The Leipsic Gazette has a letter from Libentz of Sept. 1, which says: "An awful conflagration, which broke out yes-terday at noon, is ravaging the noble forests on the frontiers of

LADY SALE'S DESCRIPTION OF HER CAPTIVITY. The following letter from Captain Vardon, of the Madras Engineers, published by a northern newspaper, the John o' Groat Journal, will be read with interest, as giving some curious and authentic particulars relative to the treatment of the unfortunities. nate prisoners now in the power of Akbar Khan:—
Touching the Affghanistan news, which of course you, in

common with most other Europeans, must be deeply interested in, Stafford has just had a letter from a lady friend, in which she gives an interesting extract from one of Lady Sale's letters. She says that Akbar Khan treats the ladies very kindly, and rentertains a much more exalted idea of the sex than formerly. He says he now understands the reason why Europeans have but one wife. Lady Sale's heroic conduct must have impressed him with surprise, and taught him to respect the female character as he never did before. Lady Sale's letter commenced by acknowledging a parcel of clothes sent by the officers at Jellalabad the beginning of February; and until that arrived they had not changed their linen since the 6th of January—the fatal day of the retreat from Cabul. Lady Sale, her widowed daughter. Mrs. Sturt Covered by the confinement every day), Lieutenant of the retreat from Cabul. Lady Sale, her widowed daughter, Mrs. Sturt, (expecting her confinement every day), Lieutenant Mein, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace, of the artillery; Mrs. Trevor and Seven children, and a European servant, are shut up in one room, at the fort of Lughman; and in a second apartment, Lady M'Naghten, with as many others, if not more. They have neither tables nor chairs, but each lady had succeeded in getting a little stool. Lady Sale was eating out of the same plate as her daughter and Lieutenant Mein; and until General Sale sent a tumbler, her only drinking cup was a tin box.—Poor Lieutenant Mein had been dreadfully frost-bitten, and unable to stand for some weeks; the servants were useless, and unable to stand for some weeks; the servants were useless, and the ladies obliged to cook. Akbar supplies them with rice, ghee, attar, and three sheep are divided among the whole of the glee, attar, and three sneep are divided among the whole of the prisoners daily. She describes Akbar as a fine handsome man. He murdered Sir W. M'Naghten with his own hand, and put out his own brother's eyes. Lady Sale says, "there is a mulberry tree in the square, and we watch its leaves unfolding daily, for it will make a nice shade to our windows. The people who go to the hills to cut wood for us bring in bunches people who go to the hills to cut wood for us bring in buildies of myrtle, which we prize, and keep in water with bunches of narcissus, which the Affghans sometimes bring in; and once I had a spray of peach-blossom; these are our luxuries. Our amusements are watching a swallow building its nest in our room." The only books they have are a Bible and Prayer

Book, which they were happy enough to pick up on the road from Cabul. Lady Sale says that out of these Lieutenant Mein reads prayers to them daily. Mrs. Lumsden was shot dead trying to escape from Ghuznee disguised in officer's uniform; her husband at the same time cut to pieces. Akbar sent tie, they are wholly out of the question with several of the up arms or to give advice. her husband at the same time cut to pieces. Akbar sent Captain Colin M'Kenzie, who is a prisoner, on his parole to Jellalabad, to treat for the ransom of the prisoners. It was expected a much worse fate for the women than death; but it appears there exists, even in the midst of their savage laws, one of rude chivalry that will guard the women from insult. The truth on that point, of course, will never be ascertained exactly. Poor Mrs. Jacobs, who, you remember, going up one of the passes was confined in the Palkie, has lost her husband at Candalloe, and is going home overland. She sent the three other children away to play at some distance with the bearers; when they had returned, she was sitting by the road-side, dressing her new-born babe. She was a pretty, lady-like young woman. Such are the vicissitudes of an Indian life—sometimes living in splendour, sometimes like outcasts and beggars. There are subscriptions all over India for the Affghan sufferers. Lady M'Naghten was a great jewel fancier, and having a large private fortune, she indulged her propensity. Every one Akbar made her give up, sets of splendid diamonds, &c. I cannot under-

mense injury to their immediate interests, work out their salvation, once more, in the field of political contest.

A change has come o'er the spirit of our dram within the last few weeks, so sudden, so passing strange, that we have been By degrees, however, the appalling truth developes itself.— Every post from Kingston confirms the fact that the British party has been deliberately handed over to the vindictive dis-position of a French mob, whose first efforts are directed to the position of a react in the abrogation of those laws which protect property and promote improvement, and render existence in this Colony desirable. ery step in the way of legislation, since the 8th ult., has been a step backwards, and the heel falls, each time, with in-

sulting ingenuity, on the necks of the British.

The Judicature Ordinance, the noblest and best work of one come into operation on the 31st December next, has been re-

The Registration Ordinance, by which alone the security of purchase could be guaranteed—the investment of capital encouraged, or the settlement of the country promoted, has been

The Sleigh Ordinance, introducing simply a species of winter carriage in common use in Upper Canada and the United States, and ensuring the practicability of our winter communication,

The mercantile community of Montreal and Quebec have Coming events cast their shadows before. They are cast

broadly and ominously, almost assuming in our sad and most reluctant eyes, the mysterious characters of sacred writ—"Mene, Mene, Tekel, Upharsin."

pled manner, to such men-from the moment a seat in the Cabinet was offered and pressed upon a man who had fought in open rebellion, and faced the fire of British musketru, in a mad attempt to carry out his hostility to the Government that then was—from that moment the Government that then was—from that moment the Government that then was—from that moment the Governor placed himself, with his hands tied, in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would in the power of his new advisers; and to struggle now, would have the for one day. Kingston to keep the peace, and polling was most unjustly discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The Returning Officer, Mr. Sheriff discontinued for one day. The

CARTWRIGHT AND SHERWOOD. (From the Montreal Gazette.)

Which says: "An awful confligaration, which broke out yesterday at noon, is rawging the noble forests on the frontiers of Saxony and Bodenius. It commenced on the Bodenius and the saw of flame. More than two before our reders. Mr. Cartwight's treet to the Governor-Bodenius and seven of forest are already destroyed; in wind. The loss is immense. All human side seems, drives the flames down to be the saw of the saw o for some time forward. The best brands of United States flour have realized 29s. to 30s.; Canadian, fine, 27s. 6d. to 28s.—superfine, 29s. per barrel, duty paid; Canadian oatmeal is again rather cheaper, say 22s. to 22s. 6d. per 240 lbs.; peas, 28s. to 30s. per quarter.

LADY SALE'S DESCRIPTION OF HER CAPTIVITY.

office, rather than being turned out of it, as he virtually was, though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation of the hon. member for Toronto, who has so often in Mr. Ogden's case, of being "considered vacant." Mr. Stream of the paltry plea, as though the operation was disguised under the paltry plea, as though the operation of the hon. member for Toronto, who has so often on the paltry plea, as though the operation of the hon. Mr. Ogden's case, of being "considered vacant." Mr. Ogden's case, of being "considered vacant." Mr. Ogden's case, of being "considered vacant." Mr. Ogden's case, of Monarchy, and of the connection of this Colony with Great Britain; and he has succeeded in banishing, in a manner discreditable to his high office as the Representative of his Sovereign, those who were the staunchest and best friends of order and the law, at a time when both were well night rodden once the less use the language of my French Canadian components. order and the law, at a time when both were well night rodden under foot. "It cannot, nor it will not, come to good;" and that his Excellency will, ere long, find out to his cost. Such a storm of discontent will arise among the loyalists of Canada —and in that body we class great part of the Reformers of the Province, expressive of their unmitigated disgust, not only at the miserable intrigues, and the palpable want of generosity and of manly English feeling, by which the late changes have been effected, but also at the wretched piebald character of the Administration to which his Excellency has

> ositions from which they have lately emerged. (From the Montreal Courier.)

NEW MAGISTRACY IN THE JOHNSTOWN DISTRICT. (From the Kingston Statesman.)

Commission of the Peace in the Johnstown District. It is only Quebec. little better than a year, since another general commiss was issued, and two special ones within the year!!! These commissions have all been the acts of the County Members, and they should be held responsible for them.

NEARLY ONE HALF OF THE POPULATION OF THE JOHNS-

TOWN DISTRICT, ARE MEMBERS OF THE CHURCH OF ENG-Nearly all the rejected Candidates for District Councillors,

When Esquire is written hereafter, we must designate the party by adding "Preacher, Butcher, Squatter, Constable,

party by adding "Preacher, Butcher, Squatter, Constable, Smuggler," or some such designation after it!!!

Are Church of England ministers "disqualified," that none but Methodist preachers itinerating should be inserted?

Let the respectable and Conservative portion of the District, not despair—these things all "work together for good!"—The country was pretty well disgusted before, it is now heartily sick. The District being overloaded, it only needs a good emetic to cast off the oppression.

cast off the oppression.

The enormous number of forty names have been added!

Not one is inserted, who voted for either Messrs. Sherwood,
Gowan, or Jessup, the Conservative candidates, at the last
election! There are some few decent men in the list, the remainder are of the very lowest description. We give their names, residences, country, religion and profession.

From England, (none!)
[Here follows the list. As Englishmen, we congratulate

From England, (none!)

[Here follows the list. As Englishmen, we congratulate stand how the prisoners will ever be released. General Sale softened 30,000 respects for his wife and daughter, and was refused.

[Here follows the list. As Englishmen, we congratulate stand how the prisoners will ever be released. General Sale softened 30,000 respects for his wife and daughter, and was refused.

[Lart follows the list. As Englishmen, we congratulate stand and politic department of the partment o power—but what would all this avail? In the present state of things, when the foreigner and the rebel are the only persons whom the Governor "delighteth to honor," we may think our selves favored that so many gentlemen of respectability have been retained in the Commission.—Sandwich Herald.

MR. EDWARD GIBBON WAKEFIELD, THE SECRET ADVISER OF THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION.

(From the Montreal Herald.)

and unprincipled finesse, which must and shall be defeated and exposed. The fellow is almost too base and worthless to notice, but as he seems to fling his folds like a boa constrictor, around all those who come within his grasp,—or like the rattle snake, which fascinates the bird it afterwards destroys—it is a duty we owe to the Province he would ruin, to unmask his pretensions, and thwart his manœuvring and machinations. A feeler has been evidently put abroad that he is to be Secretary for Canada East; we tell him, and we pledge oarselves to the country, no constituency in Canada shall brand itself with the indelible infamy of his return. The first of his series of letters on the subject of Canada, which appeared in the columns of the Colonial Gazette, denounced its Militia as "A NUISANCE"—"AN EMBODIED PROVOCATION FOR WAR"—"A WAR FOMENTING PEST"—slandered the Military of "AN EMBODIED PROVOCATION FOR WAR"—

"A WAR FOMENTING PEST"—slandered the Military of the United Kingdom—eulogized the sympathizers from the American shores—and the writer further had the insolence to say of the people of Canada, "—— their loyalty, it is the greatest curse we have to contend with," This creature was an attache of the late Earl of Durham, who warmed him by his generosity and spirit of magnanimity into existence, and after his resuscitation, he, like the snake in the fable, gave a venomous sting to his noble benefactor.—Discarded by the New Zealand and South Australian Companies—his scheme of days with matters involving little of public interest. In the "Mene, Mene, Tekel, Upharsin."

(From the Montreal Transcript.)

To a Governor without any opinion of his own, and ready to vere about at every breath of opposition—to a man without a fixed and steady policy, anxious only to soothe and conciliate all parties, and to sacrifice all for temporary repose—no worse field could have been presented than Canada. Nowhere could a single man do more of mischief, or more to unsettle the little as ingle man do more of mischief, or more to unsettle the little as ingle man do more of mischief, or more to unsettle the little as ingle man do more of mischief, or more to unsettle the little as ingle man do more of mischief, or more to unsettle the little data instration was conducted.

To measure, then, the Responsibility which the present Governor in Chief has assumed—for it is absurd to suppose that his former Cabinet forced it upon him—would require more of reflection than most men are willing to bestow upon so melancholy a subject. But the responsibility rests, and must rest, upon him, for no constraint of opposition—no overthal believed to the content of the community of the man—or overthal little of public interest. In the Council as this gout a very substance of the New ord and eminent professor Merivale, as having failed everypehere, and even its adoption, by England, partials is twas, a national disgrace: he is now in the sack two distinguished and eminent professor Merivale, as having failed everypehere, and even its adoption, by England, partials as it was, a national disgrace: he is now in the sack two in the was, a national disgrace: he is now in the sack and misters involving little of public interest. In the Council, and the Nacy and England and connect the Nacy and Ministers sustained of colonization denounced by the distinguished and eminent professor Merivale, as having failed everypehere, and even its adoption, by England, and England and England and Canada, as this last two desting the Nacy and Ministers and Ministers avoing the Nacy and Ministers avoing the N

patronage of the Crown was surrendered, in such an unexambinet was offered and pressed upon a man who had fought in open to enable members to understand more clearly the conditions opinion; we might next year have even a worse Administra-

great act of justice to the French Canadians."

The speech certainly cannot be admired, either for its method, which is involved and obscure, or for its tone, which par-Agreeably to the promise made yesterday, we now lay takes entirely too much of personal allusions and appeals to his effect our readers Mr. Cartwright's letter to the Governor-own conviction and sense of duty. For the latter very promi

leagued himself with lukewarm friends, if not enemies, of the Monarchy, and of the connection of this Colony with Great ability to speak in English. But I will inform the hon. mem-

changes have been effected, but also at the wretched piebald character of the Administration to which his Excellency has compatriots. But in the state of slavery in which the iron throught fit to give his confidence, as must inevitably drive the latter, covered with shame and defeat, to the more obscure latter, covered with shame and defeat, to the more obscure be accomplished, I had as a Canadian, but one duty to perform—that of maintaining the honourable character which has always distinguished our compatriots, and to which our most

We need make no further extracts. He that speaks in such inderwent a change, and the discovery should be made, that, instead of wanting tact, the new Governor-General is rather hon. speaker, can never make much impression on an English House. Ciceronian sentences, rounded periods, appeals to duty and compatriots, slaps on the breast, and lofty looks, are all well enough as words and gestures; but the air of a United Parliament at Kingston is far less favourable to their making an im-We insert elsewhere, a return of the new names added to the pression than was the Chambre du Committé de la Pipe, at

MR. HINCKS PUT IN THE WITNESS BOX.

itself to his patriotism. So long as the hon. gentleman continues to enlighten the Council Chamber with his knowledge, are "pit hforked" into the Commission, while those elected as Councillors, have been rejected!! A good proof of consulting the "well understood wishes of the people!!"

A vast number in the Commission, cannot qualify as now required by law, upon an unincumbered real estate of £300 yalue—several are not even freeholders, but mere occupants of Clergy Lots!!!

As for the three R. R. R.'s, (reading, writing, and arithme-

When all doubt of actual rebellion had vanished, did he not, while the whole country was in arms, quietly remain at home neglectful of his duty as a subject, and by his apathy give good cause for suspicion?

Can he produce a single evidence who will say that he ever in any way exerted himself to defeat the rebellious purposes of

McKenzie?
Were not every one of the leading conspirators his political and personal friends, with whom he had, up to the very day of the outbreak, been in constant communication and correspon-

POSTAGE.—The year 1842 is in its third quarter, with no visible signs of any reduction in the tax on Letters, although a commission was appointed many, many months back, to

onsider the subject.

A letter from Halifax, Nova Scotia (arriving by the packet), A letter from Halifax, Nova Scotia (arriving by the packet), and forwarded to any place in the Province, costs 2s. 2d.

A letter from Dundas, a distance of five miles, is  $4\frac{1}{2}$ d.

A letter from any part of Great Britain to any part of the

country, it may be doubted whether they will give the weight of an address to the Crown, although for a benefit that would

be felt, and gratefully received, through the length and breadth of the land.

In failure of this, petitions from the inhabitants should be sent to her Majesty, through her Representatives, praying for the reduction, which petitions are certain of being favourably received, and will as certainly be acceded to from the fact The "Mephistopheles" from Newgate is still pursuing his consistent career of stratagem, falsehood, dexterous cunning, and unprincipled finesse, which must and shall be defeated and unprincipled finesse, which must and shall be defeated and

The Legislature have been occupied during the last two

more of reflection than most men are willing to bestow upon so melancholy a subject. But the responsibility rests, and must rest, upon him, for no constraint of opposition—no overwhelming vote of want of confidence—nothing short of infatuation, and a want of confidence—nothing short of infatuation, and a want of confidence in himself and his measures, led him to surrender at discretion to a set of men hostile to the connexion which he is bound by his oaths to support and preserve unimpaired.

Even now, were His Excellency only resolute, the presence of the Attorney General for Canada East, in his place in the House of Assembly, on the 13th September, as given in the Minerve, would fill up half the reading space in our pare, so that we can only enlighten our readers by giving an outline of three or four men in his Cabinet could not avail to render in the Minerve, would fill up half the reading space in our pare, so that we can only enlighten our readers by giving an outline of three or four men in his Cabinet could not avail to render in the Minerve, would fill up half the reading space in our pare, so that we can only enlighten our readers by giving an outline of three or four men in his Cabinet could not avail to render in the Minerve, would fill up half the reading space in our pare, so that we can only enlighten our readers by giving an outline of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of the day, instead of being dependent on the Administration of th

nations, when her influence would be available in the present state of politics.

The liberal or republican journals in Madrid give horrible accounts of the excesses committed in Catalonia by Zurbano, who, it seems, is putting down republicanism with a strong hand.

Baldwin, and as necessary to "liberty of action" to call Mr. Baldwin could not sit at the Baldwin to the Cabinet. But Mr. Baldwin could not sit at the Baldwin to the Cabinet. But Mr. Draper or Mr. Sherwood. Mr Lafon-Council Table with Mr. Draper or Mr. Sherwood. Mr Lafon-Council Tab sideration. Hon. Mr. Neilson complained of the present system of hurried legislation; it resembled too much the proceed take whatever was offered to it, whether containing abuses or not. They (the Ministry) might possibly have a fellowfeeling in favour of abuses : he disapproved of proceeding in

this reckless manner.

The celebrated Audubon is here, for the purpose of obtaining the patronage of the house to his new work, "the Beasts of America." The specimens he has brought with him are exquisite. Great interest is excited by the presence of so celebrated a man. His appearance is venerable and noble, and his manners most amiable. It is understood (and all lovers of literature will be pleased to hear it) that his visit will not

Tuesday Evening, Four o' Clock. £500 has just been voted in Committee of Supply to Dr. Rolph, introduced by a very ungracious speech from the Inspector-General, intimating that the Doctor's services would not again be employed, on the plea that an emigrant agent in England was not wanted.

A desultory discussion took place the same evening, on the wite of £5,000 to meet the current expenses of the year.—

Mr. Merritt complained that no economy had resulted from
the Union, although the diminution of expense was a favourite argument for it: he thought one Attorney-General enough for the United Province; and the same with other office which at present were divided. Sir A. McNab was of the same opinion, especially as it would have the effect of lessening the number of ministerial votes in the house, which at present, including Mr. Parke, amounted to 11: he thought they possessed too absolute a control over the house. Mr. Thompson was of opinion that our official expenditure should be assimilated to that of the State of New York, where the salaries were not more than one-fourth of ours. Mr. Cartwright would pay the officers of the Government well, and then they would have no temptation to commit fraud in their offices. Other members spoke to the same

The bill authorising the loan of a million and a half, under the guarantee of the Imperial Government, to be expended on public works in this Province, was read a second time, and Mr. Hincks moved that it should be engrossed. This brought up Sir A. McNab, who protested against a measure of such importance being hurried through without going into committee. The bill had been introduced pursuant to resolutions of the house, yet he found in it a clause placing the whole sum in the hands of the Board of Works and the Provincial Government. Mr. Boulton coincided; he had confidence in the principles on which the present Ministry came into office; if they maintained those principles he should support them, and not otherwise; he would not entrust such power to any set of men; it would invest them with an influence of the most corrupt character; by favouring portions of the Province, they could at any time controll the elections. Mr. Harrison contended that that clause conferred no new power on the Government it was the same thing whether it were inserted or not. Neilson recommended that the clause should be struck out .-After some further discussion, Mr. Hincks consented to refer the bill to the committee of the whole. He thought, however, that the objections which had been raised were entirely captious. The house then went into Committee. McNub repeated his objections: he did not think them captious: he would not trust such extensive power to the Governor and the Executive Council. The Board of Works had already been accused of gross misconduct: he moved an amendment, to alter the clause, by omitting the objectionable part. Mr. Harrison defended the clause. Mr. Boulton did not like to give any man the power of putting his had so deeply into the public purse: he could not expect his constituents to return him to the house again if he did so; the nower this asserted is to be made Secretary for Canada East. He is Hitherto it has been the fashion with many to consider Sir inveterate enemies have rendered homage. That character, barks as a weak man; but after the publication of this orrespondence, we should not be surprised if public opinion when the public opinion were supported by the consider Sir inveterate enemies have rendered homage. That character, and to which our most part. Mr. Harrison defended the clause. Mr. Boulton did not like to give any man the power of putting his had so deeply we need make no further extracts. He that speaks in such not like to give any man the power to pure this constituents to into the public purse: he could not expect his constituents to return him to the house again if he did so: the power this clause gave was frightful. Mr. Williams disapproved of the clause gave was frightful. clause. Mr. Moffatt thought that the clause gave Govern clause. Mr. Moffatt thought that the clause gave Government too much power to select particular works: he contended that all should proceed at once, as the house had intended. Mr. Hincks defended the clause, and, in so doing, contradicted himself more than once, first asserting that the clause had been introduced for the express purpose of enabling Government to make a selection, and then arguing that they merely sought to carry out the law: the powe (From the Cobourg Star.)

We hope the hon, the Inspector General will feel all due gratitude for the opportunities the Conservative press have allowed him for wiping off that slight suspicion which attaches itself to his patriotism. So long as the hon, gentleman con-

Message of his Excellency and the Despatch accompanying, relative to the Scat of Government, when Dr. Christie moved the first of the resolutions of which he had given notice, as

"That it is the undoubted prerogative of the Crown, and "That it is the undoubted prerogative of the Crown, and conformable to the positive enactments of the Statute of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, under which this house is constituted and assembled, 'that the place or places within any part of the Province of Canada for bolding each and every session of the Legislative Council and Assembly should be fixed under the authority of the Crown,'"

This was opposed by Sir Allan McNab, who moved an amendment, and, after a lengthy discussion on the prerogative of the Crown, and whether it was the prerogative of the Crown to fix the location of the Seat of Government, the original motion was carried.

Dr. Chesitie then moved:—

An Act to regulate the Inspection of Pot and Pearl Ashes.
An Act to regulate the Inspection and Measurement of Timber, Masts, Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of a like nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and other articles of all ke nature, intended Spars, Deals, Staves, and ot

original motion was carried.

NAYS—Messrs. Cameron, Cartwright, Johns, Mode, Panscombe, Holmes, Boswell, Parent, Bouthillier, Foster, Cooke,
Leslie, Sherwood, Papiueau, Black, D. McDonell, Child,
Gilchrist, Williams, Parke, Derbishire, McLean, Burnet, Stecle,
Morris, Woods, De Witt, Neilson, L. M. Viger, D. B. Viger,
Christie, Quesnel, Kimber, Tasche, Taschereau, Barthe, Turcotte, Turgeon, McCulloch, Noel, Henry Smith, Delisle, Johnston, Harrison, Daly, Roblin, Chesley, Hall, Berthelot, Forbes, (one name wanting)—51.

Quehec, Montreal, and Bytown were then respectively

named, but only a few votes were given for each, members from Lower Canada seeming determined not to be drawn into a vote upon Montreal.

Sir Allan Macnab moved his former amendment, on which a division took place. Yeas, 20—Nays, 40.

In the course of the debate, Mr. Cartwright, having said that

In the course of the debate, Mr. Cartwright, naving san that "if honourable gentlemen persisted in the course which he imagined them to be pursuing to transfer the Seat of Government to Lower Canada, the question of the Repeal of the Union would be seriously agitated, and he questioned much if it would not effect a Repeal within three years,"—several French Canadian members cried out so MUCH THE BETTER.

Summary of Parliamentary and Political Intelligence. Mr. Lafontaine has been returned for the Fourth Riding.

At the close, the Poll stood thus; Lafontaine,.... At the General Election, that cannot be far off, there is no doubt, if proper organization be used, that a British opponent of the Hincks-Wakefield Cabinet will be elected.

gentleman was to vindicate his own conduct in refusing to take office, unless Cabinet changes were allowed to take place, and to enable members to understand more clearly the condition.

Hastings will only be more and more irritated against the present wicked proceedings, levelled at their rights and liber-Things must be worse, before they can be better. British and loyal population must feel the chains, before they will begin to rise against their oppressors.

will begin to rise against their oppressors.

The Third Riding Election commenced on Monday, at the Rouge Hill, in the township of Scarborough. Messrs. F. Leys and Cornell proposed and seconded Captain Macaulay; and Messrs. Peter Perry and Peter Secord did the same for Mr. Small. Mr. Small spoke very feebly, and seems to be supported with a very ill grace by the Radicals. Capt. Macaulay addressed the people with much force and good sense; showed the extravasance and pension-jobbing of the Government. extravagance and pension-jobbing of the Government, and de scribed its principal supporter, Mr. Edward Gibbon Wakefield in plain and faithful language. One of Mr. Small's flags had serted on it "Britains never shall be slaves,"

and Capt. Macaulay made a very good hit out of this, telling his opponents that they were already half enslaved to a French Faction, and could not even spell the word "Britons". The polling on Monday was discontinued at about 4 o'clock;

ceased at four o'clock :-

Macaulay ...... 229 Parliament, we believe, was prorogued yesterday.

Mr. Chesley, the member for Cornwall, has been dismissed, t is said, from a government office worth £300 per annum, ecause be voted against Government in the matter of the Mr. Secretary Harrison, who is the deadly and dangerous enemy of British connexion, and who rules the House of Assembly, exclaiming, "I know my power," and making it felt. Such men as the Wakefields, the Harrisons, and the Hinckses are sent to punish us for our sins; and they are plagues and visitations well fitted to torment a guilty land. Our only hope is in God's goodness; and, in the words of our Liturgy, we most fervently pray that our Almighty Father rebellion," and the aiders and rewarders of thes

It has already been stated that Mr. Dunn has publicly expressed his disgust at the appointment of Mr. Hincks, and his belief that his *Honourable* colleague was more implicated in the Rebellion, than Dr. John Rolph. An anecdote is now current Rebellion, than Dr. John Rolph. An affector is now current in Kingston, which will still further approve the propriety of Mr. Hincks's appointment: A Dr. Smiley, from Rochester, lately visited Kingston, bringing a letter of introduction to Mr. Hincks, from his (Mr. Hincks's) friend and intimate poli-Mr. Hincks, from his (Mr. Hincks s) friend and intimate political associate, William Lyon Mackenzie. This letter was presented to Mr. Hincks in the public news-room, and struck him, as it were, with a bullet. He rushed out in dismay, and left onm, as it were, with a buller. He rushed out in dismay, and left Dr. Smiley exceedingly augry at such an abrupt reception.—
Mr. Hincks, however, subsequently saw Dr. Smiley, and enlarged upon his want of tact and common sense in presenting to him publicly a letter from such a quarter. This explanation irritated, instead of appearing, Dr. Smiley, and he has returned to Bealer the delaying that he mile on the health returned to Rochester, declaring that he will soon be back with the

sserted, is to be made Secretary for Canada East. He is quite good enough for the Government, as at present constituted, and we really do rejoice at the contemplation of this unequalled outrage upon all law, buman and divine. We do rejoice we say, because nothing but a thunder-storm can clear the foulness of our political atmosphere—and if Mr. Wakefield's appointment does not ensure the recall of Sir Charles B. Charles Bagot, we must consider that the Home Government has surrendered the loyalists to ruin, and prepare ourselves for The Press continues to battle nobly for British liberty and

British connexion: it is an honour to be connected with it.

## PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

(From the Canada Gazette.) LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER, KINGSTON, WEDNESDAY, 12th October, 1842.

This day at 1 o'clock, P. M., His Excellency the Governor General proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Legislative Council in the Parliament Building. The Members of the Legislative Council being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the Legislative Assembly, and that House being present, the following Bills were assented to in Her Majesty's name by His Excellency the Governor General, viz:—

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

The house went into committee of the whole upon the Iessage of his Excellency and the Despatch accompanying, elative to the Seat of Government, when Dr. Christic moved

Province.

An Act for the qualification of Justices of the Peace.

An Act to amend the Act therein mentioned, relative to the desertion of Seamen and others in the Sea Service.

An Act for better proportioning the punishment to the offence in certain case.

Harbour Company.

An Act to change the place of the Registry Office for the County of Middlesex.

Province.

An Act to make provision for the management of the Temporalities of the United Church of England and Ireland, in the Diocese of Quebec, in this Province, and for other purposes therein mentioned. The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly then presented the following money Bill:

An Act to grant certain sums to Her Majesty for defraying certain indispensable expenses of the Civil Government, during the periods therein mentioned.

indispensable expenses of the Civil Government, during the indispensable expenses of the Civil Governor-General gave the Royal To which His Excellency the Governor-General gave the Royal Sanction in the usual terms, and closed the Second Session of the First Provincial Parliament with the following— SPEECH.

Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

Although I anticipated, when I called you together, that your consideration night have been given at the present Session to such public business of importance as seemed to require your early attention, yet I am induced, by reasons of public convenience, and with a view to an early resumption of our joint labours, to put a close to the present Session.

I have to thank you for the zeal and assiduity with which you have considered and perfected the various measures in which the short period of the Session has been occupied. These, I trust, will be an earnest to the Country of the principles by which I am guided, and of the advantages which may be expected from the cordial and united efforts of the several branches of the Provincial Legislature.

Gentlemen of the House of Assembly : I thank you, in the name of her Majesty, for the liberality with which you have voted the Supplies requisite for the Public Service; and for your ready co-operation in carrying out the views of her Majesty's Government.

Honourable Gentlemen and Gentlemen :

In relieving you, for the present, from further attendance in your Legislative capacity, I would express my confident hope, that when you return to your homes, you will use your just influence in promoting, in your several Districts, that unanimity and good feeling which it has been my endeavour to establish; and in diffusing those hopes of permanent peace and prosperity, in which I trust you will unite with me in believing that we may now, under Providence, be permitted to indulge. vidence, be permitted to indulge.

The Honourable the Speaker of the Legislative Council then declared the Provincial Parliament prorogated to the 18th day of November next.

CLEAL returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal patronage he received while in business, and begs to state that he purposes re-opening his es ablishment on Saturday next, 15th inst., when by close attention to his business, he hopes to merit a continuance of past favours. 73 King Street, Toronto, 11th Oct., 1842,

ADAM TOWNLEY, Secretary H. D. C. A.

WM. GOODERHAM, R. C. McMULLEN,

A T the request of a number of distinguished families, Mr. Goorwane has decided upon establishing his Academy permanently in Toronto. He feels grateful for the patronage he has received, and rusts that his assisting and attention will entitle him to a continuance PENMANSHIP TAUGHT BY THE REAL INVENTOR DIMSELF. MANNER OF EXECUTION.—Off-hand Penmanship, by the action of he whole arm; as also a swift finished business style, by the fore-arm and hand, adapted to letters, bills, orders, notes, sales, receipts, and nished journal entry. In a word, every person from the age of 10 to 10 years may be taught to write with ease, elegance and freedom in

The Clergy of the Home District are respectfully informed that the lext Meeting of the Association will be held (D. V.) on Wednesday and Thursday, the 19th and 20th of October, at the Rev. James Marath's, Springfield, Dundas Street.

NOTICE

TS hereby given that all persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. Dan'l Cleal, of this City, Baker, are requested to pay the amount immediately to Mr. R. C. McMullen, at the Office of Messrs. Wm. Gamble & Co., Market Buildings, who is authorized to receive the same, and settle all matters connected with the Estate.

(Signed)

BENJ. THORNE.

DANIEL CLEAL.

Ten Lessons of One Hour Each! y W. C. Goodwane, who was honoured with the last prize granted y the National Convention of School Masters, held in London, June Find, 1841.

Ladies' Class daily at 3 o'elock, in the Academy, but if desired, they will be waited on at their own residences. They are taught a beautiful flowing hand, and the only one now practised in the most fashionable circles throughout Europe,

Gentlemen meet at various hours during the day. Night Classes 7, Sentiment a trace at the sent of England were instructed by Mr. Good-wane; the Governor and Company have often expressed their high approbation of the system pursued by Mr. G.

LADIES SEMINARIES ATTENDED.

MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co. BEG to inform their Correspondents and the Trade generally that they have been receiving extensive additions to their stock, which render their assortment of

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS. SHELF HARDWARE. BRANDIES. WINES. AND GROCERIES.

very complete and general, well worthy the attention of intending purchasers.

Toronto, 3rd October, 1842.

274-2m AUCTION SALE. BY THE SUBSCRIBERS OF

TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &C. AT THE STORES OF Messrs. MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co ON THURSDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT, WILL BE SOLD:

50 hhds. Bright Muscovado Sugar,
5 do. Crushed Loaf do.
10 do. Best London Refined do. in 101b. Loaves,
5 do. do. do. do. in 6lb. do.
50 boxes Young Hyson Tea, some particularly fine, 5 chests best do. do.

10 cattles of Dest do.
15 chests Twankay de.
10 do. Congou de.
30 boxes Pouchong do. in papers,
10 thids superior Hollands Gin. "Tulip" and "Swan" Brands,
10 do. fine old Cognac Brandy, "Martel" and "O'Tard" Brands
2 do.
10 qrs. do. do. "Rizat" do.

Schiedam Gin, 1 dos. each, Madeira, Port, and Sherry Wines, some very fine,

TERMS.—Under £25, Cash; from £25 to £200, three months; over 200, four months' credit will be given, om furnishing approved en-Sale at 2 o'clock punctually. THOS. CLARKSON & Co. Toronto, 4th October, 1842.

Herald .- Colonist .- Church .- and Patriot. FOR SALE, BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

A T PRESS'S HOTEL. HAMILTON, on Tuesday, the 25th day of October, 1842, at Twelve o'clock, noon—Terms, Cash—by order of the Assignee of the Estate of William Scott Burn, Esq., The House and Grounds of "Chedoke,"

in a most healthy, beautiful and picturesque situation, having a com-manding view of Hamilton, Dundas, the Lakes, and surroundin country.

The House is substantially built of Stone, is well finished, and in thorough repair, containing Twelve Rooms, ample Cellarage and lee House, a Pump in the Kitchen, with a never-failing supply of excellent water; a beautiful ornamental Flower Garden, and a good Kitcheu Garden adjoining, an Orchard well-stocked with Fruit Trees in full

The Grounds comprise nearly Eighteen Acres, on which is a good three-s'all Statue, Barn. Sheds. Root-house, Smoke-house, Poultry-yard, Rustic Lodge, containing four rooms, and all enclosed with a close Park fence.

To be viewed only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from close Park fence.

To be viewed only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from Twelve to Four o'clock, and with Cards of Admission, for which and, other particulars, apply to R. O. Duggasa or Joun O. Harri, Esqus, Ilamilton; Messrs, Draper & Brough, Toronto, or to the subscriber

Hamilton, 12th September, 1842. DAVID BURN, Assignce. CONTRACTS FOR LOCKS

ON THE WELLAND CANAL. ON THE WELLIAND CANAL.

TENDERS will be received until the 20th October, 1842, at the Office of the Board of Works, in Kingston, for the construction of 17 (seventeen) Locks on the Welland Canal, and the excavation of the Lock-pits and intervening Reaches. It will not be necessary for those who tender to remain either at Kingston or St. Catharines.—The person whose Tender may be accepted, will receive, by Post, notice thereof, from the Secretary of the Board of Works.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the Welland Canal Office, St. Catharines, after the 10th October.

Securities, resident in the Province, will be required.

Welland Canal Office,
Sept. 20, 1842.

THE CANADA SPELLING BOOK. RECENTLY Published, and sold by Booksellers generally, that Third Edition of this School Book. A liberal allowance to the Trade, and to purchasers by the quantity.

ALEXR. DAVIDSON, Post Master.
Niagara, 23rd September, 1842.

KING STREET,

Opposite H. & W. Rowsell, The Church Printing Office. J. HOWARD.

Silk Manufacturer of Ludies' Dress Fringes. CORDS, Tassels, Gimps, Buttons, and other Fancy Articles, made to order. Ladies making their own Mantilla Shawls, Long Shawls, Capes, &c., can have them fringed in the London and French

style.

N.B.—Upholstery Trimmings made to order. Orders from the country punctually attended to.

September, 1842. WANTED A PERSON of good English education, who can be well recom-mended as to moral and religious principles, and who would be willing to make herself generally useful in housekeeping, &c. Apply to the Editor of this paper.

12th October, 1842.

After a debate the question was put upon the amendment of Sir Allan Macnab which was lost, and the original resolution carried,

The House resumed when the question of concurrence was put. Mr. Boulton moved in amendment that Toronto is preferable to Kingston for the location of the Seat of Government.—On this the following division took place:—

On this the following division took place:—

YEAS—Messrs. Hincks, Dunn, Merritt, Harmanus Smith, Powell, Hopkins, Boulton, Moffatt, Simpson, Thomson, J. S. McDonnell, Sir Allan Macnab—12.

NAYS—Messrs. Cameron, Cartwright, Jones, Moore, Dunscombe, Holmes, Boswell, Parent, Bouthillier, Foster, Cooke, Leslie, Sherwood, Papineau, Black, D. McDonnell, Child, Gilchrist, Williams, Parke, Perbishire, McLean, Burnet, Steele, Morris, Woods, De Witt, Neilson, L. M. Viger, D. B. Viger, Christie, Quesuel, Kimber, Tasche, Taschereau, Barthe, Tur-Vivine.

Harbour Company. And ct to change the place of the Registry Office for the Countred for the Montreal Fire Assurance Company and tethe said Corporation.

And ct to grant further powers to the Montreal Fire Assurance Company under the style and title of the Am Act to incorporate a Company under the style and title of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Association of the Roman Ca-An Act to incorporate the Charitable Ass

BIRTHS.

At Chatham, on the 1st insts, the lady of James Read, Esq. J. P., of twins—son and daughter.

At Quebec, on the 3rd inst., the lady of the Rev. George Cowell, A.M., Chaplain to H. M. Forces, of a son.

MARRIED.

At Niagara, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. Thomas Croen, Mr. John Mills, of the Township of Bayham, London District, to Miss Catharline Kemp.

At Montreal, by the Rev. Messire Manseau, Vicar General, and afterwards by the Rev. J. Ramsay, Lleut. Colonel Whyte, 7th Queen's Own Hussars, to Mary Ann Jessy, third daughter of the late Mons. de Montenach, Patrician of Fribourg, Switzerland, and of Mary Elizabeth Grant, daughter of the late Baroness de Longueult.

In Christ's Church, Montreal, on the 4th instant, by the Rev. J. Ramsay, Bartholomew Wall, of the Queen's Own 7th Hussars, to Miss Susan Foster of that city.

At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. W. Chaderton, Mr. S. Phillips, one of the Masters in the Quebec Classical School, to Martha, youngest daughter of the late Mr. D. Jameson, of Lewiskam, Kent, Eugland.

At Laprairie, on the 1st instant, by the Rev. F. Broome, at the residence of A. F. Alexander, Esq., M. D., Mr. A. F. Gundlack, to Matilda Julia, daughter of the late Austin Leonard, Esq. M. D. At Burford, on the 29th list. at the house of Major Weir, by the Rev. George Petrie, Charles C. Nelson, of the Town of Chatham, Western District. Esquire, to Miss Mary Jane Van Allen, of the Township of Burford, Brouk District.

Township of Burford, Brock District.

DIED.

In this city, on the 10th inst., Mr. Christopher Clarke.
At Simcoe, or the 15th Sept., Agnes, eldest daughter of the late
Mr. Alexander White, in the 23rd year of her age;—and, on the 26th
of the same month, Helen, youngest and only surviving child of the
same,—a few days hefore, she completed her 21st year.

The sisters, whose deaths are above recorded, were the only support
of a widowed mother. They were much respected in the nelighbourhood for their plous and exemplary conduct, and the persevering
industry with which they conducted a school, and followed other
occupations, for the support of themselves and their parent. The
eldest possessed a superior and well-cultivated mind, and the younger
was remarkable for her kindness of heart, her affection for her
mother and sister, and gentleness to the children in their school.

Grief for the death of her sister brought on the fever of which the
latter died. Their cottage and garden were, under the care and
tasteful cultivation of the sisters, a picture of neatness and rustic
beauty. In no case, perhaps, could the words of David be more aptly
applied, for they were indeed "lovely and pleasant in their lives,
and in their death they were not divided."

The consolation of the bereaved mother under this terrible affliction, is the knowledge that they died in the faith of Christ their
Redeemer, and in the "sure and certain hope of a resurrection to
eternal life."

Simcoe, Talbot District, Oct, 4, 1842

LETTERS received during the week ending Friday, October 13th:—
Lord Bishop of Montreal; Dr. Mackelcan; Rev. A. F. Atkinson, rem.; Rev. G. Petrie; Rev. T. B. Fuller, rem; Rev. M. Burnham, add. sub.; Rev. C. B. Gribble, rem.; Rev. R. J. Macgeorge [next. week]; Rev. J. G. Geddes, rem; Rev. Dr. Bethune, add. subs.; F. Griffin Esq. [No. 45 sent]; Dr. Grasett [none to be had]; W. Wharin Esq., add. sub.; Mr. W. H. White, P. M.; Rev. J. Johnston, rem. [the matter shall be cheerfully attended to.]

In the same number of the Gazette, is a Proclamation ordering the COURT OF CHANCERY TO BE REMOVED TO TORONTO ON THE 1ST NO-VEMBER NEXT.

THOMAS A CORBETT, Esq. has been Gazetted Sheriff of the Midland District, in the place of Allan MacDonell Esq., removed.

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