops concentrated meanwhile opposite the central point.

On this occasion Flanders and Picardy form the flanks of the German battlefield, the centre of which is left in comparative peace. For their operations in Flanders the Germans are well placed as regards communications, since behind their lines there is a series of good roads and railroads. The allies are not so well provided for in this respect. Up to the present, however, the enemy has made but little progress on either end of the line, but his menace has not been effaced. It is known that the Germans, in spite of their losses, are very powerful, and that total fresh divisions are available for further big efforts, notwithstanding the fact that they already have thrown approximately two million men into the line. Several of these divisions which have not as yet been composed of excellent material, but the others heretofore have occupied quiet sectors, where they

SUFFERED TERRIBLE AGONY

"Fruit-a-tives" Alone Gave Him Quick Relief.

Buckingham, Que., May 2nd, 1918.
"For seven years I suffered terribly from Severe Headaches and Indigestion. I had heaving gas from the stomach, and I had chronic Constipation. I tried many remedies but nothing did me good. Finally, a friend advised 'Fruit-a-tives'. I took this grand fruit medicine and it made me well. To everyone who has miserable health with Constipation and Indigestion and Bad Stomach, I say take 'Fruit-a-tives,' and you will get well."
"ALBERT VARNER."
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

may have lost some of their offensive spirit.
Estimated Losses.
Many divisions which have participated in the battles have been severely punished. Some estimates of their losses amount to as high as half a million men. Conservative calculations, however, do not place the losses beyond 350,000 men. The Germans have enough men in their depots in the interior to fill all gaps for some time, altho reconstituted divisions never will be able to equal in fighting quality the original formation, since large numbers of the men have been wounded, and after recuperation again thrown into the line. Prisoners taken recently do not display the old-time feeling of certainty that the great blow which has been so long prepared for, will yield immediate and full success.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

INFANTRY.

Killed in action—W. S. Brook, Vancouver; R. Cochrane, Millbrook, Ont.; A. King, Wainwright, Alta.; J. P. Hale, Fairlight, Sask.; J. D. Mcintosh, Exton, Ont.; H. B. Campbell, Strathroy, Alta.; E. Walter, Moose Jaw, Sask.; S. J. Westlake, Massey, Sask.; H. G. Faith, Fincher Creek, B. C.; B. E. Booth, N. B.; T. C. Webb, Richmond, Que.; D. F. Gallant, Paquetville, N. B.; Missing—F. J. G. Gaudin; D. J. Dugas, Robertville, N. B.
Wounded—J. Brown, Victoria; C. H. Croxson, Palmer, Ont.; T. E. Burke, Maple, P. E. I.; H. J. Douglas, Noyon, Stewart, P. E. I.; H. McCormick, Ebbesfleet, P. E. I.; J. J. King, England; A. E. Haskel, Boston, Mass.; R. O. S. Sieveke, Hillboro, N. B.; J. H. Mayne, Lafacche, Sask.; R. Fuller, Grinnell, O.; C. T. A. Jones, Winnipeg; L. Lamonde, Gananogue; G. H. Blackledge, New Westminster; C. F. Anderson, Vancouver; Evans, Palmer, M. King, England; M. Bourke, Ireland; J. Elmore, England; J. Molennan, Scotland; J. Cinnell, Leeton, O.; R. D. Dewey, Southey, Ont.; C. B. Deville, Halifax; R. Gaudet, Barchole, N. B.; A. Veracellotti, Joliet, Ill.; H. H. G. Gaudin, N. S.; C. C. Quigley, Halifax; A. R. McDuffie, Setnam, N. S.; H. D. B. McDonald, Leitch Creek, N. S.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Killed in action—J. H. Danfield, Thistleton, Ont.; E. A. Neal, Winnipeg.
Died of wounds—W. Schaefer, Stratford.
Wounded—R. Garbutt, England; D. Hogan, Oak Lake, Ont.; D. J. Ledue, Montreal; W. H. Brett, not stated; R. Mese, Montreal; J. Walker, Berkeley, Ontario; R. A. Sumner, R. W. Huffman, Moscow, Ont.; V. E. Taylor, not stated.

ARTILLERY.

Killed in action—G. Dooley Blue, Champlain, Ill.
Wounded—J. Horan, England; H. W. Horwell, Halifax.
Gassed—C. Cotton, 48 Dingwall avenue, Toronto.
Ill—E. J. P. Smith, Montreal.

CAVALRY.

Wounded—E. F. Irwin, 78 Dupont street, Toronto.

MEDICAL SERVICES.

Wounded—B. Roach, Kingston, Ont.

Colds Settled in the Kidneys

Lumbago, Backache and Rheumatism Was the Result—Now Enthusiastic Over Cure Obtained.

Chatterton, Ont., April 30.—The kidneys are extremely sensitive to sudden changes of temperature, and much pain and suffering is a frequent result, as all who have had attacks of lumbago and rheumatism know. The writer of this letter was a great sufferer until she found that by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills she could regulate the action of the kidneys, and thereby remove the cause of lumbago and rheumatism. Mrs. John Lancaster, farmer's wife, Chatterton, Ont., writes: "We would not want to do without Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in the house, for we have proven their merits in so many cases. I have weak kidneys, and whenever I catch cold it settles in the back and develops into lumbago. It may be said that by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and applying Dr. Chase's Backache Plaster, that I obtain the greatest relief, and it may be said that this part of my health has also used the pills with splendid results, as has also a neighbor woman who suffered greatly from constipation."
Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Be sure to see the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., on the box you buy.

ORIGINAL FIRSTS AT CANADIAN PORT

Twenty-four Arrive With Other Officers and Men—Brig-Gen. Hughes.

A Canadian Atlantic Port, April 30.—A large steamer having on board 707 returned officers and men of the C. B. F. and 556 civilian passengers arrived here early this morning from overseas. Among the military party are twenty-four "Original Firsts" bound to their homes on furlough. The names of the "Original Firsts" are: Ontario: Toronto: Privates W. G. Mill, E. H. Mills, Sergt. F. Hunter; A. G. Scovel, Gananogue, Ont.; Bombardier H. Dempster, Hamilton; Corporal T. Mason, LaSalle-Corp. N. Prior, Ottawa; Sapper L. D. Dougherty, Pte. J. LaFrance, Pte. William; Corp. G. C. Searle, Bowman River, Man.; Pte. F. G. Simms, Nelson, B.C.; Gunner H. A. Hughes, Regina, Sask.; Sergt. W. B. McNeil, Hayward, Bloomfield, N. B.; Lieut. J. Waddington, Vancouver; Major C. J. Dancer, Winnipeg; Capt. J. E. Lattimer, London, Ont.; Hon. Capt. S. J. Bodson, Winnipeg; Lieut. H. P. Brown, Sunderland, Ont.; Ex-Lieut. A. E. Parlow, (Imperial), Napanee, Ont.

The returning officers are: Brig-Gen. W. St. Pierre Hughes, Kingston; Major C. Livingston, Harristown, Ont.; Capt. J. S. Gzowski; Lieutenants D. H. Fleming, Webster; H. Bonfield, C. M. Brown, Ermauay, all of Toronto; Lieut. J. E. F. Carron, Hon. Lieut. C. H. Watterford, Lieut.-Col. H. B. Verritt, Nursing Sister W. K. Lindsay, Nursing Sister C. B. McDougall, Lieut. C. Macdonnell, Lieut.-Col. Gunn, Hon. Capt. R. Brindley Abbott, all of Ottawa; Lieut. W. Armstrong, Calgary; Lieut. W. Fenwick, Port Arthur, Ont.; Lieut. S. N. Dixon, Kearney, Ont.; Lieut. G. Hovenor, Rothesay, N.B.; Lieut. H. S. Simpson, Winnipeg; Capt. B. Macdougall, Edmonton; Lieut. S. T. Willoughby, Regina; Capt. E. C. Bird, Regina; Lieut. J. T. Hiddell, Winnipeg; Maj. B. Williams, Swift Current, Sask.; Lieut. L. Baker, Belleville, Ont.; Lieut. J. A. Clark, Red Deer, Alta.; Maj. D. M. Brodie, Sudbury, Ont.; Major J. D. Smith, Columbus, Ont.; Maj. U. T. Sinclair, Wingham, Ont.; Capt. L. A. Hughes, Galt, Ont.; Capt. T. B. Potter, Ottawa; Capt. D. Reid, Winnipeg; Hon. Capt. J. C. Page, Calgary; Lieut. T. H. Cuddy, Winnipeg.

CONSPIRATORS GET TERMS IN PRISON

German Plotters Against India's Allegiance Given Stiff Sentences.

San Francisco, April 30.—Maximum sentences of two years imprisonment in a federal penitentiary and fines of \$10,000 each were imposed today upon Franz Bormann, German consular general here, and S. H. Von Schack, former vice consul, following their conviction last week on charges of conspiring to foment revolution against British rule in India. Baron Wilhelm Von Brincken, former military attaché at the San Francisco German consulate general, who pleaded guilty to the same charges, was sentenced to two years imprisonment. Sentences imposed on other defendants were: Walter Sauerback, navigating officer of the German sunboat Geier, one year in Alameda County jail, and \$2,000 fine; Charles Lattendorf, "bodyguard" of Baron Von Brincken, one year in the county jail; H. Kauffmann, former chancellor of the German consulate, \$5,000 fine or six months' imprisonment; Robert Capelle, former local agent of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, \$1,000 fine, or six months' imprisonment, and \$7,500 fine. Motions for new trials on behalf of all 29 defendants who were convicted by the jury were denied by Judge Van Fleet of the United States district court. In passing sentence Judge Van Fleet said: "The punishment is wholly inadequate to the crime and the penalty may be well called to the attention of congress to amend that it will act as a deterrent." He said "The German defendants represent a system that the civilized world cannot tolerate."

ASK THAT CLAUSE BE REINSTATED

Ottawa, April 30.—A delegation from Toronto and Ontario municipalities was in conference today to secure reinstatement in the Consolidated Railway Act of a clause which will ensure to a municipality full control of its streets. When the Consolidated Railway Act was before the commons law session it included a provision giving such control. In the senate this session, however, an amendment was inserted which, it is claimed, takes away full control. The delegation was received by Hon. N. W. Rowell, Dr. Reid, Sir George Foster, J. A. Calder, Arthur McPherson and T. W. Crothers. In the delegation were Mayor Church of Toronto, Controller Robbins and Alderman Gibbons of Toronto, J. W. Lyon, president, and T. J. Hannigan, secretary of the Hydro Union of Municipalities; T. M. Tweedie, M.P., Calgary; W. T. Henderson, city clerk, Toronto; C. C. Hocken, M.P.; H. M. Mowat, M.P.; R. C. Harris, works commissioner, Toronto; T. Wallis, M.P., and W. D. Litchfield, M.P., Toronto.

TRAIN KILLS HORSE.

Lindsay, April 30.—Richard Cairns, a farmer living near Franklin, Manvers Township, was awarded \$212.00 and costs by Judge Swayze, of Lindsay, against the Grand Trunk Railway Company for the killing of a horse, which entered through an open gate on the company's premises and met with such injuries when struck by a train that it had to be killed.

800 POPULATION.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 30.—The population of Greater Sault is 19,253, according to the assessor's figures, an increase of one thousand over last year. The total assessment is eight million. This is the first assessment of Greater Sault since the amalgamation of Sault and Steelton at the first of the year.

DUKE TO VISIT GUELPH.

Guelph, April 30.—Guelph is to be favored during the month of June with a two-day visit from the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire. Word to this effect was received this morning by Mayor Newstead, who has already taken steps to prepare for their entertainment. While here all public institutions, schools, hospitals, etc., will be visited. The dates are June 1 and 2.

"His Master's Voice" Records



for May On Sale To-day

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- 90 cents for 10-inch, double-sided
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- Indianola—Fox Trot Victor Military Band
- Send Me a Curl Geoffrey O'Hara 18441
- All Aboard for Home, Sweet Home Louis James-Shannon Four 18455
- The Last Long Mile Charles Hart-Shannon Four 18455
- K-k-k-Katy Billy Murray 216026
- Hit the Trail That Leads to Mother Alan Turner
- When the Bonnie, Bonnie Heather is Blooming, I'll Return Annie Laurie to You Alan Turner
- Then these Wonderful Red Seals
- Four American Folk Songs (Violin) Maud Powell 74547
- Hear Me, Ye Winds and Waves! Herbert Witherspoon 74513

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 - The Robt. Simpson Co., Ltd., 176 Yonge Street.
 - National Piano Co., Ltd., 256-258 Yonge Street.
 - F. H. Baldwin, 1190 St. Clair Ave. West.
 - Danielson's Victrola Shops, No. 1-284 Queen St. West, No. 2-247 Dundas Street.
 - St. Clair Music House, 14 St. Clair Avenue West, 237 Yonge Street.
 - National Furniture Co., 277 Bloor Street West.
 - Mason & Rich, Limited, 230 Yonge Street.
 - Thomas S. Senaley, 2501 Yonge Street.
 - Gerhard Heintzman, Limited, 41 Queen Street West.
 - Paul Hahn & Co., 717 Yonge Street.
 - N. L. McMillan, 38 Vaughan Road.
 - A. R. Blackburn & Sons, 480 Yonge Street.
 - T. H. Frost, 1083 Bathurst Street.
 - Whaley, Royce & Co., Ltd., 237 Yonge Street.
 - High Park Music Store, 394 Roncesvalles Avenue.
 - Heintzman & Co., Limited, 193 Yonge Street.
 - R. S. Williams & Sons Co., Limited, 146 Yonge Street.
 - Charles Ruse, 772 Yonge Street.
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