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The Toronto World

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PROBS— Light to moderate winds; a few local showers; mostly fair; same temperature.

TWELVE PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING JUNE 15 1915—TWELVE PAGES

VOL. XXXV.—No. 12,634

FRENCH ADVANCE ANEW IN LORRAINE, MEETING NO INTERRUPTION

Italian Fleet Blockades Entire Adriatic Sea

BELGIANS MOVE ACROSS YSER AND ADVANCE TOWARDS DIXMUDE

Senate Reading Room
June 16 1915
SENATE PO

French Warships Shell Turkish Port || *British Success in Africa*

SGT. ANDERSON SAYS ENGLAND IS VERY KIND

Writing From Hospital, He Gives Insight Into Care of Wounded.

PRIEST HAD SURPRISE

Had Copy of Sunday World in Room at St. Urasyl Cathedral.

By. SGT. L. D. ANDERSON.

NORMANDY HALL, DONCASTER, Lincoln, May 29.—I have been in England convalescing now three weeks, since that memorable period, April 21 to 24, and have had the opportunity of studying many of the conditions during these most trying days. It might be of interest to tell you, however, of being transported to England from Boulogne, where I wrote my story of the battle of St. Julien while in bed. I have since recovered my strength and health and am taking a renewed interest in what is what.

I was tagged on May 1 "per H. M. Hospital Ship Brighton," and along with several hundred left Boulogne at midday for England. Two tags were tied to our great coats and one was snipped off by an officer as we were carried up the gangplank—thereby an accurate record of all wounded and poisoned, returning, was kept.

Many of us smiled and confided to each other on how we came about our afflictions. Strange stories of suffering were told and of brave acts performed in bringing them in from under fire. Young lads of the English Territorials displayed proudly German souvenirs, one having a Prussian Guards' helmet, others pieces of jewelry for which they had risked their lives, crawling out after nightfall and going thru a German's pockets who had that day realized the accuracy of the English rifle.

Several asked me where where my souvenirs. I searched thru my pockets, but then remembered besides having lost by souvenirs! had lost everything in the world, excepting what clung to my back. My captain had allowed me to carry a small camera, but this I fortunately had stored in my pocket and that alone was saved.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

GREY NEGOTIATING WITH ROUMANIA?

Foreign Minister Reported to Be in Bucharest on Big Mission.

GOOD NEWS SOON?

Sir Edward's "Fishing Trip" May Result in Important Catch.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, June 14.—Sir Edward Grey, secretary of state for foreign affairs, who, according to official announcement is taking a vacation to rest his eyes, is not likely to get much rest if reports current in diplomatic circles here are based upon truth.

It is said Sir Edward has gone to Bucharest to bring about the intervention of Roumania in the war on the side of the allies, exactly in the same way that he went to Rome about Easter time to bring in Italy, altho it was then announced he had "gone fishing." He landed a big fish on that visit and is expected to be equally successful in his present venture.

It is a safe prediction that in a week or so something will be heard from Roumania that will be pleasant news for the allies.

Magna Charta, This War and American Concern Therein!

This is the seven hundredth anniversary of the granting of the great charter of liberties by King John, June 15, 1215. That's a long way back. We pointed out yesterday that the real issue in this war was between two systems: the British parliamentary system of democratic government against the autocratic military system of Germany: government by the people against government by an irresponsible war lord.

* * * * *

We said our parliamentary or democratic system began to develop in the time of James the First, three hundred years ago. But its first dawn was when the barons of England wrested certain popular liberties from John. John claimed divine right like the present kaiser—what we disputed so long ago the Germans subscribe to today!

* * * * *

The Germans must wrest the right of self-government from the kaiser as the barons did from John seven hundred years ago—and the Germans who would rule the world are just that distance behind England. And until the Germans as a people put the kaiser in his place and treat him as a man and not as the elect of God, in the matter of government, they will never again be trusted by any nation or people. Imagine for a moment our King George claiming divine right like the kaiser and King John. This war is against kaiserism and it must not end until kaiserism is no more. Never again a kaiser!

* * * * *

But the barons of Germany, the junker party, are steeped in the kaiser's views and claims of divine right. They are further back than the barons of John, and yet they claim to rule the world, that they have a mission to destroy democratic or parliamentary government. They hate democracy as they hate England.

* * * * *

President Wilson said yesterday the United States was championing the cause of civilization: we would sooner he had said of political liberty. Civilization is assailed by the war-lord of Germany and he's the enemy—not King John. In New York State the anniversary of Magna Charta is being celebrated there today and the German-Americans ought to be impressed by the event. Read this from a paper of that state:

On March 15 the following resolution was adopted by the assembly of the legislature of the State of New York, and was, on April 2, concurred in by the senate:

"Resolved, That the commissioner of education of the State of New York be requested and empowered to make arrangements for the celebration in appropriate manner in all the public schools of this state of the seven hundredth anniversary of the granting to the people of England by King John of that first great milestone along the road to personal liberty of the English-speaking people which by express provisions limited the authority of the kingly power—Magna Charta.

"That thus there may be brought to the notice of these members of the younger generation the obligation that the people of our state and of the United States are under to the people who, thru the barons of Runnymede, on June 15, 1215, wrung from their despotic ruler and king this first great charter of liberty, which, with ever-broadening scope and application, has secured an ever-growing measure of personal liberty to subject and citizen alike."

* * * * *

Our good friends and neighbors have an even more pressing task today than to recall King John. **They must tackle the kaiser and his pretensions, his claim of divine right, his sworn enmity of popular government!** What are they doing with Wilhelm, the cause of this present war? He is fighting against the free institutions of the States even more than he is of England! "That government of the people by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth," is how Abraham Lincoln phrased it!

JACK MUNROE WOUNDED SEVERELY IN ACTION

Former Mayor of Elk Lake and Well Known Mining Man, in Casualty List.

OTTAWA, June 14.—The casualty list tonight includes the name of John A. Munroe, of the Princess Pats, who is reported as severely wounded. This is "Big Jack" Munroe, one time prize-fighter, whose next of kin is given as Mrs. J. Walker, 11 East 18th street, Chester, Pa., and Mrs. Margaret Johnson, Cape Breton, N.S. Munroe enlisted at North Bay, having been mining in and around Haileybury for the past three years. He was one of the first to enlist. At one time he was Mayor of Elk Lake and is one of the best known mining men in Canada.

ITALIANS TAKE A STRONG FORT ON THE BORDER

Another Valley Debouching on to Austrian Territory Opened Up.

SUPERIOR ARTILLERY

Part of System of Heavy Fortifications Taken From Enemy.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

MILAN, June 14.—The latest bulletin of the general staff throws into relief the great importance of what may be called the advanced offensive on the part of the Italians. Each stage of this advance has been consolidated. Passes which fell cheaply into our allies' hands were put in order to form a defence of Italian soil against a possible Austrian offensive. The work accomplished during the last three weeks in establishing a new frontier in hostile territory has been put to the proof. On the 11th and 12th of June the Austrians, who claim to have on the frontier troops with ten months' experience of war, threw themselves literally night and day on positions captured by the Italians. A night attack delivered by troops accustomed to fierce struggles in Galicia was of a nature to bring into play all the qualities of defence and the Italian soldier has had full opportunity of proving his possession of the same genius for resistance which the French so admirably show, combined with the characteristic of the Latin race. Altho this happy defensive forms the salient passage in the communique this morning, the offensive and advance are nevertheless notable. The bombardment of Fort Malborghetto confirms the superiority of Italian artillery, while the capture of Valentian Pass at a height of 6400 feet by Alpine troops, opens up yet another valley debouching on to Austrian territory from Monte Croce. Fort Malborghetto formed part of the system of fortifications dependent pon the Fort Travis system on which the Austrians spared neither effort nor money, seeing as they did that this point of the frontier was dangerous and open to invasion.

BATCH OF HONORS FOR CANADIAN SOLDIERS

New List Will Not Be Unduly Delayed, Says Under Secretary Tennant.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

LONDON, June 14.—Questioned by Donald MacMaster in the house of commons tonight, when the list of Canadian honors and promotions for meritorious services might be expected, Under-Secretary Tennant replied that it would be improper for him to say what the supplemental list might contain, but the issue would not be unduly delayed.

REPORT OF OBREGON'S DEATH IS PREMATURE

He Sends Message to Carranza Consul-General in New York.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Francisco Elias, Carranza consul-general in this city, announced late today that he had received a cablegram from Gen. Alvaro Obregon, the Carranza commander, whose death was reported yesterday, denying the truth of the report. The message was sent today, Mr. Elias said, from Lagos, 50 miles north of Leon.

KING CONSTANTINE IS NOT OUT OF DANGER

"General Weakness Continues," Says Latest Bulletin From Royal Palace.

LONDON, June 5.—2.44 a.m.—Reuter's Athens correspondent, telegraphing Monday night, says:

"Tonight's bulletin says that the general weakness of King Constantine continues. Hi stemperature this evening was 99.14, pulse 100.

ALLIES BETTER POSITION THRU LATE ADVANCE

Turks Subjected to Greater Slaughter Than Ever at Dardanelles.

USE HEAVY ARTILLERY

Recent Progress of About a Mile Registered by British and French.

BY GEO. RENWICK.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

ATHENS, June 14.—The latest reliable news from the Dardanelles is that the position of the allied forces continues to improve materially. Tho the advance registered within the last few days may not be accurately described as great from the point of view of ground won, nevertheless it has been extremely effective as regards the losses inflicted on the enemy. Hestia, one of the most reliable and well informed of Athens' newspapers, states in the course of a despatch regarding the position on the peninsula, that at the southern end, before the recently-commenced offensive, the British held a position running from the sea up to the road going from Seddul Bahr to Krithia. The French front stretched from the other side of the same road to the shores of the straits at the mouth of Kereves Dere. The use of heavy artillery enabled the British left and the French right to advance about a mile, so the line is now straight from the sea to the straits.

Turks Still Hold Krithia.

The Turks still occupy Krithia, where the British are engaging them, the ruined village naturally offering a strong position for the enemy. The Australians and New Zealanders occupy an impregnable position before the heights dominating Maidos and Kilid Bahr. They have not yet assumed the offensive.

News received here from Constantinople says there have been bread riots on a somewhat dangerous scale, and violent collisions have taken place between the Turks and Germans in the Galata quarter. The feeling against the Germans is reported to be steadily rising, as the population wants to know why the families of German officers are being sent back to the fatherland. There is a general feeling of extreme despondency. Even German officers of high standing recognize that only one thing can save Turkey now, and that is a speedy peace.

DOMINION GOVERNMENT GIVES FREELY TO WEST

More Than Eleven Millions Advanced for Relief of Settlers.

OTTAWA, June 14.—The government has spent $11,674,958 in relief work in the west.

The minister of finance makes the statement that since August last the Dominion government had advanced for the purchase of seed grain for settlers in Saskatchewan and Alberta $8,159,958, and for relief to settlers in the drought-stricken districts of those two provinces, $3,515,000, making a total of $11,674,958. It is expected that further amounts will be paid out on these accounts before the fall, and to cover the probable additional expenditure a further sum of $750,000 will be required.

DEFER ANNOUNCEMENT OF NEW WAR BUDGET

McKenna Did Not Make Anticipated Statement in Commons.

LONDON, June 14.—Great Britain, which had braced itself for the shock of the announcement of the issue of another $1,250,000,000 war budget, must wait another day, as the house of commons rose this evening without Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, having made the expected announcement.

FRENCH ADVANCE IN LORRAINE UNINTERRUPTED BY GERMANS

Belgians Across Yser Advance on Dixmude

German Blockhouse Captured and Occupied—Enemy Counter-Attack Dispersed by Machine Gun Fire —Effective Artillery Work Helped Offensive

HAVRE, June 14.—The official statement issued from Belgian headquarters reads as follows:

"During the night of June 12-13, offensive actions along the entire front were marked by an effective artillery fire. We sent forward a detachment on the right bank of the Yser towards Dixmude. One of our detachments destroyed and occupied a German blockhouse. The enemy, who attempted to reoccupy the post, was dispersed by the fire of our machine guns.

"The German artillery showed little activity today, bombarding only mildly various points on the lines comprising Ramscapelle, Pervyse, Ostkerke and Noordschoote. Our artillery replied energetically."

Germany Makes Hints End of War is Sought

Constant Springing Up of Suggestions Regarded at Washington as Evidence of Desire To Discuss Terms of Peace.

Special to The Toronto World.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The impression is growing in Washington that Germany is disposed to look with real favor on the inauguration of a tangible movement for peace from one or other of the neutral powers. The attitude of the more moderate of the German newspapers toward the latest Wilson note, the sending of Dr. Anton Meyer Gerhard to Berlin as the special envoy of Ambassador Von Bernstorff, the constant spring up of peace suggestions in various quarters in reports which "Berlin hears" from outside, all point to a movement believed to have its source in Germany looking to the time when peace may be more openly discussed among the powers now at war.

Power on Wane.

The argument is advanced that Germany has come to a realization that the crest of the wave of her successes has been reached, if not passed. It is said that inadequacy of arms and ammunition which has held back the allies, particularly the Russians, has been in part counteracted by the munition factories of Europe, coupled with the huge supplies purchased in the United States. The Teutonic advance into Russia, it is reported, has been halted because from the Arctic port of Archangel are again coming shell, shrapnel and small arms ammunition.

TURKISH PORT WAS SHELLED BY TWO FRENCH WARSHIPS

Telegraph Station at Tchesme, Asia Minor, Bombarded For Forty Minutes—Two Sailing Ships Sunk.

LONDON, June 14.—(7.10 p.m.)—A report has reached Athens from the Island of Chios to the effect that two French warships entered the port of Tchesme, in Asia Minor, 40 miles southwest of Smyrna. According to this report, forwarded by the correspondent of the Exchange Telegram Company, the warships bombarded the telegraph station at Tchesme and sank two sailing ships. The bombardment lasted for 40 minutes. The inhabitants of the town fled in panic to the mountains.

British Success in Africa

LONDON, June 14.—(11.15 p.m.)—Garua, an important German station on the Benue River, German West Africa, surrendered unconditionally to the Anglo-French force June 11, says the Governor-General of Nigeria in a telegram to the colonial office. The attack against the station began May 31.

AUSTRIANS BEATEN IN BATTLE NEAR PLAVA?

Censor at Vienna Deletes Report of Result of the Conflict.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, June 14.—The Austrian story of operations on the Italian front is brief. A battle took place near Plava on Saturday, but the report of the result was deleted by the censor. A fresh attack of the Italians there was repulsed late yesterday evening.

The Austrians claim that the Italians have nowhere succeeded in piercing their front on the Isonzo, and that no incident of importance has occurred on the Carinthion-Tyrolean frontier.

ALL CAPABLE FACTORIES RECEIVE SHELL ORDERS

"Crooked Inducements" Made by Companies That Farm Out, Says Gen. Hughes.

By a Staff Reporter.

OTTAWA, June 14.—In reply to a statement that many factories which could manufacture shells were unable to secure orders for them, General Sam Hughes said that there were no factories capable of turning out shells in a reasonable time which could not get orders. There were many applications being made and "crooked inducements" being offered in order to secure orders, said General Hughes, by companies that were not in a position to make shells, but wanted to farm them out.

Progress Made in Ebermenil Region and Parroy Forest With Surprising Ease—Battle North of Arras Progresses Generally to Disadvantage of Germans —Belgian Army Comes to Life.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, June 14. — The French troops have evidently found a weak spot in the German lines of investment round the northern borders of the Gaelic republic, and that spot is in Lorraine, for tonight's official statement of the war office at Paris, received here, reports the carrying of the French lines forward in Ebermenil region and Parroy forest in Lorraine with the significant comment: "Our progress in that sector continues without interruption."

Military observers are inclined to believe that it would not be surprising if the French launched their next important offensive in the provinces of Alsace and Lorraine with the object of pushing the Germans further back towards the Rhine. It would be quite feasible for the French and British to cross the upper Rhine and link up their forces with the Italians when advancing on Vienna.

Successes North of Arras.

Fighting was continued with steady success north of Arras, where the French progress has become so important that some military critics even believe that the Germans may have to fall back to shorten their

(Continued on Page 7, Column 1.)

GERMANY SEEKING FAVOR OF FRANCE?

Unique Ceremonials Mark Dedication of Monument Near Noyers.

EXCHANGE AMENITIES

French District President Replies to Address of German General.

SEDAN, France, June 14, 9.50 p.m. — A Franco-German monument, erected to the memory of the German and French soldiers who fell in the battle for the crossing of the Meuse, was dedicated yesterday at Noyers, near here. The German army commander, Gen. Von Einem, and many other high officers and detachments of German troops who were engaged in the battle, were present at the exercises.

Gen. Von Einem, in an address in French, entrusted the monument, wich is inscribed in French and German "For the fatherland," to the care of French residents. The French district president, in replying to the address of Gen. Von Einem, expressed his appreciation of the fact that the Germans had recognized not only their victorious battalions, but that those who had died for their country were worthy of honor.

The above despatch supports the theory that the Germans, so far as war conditions permit, are seeking to cultivate the good-will of the French in the hope of concluding a separate peace.

June Weddings.

The time-honored custom of being married in June is as decided as ever. The time-honored custom of wearing a silk hat is also unswerving, although man is today considerably more fastidious about the correctness of the style than ever before. It is for that reason that the smartest dressers almost without exception get their hats at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street. Silk Hats by Henry Heath, Hillgate, and Christy of London, England, are shown in the very latest shapes. For quality and style they are not surpassed the world over. You'll find silk hats at Dineen's priced at $5, $6, $7 and 8, each one the extreme in value.