The Toronto World.

VOL. II, NO. 179. MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1881. PRICE ONE CENT

Mechanics Institute

Advertisements of "Situations Wanted," will be published free. Other condensed advertisements, such as "Help Wanted," "Properties for Sale," "To Let," "Boarding," "Lost or Found," "Miscellaneous," will be published for 10 cents for one insertion, 25 cents for three insertions, 50 cents for a week, $1 50 for a month for twenty words.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN OF GOOD ADDRESS, AGE 34, well acquainted with county of York, desires a situation. Can give best references, or security if required. Has a good horse and rig; would like to use. Address D. W. M., Don P. O.

AS CUTTER—BY A YOUNG MAN—EIGHT years' experience; willing to sew; no objections to the country; best of references. Box 99, World office.

A SHORTHAND CORRESPONDENT OF SOME experience desires employment during evenings, from seven till eleven. Address HAROLD, Box 833, Toronto.

A LAD—AGED 15 YEARS—WOULD LIKE A situation as office boy to a law firm; just left Upper Canada college. Address G. S. G., Toronto P. O

A LAD OF 18 WISHES SITUATION TO DRIVE grocery waggon or to make himself generally useful in a store. Address WM. TOWNSEND, Toronto P. O.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES A SITUATION AS travelling companion or usual companion, or housekeeper or assistant in light housework; would make herself generally useful. Address, with full particulars, to N. Y., Box 117, Arthur, Ont.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION as a machine operator. 124 Sackville street.

A BOY AGED 15 YEARS WOULD LIKE A situation as office boy in a law office or wholesale firm. Address G. F. L. GARDEN, Toronto P. O.

AS LOCAL EDITOR AND COMPOSITOR—first-class references; experience in both departments extending over several years. Address Box 64, World office. 1

AN EXPERIENCED BUTCHER WANTS SITUATION. Apply SHEEHAN, 47 Britain street. 1-6

A RESPECTABLE PERSON WANTS WASHING and ironing, or work by the day; has the best of city references. Please address 25 Alice street. dtf

AS PORTER—SEVEN YEAR'' REFERENCE. 103 Chestnut street.

A HOUSEKEEPER OR COMPANION—WOULD assist with housework, or as governess to very young children. Address 309 Berkeley street.

BY A YOUNG MAN, 17, TWO YEARS' EXPERIENCE in the grocery business. Good references from present employer. Box 123, Shelburne.

BY YOUNG MAN—SITUATION IN WHOLESALE druggist's or general merchant's office or store; 13 years' experience; small salary. Address Box 119, World office.

BY A YOUNG LADY ACCUSTOMED TO books, or as correspondent clerk, copyist, or saleslady; has had some experience in the sewing machine business; position more of an object than salary: first-class testimonials as to character, ability, &c. Address Box 87, World office.

BY A YOUNG MAN WELL ACQUAINTED with city, a situation as driver of grocer waggon; best of references. Apply W. W., 192 Simcoe street.

PUPILS—TO TAKE LESSONS IN PENMANSHIP—by a thoroughly competent teacher of writing. Address for terms 116 Parliament street.

SITUATION REQUIRED TO TRAVEL WITH A gentleman (or otherwise), by a young man aged 25. C. TITFORD, 65 Walton street. 561

SCOTCHMAN JUST FROM THE OLD COUNTRY wishes employment; in-door work; strictly temperate; could run a steam engine. ANDREW ARCHIBALD, post-office, city.

YOUNG MAN—WITH FAIR EDUCATION AND year's experience—wishes to obtain a situation as salesman; in a tailor's establishment preferred. Good recommendations. Apply to W. L. C., 176 Adelaide street west.

YOUNG MAN WITH FAIR EDUCATION AND year's experience wishes to obtain a situation in tailor's establishment; city or country; good recommendation. Apply to W. L. C., 27 King street west, Toronto.

HELP WANTED.

A YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK at 42 Frederick street.

A MAN TO LOOK AFTER THE REGATTA rooms; must write a good hand. Apply to F. B. BALL, Hon. Sec., corner King and Bay streets, or at the rooms, 41 King street west. 5

A GENERAL SERVANT WITH REFERENCES. Apply to MRS. SMITH, 219½ Yonge street.

AS NURSE—A GOOD GIRL—IMMEDIATELY. 14 Pembroke street. 5

COOK—APPLY FOR FORTNIGHT. MISS CROOKS, 75 Peter street. 5

COOK, HOUSEMAID, AND PARLOUR MAID—for Mrs. Mowat. Apply to MRS. BIGGAR, 249 Simcoe street. 5

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FOR THE COUNTRY—A GOOD GENERAL servant (small dairy); to a suitable person good wages will be given. A young girl also wanted as housemaid. Address Box No. 126, Colborne. 1-2-3-4-5-6

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—REFERENCES required. 73 Wellington place. 5

IMMEDIATELY—FIFTY GIRLS, WITH SOME experience in running sewing machines, to learn corset work. CROMPTON CORSET COMPANY, 78 York street. 612

PANTS AND VEST MAKERS—TWO FIRST-CLASS pants makers and one first-class vest maker; no other need apply; constant work. G. & L. FAWCETT, 287 Yonge street. 5

PROBATIONER NURSES—AT TORONTO GENERAL Hospital. Apply for prospectus and particulars to the Lady Superintendent. 5

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RULER—STEADY ENPLOYMENT—TO A first-class man. Apply H. CARSON, Canada Publishing Co. 5

RIVETTERS—EIGHT—FIRST-CLASS—IMMEDIATELY. At the Canadian Locomotive Engine Works, Kingston, Ont. 5

SIMCOE HOUSE—A GOOD HOUSEMAID; also, a first-rate dining-room girl. 5

MAN AND HIS WIFE—MAN AS GROOM AND Gardener, woman as dairy-maid, cook, &c. English preferred. Apply to G. A. BODY, Colborne. 1-2-3-4-5-6

3000 MEN FOR THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD; wages $2 to $2.50 per day. For full information apply to WM. BAIN, 293 Front street east, Toronto.

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ANYTHING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOR EVER!" Send your photograph (any type) with name and address, and get a Beautiful Gold-Plated Locket, one inch in diameter, containing Your Likeness elegantly painted in oil, by a first-class artist. It will last a lifetime. ONLY $2 FOR LOCKET, WITH ONE PORTRAIT, or $3 FOR LOCKET WITH TWO PORTRAITS. Photos returned. Address J. E. YOUNG, Miniature Portrait Painter, 134 Adelaide street west, Toronto. o

COAL—COAL AND WOOD—BEST WOOD $5 delivered; prices are sure to advance; will hold orders for short time at present low prices. J. DAVIS & CO., 46 Church street.

DRESS PLAITING BY STEAM IN A SUPERIOR manner. 2 Revere Block, 149 King street west, Opposite Windsor Hotel. 135

FOR LADIES' FINE LEATHER A NELLA Goods, go to J. BUTLER 4 Rossin Block. D PRU a

FOR THE BEST VALUE IN ALL KINDS OF Boots and Shoes, go to J. BUTLER'S, 4 Rossin Block. a

FOR CHILDREN'S SOLID LEATHER SCHOOL Boots, go to J. BUTLER'S, Rossin Block.

JAMESCALL, MANUFACTURER OF FINE perfect-fitting shirts, and dealer in gents' fur nishings. 2 Revere Block, King street west, Opposite Windsor Hotel. d

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MR. AND MRS. SPOOPENDYKE—A MOST laughable new comic book; 20 cents; at all bookstores, or of LANCEFIELD BROS., Publishers, Hamilton. 4-5-6-1-2-3

NO. 40—APPLETON'S DICTIONARY OF NEW YORK AND VICINITY; with maps of New York and its environs; compiled by Townsend Percy; 35 cents. W. R. HAIGHT, bookseller, Toronto.

NO LAGGARDS WE. THE POPULAR NOVEL of the season; 20 cents; at all bookstores. LANCEFIELD BROTHERS, Publishers, Hamilton.

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FINE ORDERED CLOTHING.

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128 TO 132 KING ST. EAST.

EDUCATIONAL!

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CANADA COLLEGE

WILL RE-OPEN

On Tuesday, September 6th.

NEW PUPILS will be enrolled at ten o'clock a.m. on Friday and Monday, September 2nd and 5th. Those pupils who failed to pass the Midsummer Examination will be examined at 10 a.m. and 1.30 p.m. on Monday, September 5th. Old boarders must arrive by Monday evening, September 5th. Regular college lessons commence on Tuesday at 9 a.m.

All vacancies, both in College classes and in the boarding-house, will be filled according to priority of application, preference, however, being given until September 5th to applicants resident in Ontario.

Very great improvements have been made during July and August in the internal arrangements of the boarding-house: and to meet the demand of applicants from the country for admission, arrangements have been completed by which twelve junior pupils will be received into one of the Master's residences on the College grounds.

Tuition fee, $12 50, $11 50, and $10 50 per term. Tuition and board (including washing, seat in church, and ordinary medical attendance and medicine) $52 50 per annum.

For prospectus apply to the PRINCIPAL, U. C. College, Toronto. 6246246246

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C. K. ROGERS,

125 Yonge street,

For all the Latest Styles of STIFF, SOFT and STRAW HATS.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY store; good location, doing a good business. Reasons for wishing to sell: desiring to devote time to other pursuits. Apply 409 Yonge street. 6-1

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A. M. MACDONALD, BARRISTER ATTORNEY, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc. Office—Union Block, Toronto street. 1v

BULL AND MORPHY, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, solicitors, &c., office, Court house, Toronto.
T. H. BULL, M. A. H. E. MORPHY, B. A.

FLETCHER & DELANEY, BARRISTERS, ETC. 26 Adelaide street East, Toronto. J. W FLETCHER. W. J. DELANEY.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., Proctors in the Maritime Court, Toronto, Canada. OLIVER MOWAT, Q. C., JAMES MACLENNAN, Q. C., JOHN DOWNEY, THOMAS LANGTON, DUNCAN D. RIORDAN. Offices Queen City Insurance Buildings, 24 Church street.

MURRICH, HOWARD & ANDREWS—OFFICE: corner King and Yonge streets, over Dominion bank, Barristers, Attorneys, &c. Winnipeg: WALKER & WALKER; office, temporarily, Government Buildings. Hon. D. M. WALKER W. B. MURRICH M A G. R. HOWARD, G. F. A. ANDREWS, G. H WALKER.

O'SULLIVAN & PERDUE, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., etc. Offices—72 Yonge street, next the Dominion Bank. D. A. O'SULLIVAN. W. E. PERDUE.

T. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, etc. 51 King street East, Toronto.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRITT COATSWORTH, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public, Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto street.
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JOHN MACGREGOR, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY &c., Union Loan and Savings' Company Buildings, Nos. 28 and 30, west side Toronto street opposite Gas Office.

JOHN MARTIN, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, etc., etc., 5 Toronto street.

N. PEARSON, DENTIST, No. 2 KING STREET west, Toronto

STEWART & STRICKLAND, ARCHITECTS

OFFICE—Nos. 11 an 12 Canada Permanent Building, Toronto street, Toronto.

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DR. HUGH WATT, C.M.,
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RESIDENCE: 309 BERKELEY STREET
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Surgeon, &c., Electro-Medical Institute, corner Jarvis and Gerrard streets. At Institute 9.30 a.m. to 12; and 2.30 to 6 p.m. Consultation at office or residence.

LOST—YESTERDAY (SUNDAY) EVENING, ON either Parliament (west side), Wilton avenue (south side), or George street (east side), a gold padlock and key, being the attachment of a bracelet Finder will be rewarded by leaving at this office.

THE IRISH LAND BILL.

HOSTILITY OF THE LORDS PROVOKING STRONG COMMENT.

The Cabinet Will Insist on the Bill as Passed by the Commons—Not Aggressive, but Firm—Birmingham Liberalism Speaks Out—Prospects of a November Session.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—It is understood that the cabinet council yesterday decided practically to insist on the land bill as finally passed by the house of commons, and in the event of the lords remaining obdurate, parliament will be summoned again in November, when the bill will be introduced. But there is no disposition to then force on the house of lords a bill more distasteful to them than the present one. There is a disposition in Conservative circles to suggest a compromise on the amendment to clause 19, to the effect that the privilege to leaseholders of ranking as present tenants at the expiration of their leases shall be confined to those whose leases expire within the next fifteen years.

THE STANDARD SAYS:

We are in a position to state that no solution of the political dead-lock has been arrived at. Well-informed persons, however, know that affairs are less serious than has been made to appear, and we advise the public to be reassured. There are no materials for a serious crisis, though a little time may be needed before negotiations for a compromise are arranged.

THE LONDON TIMES SAYS:

It may be that the whole transactions between the two houses of parliament are of the nature of the eastern bargain, in which neither party likes to give away first for fear the other may take advantage of his apparent weakness. Political differences of this kind are frequently settled by formal negotiations between the party leaders. Although Salisbury last night breathed defiance, it would be premature to despair of settlement until Cairns, whose aptitude in such negotiations is recognized by both parties, has tried his best and failed. The ministry, supported by a compact majority in the house of commons, cannot be expected to yield. In the face of irreconcilable difference between the two houses the majority in the house of commons would be powerless to give effect to its policy, and the ministry would have no alternative but resignation. Salisbury would then be summoned to undertake the government, and even if he were able to form a new ministry he would be compelled to dissolve parliament in the hope of overthrowing the Liberal majority in the house of commons. A bolder man than Salisbury might shrink from such an undertaking; a more prudent statesman would decline it. There is no reason to think that the confidence of the constituencies in the government has materially abated. In default of the unlikely defeat of the government in a general election the opposition would gain nothing, while it would have made itself responsible for the condition of affairs in Ireland, such as no prudent statesman could contemplate without the gravest anxiety. It is thus only necessary to consider what would be the consequences of an abandonment of the bill to see that this contingency may be dismissed as out of the question. The government cannot yield in principle. It is pledged to its supporters and to the Irish people, and is responsible for the peace of Ireland. The lords can yield if they think fit. If the government is not to resign, it must sooner or later insist on the passage of the bill. There is the alternative of dropping the bill temporarily for the purpose of reintroducing it probably in an autumn session. No ministry responsible for the peace of the united kingdom could contemplate postponing measures it holds necessary for the pacification of Ireland for another year, and therefore an endeavor would have to be made to carry the bill before the end of the year. Meanwhile agitation would be rife in England, and more than agitation would exist in Ireland. Finally the lords, convinced that the government is supported by the house of commons and the constituencies, would be compelled by force of circumstances to yield. It is almost impossible to doubt that this conclusion is already clear to the majority of the lords. The peremptory attitude of the opposition last night has made it more difficult for the government to make advances. If the time for compromise is past, or if it is finally declined, the lords will have provoked a conflict to which only one issue is possible, unless we can believe that Salisbury is prepared to undertake the government, to secure a majority in the house of commons and become responsible for the pacification of Ireland.

THE PALL MALL GAZETTE SAYS:

The situation is serious, we might even say dangerous, but that it is difficult to credit the peers with sufficient folly to persist in precipitating a constitutional crisis. If they persist in resolute hostility the whole work of the session will be sacrificed, Ireland will be convulsed with civil war, and an agitation will be started in favor of a revision of the constitution which will have stranger consequences than they probably imagine. Commenting on remarks published concerning the lack of signs of popular indignation at the action of the lords, the Gazette says: Much as we dislike recognition of monster meetings and torchlight processions as a necessary adjunct to our constitution and machinery, it is evident they only are a check upon Conservative peers. The time is short, but long enough to enlighten Salisbury on the real state of public opinion and save the peers from suicide. Moderate Conservatives cannot render better service to the constitution they desire to maintain than by organizing demonstrations. The reasons stated by the committee of the lords for disagreeing with the commons mostly paraphrase arguments in the debate on the amendment limiting the amount of compensation for disturbance. They propose a scale by which it shall in no case exceed £500. Relative to Parnell's amendment providing for suspension of proceedings against tenants, they declare it would be unjust to creditors to postpone the recovery of just debts.

BIRMINGHAM OPINION.

The Birmingham executive committee has passed a resolution expressing alarm and indignation at the action of the house of lords, urging the government not to give way, and declaring the time has arrived for the nation to decide that the policy declared by the government and the house of commons essential to the peace and welfare of the country shall not be subject to reversal by an irresponsible hereditary chamber.

SALISBURY URGED TO YIELD.

Several Irish Conservative peers have urged Salisbury to withdraw his opposition to the land bill, on the ground that rejection of the bill will be followed by a renewal of the land agitation, which probably would entail upon them greater losses from non-payment of rent than they have yet sustained. Salisbury advised the peers at the meeting on Friday to adhere to all their amendments, on the ground that it would only be by doing so they could force the government to make concessions.

THE MINISTERIAL RANKS ALARMED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—The Herald's London special says that the stand taken by the lords has created widespread alarm through ministerial ranks. The ministry has only thirty-four majority, minus the speaker and Bradlaugh, over the combined Tory and home rule vote. In a general election this narrow majority would almost certainly disappear, while there is a probability that the Parnellites would return with a compact body of seventy-eight extremists. Parnell then would hold the balance of power in the house.

SALISBURY'S MOTIVE

in bringing about a collision between the commons and lords is believed by well-informed politicians to be not so much the defeat of the 1 and bill as the overthrow of the government. He is said to be ready to accept office.

POLITICS IN FRANCE.

Gambetta Defends His Policy of Opportunism—The Views of a Radical.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—Gambetta addressed a meeting of his electors last night at Menilmontant. Only those holding letters of invitation were admitted. A turbulent crowd assembled in front of the hall. Gambetta on his entrance was greeted with cries of "Vive la republique" and counter cries of "Vive la revolution" and loud cheers, to which the hooting and groaning of 20,000 workmen in the street responded. Gambetta bid the stewards let in as many malcontents as possible. The speech lasted over two hours. He defended his so-called policy of opportunism, and indignantly repudiated charges of his aiming at dictatorship. He protested that he was, as ever, a mere citizen of the democracy. He advocated a reform of the magistracy and the army, and that the number of judges and law courts should be reduced and something like the English circuit system introduced. Regarding the army, he favored the principle of compulsory service for all, even priests and teachers. He laid stress on the vital necessity of a well-organized corps of sub-officers. Liberty of association should be refused religious congregations. His foreign policy would be one of peace and firmness. France was not isolated, but needed no alliance. Prolonged cheers followed, with an accompaniment of groans outside.

Brisson, vice-president of the chamber of deputies, and recognized as the probable successor of Gambetta to the presidency of the chamber, declared in his electoral address for the abolition of the senate, secularization of the property of the clergy, and election of the magistracy by universal suffrage.

ANOTHER OFFENCE TO THE POPE.

He is Greatly Annoyed by Proposals to Abolish the Papal Guarantees—A Genoa Meeting.

ROME, Aug. 14.—It is said the pope has openly stated that he considers the speeches at the meeting to urge abolition of the papal guarantees a greater offence against the church than the disturbances at the removal of the remains of Pius IX.

The meeting was stopped because a letter was read from Major Canzio, Garibaldi's son-in-law, reflecting on the king.

A meeting was held at Genoa yesterday in favor of the abolition of the papal guarantees. After letters of sympathy with the objects of the meeting were read the police ordered the proceedings to close. A tumult ensued, when the police cleared the hall, making three arrests.

RULE IN RUSSIA.

Resuscitation of the Golos—A State of Siege Recommended.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 14.—The Golos has appeared under the new title of the New Gazette. In to-day's issue it says it believes that an extraordinary commission, which has been sitting for some time, recommends the establishment of a greater or lesser state of siege, after the German pattern, and that it also recommends that sentences of exile be for a fixed term.

A VIENNA CATASTROPHE.

Twenty Persons Killed and Thirty Seriously Injured by the Fall of a Building.

VIENNA, Aug 13.—An old building, four stories high, in the most frequented part of the city, suddenly fell to-day. The greater part was occupied by families and fashionable shops. Twenty lives were lost and thirty persons seriously injured.

THE HIBERNIAN BLONDES.

They are Prevented from Showing in Brantford and Hamilton.

Fannie O'Neil's Hibernian blondes arrived in Canada from Buffalo last week and attempted to give a show in Brantford, but the police interfered and prevented them from showing. On Friday they came to Hamilton, but the police would not allow the crowd to enter the hall. Their show was advertised by questionable handbills and dodgers, and promised something of a pretty low character. The blondes decided to get out of Canada, and accordingly left early on Saturday morning for Buffalo.

FIRE AT WAUBAUSHENE.

The Georgian Bay Lumber Company's Large Saw-Mill Destroyed Yesterday.

WAUBAUSHENE, August 14.—The Georgian Bay lumber company's mill at this place was entirely consumed by fire this afternoon. The origin of the fire is unknown. This mill was one of the largest in the Georgian Bay country. It was fitted up throughout with first-class machinery, and had a cutting capacity of half a million feet per day.

Death of Alexandrr Coutts, Ex-M.P.P.

TILBURY, Aug. 14.—Alex. Coutts, ex-M.P.P., died this morning from a kick from a horse, received yesterday while removing grain from a threshing machine.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

Arrivals yesterday—At Queenstown, City of Berlin and Adriatic; at Plymouth, the Lessing; at New York, the Victoria from London, Belgenland from Anowerp, City of Chester and Egypt from Liverpool.

The Troubles in Tunis.

TUNIS, Aug. 14.—The French squadron has left Goletta for France. The Arab chief, Ali Ben Kalifa, is inclined to solicit amnesty from the bey. He will engage to make all the rebels submit and revert to a condition of order, in return for which he asks appointment as cadi of Nefetis.

A Russian Newspaper Suppressed.

MOSCOW, Aug. 14.—The Russky Kuiper newspaper has been suspended for four months for the publication of correspondence concerning political convicts calculated to irritate public opinion, and unfavorably commenting upon the local authorities generally, and on the state and social order.

A Catholic Triumph Over Bismarck.

BERLIN, Aug. 13.—Much excitement has been caused here by an article in the Augsburg Allgemeine Zeitung declaring that by ratifying the appointment of Dr. Karumasa as Catholic bishop of Treves, the German government have "gone to Canossa." The Liberal papers agree that the Roman cura has triumphed over Bismarck.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

A GRAND TRUNK EXPRESS TRAIN WRECKED NEAR PRESCOTT.

One Driver Killed—The Fireman, Baggageman, Two Expressmen and Several Passengers Injured—A Cow the Cause.

A terrible accident happened to No. 4 express east early Saturday morning, at Prescott, by which John O. Howarth, engine-driver, of Montreal, lost his life and two express messengers were badly injured. The particulars are as follows: No. 4 G. T. R. express from Montreal to Toronto passed Prescott at her usual time, 2.20 a.m. It was a large train, being made up of six Pullman sleeping, four first and second-class cars, a postal express and baggage cars. The cars were well filled with returning excursionists from Montreal, who were nearly all asleep. After leaving Prescott, and when passing the semiphore west of that station, the cow-catcher caught a cow, which was one of three or four on the track, and carried her along the track about 300 feet to the first crossing west of the town. The cow was carried over the cattle guards on the east side of the public road, but fell partially into that on the west side of the road, lifting the engine off the track and throwing it over the slight embankment to the south side of the railway. The engine lies a perfect wreck, with its smokestack and all its upper furnishing twisted off.

THE KILLED.

The engineer, Howarth, held heroically to his place, and was found a mangled corpse partly under the engine, with one arm around the whistle and the escaping steam pouring forth on his side. The ground where he lay is saturated with ood.

THE INJURED.

How the two express messengers, Arthur King of Toronto and William Mackenzie of Hamilton, escaped with their lives is a mystery. Their car was smashed to splinters, and Mackenzie, although injured himself, bravely rescued his partner. Both are injured internally. Mackenzie was returning from his holidays. His friends live at Dickinson's Landing, and he was taken there. King lives on Carlyle street in Toronto, to which place he was brought. Robert Scarlett, the baggageman, was also injured. He belongs to Toronto, and lives on Nelson street, near Duncan. The fireman, Wm. Taylor of Montreal, was discovered in a field alive but insensible. The second-class passengers got badly shaken up, and escaped through the windows of the upset cars. One French woman threw her two children through the window first, breaking it with her hands, cutting herself severely. S. P. Hartshorn of Holton, Mich., was injured in the back and internally. Others suffered some sprains and bruises. How the passengers escaped with such a small number of casualties is utterly surprising, when the appearance of the wreck is taken into consideration.

HOW THEY ARE PROGRESSING.

A World reporter learned from Dr Thorburn last night (Sunday) that King had received serious internal injuries through the bowels and hips, as well as sustaining a severe shock of the nervous system. The doctor reported him as doing very well, but he could not then say what the result would be. The reporter also visited the house of Scarlett, the baggageman, on Nelson street, but could not get in. A neighbor, however, said he was doing well.

POSITION OF THE WRECK.

The engine fell on the south side of the track, where it remains, but the tender passed about thirty feet further, and with its truck lies a shapeless mass; on the north side, close by the tender, lies the express car, also a total wreck. The agent of the company at Prescott promptly placed a man to watch the goods which were scattered by the collision. A second-class car is piled on the tender, while its rear end is buried in the ground to a considerable depth. The windows of this car are broken probably by the affrighted passengers who made their escape through them. Some of the seats are covered with the blood of the wounded.

The track, which was torn up for 60 or 70 feet, is being promptly repaired. It was ready for the westward express at 1.47 p.m. on Saturday. The property damaged consists of an engine and tender, the mail and baggage, and the express cars, one second-class and three first-class cars.

THE NEW YORK SOCIALISTS.

They Meet and Sympathise with Hartmann—Secretary Blaine Denounced.

NEW YORK, Aug 14.—A large meeting, principally members and friends of the socialistic labor party, was held last night to express sympathy with Hartmann the nihilist, and Haggerty, president of the American land league, presided. Speeches were made denouncing the attitude assumed by this government toward Hartmann. Resolutions were adopted that as Hartmann's possible extradition is a question not of private but of highest public interest, the opinions set forth by those who would like to transform the soil of our republic into an antechamber of the Russian police department are branded as mean, cowardly and debasing to the honor of the American nation; that the secretary of state be held bound to give an explicit answer, not evasively as he has already done, and as is the practice in Europe and in diplomatic circles, but openly and aboveboard, as befits an American officer responsible to the people.

RAIDS OF THE APACHES.

Their Tactics in New Mexico—Daily Murders and Depredations.

SANTA FE, Aug. 13.—Advices from below are that the situation is more serious than ever as regards the outbreak of the Mescalero Apaches. Indians in small bands are raiding the country, and it is utterly impossible for troops to come up with them. Reports of murders and depredations in isolated communities come in every day, and there is no telling the damage or the number of lives lost. The number of troops is unequal to the emergency. Gen. Hatch is in the field, notifying people to arm, and informing them of the movements of the Indians. There is the greatest apprehension all over the country.

THE WEATHER BULLETIN.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, 1 a.m., Aug. 15th, 1881.—The depression which on Saturday morning lay over the province of Quebec has moved off the Atlantic coast, and the area of high pressure then over the western states now covers the upper lake region. The wind is light and variable in eastern Canada, and fresh to strong from the northward on the lakes. The weather is fair throughout the country.

Probabilities for the lakes: Moderate to fresh winds, mostly from the northward; continued fine, cool weather during both Monday and Tuesday.

St. Lawrence: Moderate to fresh northerly to westerly winds; fair, cool weather.

Dr. Oldright and family are at St. John, N. B.

DR. WILD'S PECULIAR SAYINGS.

Theology Mathematically Considered—The Turks Synonymous with the Edomites—How the Russians Ate Their Own Leeks.

Dr. Wild draws bigger crowds than ever to his Sunday evening dissertations. Last night there were so many people that seats had to be placed on the platform, and the prominence-loving, white-haired reporter who sits under the pulpit was thrown into an unwelcome obscurity by the common people who surrounded him.

The doctor was in his happiest and most vivacious mood. When he came to the time for reading the letters, however, he had to confess, with a shade of regret, that he had lost some of them. He asked the writers to repeat them.

One gentleman aged that the teachings of the pulpit did not harmonize with reason, and that a mathematical man could not believe the teachings of the sermon of last Sunday evening on human agency and divine sovereignty.

"I say," remarked the doctor, "a mathematical man can and must believe them. I say that one-third of the higher principles of mathematics you never understood in your life, but you can believe them. Mathematically, I can prove that two lines may always get nearer to each other, but never touch; mathematically, I can prove that a stone thrown from this window to that will never get there, because I can divide the little bits of time in which it must go into so many that it will take an eternity to reach the window. An old lady went with her husband to buy some spelling books, and asked how much they were apiece. Said the shopkeeper, 'If you buy them singly, ma'am, they are ten cents each, but if you buy three they are eight cents, and so on.' 'Then,' said she to her husband, 'let us buy a great many until we get them for nothing.' That is mathematically the same as the asymptote, which approaches a line, but never touches it."

The spiritualists appear to have taken Dr. Wild to task for something he had said of them, for he remarked last night, "I knew you would be like a hornet's nest from what I said last week. I have no doubt Christ was a spiritualist on a high and holy plane; but I still maintain that any spiritualism that opposes Christ and his gospel is of the devil or of ignorance. It is a science that is making great progress, and I have no objection to anyone enquiring into it who wants to."

The lesson was taken from Jeremiah, and had reference to the destruction of the Edomites, who, the doctor said, were the Turks, as the Ishmaelites were the Arabs. He believed Turkey would be destroyed by an earthquake.

The sermon was from Daniel iv., 35 v., and was on "England eating Russian leeks." When the Russians were fighting the Turks three years ago, he heard a man on a railway train declare that England had to eat Russian leeks. His sermon was to enquire if that was so. Russia was a continuation of the Babylonian empire; the czar was a successor of Nebuchadnezzar. The chief motive of Russian government was a desire to accumulate territory—to get back from the bleak, cold north to the sunny fields of the south. Russia deserved well of mankind, because Providence had caused her to withstand Mohammedanism in the east and Roman Catholicism in the west. Turkey originated in the brain of Mohammed, and was a continuation of the nationality of Esau, and her chief motive was self-indulgence, and she enslaved people to contribute thereto. The Turks have been permitted to exist in the line of providential necessity, and for 200 years they have been kept in existence by England. England and Russia will live, but Turkey will die. The doctor went on to show that, instead of England eating Russian leeks, England had compelled Russia to eat seven of her own leeks in connection with the war against Turkey. England, which has been the protector of Turkey, will ultimately destroy her, as has been foretold by the prophet Obadiah. Blood is thicker than water; that is why the British people, being the lost ten tribes, have always sympathized with the Turks or Edomites, and it is why the Arabs, who are the sons of Ishmael, can always agree with the Turks when nobody else can. The 108th psalm declared that Constantinople would finally go into the hands of England, and he knew that would be the case. By the aid of the prophecies he had foretold the leading events of the Russo-Turkish war three years ago, before any of them had taken place.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD.

His Condition Not Yet Free From Anxiety—Yesterday's Official Bulletins.

The president's condition on Saturday was not as favorable in the morning as on previous days. He was suffering from fever early in the morning, and reports were circulating that he could not live. In the afternoon, however, he began to improve, the fever abated and the doctors reported him to be better than at any time for the preceding forty-eight hours. Following are the official bulletins for yesterday:

8:30 a. m.—The president slept well during the night, and this morning expressed himself as feeling comfortable.

12:30 p. m.—The president has done well this morning. His temperature has fallen half a degree since the morning.

6:30 p. m.—The condition of the president has not materially changed since morning. The afternoon febrile rise is about the same as yesterday: pulse 108, temperature 100.8, respiration 19.

THE IRISH CONCLAVE AT CHICAGO.

It Had no Sympathy With Dynamitism, But Will Strike a Blow for Ireland.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Alexander Sullivan, who attended the recent Irish conclave, says the convention was not discordant as reported, but harmonious. Fully a third of the membership were professional men, and a third were engaged in the war of the rebellion. The convention had no possible sympathy with Rossa, and abhorred the idea of dynamite being used against noncombatants. Especially would they refuse to assail American passengers on English ships when the memory of American kindness to Irish suffers is so fresh. They believe the time will be ripe to strike for independence, as America did, when England becomes involved in foreign difficulties, and they will have the full right to wage war.

THE OTTAWA MURDER CASE.

Eight Men Arrested Yesterday Morning—Four of Them Confess to a Share in the Crime.

OTTAWA, Aug. 14.—Some startling developments have been made to-day in connection with the murder of James Wetherall. The police this morning arrested D. Hollington, Wm. Frazer, McKliff Robinson, Ruggles Brunel, Christopher Berry, Robert McLaren, James O'Brien and James Kelly. The four last named are believed to be the guilty ones. From confessions made to the police it is certain that they joined in the attack on the old man. The two first, however, claim that O'Brien and Kelly did the dirty work, while the two latter fix the crime on Berry and McLaren.

THE WIDE WORLD IN BRIEF.

Sparks from the American and Canadian Wires, and the Atlantic Cable.

CANADIAN CONDENSED.

Berlin's civic holiday on the 26th inst.

The spool factory at Jacquet River, N. B., was destroyed by fire on Friday morning.

Delly Thornton was buried in Hamilton on Saturday, the funeral being largely attended.

A Miss Percival, of Kemptville, who received a sunstroke a few days ago, has since died.

The revenue receipts for July amounted to $2,294,076 74, and the expenditure to $2,499,484 28.

The value of the exports for June was $10,247,787, of which $9,102,097 was the product of Canada.

At Ottawa on Saturday, a boy named Patrick was badly cut by falling into a hole strewn with broken glass.

Ottawa river men state that no more rafts can pass the Calumet slides this season owing to the lowness of water.

The surveyors of the Ontario & Quebec railway are locating the line between Glen Tay and Maberly, in Lanark county.

A German girl named Hahn was choked to death at Arnprior a couple of days ago, trying to swallow a crust of bread too large for her throat.

Patrick Doyle of Ottawa, who just completed a two years' term in the Kingston penitentiary for larceny, has been sent to the central prison for a year for a similar offence.

A forwarding company is being formed, with headquarters at Prescott, to run a line of boats between Chicago and Montreal and Quebec, with a capital of $2,500,000. Steel barges and staunch steamers are to be built.

Ontario Gazette: Thomas Norton of Horning's Mills, Joseph Carbert and James Henry of Orangeville and Robert Lawrence of Mono Mills, doctors of medicine, and Thomas Turnbull of Mono Centre, to be coroners in and for the county of Dufferin.

OVER THE BORDER.

A strange epidemic has prostrated 400 horses at La Salle, Ill.

A violent storm on Saturday unroofed fifty dwellings and a number of factories in Philadelphia.

Two of the men injured in the St. Louis fire have died, and two others are not expected to live.

The summer rush to Europe is ended. The steamers from New York on Saturday took but few passengers.

During a squall on Saturday afternoon a yacht containing eight men was capsized at Chester, Pa., and two were drowned.

During the past fiscal year 208 lives were lost of passengers and crews upon the merchant steam vessels of the United States.

Rockwell is reported saying to-night that the president had been troubled somewhat during the day with nausea, and vomited several times.

In Newark, N. J., on Friday evening, Theodore Graf, aged fourteen, accidentally shot and killed his playmate with a toy pistol containing a bullet.

Judge Advocate General Swaim has concluded his review of the Whittaker case, and the summing up is ready for the consideration of the president.

The new direct line of the Wabash railroad, between St. Louis and Detroit, was opened yesterday, and the first through train from St. Louis left last night.

Dr. Bliss said to-day that there were no indications that the ball was doing any mischief, and until it was discovered that such is the case no attempt will be made to remove it.

The national rifle association has decided to hold a fall meeting, beginning September 13. There will be eighteen matches, and the prizes will exceed those of the past ten years.

The moulders in the extensive stove manufactories at Reading, Pa., and in Middletown, Spring City, Rogersford and other points struck last Friday for a