THE TORONTO WORLD

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE 42 MELINDA-STREET, TORONTO.
W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year . . . $4.00 | Four Months . . . $1.00
Six Months . . . 2.00 | One Month . . . 25

No charge for city delivery or postage. Subscriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

FOR EACH LINE OF AGATE TYPE.

Ordinary advertisements, fifteen cents per line. Financial statements, twenty-five cents per line. Condensed advertisements, one cent a word. Deaths, Marriages and births, 25 cents. Special rates for contract advertisements or reading notices and for preferred positions.

The World's Telephone Call is 523.

The World has the largest circulation of any morning paper in Canada.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1888.

Abuse for the Living—Praise for the Dead.

Whenever a respectable public man dies extreme party organs are compelled to admit that they slandered him while he lived. The Globe, for instance, now truly says of the Hon. Thomas White what it never said before: That he was "a useful and amiable public man. In politics, in journalism and in the Councils of the Anglican Church he had been distinguished for many years, and had rendered great service to his associates without losing the good will of those to whom he was opposed. His vigor, clearness, solidity, versatility and readiness were remarkable, whether in speaking or writing; his temper was agreeable, and, as a Minister, he more than fulfilled the general expectation that he would display good judgment and the qualities of a faithful and laborious administrator." This is the same man upon whom the same journal expended volumes of abuse during the years he served the country in the manner by itself thus described. But, as though sorry for having to "do the decent thing" by the dead, the balance of the article is devoted, in shocking bad taste, to an attack upon Mr. White's surviving colleagues, particularly the Premier. This is like going to a funeral to weep over the coffin and abuse the other mourners. It is an exhibition of hypocrisy aggravated by impertinence, but from it Sir John can learn that if he ever expects to receive a kind word from The Globe he must first oblige it by dying.

The Salaries of Judges.

The proposal of the Dominion Government to increase the salaries of the Superior Court Judges, including those of Ontario, is a move in the right direction. But it does not remove certain anomalies that exist, and which it seems likely are to be perpetuated, unless, indeed, this article may have more effect on the Ministers of Justice that the representations that have been made to him by the parties concerned. Heretofore the Ontario judges have received $5,000 a year. All of them who were appointed before Mr. Justice Osler (himself included) have received an additional $1,000 from the Ontario Government with the exception of the four judges of the Court of Appeal who have not received it for some years. All the Ontario judges, with the exception of the four judges of the Court of Appeal, also got an allowance of $100 for expenses for each town in which they held Courts of Assize. This was equal to $1200 to $1500 a year. Out of this allowance a thrifty judge has been known to save $1000. It therefore happened that a justice (not of the Court of Appeal and Mr. Justice Osler's senior) got at least $7000 a year, out of which he had to pay his expenses in the assize towns. The judges who were Mr. Osler's juniors (and not of the Court of Appeal) got at least $6000, out of which they had to pay their assize town expenses.

The judges of the Court of Appeal, the highest court in the province, got the straight $5000 and nothing more!

Now all are to get $6000 from the Dominion Government. But the traveling judges are to get only $10 a day for expenses instead of $100 a town and this will bring their salaries to about the old figure. The Court of Appeal judges get the straight advance of $1000 and for this they seem to be duly grateful, though they still are at a loss to understand how it is they get less than the judges of the courts whose judgments they review.

The traveling judges have sent a remonstrance to Ottawa against the proposed reduction in the traveling allowances.

Mr. Charlton Disciplined.

The Globe is at last constrained, though with many "ifs" and "buts" and vain regrets, to admit the utter lack of sincerity shown by Mr. John Charlton, M.P., in demanding reciprocity in everything save a business in which he is more or less personally interested. Had any man but one of its own faction been guilty of this, The Globe would go into fits over his turpitude.

The best the orzan can find to say in defence of Mr. Charlton is that he has made "elevated speeches" in advocacy of Unrestricted Reciprocity, alias C.U., or, practically, Annexation. "Elevated speeches" is good. The phrase recalls the gentleman's habit of getting himself up on high moral stilts when dealing with the faults, real or imaginary, of others, but when No. 1 is concerned he returns to earth and becomes even as common clay. The pharisaism of the thing is what we chiefly object to. We are sick and tired of people who go about expounding their own perfections at the expense of their neighbors' reputations and feelings, and we judge that the electors are weary of them, too.

Retaliation Still a Long Way Off.

Both The Globe and The Mail have been so bent upon the commercial surrender of Canada to the United States that they have tried their best to bulldoze our people into submission. They have been profuse in their predictions of the "retaliation" that would follow if we did not promptly surrender at Mr. Wiman's bidding, and acknowledge that Washington is the capital of these provinces as well as of the States. Their hopes of terrifying the Canadian people into consent have, on their own avowal, been largely based on the expected potency of "retaliation" in railway matters. By some Act of Congress, or of the President, or of both together, a sudden stop was to be put to the carrying of American freight on Canadian railways. That, it was urged, would soon bring us to our marrow-bones, and give an easy victory to Commercial Union.

But there is another party that insists on being heard on this question, and it is going to make itself heard, too. And that is, the people of the Northwestern States. They feel themselves to be a pretty heavy end of the Union now, and they think that their end is quite heavy enough to overbalance any influence which would deprive them of the beneficial competition which the Canadian railways give them. Of this we may rest assured, that the whole Northwest of the United States, from Chicago to San Francisco, will rise in rebellion against any such proposal as that made by Gen. Wilson in Congress so to amend the interstate Commerce law as to stop Canadian Railways from carrying American freight. That is not going to be done. The Northwest of the United States is big enough to put a very heavy foot on it.

The Chicago Times of Saturday has a letter from "A Merchant," showing how General Wilson's retaliatory proposal would injure American interests. The writer takes the Chicago view, which is, of course, that of the Northwestern States generally. Important differences of views between Chicago on one hand and St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Duluth on the other hand, have been developed; but as to the value of Canadian connecting links all these otherwise adverse interests are agreed.

We note that the writer, in order to show that the Canadian Government is not to blame, makes this quotation, which appears to be of present interest:

Under date of Dec. 16, 1887, Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs for the Dominion of Canada, over his signature, said: "Nothing has been done by this department to interfere with the bonding system as it exists now and has existed for years. The Northern Pacific and its connections are treated in precisely the same way as all other roads in the transmission of goods in transit through the United States, and grain shipped from the west which has been properly loaded in Canada, sealed and certified to by the Canadian customs officers, and manifested through the United States, on re-entering the Dominion it would be recognized as a shipment from a Canadian port."

Judging by the probabilities—Northwestern probabilities especially—we should judge that "retaliation," as prayed for by The Globe and The Mail, is still a long way off. Those dastard advocates of surrender may yet learn that things will not go altogether to suit them in the United States, let alone in Canada.

A Cabinet Minister's Work.

The death of the Hon. Thomas White, at a time when all who knew him believed him to be a strong, healthy man, with many years more of good work in him, suggests some reflections. Much might be said on that old story, "he took cold," which is so frequently the story of death following. Perhaps it might be better were it more generally recognized, at Ottawa at all events, that the demands of a cold winter climate are really more imperative than those of fashion merely. Ottawa has its sub-Arctic nights, on which a "dress suit" is most emphatically not the thing to wear, from a medical point of view.

But it is of something else that we would now speak. And that is—the tremendous overwork which waits on any Dominion Minister who really "faces the music," and tries conscientiously to do the work of his department. For the amount of work involved Mr. White's is one of the heaviest, if not the heaviest of all. An average of 2000 letters received per day is no joke. Of course subordinates do the heft of this, but we can see that the chief can have no idle time, if he lays himself out to do his duty. And this Mr. White did—in fact he did it too much for his own good. We are accustomed to speak of the Canadian Northwest as a great country, or one destined to be; but perhaps we do not half realize what its demands are even now upon any minister who undertakes to do his whole duty in that department.

People who go to Ottawa to "see" Ministers sometimes wonder why the latter can't spare time for just a few minutes. With more knowledge of the facts, they would not wonder so much. Talk about the administrative work done for sixty millions of people by the President and his seven Ministers in Washington. But note that none of them have to make speeches in Congress, or to any electoral constituency. We have our admiration for the British system, but let us admit that under it able and ambitious men are sometimes tempted to kill themselves with overwork.

The Hard Worked Farmer's Wife.

The World renews its feelings of almost inexpressible esteem for The Hamilton Times and its florid young editor, and trusts that the latter is carefully storing his mind with the contents of The World articles on the butter industry of Canada, so that he may unfold the same to the many rich and happy farmers who live in the flourishing county of Wentworth, and many of whom read his elegant editorial ramblings.

If there were seven creameries in Wentworth, say only one in each township, it would mean that the butter product of that county would be increased in value by $150,000 a year! Why does not The Times, therefore, lay the facts before its readers and keep at them to adopt the creamery system?—there by greatly increasing the revenue of the farmers as well as the comforts of those who have to eat their butter—not always an easy task.

With three creameries in each township of Wentworth the profits of the farmers would be still greater. And look what a benefactor The Times man would be to the farmer's wife and daughter. Already the eyes of the entire female portion of the farming community are turned toward the young man of The World who are engaged in the noble task of removing the making of butter from the duties of the overworked women on Canadian farms. Let the editor of The Times share in this noble work.

When the creamery system is adopted our farmers will be richer, their wives and daughters will have less hard work, the butter that we eat will be better, and those papers that assisted to bring about the reform will be apotheosized. Now, Brother Gardener, will you be one?

A flaw has been found in the bylaw to make the water rates payable twice a year, so that the bi-yearly payments cannot be enforced until legislation is had from the Ontario Assembly. The measure is a good one, and was strongly recommended by Judge McDougall after his inquiry. Those who wish, however, to pay their rates twice a year are still free to do so, and we are glad to learn that a great many citizens are so doing.

Esteemed contemporaries remark that sick people continue to die under the operations of the "faith cure." So they do under other systems of "cure," so where's the odds?

According to the New York papers the strike of the working brewers of that city has collapsed—is on its bier, so to speak.

The New York Sun states it as a cold fact that "a mosquito can bite a lion." But a mosquito can't buck the tiger.

Have you seen an agitation agitating itself anywhere lately? A city contemporary which started it a couple of weeks ago is mean enough to keep the whereabouts of it a profound secret.

The Smith's Falls Independent states that for two years past the population of that town has increased at the rate of 500 per year, and prospects for the future are good. Thus does the horrid N. P. get in its work on our innocent villagers by covering their pleasant goose pastures with buildings.

In Their New Habitation.

There is an attractive show at 99 Yonge-street. Here in newly fitted up and extensive premises is as choice a collection of hats and furs as Toronto possesses. The proprietors are the well known firm of James Harris & Co., who have removed from Bay and King-streets owing to the great increase in their business. The old stand was cribbed, cabined and confined for the volume of trade. In 1886 Harris & Co. took the gold medal for furs shown at the Toronto Exhibition. Their reputation has since increased, and their stock is replete with the richest and latest novelties. Fine hats, wholesale and retail, are to be a chief feature in the new store. Amongst the latest novelties are ladies' yachting caps and others of very pretty designs. But the display of furs is the great attraction. The premises are spacious enough to display these to the best advantage. The show rooms are beautifully carpeted and decorated. The factory is aloft, and here many hands are employed under the practical personal supervision of the head of the firm. Crowds inspect the windows, but a tour of the new store is strongly recommended.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock get him to procure it for you. x

Another West End Sensation.

Another name is mentioned in the West End as likely to create some sensation among the general public, and in fact is doing so now. T. K. Rogers, the proprietor of the Globe Clothing House, is giving bargains in clothing that make the whole city talk. Everyone wanting a genteel suit at a price guaranteeing value for money should go to Mr. Rogers, 420 Queen-street west.

Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum is made from the sap of one of the finest trees in Mexico. x

LACROSSE BOYS ABROAD.

TORONTOS DEFEATED BY THE OLD RIVALS, JERSEY CITY.

League and Association Games Yesterday—Wrestling for the Championship of Canada—A "Go-as-You-Please" in Montreal—Latest English Betting.

LONDON, April 9.—We reached the world's metropolis this morning after a most delightful and rapid run from Manchester, and will play Cambridge University this afternoon on the Queen's Club grounds, Kensington. We have put up at the First Avenue Hotel, Holbook, and are splendidly accommodated. Our impressions of London are yet unmade.

To return to Yorkshire where my last letter left us. After our two uninteresting games respectively against Yorkshire and Cheshire and again: Yorkshire and Notts, and the hardships encountered at the hands of a merciless weather clerk, we found ourselves ripe for any amusement, and especially for that which since our coming to England has become a passion which would surprise many of our friends. I refer to the pleasure of more or less persistent antiquarian research. Mr. Ben Schofield, the head and front of our hosts in Yorkshire, had provided for a Thursday's amusement that proved equal to that experienced with the Manchester men at Chatsworth and Haddon Hall on Good Friday. On the inevitable four-in-hand drag a jolly party of fourteen, with fat luncheon baskets, we coached out from Harrogate to the quaint old city Ripon, twelve miles distant, a city by virtue of the presence of a cathedral. In the old city square, while the bell man was proclaiming the opening of the market, our horses were bated. Leaving the city again we went back three miles to Studley Royal, the hunting seat of the Marquis of Ripon, ex-Viceroy of India. Acres of well-kept park lands, beautiful wide green lawns and budding trees and hedges are comprised in the Marquis' domains. The park neighborhood was the prime favorite of that bold outlaw, Robin Hood, and of his merry men, whose stamping ground was anywhere between Barnsdale and Nottingham. We saw the stream in which Robin wrestled with Friar Tuck from the neighboring Fountains Abbey, and the still in idyllic ruins of the grand old Abbey itself. Returned to Ripon, we went through the famous cathedral, saw the Saxon chapel built in the year 670, and the fifteenth century. Then we drove back to Harrogate and as we passed Ripley Castle, a few miles out, we were afforded an opportunity of seeing Prince Albert Victor, whom we had followed a special train had conveyed to the scene of the meet of the local fox hounds. That evening we returned to Manchester. We welcomed "home" to us—we use the term to call it, as if we were prodigals returned. And we enjoyed the welcome more because it was clearly indicated that a foundation of the lacrosse feeling in Lancashire.

Friday was a day when everyone was left much to himself. Most of the members of the team visited Peel's great locomotive works and one of the players sustained a severe shock in discovering that the obliging attendant whom he had offered to "tip" was a gentleman's son paying $100 a year for his practical education. Irving and Garvin, jr., passed the day in Sheffield, being shown through several of the larger cutlery warehouses and manufactories there. In the evening they called on American civilization, Buffalo Bill's "Wild West." Was patronized.

On Saturday afternoon we played what proved to be the finest game so far played in the series. Against a team picked from the clubs in Manchester and district we scored six goals to one, but we were forced to work for every point and were not as before obliged to hold our hands in order to interest the spectators. Just how much more we could have stood I do not know. The individual members of the combined team did wonderfully good work at times, and occasionally profited so much from their observation of our tactics as to indulge in some most effective team play. In every regard they showed themselves worthy foemen. Here are the names of the contestants and officers.

TORONTO.		MANCHESTER.	
S. S. Martin	Goal.	B. Tweedale, Sh. Manch'ster.	
J. E. Garvin	Point.	F. H. Cottam, Owens Coll.	
J. W. Dyson	Cover-point.	J. Wilkinson	
A. E. Hackstaff	Defence Field.	J. Webb, Owens Coll.	
John Irving		J. Emerson, Sh. Man'chester.	
J. A. Garvin		W. L. Bentle, Owens Coll.	
Sam Struthers	Centre.	R. O. Bowman.	
F. J. Dixon	Home Field.	John Tweedale, W'thing'n	
E. E. Sewell		J. Kendal, Didsbury.	
C. A. E. McHenry		James Adam, Heaton Mer'sey.	
P. G. Schofield	Home Field.	Otto Hockmeyer, South Manchester.	
O. R. Eckhart			

Williams Sutton, Captain.
E. O. Swallow, Manchester, Referee.
E. H. Norris and E. L. Ezell, Umpires.

Gordon was absent from the lacrosse match and present at a football match in the neighborhood. As an exponent of the other great game, as well as of our own lacrosse, he has made many friends.

Each of our men was on his mettle, and even the second twelve and some young and yellow players quit them like men. Their opponents forced them to it, for, with the exception of a somewhat paternalistic look of mutual self confidence, all points of the play of the Englishmen were really excellent. The weather was glorious, and the crowd numbered some 6000 persons, among whom many were ladies. This was the largest crowd ever in attendance at a lacrosse match in England, and it was also the most enthusiastic.

In the evening we were dined at the Grand Hotel, and after our dinner were to have attended a smoking concert given by the Manchester Rugby Football Club; but fin the afternoon one of the club members broke his neck in a practice game. The party was postponed and the following morning the young fellow died. Yesterday we visited our hotel, and this morning we set out for London.

The Niagara Lacrosse Club.

NIAGARA FALLS, April 23.—The annual meeting of the Niagara Lacrosse Club was held last evening. It was decided that the Niagaras should compete for the Intermediate Championship this year. The following officers were elected: Hon. President, Dr. John Ferguson, M.P.; Hon. Vice-President, James Lowden, jr.; President, Alex. Lugsdin; Vice-President, Samuel Mitchell; Secretary, John Bampfield; Treasurer, Wm. Farrell; Captain, George Thomson. The Niagaras have blasted an new grounds at a large expense and will start practice immediately.

Lacrosse Points.

The Young Canadian Lacrosse Club has changed its name to the Maitland Club, and will be glad to receive challenges from junior organizations, the secretary's address being Wm. Robertson, 30 Scollard-street.

The Listowel Lacrosse Club has organized with the following officers: Honorary President, M. H. O'Reilly; Honorary Vice, S. Bicker; President, P. Rutherford; Vice-President, F. H. Taylor; Secretary, E. G. Poole; Treasurer, W. R. Culbert; Managing Committee, W. R. Burgess, W. J. Rothwell, P. Bernhardt, W. J. Climie, W. Stevenson; Match Committee, L. Lillico, J. J. Foster, A. H. Hawkins, A. McIntosh.

League Games Yesterday.

At Philadelphia:	R. H. E.
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 8 6
Boston	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—3 6 2
Batteries: Gleason and Clements; Clarkson and Kelly. Umpire: Daniels.	
At Pittsburg:	R. H. E.
Pittsburg	3 0 0 0 1 5 0 0 0—10 15 5
Detroit	0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 13 3
Batteries: Morris and Carroll; Getzein and Sutcliffe. Umpire: Decker.	
At Washington:	R. H. E.
Washington	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 8 2
New York	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 6 1
Batteries: O'Day and Deasley; Welch and O'Rourke. Umpire: Lynch.	

Game called on account of darkness at the end of the twelfth inning.

At Indianapolis:	R. H. E.
Indianapolis	0 2 2 0 8 1 1 1 0—13 18 5
Chicago	0 0 2 0 1 0 5 3 x—11 16 11
Batteries: Shreve and Daly; Clarke and Farrell. Umpire: Valentine.	

American Association Games Yesterday.

At St Louis:	R. H. E.
St Louis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3 9 9
Cincinnati	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 1
Batteries: King and Boyle; Mullane and Keenan. Umpire—McQuade.	
At Baltimore:	R. H. E.
Baltimore	3 1 0 0 0 0 1 2 4—11 11 3
Brooklyn	0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0—3 6 7
Batteries: Cunningham and O'Brien; Carruthers, Foutz and Bushong. Umpire—Gaffney.	
At Kansas City:	R. H. E.
Kansas City	4 0 5 2 2 1 1 0 0—15 13 6
Louisville	2 0 2 0 4 0 4 1 0—13 14 7
Batteries: Fagan, Tools and Daniels; Hexen and Cook. Umpire: Doescher.	
At Philadelphia:	R. H. E.
Athletics	0 8 2 1 3 6 6 4 4—32 32 7
Cleveland	0 0 3 0 0 1 2 0 1—7 7 20
Batteries: Weyhing and Gunning; Stemmyer and Zommer. Umpire: Ferguson.	

Exhibition Games Yesterday.

At Scranton:	R. H. E.
Scranton	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2 7 6
Syracuse	5 0 0 0 5 0 0 2 x—12 5 2
Batteries: Dundon, Higgins and Sheilhase; Birkett and Ewald.	
At Manchester, N.H.:	R. H. E.
Troy	4 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 x—7 9 12
Manchester	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 7 14
At Jersey City:	R. H. E.
Jersey City	2 1 0 0 0 3 0 0 3—9 9 6
Toronto	0 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 0—5 10 7
At Elmira:	R. H. E.
Rochester	0 0 2 6 3 1 0 0 x—12 8 6
Elmira	0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 2—3 6 14
Batteries: Callihan Bros.; Clayton and Mooney.	

Buffalo's Negro Ball Player.

Grant, the colored second baseman of the Buffalos, is the only Negro playing professionally with any club in the different associations. He is a fine ball tosser, all the same, and hasn't many superiors among players either white or black. I think he gets $900 a year for his services, while, if he had a white skin, he could easily demand $2000. Grant is very popular in Buffalo, and for that reason the management is forced to hold him, although the players of the club are said to feel keenly having to play with a colored man. In the East Grant goes with the other members of the club, stops at the same hotels, eats at the same table, and possibly occupies the same room. While in this city he is registered at the Galt House, but is roomed with the colored help and takes his meals with them. In this club are found two of the oldest ball tossers before the public. Nelson, who has been playing ball for thirty years, is holding down short field, while Jack Remon, at one time the great centre-fielder of the old Mutuals of New York, of which Bobby Matthews was the star pitcher, is playing the same position for the Buffalos.—Louisville Post.

The Championship Record.

The League and American Association record now stands:

League.	*Won.*	*Lost.*	*Association.*	*Won.*	*Lost.*
Chicago	4	0	St. Louis	3	0
Boston	3	0	Brooklyn	3	1
Pittsburg	3	1	Athletic	3	1
New York	1	1	Cincinnati	2	2
Washington	0	1	Baltimore	2	2
Detroit	0	3	Kansas City	2	3
Philadelphia	0	3	Cleveland	0	4
Indianapolis	0	3	Louisville	0	4

The game yesterday between Washington and New York was called at the end of the 12th innings, each having one run.

Dust from the Diamond

The Torontos play at Worcester, Mass., today and to-morrow.

Harlem teacher: Tommy Traddles may tell us what the greatest empire in the world is. Tommy Traddles (captain of his nine): Furgerson; he's de greatest empire.

Tenders will be received by the Toronto Baseball Association until May 1 for the privilege of selling refreshments, etc., "spirituous liquors excepted," on the grounds during the season.]

New York Sun: Unless Manager Phillips changed his mind, Silas Smith signed a conditional contract with the Torontos. The understanding was that he was not to be reserved next fall, in which event the Pittsburgs will lay claim to him, provided he shows up well. He has done good work so far.

Allentown is disappointed at the first showing of its club in exhibition games, and the Board of Directors say that unless the boys do better in the championship games they will all have to go.

Scranton is after Schriver, Hoover and Kelly of the Philadelphia club. The Scrantonians labor under the impression that Harry Wright will release these players as soon as he signs his old men of last year.

The Scranton and Wilkesbarre people accuse Pat Powers of the Jersey City Club of manipulating the playing schedule in his own interest.

Manager Fisher writes that the Hams are batting very well, and, although their fielding has been loose, he thinks they will be all right after a few days' practice. Winner joined the team at Worcester and played in the game there. He did well at second base and made three hits out of four times at the bat. He does not think Catcher Baker will do on account of his weak throwing.

A meeting of the amateur clubs of this city will be held at the Granite Club House to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

A Bowling Club Organized.

A meeting was held at the Granite Club on Saturday evening last for the purpose of organizing the Granite Bowling Club. The following officers were elected: President, Dr. Carlyle; Vice-President, C. Kemp; Secretary-Treasurer, W. Thornton; J. D. Henderson and W. M. Merritt were elected to act with the officers as a Committee of Management.

A Six-Day Walk at Montreal.

MONTREAL, April 23.—A six-day, 12 hours a day, "go-as-you-please" race has been arranged to take place here in the Victoria Rink, beginning Monday, May 21. The affair is to be good hands and promises to be a success. The management hope to have Littlewood enter as well as the following, who have already paid their entrance fee: Geo. Cartwright, Geo. D. Noremac, Gus Guerrero, Sam Day, Frank Hart, Robert Vint, Norman Taylor, Daniel Herty, Anson Strobel, Peter Golden, J. C. Adams, Peter Panchet and Peter Hegelman. This is the first venture of the kind in Canada.

Echoes from the Cricket Field.

The Watford Cricket Club has been reorganized for the season. The officers are: Honorary President, Rev. G. W. Wye; President, Dr. Stanley; Vice, R. A. Cook; Captain, T. B. Taylor; Secretary-Treasurer, W. Hindson; Executive Committee, Dr. Gibson, F. J. Windlow, G. C. Alexander, J. Watson, O. E. Brandreth.

The Sarnia Cricket Club has elected the following officers: President, T. W. Nelson; Vice-President, J. P. Bucke; Captain, Fred. W. Kittermaster; Secretary-Treasurer, Fred. E. Pardee. The Committee of Management consists of the above officers, with Fred. C. Watson and Charles Pardee.

At a meeting in Strathroy Bank, Essex Center, the following officers were elected: Honorary President, Dr. James Brien, M.P.; President, Geo. J. Thomas; Vice-President, W. R. Elliott; Secretary-Treasurer, S. W. Second; Captain, L. A. Kennedy; Surgeon, John Ferguson, M.D.; Committee of Management, R. B. Allan, J. A. McPhail, Thos. Sterling.

Wheel Spokes.

A $25,000 bicycle track is to be built at Long Branch.

The East Hartford Wheel Club will hold its third annual racing tournament on its quarter-mile track early in June. Prizes valued at $300 will be offered. The events will include a large percentage of races more than usual for home riders. The club's track is the only one in Connecticut built exclusively for bicycling.

The Brantford club have decided to attend the Woodstock races on May 24, and the wheelmen's meet in Belleville on July 1.

The Brantford Bicycle Club have elected the following officers: Hon. A. S. Hardy, honorary president; D. Glass, president; J. Hale, First Vice-President; W. J. Knowles, Second Vice-President; W. Paterson, jr., Secretary; Clarence A. Burch, Captain; Harry E. Howell, Treasurer; Chas. Duncan, jr., First Lieutenant; Will G. Kilmaster, Second Lieutenant; Walter S. Hossie, bugler; Harry E. Howell, Standard Bearer.

Gossip of the Turf.

Work has begun on the new members stand at Woodbine Park.

T. D. Hudgen's chestnut mare Curtolina is expected here this week from Lexington, and will join Charley Tate's stable at Leslieville.

Woodbine track is fast drying up and in a few days will be in excellent shape.

Mr. D. W. Campbell has secured stabling at Leslieville for his stable, including Wild Rose, Augusta, D. W. C. and Gallagher, who will arrive here from Bronte in a few days.

Some stable money was placed on Fred Emery yesterday for the Queen's Plate.

Harry Cooper worked three quarters of a mile yesterday at Woodbine which somewhat surprised his trainer. Those who witnessed the move say that it was an exceptionally good one considering the condition of the track.

A representative of the Hendrie stables was at Leslieville yesterday securing stabling for eight or ten horses.

The dates selected by the Country Club Steeplechase Association of Pelham, Westchester, for its two-day spring meeting are Monday, May 28, and Friday, June 1.

The spring meeting of the Pacific Blood Horse Association opened at Bay District track, San Francisco, on Saturday. During the second race, while on the home stretch, Theodore Winter's Don Jose jumped the fence, striking Sidney Marsh, a spectator, in the breast, and turning a complete somersault. Marsh was taken to the grand stand, where he died soon after.

Betting on the spring handicaps at the Pennsylvania Club, Long Branch, on Saturday, was transacted at these prices: For the Brooklyn Handicap—Hanover fall, against Favor, 10 to 1; Kingston 12 to 1; Saxony 20 to 1; Blue Wing 25 to 1; Joe Cotton 30 to 1; Dry Monopole 20 to 1; Grizzi, Exile, Kilwood, Orifiamme and Richmond 25 to 1 each; Volante, Goliah, Hanburg, Dunboyne, Kaloolah, Oscoola and Sylvanest 30 to 1 each; from 35 to 100 to 1 against the others. For the Suburban—Ben Ali and Connemara full; Miss Ford 10 to 1; Kingston and Junrose 17 to 1 each; Joe Cotton and Eunelion 20 to 1 each; Leggard 25 to 1; Linden, Oscelo, Oriflamme, Saxony, Banburg and Col. Cowan 30 to 1 each; from 35 to 150 to 1 against the others.

Shots from the Gun.

One thousand sparrows have been ordered for the shooting tournament to be held in Cincinnati on April 24 and 25.

Fred E. Bennett, who is matched against Ira Paine for a six-day shoot with revolvers for the championship of America, on Saturday placed $250 in the stakeholder's hands as his second deposit. The third and final deposit of $250 will be made on Saturday, May 23.

The Brantford Gun Club has completed formation, the following now being the full list of officers: Honorary President, Charles Grantham; President, T. A. Cossaboom; First Vice-President, Geo. Williams; Second Vice-President, W. Baxter; Third Vice-President, C. H. Bethell; Secretary-Treasurer, J. W. Howarth.

W. Alexander, the celebrated wing shot, has made a wager of $50 with Charles Casey, of this city, that he will score 90 out of 100 Peoria blackbirds from three traps. The shoot will take place at McDowall's Grounds on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Spots of Sport.

The hounds will meet this afternoon at Colonel Baldwin's, at the head of Avenue-road, at 3.30 o'clock.

Ninety-four men have applied for admission to the coming six-day walk in Madison Square Garden. Manager O'Brien intends to limit the starters to forty. Federicians who have made good records will be given the preference.

Buyer Downs Downey.

A wrestling match for the light-weight championship of Canada between Joe Dwyer and Mike Downey took place last night at Patillo's. The conditions were catch-as-catch-can, best three in five falls. The first fall was won by Downey in 30 minutes and the next 3 by Dwyer in 15, 30 and 15 minutes respectively. The match was witnessed by a good crowd of enthusiastic sports.

Hits from the Shoulder.

Billy Little, who sparred with McDale at Pattillo's on Saturday night, contradicts the statement that he received a black eye, and says Referee Cooper's decision could not have been otherwise.

Billy Meyers has posted another forfeit for a fight with Jack McAuliffe.

Billy Rhodes, champion featherweight of Wisconsin, and George Siddons, champion featherweight of Illinois, signed articles to fight ten rounds with the lightest gloves allowed by law for $150 a side and the gate receipts on April 21. Siddons has stood before the Belfast Spider for twelve rounds, while Rhodes has never been defeated.

Great results are speedily accomplished by the leading alterative, Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. Indigestion occurs following disorders, constipation gives place to regularity of the bowels in consequence of taking it. Ladies suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex experience long wished for relief from it, and impurities in the circulation no longer trouble those who have sought its aid. Give it a trial and you will not regret it. x

EXPORT DUTIES.

Their Reduction or Removal Proposed in Certain Cases.

OTTAWA, April 23.—Sir Charles Tupper this afternoon gave notice of certain resolutions which he will offer when the House next goes into committee of the whole on ways and means, as follows:

Resolved, that the Governor-in-Council may, by proclamation, whenever it appears to his satisfaction to be desirable in the public interest so to do, either reduce or remove entirely or in part the export duties provided for by the act respecting the duties of Customs by schedule, or by any act in amendment thereof.

Resolved, that Section 9 of the said act be repealed and the following substituted therefor:

The New Section.

9. Any or all of the following things, Animals of all kinds; hay, straw; vegetables (including potatoes and other roots), ash, peas, beans, barley and malt, rye, oats, buckwheat, flour, four of rye, oatmeal, buckwheat flour, butter, cheese, fish of all kinds, fish oil, products of fish and of all other creatures living in the water, seeds of all kinds, fruit, nuts, stone or marble in its crude or in rough state, also, gypsum (ground or unground), lime or cement, grindstones, timber of all kinds and lumber of all descriptions, in whole or in part, including shingles, clapboards and staves, may be imported into Canada free of duty, or at a less rate of duty than is provided by any act at the time in force, upon proclamation of the Governor-General, which may be issued whenever it appears to his satisfaction that similar articles from Canada may be imported into the United States free of duty or at a rate of duty not exceeding that payable on the same under such proclamation when imported into Canada.

Resolved, That sec. 10 of the said act be repealed.

The articles referred to in the second resolution from which the export duties can be removed are:

Shingle bolts, $1.50 per cord of 128 cubic feet.
Spruce logs, $1 per 1000 feet board measure.
Pine logs, $2 per 1000 feet board measure.

Section 10 referred to in the third resolution reads:

Sec. 10. If at any time any greater duty of customs is imposed by the United States of America on tea or coffee imported from Canada than on tea or coffee imported from any other country, the Governor-in-Council may impose on tea or coffee imported into Canada from the United States, an additional duty of customs equal to the duty payable in the United States on tea or coffee imported from Canada, provided that tea or coffee imported into Canada from any country through the United States, but passing in bond through the United States, shall be taken and rated as a direct importation from the country in which the tea or coffee was purchased.

It will thus be seen that the old standing offer is wiped out in favor of the above. No important changes are that coal and coke are removed from the standing offer, and the policy of reciprocity in these articles is abandoned.

Emperor Creighton and His Empire.

OTTAWA, April 23.—One of the reports here is that Mr. Creighton of The Empire finds his editorial duties too onerous, and that he would be willing to run for Cardwell and return from journalism. A letter received here from Toronto says that Mr. Creighton complains that he is not given the assistance that was promised him when he undertook to build up The Empirial. Mr. W. R. Brock, the president of the Empire Company, is the only one who has stood by him in the struggle of starting the concern. Mr. Brock has given twenty thousand to the affairs of The Empire until his business and his partners complained. Mr. McCarthy is too busy in Parliament and in the courts to aid Mr. Creighton with his counsel and his support. One probability that seemed near at hand was that The Empire would pass into the hands of the Widow of Montreal, but the death of the Minister of the Interior renders that unlikely. Should Mr. Creighton run for Cardwell Mr. Charley Mackintosh of Ottawa is willing to go to Toronto if someone will do the financing of The Empire. The fourth call of The Empire stock, completing the first hundred thousand of the proposed million subscribed, is about to be made. Over $75,000 has been sunk already. The party chiefs here are convinced that the stock will have to be increased.

Capital Notes.

OTTAWA, April 23.—There is likely to be some hair-pulling over the bill now before Parliament for the winding up of the Bank of London in Canada. The directors, "Governor" Morrison and Thomas Long of Toronto, and Mr. Purdom of London, arrived this evening to promote the bill before the Committee on Banking and Commerce. Lawyer Hellmuth of London is here to ask that the bill be postponed till a meeting of the shareholders can be called together. He has a petition asking for this.

Sir Charles Tupper laid on the table some of the supplementary estimates for the year ending June 30, 1888. The total is $1,794,822, $458,200 of which is chargeable to capital account. The important supplementary estimates, those for next year, have yet to be brought down. The widow of the late George Eytel gets a gratuity of $1000.

—London Mutual Fire Insurance Co., established 1859, licensed by the Dominion Government does not discriminate against Toronto in the rates charged for insuring churches, colleges, hospitals, homes and dwellings; equitable rates only exacted. Scott & Walmsley, underwriters, 24 Church-street, Toronto. 462

There is danger in neglecting a cold. Many who have died of consumption dated their troubles from exposure, followed by a cold which settled on their lungs and in a short time they were beyond the skill of the best physician. Had they used Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup before it was too late, their lives would have been spared. This medicine has no equal for curing coughs, colds and all affections of the throat and lungs. x

Mr. S. H. Blake as a Rencher.

The right of Mr. S. H. Blake, Q.C., to sit as a bencher of the Ontario Law Society is to be questioned. Mr. Blake sits as a "retired judge," whereas it is to be argued that as he voluntarily left the Bench to resume practice at the Bar, he does not come within the meaning of the Act.

Consult Prof. Chapman or Prof. Heys.

Editor World: Where can assay apparatus be purchased in this country, and is there any accommodation in the Sudbury neighborhood where such apparatus could be fitted up?

R.M.

Go East! Go East!

—The advice given by Horace Greely was: "Go West, young man." The advice given to young women is, "Go East," especially housekeepers. Those who are just about commencing housekeeping should go East, certainly, if they want to find the cheapest and best place in Toronto to buy their groceries, provisions, etc., etc. F. P. Brazil, corner King E. and Jarvis street, is now considered the leading house in the East End. Fine selections of goods, of first-class quality and