

Carton Street, solid brick, twelve-roomed residence, in splendid locality, near suburbs; all conveniences, slate roof, sun room, nicely decorated; good lot; stable.

The Toronto World

SNAP FOR QUICK SALE. \$3600—Carlton Avenue, solid brick, semi-detached, eight-roomed house; all conveniences; could be converted into store at very little cost; easy terms.

PROBS. Moderate southwesterly winds; fair and warm.

FOURTEEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 22 1913—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXIII—No. 12,042

Water-95

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Did This Woman Infringe Baby Farm Law?

Doctors Declare Mrs. Cosey, Who Was Fined Fifty Dollars for Accepting Charge of Infant, Acted Innocently—Interpretation of Act Said to Puzzle Lawyers.

Mrs. Cosey of 1117 Colgate street was fined \$50 in the women's court yesterday for operating as a baby farmer without a license, and it now turns out that at the time the woman accepted the baby in question from a Mrs. Rochester she did not know that she was breaking the law.

A physician of the city was rather surprised when he learned of the fine imposed upon the woman yesterday, and on investigation he found that Mrs. Cosey acted quite innocently through. To the World last night he stated that he had interviewed both Crown Attorney Corley and T. C. Robinette, K.C., and that neither of them was confident about the interpretation of the law.

The question which is in dispute is whether or not a woman without a license breaks the law when she agrees to keep one baby. They are all satisfied that if a woman "traffics" in babies without a license her operations are of a criminal nature, but some of them claim that a woman can keep one baby without breaking the law.

Four Little Children.

Mrs. Cosey has four children of her own under five years of age. Until a month ago her husband could not find work. Now he is employed as a brakeman at \$40 a month. Mrs. Cosey took in washing, although she had a baby that was only six months old. She then thought that she could look after another baby. She advertised for one, and was rewarded by having a baby left in her parlor by a man who did not leave any money for its support. Plain Clothes Officer McElroy of the Ossington avenue police station when called in told the woman that she would have to keep the baby, but it is claimed that at that time he did not warn her that it would be illegal to keep one baby without a license. A few weeks later the man who left the baby in her parlor came and took it away without paying her anything for his keep.

Got No Money.

Not long after this Mrs. Rochester, who was sentenced to six months in the Mercer for running a "baby brokerage," brought her a baby and told her that she would get \$2 a week for keeping it. Mrs. Cosey needed money and she accepted the baby, but after Mrs. Rochester's case was disposed of the police traced the baby to Mrs. Cosey and took proceedings against her.

Mrs. Cosey thinks that when she called Constable McElroy into her house he should have warned her that it was illegal to keep even one baby. He did not do so, however, and it was for this reason that she thought she was within the law when she took the baby from Mrs. Rochester.

Mrs. Cosey has a week to find the \$50, or she will have to go to the Mercer. Her own baby is now in the Hospital for Sick Children.

TIGHT SKIRTS CAUSE WORRY TO TRAINMEN

Not Because They Wear 'Em, But Lady Passengers Do and Accidents Result.

Fashion and the tight skirt has now become felt by the railways. This comes in the form of a circular just issued by the head official of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Montreal, in which it is expressly stated that conductors and trainmen must take special care of the lady passengers and see that they get on and off the trains safely. The reason given is the prevalence of the tight skirt among the fair patrons of the road.

THE CITY COUNCIL'S POLICY AS DEFINED, ON ANNEXATION

Ald. Wickett's comprehensive policy of annexation, adopted by the board of control, was adopted by the city council. Annexation of territory in the northwestern suburbs was turned down. Annexation of Home Smith's Humber Valley property was deemed expedient.

Annexation of territory north of Danforth avenue was referred back to the board of control, a majority being in favor of having the northern boundary no higher than St. Clair avenue, extending eastward to the east branch of the Don River, and from there south.

Ald. McBride threatened to have a majority of the council sign a round robin to take away the power of the board of control during the holidays of the council and of refusing to let the board of control take any action when he followed up this threat by charging Mayor Hocken with being dishonorable in the allotment of contracts for fire hose, he was cried down by the council. He went farther, nevertheless, and made it plain that he believed that a rubber company had "fixed" Mayor Hocken. Mayor Hocken denied it with considerable indignation, and the council were as indignant over Ald. McBride's charge as was Mayor Hocken. (See Third Page.)

KING FERDINAND ASKS KAISER TO PUT A CURB ON ROUMANIA SOFIA IS READY TO SURRENDER

Bulgarian Army Has Abandoned Idea of Aggressive Action, and Germany's Response to Appeal for Intervention is Awaited—Actual Occupation of Adrianople by Turks Unconfirmed.

LONDON, July 21.—(Can. Press.)—An idea that the Bulgarian army is preparing for a counter-stroke is now quite abandoned. It has become known that in his anxiety to bring about peace, King Ferdinand appealed to the German Emperor regarding Rumania's action. The nature of the emperor's reply has not been disclosed.

A semi-official despatch from Sofia says that even should the Rumanians invade the capital, no resistance will be offered.

The actual occupation of Adrianople has not yet been confirmed. The advance of the Turks on Adrianople has been accompanied by considerable skirmishing. The Turks are believed to be proceeding in three columns, one from Buljur, by way of Uzunkopri, which has been occupied, and two from Tchatalja, by way of Babenski and Kiliseh, both of which places are also reported occupied.

The Bucharest correspondent of the Daily Telegraph hears, but it is unable to confirm that Greece has waived claim to Kavala and Drama, and will content herself with the Saloniki hinterland, which would facilitate a peace settlement. He also says that a junction has been established between the Rumanian right wing and the Servians, who crossed the mountains on the frontier in four columns.

SUPPLY BOATS BADLY WRECKED

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., July 21.—The steamer Beothic, with a large cargo of supplies consigned to officers and departments of the Canadian Government at Hudson Bay stations, went ashore today at Point Rich, on the northwest coast of Newfoundland, and will be a total loss probably.

DIRECT WARNING GIVEN TURKEY BY ASQUITH

Porte Will Have to Pay Penalty for Violation of Treaty When Powers Bring About Conference, He Says—Balkan Situation "Disheartening and Repellent."

BIRMINGHAM, Eng., July 21.—(Can. Press.)—The prime minister characterized the spectacle presented by the Balkan states as "disheartening and repellent" in a speech at the chamber of commerce centenary banquet here tonight. On the one hand, he said, were the Balkan states drenching with one another's blood the territory their united efforts had freed from Turkish rule; on the other hand, Turkey, disregarding the Treaty of London, on which the ink was scarcely dry, and taking advantage of the differences between her late enemies to recover her lost territory.

The powers, continued Mr. Asquith, were doing everything possible to bring the disputants to a peaceful conference. Today it seemed likely that such a conference would take place.

"We believe," he added, "that it must result in the immediate suspension of arms and a speedy settlement, upon the terms of which, with a view to what has happened, the great powers must and will preserve their own judgment."

The prime minister warned Turkey that if she were ill-advised enough to set the provisions of the Treaty of London at defiance she must be prepared for the introduction of questions which it would be by no means to her interest to bring into the debate.

Squads of police defeated the efforts of suffragettes to mob Premier Asquith by clearing the streets in the neighborhood of the banquet hall before he entered. Hostile crowds chased the suffragettes wherever seen, forcing them to take refuge in shops and offices. The women, however, succeeded in smashing several windows of the hotel where Mr. Asquith is staying. Six of them were arrested.

VIOLENCE WAS DONE TO GIRL BUT PERPETRATOR IS UNKNOWN

Annie Brown Died Following Illegal Operation, But Details Are so Meagre and Evidence so Conflicting That Inquest Was Adjourned to Give Police Time to Investigate.

Whether Annie Brown, the young English girl who died of septic poisoning in the new General Hospital last Friday, was operated on illegally by a doctor or whether she herself was responsible for the circumstances which caused her death, are points which remain to be unraveled when the inquest is resumed next Monday evening at the city morgue. It was established at last night's investigation that Dr. W. A. Willmsky of 189 College street attended her on different occasions during the week preceding her death, and that Israel Rabinovitch, a third-year medical student, also had access to her room.

Howard Groves of 1235 Lansdowne avenue testified that she told him on the Tuesday night previous to her death that she had taken drugs, and also that she had attempted to operate upon herself, using a piece of glass. Some days previous to this he had brought her a bottle of gin, at her request. He swore, however, that he had not purchased any drugs.

"Did you know what the girl was trying to bring about?" asked the acting coroner. "I did," answered Groves, "but I did not want her to." Groves stated that when first he learned of her condition, a week ago Saturday, he told her not to worry, that they would go home to her people in England next Christmas and be married.

WILSON'S TARIFF REDUCTIONS WILL WRECK U. S. INDUSTRIES OR DRIVE THEM INTO CANADA

So Declares Senator Smoot of Utah, Who Emphasizes Significance of Removal of Foss Plant Across Border and Hearst's Agreement With Views of Governor.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—(Can. Press.)—Republican senators continued to bombard the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill today, Senator Burton of Ohio expressing the assurance that it would fall in its purpose to lower the cost of living, and Senator Smoot of Utah, in an address, to be continued tomorrow, branding it as "the most injurious tariff measure ever taken up for consideration by congress."

"This bill," said Senator Smoot, "is a partisan and sectional measure, the outcome of secret caucus methods such as never ruled before in the senate of the United States." In his book, "Our New Freedom," President Wilson says there is no excuse for caucusing in congress, and in a speech in Indiana preceding his election he emphasized that point by congressional proceedings. Yet not in the history of congress has there been anything equal to that record in the way of dark methods in the preparation of a tariff bill.

Driving Money to Canada. "Gov. Foss of Massachusetts, who has been three times elected to his present office by the Democratic party and who was supported as a candidate for president at the last Democratic national convention, denounces this bill as a sacrifice of the interests of the nation. He has purchased a site in Canada for his large manufacturing establishment in Massachusetts," and says he will remove his business there if this bill becomes law. Mr. William R. Hearst, a prominent Democrat mentioned as a candidate for president, agrees with Gov. Foss. We all know what Democrats of Louisiana, Colorado, Montana and other states vitally interested think of this measure. A former Democratic United States senator from Colorado has denounced it in vigorous terms. How could he do otherwise when it sacrifices practically every important industry of that state and also of every other Rocky Mountain state, as well as some other states, excepting possibly some of the south.

Check to Prosperity. "Manufacturing is developing all over the south, crops are more diversified and there is every reason to believe that if left alone under the protective tariff its prosperity will continue to increase with great strides. But this bill will hurt instead of helping the south, as its originators seem to think will be the case."

Analysing the bill from end to end, Senator Smoot declared that "of the many monstrous provisions of this tariff law, perhaps the worst is the one designed to annihilate the production of sugar in this country."

Sugar Cut a Calamity. "It seems almost incredible that any party should make itself responsible for such a great calamity as putting sugar on the free list to benefit a few refineries on the sea coast," the senator continued. "The per capita consumption of sugar is over 81 pounds annually now, and 40 per cent. of that enters into the manufacture of confectionery, etc., making a per capita consumption of the remainder of 48 pounds. No one anticipates the slightest reduction in confectionery and such things as a result of the removal of the duty on sugar. On the remaining consumption free sugar would apparently make an annual per capita saving of 64 cents, but when the beet sugar industry is extinguished the sugar refiners will control the business and the consumer will not benefit, as experience has shown."

Hits Small Industries. Predicting dire results when the bill becomes a law, and that the first industries of the country to suffer from its passage "would not be the great trusts, and powerful corporations, but the thousands of manufacturers of small capital," Senator Smoot said:

"I have been so proud of my country's development and her people that I never get tired of singing her praises, nor never cease thanking my God that I was born an American. I am interested in maintaining her present standard of living, and preventing if possible her working people from coming in direct competition with the unfortunate working people of less-favored countries. There is only one way to prevent it, and that is by a protective tariff, and therefore I have been and am still a protectionist without qualification."

HIGHLANDERS WON FROM HAMILTON

Defeated A Company of the Thirteenth in Friendly Rifle Match.

The crack team of A. Co. 48th Regt. Highlanders visited Hamilton on Saturday last as the guests of A. Co., 13th Royal Regt. They went up on the 1.15 p.m. train and immediately repaired to the range, where a friendly match was shot, the honors going to the 48th by a margin of 23 points. Scores are as follows:

Dineen's Summer Sale.

Our midsummer sale of hats is still in progress. The reductions are one-half.

We carry the most exclusive lines of imported English straw hats. Our Panama hats are guaranteed genuine.

Imported sailor straw from \$2 to \$5 reduced to half-price.

Summer soft felts in the popular shades, up to \$4 value for \$1.95.

Bargains also in dress suit cases, club bags, hat boxes, raincoats, umbrellas.

Dineen's—140 Yonge street, Corner Temperance.

Goods En-ut Charge

Magical stock of goods direct from the factory. Our range of every line is large. Also of the English make, better than the French. We have several lines of goods, which you can purchase at a very low price. We have the best of the raw materials and the best of the workmanship. Women with grain-hand mirror, dressing and manicure sticks, nail brushes, tooth brush, nail brush, talcum powder, cream. Special price.

ceries

Sugar, 2 lbs. 1.00
each. Per lb.50
Flour, 4 bag. 2.00
lb. pack.50
reputed. Quart.30
Custard.25
Biscuits, 2 lbs. 1.00
Biscuits, 1 lb.50
Biscuits, 1/2 lb.25
Biscuits, 1/4 lb.125
Biscuits, 1/8 lb.0625