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U. S. WEATHER AND CROP BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, June 3.-The Weekly Weather and Crop Bulletin says: During the week ending June 2nd the temperature ditfered but slightly from the normal in the middle and south Atlantic States, the east gulf States and the upper Ohio Valley, while it was a cold week in the central valleys and New England. In the grain regions of the north, the average temperature was from 6 to 9 degrees lower than usual. The season from January 1st to June 2nd remains backward throughout the northern States, the greatest throughout the northern States, the greatest departures from the normal being in Minnes sota and the adjoining States, where the daily temperature for the season has ranged from 5 to 7 degrees below the normal. Throughout the Southern States the temperature for the southern States the temperature for the southern States the temperature for the and quantity. Clover seed is abundant, and is quoted at 83 to 9½ per lb. as to quality 102 to 95c; wheat, spring, per bush, 86 to 92 to 95c; wheat, spring, per bush, 86 to 92 to 95c; wheat, spring, per bush, 86 to 92 to 95c; wheat, spring, per bush, 86 to 92 to 95c; wheat, spring, per bush, 86 to 95c; wheat, spring, per bush, 95c; present season differs less than one degree and quantity, alsike, 8½2 to 102; flix seed, from the normal. There has been an excess of \$1.05 to \$1.25. rainfall generally throughout the districts east of the Mesissippi and in lowa, Nebraska, and the west gulf states. There has been more rain than usual for the season in the North West, the southern portion of the Gulf States in Alabama, the middle Atlantic States and in the interior of N. E. and from 80 to 95 per cept. of the usual amount of rain has occurred on the lake region, the Ohio. has occurred on the lake region, the Ohio Valley and in the interior of the south Atlantic States. The large definiency for the season continues in the northern Mississippi and in Arkanias, but the recent heavy rains have relieved that section from the threatened

COMMERCIAL.

GRAIN AND FLOUR, -The grain market continues quiet, there being little enquiry and business in wheat was slow at nominally unchanged prices. Sales of Manitoba cats have been made at 51c per 34 lbs, and now holders winter wheat, 96: to 97½c; Canada white, 96: to 97½c; Canada spring, nominal; No. 1 hard Manitoba, \$1 to \$1.02; No. 2 do., 98c; No. 1 Northern, 96c to 97c; peas, 88c to 89c; oats, 47c to 49c; barley, 55c to 60c; corn, 72c to 75c, duty paid.

There was no improvement in the flour 4 60; extra, \$4 15 to \$4 25; superfine, \$3 50 to \$4 00; strong bakers', \$4 50 to \$4 60.

Ontario bags—Extra, \$2 00 to \$2 05; oity atrong bakers' (140 lb. sacks.) \$0 00 to \$4 70; catmeal, standard, bris., \$0 00 to \$5 45; catmeal, granulated, orls., \$0 00 to \$5 70; rolled meal. \$1 00 to \$0 00.

per 1b, 12c to 12go; hams, green, per 1b, 00c to 000; flanks, green, per ib, 000 to 00c; lard, western, in pails, per 1b, 101 to 1010; lard, Oanadian, in pails, 00 to 00; bacon, per 1b, 101c to 11c; shoulders, 00c to 8c; tallow, com. refined, per 1b, 5% o to 6c.

Ashes.—The market for ashes was quiet, owing to the light receipts, and business was slow at the recent advance. We quote first pots \$4 20 to \$4.30, and seconds do. at \$4.10 to \$4.20 per 100 lbs.

The demand for eggs was slow and the market was quiet and easier, the bulk of the sales being made at 1412, while a few odd lots brought 15c per dezen. Maple Syrup and Sugar.—There was no

change in the market for maple syrup, business being quiet, with prices steady at 6: to 6½c per lb. in tins, and 6c in wood. Maple sugar was dull at 71c to So per lb.

BUTTER.—The market for butter has not undergone any real change. Trade has continued confined to filling local wants. Receipts have been moderate and no accumulation has taken place. We quote creamery 200 to 23c, Townships 19c to 20c, Morrisburg 18c to 19c, and Western 16c to 18c.

CHEESE-The cheese situation, although not apparently worse, is easy. In this market colored goods have continued scarce, but no premium can be quoted for them. Transto Ric.

THE COAL TRADE,

There has been no important change in the There has been no important change in the coal markets. The demand for hard coal has been slow. We quote retail prices as follows:
Anthracite, \$5.75 for stove, \$1.75 for chestnut, \$5.50 for egg, \$5.50 for furnace per 2,000. We quote retail prices as follows: Scotch grate, \$6.00 per net ton; Scotch steam, \$5 to \$5.50 per gross tons; Pictou steam, \$4.50 to \$5 per 2.240 lbs, and Cape Breton, \$3.75 to \$4.

HIDES AND SKINS. In this line a fair amount of business has been In this line a fair amount of business has been done, there being a good local demand for small lots, and as the quality of hides are better, tanners are beginning to buy more freely as stocks have run down pretty low, but the leather trade does not improve much. We quote Toronto No. 1 at 62c to 7c, No. 2 at 62c to 63c, Hamilton No. 1 64c tu 7c, No. 2 at 52c to 6c, heavy steers at 8c to 9c, and dry hides at 10c to 11c. A fair amount of husiness has been done in local green

14c. to 1510 for Cape as to quality, with Australian quiet at 15c to 18c. Pulled Cape has sold somewhat Icwer than previously quoted

at 21c to 24c. Offerings of domestic sorts have have considued very limited, in fact the market is bare of stock, and prices therefore are greatly nominal. A supers 25c, B 23c, and fleece 24c to 2.1c.

RETAIL MARKETS.

There was only a fair attendance of farmers at the Bonsecours market this morning and the business transacted generally was not as good as on previous market days lately. There was some enquiry for maple syrup and sugar was some enquiry for maple syrup and sugar which was plentiful, and butter and eggs come in for a small enquiry. The usual amount of business in the meat line, but there was little enquiry for poultry. Cheese was sold at quotations and vegetables, which were abun ant, were in fair demand. Fresh meat held by the farmers was readily bought up and grain met with good demand. The quota-

tions are as follows:				
GRAIN. Corned	0 07@ 0 09			
Pad winter \$6 79@\$0 99 1111001	0 0769 0 12 [
	\$0 07@\$0 18			
n Ava ii Anihorii i	00 lbs. 6 50@ 7 25			
	ak, lb. 0 08@ 0 13			
Barley 0 72@ 0 75 Hams,	per 1b. 0 10@ 0 13 per 1b. 0 10@ 0 13			
Peas 0 67@ 0 74 Bacon,	per lb. 0 10@ 0 13 (
Beans 1 25@ 2 35 Lard, p	er lb 0 07@ 0 10			
	er bbl.16 50@17 50			
PRODUCE. Rolled .	Bacon, 0 08@ 0 12			
Butter, fine\$0 23@\$0 27	FIST.			
Butter, Town-	mon, 1b.\$0 12@\$0 18			
	t 0 00@ 0 14			
	0 036 0 08 1 cl			
Chongo, Tradition	RS AND LOBSTERS.			
THE STATE OF THE S				
Eggs, fresh 0 15@ 0 18 Oysters	quart\$0 45@\$0 60			
	quart 0 35@ 0 50			
furnips, bush. 0 35@ 0 55 per c	ahall.			
Carrols, bush. 0 40@ 0 50 Oystors Onlons, bush. 1 10@ 1 80 per b	ush 0 90@ 1 70			
Dnions, bush. 1 10@ 1 80 per b Rosts, bush 0 30@ 0 45 Lobster	18. 16 U 07@ 0 10 I			
	IATRY AND GAME.			
	pair 0 40@ 0 50			
marant of 25/201 GS Turkov	a. 1h 0 10@ 10 15 F			
Choice 4 15@ 4 25 Pigeoni	0 3560 0 40			
Spring 8 50@ 3 75	ISCELLANEOUS.			
SUGAR. Coal, st	ove\$7 00@\$7 10			
Cut lost \$0.7 @\$0.74 Coal.ch	estnut. 6 75@ 6 85 l			
Central 0 7 @ 0 73elCoke	6 50@ 3 7 50 [
dennished 9 8700 0 7 Wood.	hard 7 bligg 8 UU l			
Coffee, "An Wood,	soft 4 75@ 5 25			
standard 0 81-2 0 7 Hides, 1	No I			
earm 1.nor	1h.\$0 በ7ካ@\$0 08¼ I			
Liverp'l, bag. \$0 40@\$0 50 Hides, 1	No			
2 D - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	16 0 07 @ 0 00 E			

There is a fair enquiry for good medium of the Mississippi and in Iowa, Nebraska, beans, which are not over-pleatiful, and last and the west gulf states. There has been sales were reported at \$2.30 to \$2.60 per

FRUIT—Apples, bag, \$1 to \$1 50; apples, bbl, \$2 to \$3; dried apples, lb, 6c to 8c; oranberries, qt, 15c to 00c; maole syrup, gl, \$1 to \$1 25; do sugar, 1b, 12c to 15c. MEATS-\$1 25; do sugar, lb, 12c to 15c. MEATS—Pork, 7 25 to 7 50; pork, by qr, 8c to 9c; heef, \$6 50 to \$8 00: mutton, by qr, 8 to 12c; mutton, by carcass, 7c to 10c; spring lamb, per qr, 1 00 to 150; veal, by qr, 5c to 6c; veal, by carcass, 3c to 6c. GAME—Hares, per 'pair, 40c; quail, pair, 90c; partridges, palr, 50c to 65c; wild ducks, pair, 75c. HIDES—Hides, No. 1, 6c; No. 2, 5c; No. 3, 4c; Callskins, 5c to 7c; do dry, 16c to 18c; wool, 16 to 20c; sheepskins, 5l to \$1 75. FISH—White 16 to 20c; sheepskins, \$1 to \$1 75. Fish-White fish, per lb., 8c; sea salmon, 25c to 35c; fresh haddock, 7c; halibut, 15; flounders, 8c; fresh cod, 8c; salmon trout, 8c; trout, 20c; herring, dozen, 250; pike, 00; mackerel, lb., 100; black bass, 8c; perch, doz., 25c; smelts, 1b, 10c; mullet, 1b, 4c. POULTRY (dressed)—Chickens, pr, 50 to 70c; ducks, pr, 75c to \$1; geese, each, 50 to 70c; geese, per lb, 6 to 7c; turkeys, per lb, 11 to 13c. POULTRY (undressed) -Chickens, 45 to 60c; ducks, 50 to 70c; turkeys, each, \$1 25 to \$2; turkeys, per lb, 13 to 14c; geese. 50 to 80c. LIVE STOCK-Milch cows, \$42 to \$75; live hogs, cwt, \$4 50 to \$6 00; pigs, pr, \$3 to \$4; fat beeves, \$3 50 to \$5; spring lambs, \$4.

HALIFAX MARKETS. HALIFAX, June 4 -Business is quiet. We quote :-Appler, \$250 to \$440; butter, large packages, 21c; packages retail, 23c; beef per lb. by the quarter, 6: to 7c; carrots, \$1 25; dried apples, 7c; eggs, per dozen, wholessle, fresh, 11c to 111c; fresh nogs, 71c; goose feathers, 35c to 45;; hams and bacon, per lb, 10c to 12c; hay, per ton, \$14 to \$16; lamb by the carcass, 8c to 9c per lb; mutton by the carcass, Sc to 9c; oats, per bushel, 45c; parsnips, \$1 25; potatoes, \$1 40 per brl; straw, per ton, \$7 to \$9; turkeys, 14c to 15c; turnips, 70c; veal by (aroses, 4c per lb.

TORONTO MARKEIS.

TORONTO, June 4.—Hay is in fair supply but steady, at \$12 50 to \$17, with one load at \$18. Straw abundant but steady, at \$11 to \$12 for sheaf. Hogs ranged from \$8 to \$50. Butier abundant and lower, 17 to 19: for 882; wheat, goose, per bush, 773 to 782; barley, per bush, 503 to 581; oate, per bush, 57c to 58c; Peas, per bush, 72c to 75; dressed hoge, per 100 lbs, \$8 to \$8.25; chickins, per

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

prices are quoted at \$11.50 to \$13.50 as to [cabbage, per doz, 50c to \$1.50; c.lery. 40s to quality. Sales of choice Canadian hay in Boston have transpired at \$19.50 to \$20.

Receipts of banenss have lately been pretty heavy, but they have been worked off at good prices, reds selling at \$1 up to \$1.75 per bunch, and yellows at \$1.50 to \$2. A car of to \$12. Port Limon was in yesterday.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

OTTAWA, June 4.—We quote to-day's prices as follows: GRAIN—Outs, per bushel, 48c to 50c; peas, per bushel, 55c to 60c; beans, per bushel, \$1.10 to \$1.25; buckwheat, per bushel, 70c; wheat, per bushel, 80c to 85c; barley, per bushel, 50c to 55c; rye, per bushel, 40c to 45c. MEAT—Beef, per hundred pounds, \$5 25 to \$7 05; beefsteak, per lb, 10c to 15c; roast beef per lb. 10c; mutton and lamb, per lb. market, business having continued quiet. We quote:—Patent winter, \$4 90 to \$5 00; patent spring, \$4 90 to \$5 00; straight roller, \$4 50 to \$60; extraight roller, rolled meal, \$0 00 to \$0 00.

Provisions.—A fair amount of trade was done in the local provision market in a jobbing way, and the market was more active at firm prices. We quote:—Canada short cut, per brl, \$18 00 to \$18 50; mess pork, western, per brl, \$17 00 to \$17 50; short cut, western, per brl, \$0 00 to \$18 50; thin mess pork, per brl, \$0 00 to \$18 50; mess beef, per brl, \$0 00 to \$18 50; mess beef, per brl, \$0 00 to \$18 50; mess beef, per brl, \$0 00 to \$18 50; thin mess beef, per brl, \$0 00 to \$0 00; Indian mess beef, per brl, \$0 00 to \$0 00; Indian mess beef, per lb, \$0 00 to \$0 00; hams, city cured, per lb, 11½c to 12½c; hams, canvassed, per lb, 12c to 12½c; hams, green, per lb, 00c PORK—Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs, \$8 to \$9 porksteak, per lb, 92 to 50c; hams, per lb, 13c to 15; smoked bacon, per 1b, 10; to 150; lard, per lb, 10c to 133; dry salted bacon, 8c to 10c; mess pork, per barrel, \$18 to \$20; back pork, per barrel, \$18.50 to \$19 00; rolled bacon, 10c to 15c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, per bag, 80c to 90c; celery, per doz, 40c; turnips, per bag, 40c; carrots, per bag, 50c; parsnips. 30c; pick-ling cabbage, per doz 50c; onlons, per doz, ang cabbage, per doz 50c; ontons, per doz, 32 to 5c; white cabbages, 50c to 60c; beets, 30c; apples (choice) \$2. Hides, Leather and Tallow—Hides, rough, \$3 50 to \$5 50; sheep, lamb skins, each, 75c to \$1; harness leather, per lb, 28c to 30c; French kip, 85c to \$1. French calf \$1. 15 to \$1.45. to \$1; French calf \$1 15 to \$1 45; common kip, 40 to 64c; common calf, 60c; veal kip, 65c to 70c; sole leather, No. 1, 20c to 80c; sole leather, No. 2, 23s to 70s; tallow, per lb. 3s to 20c. Furs-Mink, 75s to \$1.25; Martin, 75s to \$1.25; Fox, 75s to \$1.25; Muskrat, fall, 5s to 8s; Muskrat, winter, otter, \$7 to \$10; bear, \$7 to \$12; bear, out. \$2 50 to \$4; fisher, \$3 50 to \$6; lynx, \$1 50 to \$3 50; beaver, fall, per lb, \$1 25 to \$2; beaver, winter, per lb, \$2 50 to \$3; skunk, 25c to 30c; coon, 20c to \$3.

LONDON MARKETS. London, Ont., June 4.—We quote: GRAIN, Red Winter, \$1 50 to \$1 53; white, \$1 50 to no premium can be quoted for should actions were made at \$100, but on the whole business was quiet. The top price of the market may be quoted at 880. We quote 80 \$1 53; spring, \$1 50 to \$1 53; white, \$1 50 to \$1 53; corn, \$1 15 to \$1 30; rye, \$1 15 to \$1 30; barley, malt, \$1 25 \$1 30; rye, \$1 15 to \$1 30; barley, mait, \$1 25 to \$1 48; do. feed, \$1 10 to \$1 15; cats, \$1 35 to \$1 40; peas, \$1 05 to \$1 15; beans, bushel, \$1 50 to \$2 25; buckwheat, cental, 95c to \$1. Vegetables—Potatoes, per bag, \$1 35 to \$1 25; turnips, per bag, 30c to 40c; parsnips, per bag, \$1 20 to \$1 30; carrots, per bag, 40c to 50c; beets, per bag, 50c to 75c; onlons, per bushel, \$1 50 to \$2; lettuce, bunch, 0c to 50; radiabes, for cabbages, per dozen. On to 50; radiahes, 50; cabbages, per dozen, 50s to \$1 00; spinach, pk, 00c to 10c; rhubarb, bunch, 0c to 3c; artichokes, bush, 00c to \$1; asparagus bunch, 0c to 5c; PRODUCE-Eggs, fresh 10c to 13c; eggs packed, 00; butter, best roll, 18 to 20; butter, large rolls, 18 to 20; butter, crocks 15 to 17; butter, tub dairy 00 to 00; butter, store packed

75c; beets, per peck, 20s to 25s; paraley, per doz, 200 to 300; asparagus, 50; to 60;; let tuce, 30c to 40c; hay, \$11 to \$18; straw. \$7

FLOUR AND WHEAT.

The Trade Bulletin says: - "The flour trade has lapsed into a much less active condition during the present week, owing to the week and unsettled state of the American and English markets, which caused huyers to withdraw and await developments. Prices, however, are firm, as holders find that they cannot replace present stocks at to-day's current rates. Advices from Ontario millers state that \$1.05 has been paid at the mills for Ontario wheat, which means \$5.25 for fine grades of flour. This contrasts strangely with prices across the line and abroad, although it would seem to confirm our remarks of a week or two ago to the effect that owing to the scarcity of wheat in Canada we may have scarcely enough for home wants. Manitoba wheat has been a little easier and lovers, holders asking 97c to arrive and buyers offering 96:. During the week July No. 2 spring wheat in Chloago dropped to \$\frac{1}{2}\text{c}\$, which is a decline of 7\frac{1}{2}\text{ from top.} It closed to better yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. The wheat marking the week yesterday at \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$ to \$\frac{5}{2}\text{c}\$. toba wheat has been a little easier and lower, decline of 74: from top. It closed le better yesterday at 854c to 856c. The wheat market during the week has been one of disappointment to holders."

LEATHER. As the season for fall manufactures draws near the leather market begins to have more animation. Best grades of sole leather are steady on the basis of 22c to 23to for No. 1 B. A. Spanish and 20c to 21c for No. 1 ordinary. Rough leather has sold at 18: to 20: for light and haff at 11c to 1310, the latter being considered high enough to quote. Harness ranges from 21c to 28, with extra finish (heavy) at 30c to 35c. Medium and heavy waxed upper is at 250 to 280 and Scotch grained at 30c to 32c, pebble 10c to 13c and enamalled leather 15c.

LUMBER.

There has been a good demand for lumber, and the market has ruled active, with a and the market has ruled active, with a brisk business doing, there being a good enquiry from country buyers. Prices are steady and unchanged. We quote prices as follows:—First quality of pine at \$35 to \$40; shipping culls at \$14 to \$16; mill culls at \$5 to \$10; hemlock at \$9 to \$17; bass at \$13 to \$10; hemlock at \$9 to \$17; bass at \$13 to \$10; hemlock at \$9 to \$10; hemlo \$18; walnut at \$40 to \$100; butternut at \$22 to \$40, and hard maple at \$20 to \$22.

CATTLE MARKETS. CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, June 4 .- Hogs-Receipts, 20, CHICAGO, June 4.—Hogs—Receipts, 20, 000; market moderately active and prices steady; light grades, \$5.20 to \$5.40; rough packing, \$5.25 to \$5.35; mixed lots, \$5.30 to \$5.50; heavy packing and shipping lots, \$5.40 to \$5.60. Cattle—Reseipts, 7.000; stronger; beeves, \$4.25 to \$5.30; cows and mixed, \$1.85 to \$3.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.65 to \$4.10; Texas steers, \$2.50 to \$4. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; muttons, \$3 to \$5; Texans, shorn, \$2 to \$3.75; wooled, \$4 to \$4.40. \$4,40.

KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 4.-The Live Stock Indicator reports: Cattle-Receipts, 1.800; shipments, 630; fat corn-fed active; grassers and half fed slow; good to choice corn-fed, \$4 35 to \$4.75; common to medium, \$3.25 to \$4.10; stockers, \$2 20 to \$2.90; feeders, \$3 to \$3.60; cows, \$3 to \$3.50. Hogs Receipts, 6,000; shipments, 1,400; active weak; good to choice, \$4 to \$4.50; common to medium, \$2 to \$3.50.

NEW YORK: lobs, and as the quality of hides are better, tanners are beginning to buy more freely as stocks have run down pretty low, but the leather trade does not improve much. We quote Toronto No. 1 at 63c to 7c, No. 2 at 64c to 64c, Hamilton No. 1 64c to 7c, No. 2 at 54c to 64c, Hamilton No. 1 64c to 7c, No. 2 at 54c to 65c, Hamilton at 8c to 9c, and dry hides at 10c to 11c. A fair amount of business has been done in local green hides at 6c, 5c and 4c, for Nos. 1, 2 and 3.

WOOL.

The market for wool has remained steady. There has been a moderate trade in foreign at 14c, to 154c for Cape as to quality, with NEW YORK, June 4.—Beeves—Recepts, 24 carloads, all for export; no trading in beeves; dull for dressed beef at 635 to 80

Children Cryfor Pitcher's Castoria.

Receipts, 2,400, none for sale slive; nominally steady at \$5.75 to \$6.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK. TORONTO, June 6 .- At the Western Cattle Yards this morning we had a very light run, only sleven loads being received to-day and six yesterday. The market was a good one, and prices were, in some instances, as much as a couple of dollars a head better.

CATTLE. -The quality was very good, the local demand easy, but outside buying more brisk than it has ruled lately. Some of the offerings were of much better quality and fetched easily high prices, especially the export stock, which was to-day in more active demand. Among the sales were one load of cattle, averaging 1,000 lbs., that sold at \$51 each; another load of 24 head; averaging 975 lbs., sold at \$43 each; a lot of 13 head, averaging 1,075 lbs., sold at \$52 50 each.
Sheep and Lambs.—The demand was good,

and the supply, though small, was sufficient; more might have sold, perhaps, but we had enough for all actual trade requirements. Among the sales were a bunch of 11 sheep, averaging 140 lbs, sold at \$5 50 each; a bunch of 24 sheep, averaging 130 lbs, sold at \$6 each; a lot of 8, averaging 125 lbs, sold at \$5.60 each; a bunch of 15 spring lambs sold at \$4 50 each; a bunch of 9 spring lambs, averaging 60 lbr, : old at \$4 each; and 12 do.

at \$4.25 each. CALVES -- Were a little firmer to-day, owing to a small run and an improvement in quality. One lot of 42, averaging 110 lb. were sold at \$450 each; five averaging 130 lbs., sold at \$550 each; and three at \$6 each. This covers about all the calves that were on the market.

MILK Cows-Very little doing at moderate Hogs-About sixty on sale; the quality was very inferior and the prices were not

quotaqly changed. Fat hoge are wanted. MONTREAL STOCK YARDS COMPANY, POINT ST. CHARLES.

Cattle Sheep. Hogs. Calves. The receipts of live stock for the week endng June 2, 1888, were as follows..... 2,440 Left over from 427 24 99 previous week 391 19 Total for week.. 2,740 Exported & sold. 2,291 118 427 118 427 On hand for ex-449 week....... 2,827
Receipts for
month of May,
1888....... 10,552
Receipts for 00 83 167 1,837

month of May, 1887.....12,334 Exports for week ending June 2, 1888...... 2,771 Exports for week ending June 4, 1887...... 3,727 Owing to the bad reports of markets on the

other side, sales of export cattle were few, and at prices that left the seller short in pocket. There was a fair demand for good butchers' cattle at a slight advance in last week's prices.

Me drote the lottoming 82 being 1911, Agrice	5 i j
Average, Cen	te.
xport, good 1,250 @ 1,400 43 @	51
xport, medium 1,100 — 1,200 $4\frac{1}{2}$ —	4 1
ntchers', good 1.000 — 1.100 42 —	· 4.]
utchers', medium 3 -	٠ 4
u'chers', culls 21 -	- 3
heep, no offerings 41 -	- 5
[ogs 6] -	
alves each	OŌ
ambs, each\$3 50 @ 5	00
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HORSE MARKET. WEEKLY REPORT.

The receipts of horses for week ending June 2, 1888, were as follows:—Horses, 262; left over from previous week, 27; total for week, 289; shipped during week, 139; sales for week, 28, at prices from \$100 to \$130; on hand for sale and shipment, 76. Arrivals of thoroughbred and other imported stock:—Ex steamship Montreel Man 21, 2 horses analyzed to P. Postiic Bros. Janesville, Wi.; 4 do., consigned to R. B. McQuiston, East Saginaw. Total arrivals to date, 37, all of which will be shipped to the above points per Grand Trunk Railway. Busiabove points per Grand Trunk Railway. Bitsi-ness in horses for the American markets was fairly active, there being a good many buyers in town. The prospects for next week are better, the demand being for heavy horses.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castorla, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS. SOME THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

No cow should be milked until the adder and teats have been carefully washed with warm water and wiped with a clean towel, as there is more or less dandruff or filth on the

Bathe the horse's shoulder with cold water or brine as quickly as the collar comes off bafore the sweat begins to dry, and rub off the collars and saddle pieces with a moist cloth. This will prevent sore shoulders.

DESTROYING CURRANT WORMS.

The current and gooseberry leaf worms hatch out about as soon as the leaves begin to put out. They can be found at first on the under side of the leaves and a very little hellebore powdered and sifted on them will save subsequent trouble. If the fruit grower waits until they begin their ravages he cannot destroy them without subjecting his currant by the desired the desired to desire a little forthcarkt bushes to damage that a little forethought now will prevent.

WATER IN MILK. Does it pay to run water through the cow

and pay for it in the form of milk? Plainly the solids are what give value to the milk. The water is not improved by being passed through the system of the cow. We can get abundance of it without this expensive process. The nutritive elements in milk are the casein, the fat, the sugar and the ash. The Receipts, 6,000; shipments, 1,400; active but 5c lower; good to choice, \$5 30 to \$4.40; more of these there are—the greater the per common to medium, \$6 to \$5.26; skips and pigs, \$2.50 to \$4.90 Sheep—Receipts, 265; for human food; and all these constituents shipments, none; fat mutton steady, then shipments, none; fat mutton steady, then are available when consumed in its natural state, as it comes from the cow. There is a state, as it comes from the cow. great waste in making it into butter or cheese, out less in the latter than in the former. The only good excuse for making milk into these products is the impossibility of keeping it in its natural state, and the relish we have acquired for these extracts from milk-for they really are extracts. But the solids being the nutrition, nearly all the water is discarded. The aim, therefore, should be to produce milk containing as large a per cent. of solids as possible. These vary from 10 per cent. in some milk to 20 per cent. in others; but the usual range is 12 to 15 per cent., 3 to 4 per protect.

FULL WEIGHT PURE CREAM

Its superior excellence proven in millions of home for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Po. der does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. BT. LCUIS.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.
No. 2054. SUPERIOR COURT Dame Mary Jane McClary, Plaintiff,

ve. John McNamara Joslin, Defendant An action in separation of bed and board has been this day instituted by the Plaintiff against the Defendant in this cause. Montreal, 30th May, 1888.

LAPLAMME, LAPLAMME, MADORE & CROSS. Attorneys for Plaintiff.

cent. of which should be fat.—Prairie Farmer.

COWS THIN IN FLESH. There are many dead antages in allowing cows to become poor towards spring, as they

are sure to do if milked all winter and not given abundance of nourishing food. The thin cow has no reserve of fat to be worked down during the summer, and with the best feeding will not give so much nor so rich milk as one equally good in other respects that begins the milking season in fair flesh. But the poverty of the cow at this season works a disadvantage not often thought of. She cannot be got in heat early enough to drop her calf at the best time next season. During May and June, when grass is most abundant and succulent, many good cows will not come in heat because their food is too stimulating of milk production, without being especially nourishing. If a cow is left to her own course she will probably be got with call in July or August. A few meases of grain feed, especially oats or rye meal, will bring her in heat row, and having a calf a month earlier will easily add several dollars to the value of a good cow next spring.

CAULIFLOWERS.

Many of our readers suppose that they cannot grow cauliflowers, which is a mistake. They are as easily grown as cabbage, and will head as readily. For home use sow the seed in a suitable place prepared for the purpose; it should be sown so that they will be ready to transplant the same time the cabbages are, and, like the cabbage, need a deep, rich clayey soil, but will not do well on sandy They require frequent watering and cultivation. As they advance in growth draw the earth toward the stemr. When beginning to flower, carefully break the leaves over the head, and when fully formed, pull up and hang up the roots in a cool place. tion are Erfurt, a very early kind and a sure header. Erfurt Dwarf is an extra good one. Henderson's Early Snowball is a very early kind, much like the Erfurt, but not so large. Veitche's Autumn Giant, a very large and good variety, but must be planted early, and requires all the season to mature.—Farmers' Advocate.

GREEN PEAS.

Farmers, of all others, should have a succession of the choicest vegetables. If they fail in this, as so many do, they do not im-prove their privileges as they ought and might just about as well live in the crowded city as on the farm. The green pea season on most farms is shortened too much, and on some it never comes at all. To have peas four or five weeks requires three varieties. Two early and one late should be sown, and with two or more plantings of these. For the very earliest a smooth, early variety may be planted, as these are more hardy than the sweeter wrinkled sorts. Then a week or ten days later plant the early wrinkled sorts, like Little Gem, and at the same time Cham-plon of England. This last is a tall, late variety, and the three plantings will keep a succession for fully three weeks. A second planting of both the early and late varieties may be made ten days later, and these will generally escape mildew. If planted after the soil becomes heated, the mildew attacks the vine and ruins it before the peas are large enough to use.—Exchange.

FRESH EGGS FOR SITTING.

When sitting eggs from one's own stock it s better to use those laid the same day, and if put under the sitting hen while warm it will be all the better. In early spring, eggs are often chilled to their injury, and some of them addled when set, because of this Placing them in tin pans or on plates in cold rooms is wrong. If the sitting hen is not ready lay the eggs on a piece of flannel in a moderately warm place, and at night cover them with another piece of flannel. If those who sell eggs for hatching would use this precaution they might have fewer complaints early in the season.

WHY BAKING POWDERS ARE BEST.

(From Hall's Journal of Health.) Baking powders properly compounded, and containing pure cream of tartar, are more convenient than yeast; and bread and pastry made with them are just as wholesome, and far more

with them are just as wholesome, and far more palatable.

We are in entire sympathy with the manufacturers of the Royal Baking Powder—who commenced and are vigorously conducting the war against the use of adulterated baking powders.

Before committing ourselves, however, we made tests of a sufficient number of baking powders to satisfy ourselves that the substitution of alum for cream of tartar in their composition has not been over-estimated, while a careful examination of the Royal Baking Powder ful examination of the Royal Baking Powder confirms our belief that Dr. Mott, the Govern ment Chemist, when he singled out and com-mended this powder for its wholesomeness did

it wholly in the interests of the public.

We do not hesitate to say that the Royal
Baking Powder people deserve the gratitude of
the community whom they are endeavoring to

CARSLEY'S COLUMN

LADIES are reminded that S. Carsley's has just put in stock another lot of those fine French Sateens so much admired this season.

THE TIE I am wearing to day, only cost me 15c; the very latest style and good silk. I used to pay about 50c for the same quality. If you want one, so straight to S. Caraley's Men's Furnishing Store.

AMAZON	CLOTH
AMAZON	CLOTH

Just received, a special line of new All-Wool Amszon Cloth for Ladies' Costumes, in all the newest shades; also, Black, to be sold at 16c per

S. CARSLEY.

ORIENTAL	STRIPED	CLOTH
ORIENTAL	STRIPEN	CLOTH
ORIENTAL	DAMITTED	
ORILNTAL	STRILED	CLOTH
ORIENTAL	OTITIED	CLOTH
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ORIENTAL	STRIPED	CLOTH
ORIENTAL	STRIPED	CLOTR

A large shipment of new Oriental Striped Cloth for Ladies Costumes, in all the most deeirable shades, to be sold at special low figures. S. CARSLEY.

> CASHMERES FRENCH FRENCH CASHMERES CASHMERES FRENCH CASHMERES FRENCH CASHMERES FRENCH CASHMERES FRENCH CASHMERES

Four cases of new All-Wool French Cash' meres, Summer make, in all the most fashionable shades, to be sold at remarkably low prices.

S. CARSLEY.

CLUNY CLUNY CLUNY CLUNY CLUNY CLOTH CLOTH CLOTH

Special lot of All-wool Cluny Cloth, 42 inches wide, for Ladies' Summer Costumes, in Drab, Navy, Brown, Fawn, Olive, Bronze, Biscuit, etc., etc. Price, 38c per yard.

S. CARSLEY.

15 PERCENT OF	ALL	TAPESTRY	SQUARES
	11	BRUSSELS	SQUARES
11	11	VELVET	SQUARES
**	11	WILTON	SQUARES
+4	11	AXMINSTER	R Squares
	11	SMYRNA	SQUARES
	11	TURKISH	SQUARES
41	11	SHETLAND	SOTTARES

This is the greatest chance ever offered to purchasers.

These Carpet Squares are much below the original price, and with the further reduction are about half what they are really worth.

S. CARSLEY.

INDIA MATTING

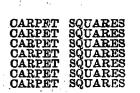
Another consignment of these very excellent goods just received, to be sold at the same low

S. CARSLEY.

LOW-PRICED	CARPETS
LOW-PRICED	CARPETS
LOW PRICED	CARPETS

Now showing a Line of Carpets selling at prices ranging from 10c per yard upward. Just opened a line of 4 4 Reversible to sell at from 13c to 38c per yard.

S. CARSLEY



From \$1.25 upwards, a beautiful line of Seam less Carpet Squares just opened. Sizes 3x3 and 3x4, to sell from \$2.50 upwards.

S. CARSLEY.

MONTREAL, June 6th, 1888.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

Ada Cabit Since O

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.