

Parties shall, in accordance with their laws, agree to the type of treatment to be accorded such individuals upon transfer. Consent for the transfer shall be obtained from the legally authorized person.

(2) Nothing in this Treaty shall be interpreted to limit the ability which the Parties may have, independent of the present Treaty, to grant or accept the transfer of youthful or other offenders.

ARTICLE IX

For the purpose of this Treaty,

- (a) "Sending State" means the Party from which the offender is to be transferred.
- (b) "Receiving State" means the Party to which the offender is to be transferred.
- (c) A "national" means, in the case of Canada, a Canadian citizen.
- (d) "Offender" means a person who, in the territory of one of the Parties, has been convicted of a crime and sentenced either to imprisonment or to a term of probation, parole, conditional release or any other form of supervision without confinement.
- (e) A "domiciliary" means a person who has been present in the territory of one of the parties for at least five years with an intent to remain permanently therein.

ARTICLE X

(1) This Treaty is subject to ratification. The exchange of instruments of ratification shall take place at Mexico, D.F.

(2) This Treaty shall enter into force thirty days after the exchange of ratifications and shall remain in force for three years.

(3) Should neither contracting party have notified the other ninety days before the three-year period mentioned in the preceding paragraph has expired of its intention to allow the Treaty to terminate, the Treaty shall remain in force for another three years, and so on every three years.