To Wear Mourning

Extraordinary Gazette Asks the Public to Assume Garb of Grief.

Indication That King Edward Will Not Be Crowned This Year.

The New Sovereign Proclaimed in Many Cities of United Kingdom.

FROM THE KING.

Ottawa, Jan. 24.—The Governor-General to-day received the following message from the Colonial Secretary:

"London, Jan. 24.—Your telegram of January 22 has been laid before His Majesty the King, and I have received His Majesty's command to express, through you and your ministers, his grateful thanks for the loving sympathy extended to him and the royal family by the people of Canada in their great sorrow. The King is deeply moved by the many loyal and messages which have reached him from all parts of the Dominion.

(Sgd.) "CHAMBERLAIN."

Lond[illegible] Jan. 24.—An Extraordinary Gazett[illegible] lishes an order-in-council: "That [illegible] is expected that all persons upon t[illegible] present occasion—the death of her late [illegible] jesty of blessed and glorious memor[illegible] put themselves into deepest mo[illegible]g."

Ano[illegible] order-in-council substitutes "King [illegible] Queen," and "Edward" for "Victo[illegible] It also inserts "Our Gracious [illegible] Alexandra, George, Duke of Cor[illegible] and York, and the Duchess of Cor[illegible] and York."

The [illegible] that the court goes into mou[illegible] for a year, and the fact that the [illegible] is enjoined to go into deep mo[illegible] led to the supposition that the [illegible]tion will not occur until 1902. The [illegible]action that the Duke of York is to [illegible]amed in the prayer book "Duke of C[illegible]wall" seems to throw light upon the [illegible]ch-debated question of the heir-app[illegible]ent's titles. It was supposed that the title "Prince of Wales," which belongs only to a son born of the king, would be conferred upon the Duke of York by royal patent, but the Gazette announcement seems to indicate that this will not be done, and that the Duke of York will henceforth be known as the Duke of Cornwall.

King Edward VII. has been proclaimed in many cities and towns of the United Kingdom, the usual procedure being that the mayor, attended by the other members of the corporation, has read the proclamation in the town hall or market place. In Dublin uniformed heralds proclaimed Edward VII. at one of the castle gates, in the presence of the lord lieutenant, Earl Cadogan, and the Irish privy council. An immense assemblage attended the proclamation.

The colonial office announces that an immense number of telegrams of condolence have been received from colonial governors and public bodies in the colonies. There is a continual stream of condolence messages from other quarters. Cardinal Vaughan sends word that he will bring from Rome a special message from the Pope to the new King.

The following princes from Germany will attend the funeral:

"Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia; Prince Arnulf of Bavaria; the Grand Duke of Hesse; the Prince of Saxe-Meiningen, and the Prince of Hohenzollern. Prince Henri D'Orleans is expected and Rear-Admiral Cereva will accompany Spain's ambassador extraordinary, the Duke de Amandas.

It is understood that the body of Queen Victoria will arrive in London on the morning of February 2, and be taken across the metropolis to Paddington. Troops will line the streets. The coffin will be placed on a gun carriage and draped with flags. On arrival at Paddington station it will be transferred to a train for Windsor, finally reaching St. George's chapel about noon, where a magnificent funeral service will take place.

IN FRENCH PARLIAMENT.

Paris, Jan. 24.—At the opening of the chamber of deputies to-day, the premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, said: "In announcing to the chamber the event which has just closed a reign in which is bound up almost a century's history, the government wishes to contribute its tribute to the homage and respect which the world renders to the memory of Queen Victoria, and gauging the sorrow of the British nation by the affection displayed for its sovereign, the government bows respectfully before the affliction with which Britain is stricken." The Premier's remarks were cheered. The president of the chamber said the chamber joined in the regrets that the government had just expressed. The debate on the law of associations was then resumed. It was intended to move an adjournment of the French parliament to-day, but, finding that the reichstag did not adjourn, the idea was abandoned. M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, in the senate to-day referred to the death of Queen Victoria. He said the Queen had acquired singular authority outside of her own Empire, and universal respect.

SPANISH DELEGATES.

Madrid, Jan. 24.—The Spanish government has appointed the Duke of Mandas, the Spanish ambassador at London, and Admiral Cervera to be delegates of Spain at the funeral of the Queen. Admiral Cervera's reported illness is apparently proved to have been not serious.

AN ANECDOTE.

Berlin, Jan. 24.—The Berlin Neueste Nachrichten quotes the following from Baron von Bunsen: "In 1845 court etiquette had thrust the Prince Consort somewhat into the background, and a toast by King Frederick William IV., first to the Queen and then to Her Most August Spouse, deeply affected Queen Victoria, who, at the first compliment bowed and at the second bowed very low.

Her eyes sparkled with tears, and as the King sat down, she bent over and kissed him on the cheek, and sat down herself, beaming with joy."

A DISCORDANT NOTE.

Rome, Jan. 24.—The premier, Signor Sarraco, eulogized Queen Victoria in the chamber of deputies to-day and moved an adjournment. A Socialist, Signor Morgari, broke the respectful silence with a cry of "Long live the Boers!" No notice, however, was taken of the incident, and the house adjourned.

STRATHCONA'S HORSE.

They May Arrive at Southampton About the Middle of February.

Ottawa, Jan. 24.—(Special)—It is assumed that if Strathcona's Horse are not intercepted at St. Vincent and ordered to proceed direct to Canada, the regiment will arrive at Southampton on February 13.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE

CURE SICK HEADACHE

The Chamber Of the Dead

Dining Room at Osborne is Changed Into a Magnificent Chapel.

Royal Standard Drapes the Dais Where Lies the Queen's Body.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 25.—1:20 a.m.—So hampered have been the arrangements at Osborne that the body of Queen Victoria still lies in the bedroom, where she died. The elaborate decorations necessary in turning the dining room in Osborne House into a chapel ardente, occupied so much time that although the royal household waited hour after hour for the first private service, it was found impossible to hold this yesterday. All being well, however, the solemn ceremony will be performed this (Friday) morning by the Bishop of Winchester, in the presence of King Edward, Emperor William and almost every member of the royal family.

The coffined body will be transferred this morning to the dining room. The dais is wreathed with the Royal Standard and on each side are great candles. Madonnas by famous painters hang from the draped walls. In one corner magnificent wreaths from all parts of the world crush their blossoms one against the other. Among these the most beautiful are from Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria. Around the coffin, chairs are arranged for the royal mourners.

Lord Pelham Clinton authorizes the statement that there will be no lying in state. However, there is good reason to believe that many persons will be afforded the privilege of seeing their Queen as she lies in the gorgeously transformed dining room, where she will remain until February 1. In the hope that may be the case, people are already pouring into Cowes. If they are disappointed in this respect, they will at any rate be rewarded by witnessing a magnificent naval display.

Yesterday King Edward replied to thousands of messages he has received. To those of foreign rulers and great personages, he replied in person; to those of minor dignitaries, he commanded his equerry to return thanks.

The new Queen moved ceaselessly around yesterday, seeing that everything should be done in good order. She refused to allow herself to be called queen. "Your Majesty," said one of the entourage. "Your Royal Highness, you mean," was the immediate interruption.

It was chiefly due to Queen Alexandra's desire to carefully design the minutest detail of the death chapel, that the first funeral service was not held yesterday. The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern is expected to arrive at 4 this afternoon with Emperor William's suite.

In response to an inquiry by the correspondent of the Associated Press, Lord Pelham-Clinton denies the report of Emperor William's intention to return to Germany to-day.

PORT SIMPSON TO HAZLETON

Ottawa Government Decide to Build a Telegraph Line This Year.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Jan. 24.—The government decided to-day, in addition to completing this year the telegraph line from Ashcroft north to connect with the Atlin and Yukon country, to build a line 200 miles in length from Port Simpson, on the coast, eastward to Hazelton, where it will connect with the line constructed last year.

VERDI SERIOUSLY ILL.

Milan, Jan. 24.—Verdi's health improved this morning after a critical night, but it is feared he will not recover.

A Mutiny At Hawaii

Contract Laborers on Way to Sugar Plantations Compel Steamer to Return.

Islanders Object to Influx of Negroes from the United States.

And Fear Race Troubles Will be Imported as a Result.

Honolulu, T.H., Jan. 17.—A mutiny of Porto Ricans on board an island steamer about to take them to the island of Hawaii, startled Honolulu on Wednesday night of this week. The vessel was stopped just as she was leaving Honolulu harbor, by the actions of the immigrants, one of whom drew a knife on the master of the vessel, Capt. Olsen. It is stated that the cause of the trouble was failure to feed the immigrants.

The Porto Ricans says that all the food they had on the day of their arrival in Honolulu, up to the time of their departure for Hawaii, at about 2 in the afternoon, was a bun each. When they were all aboard the island steamer, which was the Inter-Island Company's packet Ke Au Hou, they found that the cook had no meal prepared. On the vessel were 128 of the 398 who came here on the City of Peking. It was a matter of some time for the cook to prepare food for such a number, hence the row.

The Ke Au Hou suddenly dropped her anchor in the harbor, a few minutes after she had left the City of Peking, and signalled for police. Deputy Sheriff Chillingsworth and several officers went to the vessel and restored order. Capt. Olsen wanted the man who had drawn the knife arrested and taken ashore, but the others threatened a general riot on the vessel if this were done, and the man with the knife was allowed to remain on board. A search was made for the knife, but it could not be found. Two policemen remained on the vessel, and she proceeded to her destination.

During the row, the immigrants, who were destined to the various plantations, became much mixed, and there is fear of more trouble in sorting them out. They were all given "tags," bearing their names and numbers, and the name of the plantation to which they were to go. In their anger over the lack of food and the threatened arrest of one of their number, many of them tore the tags off their clothes and threw them away.

The Peking brought 398 of the sickliest-looking immigrants ever landed here. Three had died, of malaria and dysentery, on the way here, and many of them were malaria-infected and weakened by dysentery. Two more are spoken of by the doctors as likely to die. Men and women and even children are mostly thin and weak-looking, and some time will be required for recuperation before they are much use on the plantations. The Porto Ricans say that they had insufficient food at home, as well as on the journey here. The reason why they got so little on the morning of their arrival in Honolulu is said to have been that the quarantine officials and other officers, examining them and transferring them to inter-island vessels, kept them busy most of the time.

The local steamer Helene took about 300 from the Peking to plantations on Maui. She left before the Ke Au Hou, and there was no trouble with those on board her.

Forty more negroes from the United States also arrived on the Peking. Some vigorous local objections are beginning to be heard to the importation of negro labor, as it is feared that some of the criminal experiences of the Southern States may be repeated here if negroes are brought it in in considerable quantities. A row of this sort is already reported from Wailuku, Maui, where pistols are said to have been drawn during a difficulty over some women. Particulars have not yet reached Honolulu in full.

* * *

First Circuit Judge Humphreys is ready to resign from the bench, as soon as present vacancies are filled. He was appointed a few months ago, but says that his private practice will not allow him to continue to serve much longer, in view of his present financial circumstances. There is a vacancy on the circuit bench now, for which George D. Gear and J. T. de Bolt are candidates. It has existed for some time and much public business has been delayed. An appointment is anxiously awaited.

* * *

Shipping entries at Honolulu during the year 1900 are calculated to have amounted to 786,462 tons register. This does not include entries at several other island points, nor the business of nearly forty vessels plying between Honolulu and other island ports. The figures show an increase over 1899 of 98,304 tons, and over 1898 of 274,078 tons.

United States army transports arriving here lately with heavy cargoes have found that Honolulu harbor has been filling in, and Capt. Slaker, quartermaster in charge here, says that some dredging will have to be done very soon. The big transports frequently touch bottom now in taking their berths; though, as the botton filled in is soft mud, no injury is done. The tides and currents are supposed to have caused the filling in.

As he passed through here on the steamer Alameda, Commodore Weaver, the famous owner of the yacht Norma, was searched for by one of his alleged dupes during his last stay here. When he left Honolulu about a year ago, Weaver took with him in the Norma, R. A. C. Peterson, a local stock broker, who was to go into some South Sea Island deals with him. Peterson claims that Weaver owes him a considerable sum of money as a result of their deals, and says he will bring suit for it in the courts of Samoa, where the commodore has now gone to engage in new enterprises.

Francis Murphy, the famous temperance agitator, has been spending the last few days in Honolulu, conducting a vigorous crusade.

VIOLENT OPPONENT.

M. Lasis Attacks Protestants and Jews As Enemies to France.

Paris, Jan. 24.—M. Lasis, anti-Semite, vigorously opposed the law of associations, defended the congregations, and attacked the Protestants and Jews in violent language as being the instigators of the bill and the allies of the enemies of France. The general discussion of the bill was then closed, and the house voted the bill an urgency measure by 361 to 179, and proceeded to discuss its articles.

Up-to-Date Styles at

WEILER BROS.

Our first consignment of Fall Goods in the Upholstering, Drapery and Curtain line are now on sale, and we can only say that for coloring, artistic effect and value we have surpassed ourselves in these last purchasings.

Latest Novelties From

Paris, Berin, London.

WEILER BROS.'

VICTORIA'S LIFE AT BALMORAL

Her Lamented Majesty's Favorite Retreat from the Cares of State.

Balmoral, her late Majesty's Scottish home, was, like Osborne House, a gift from the Queen to the Prince Consort, and it was there that she often retired to spend a few happy days, untrammeled by the cares of state. Situated on the Dee, about ten miles from Ballater and Braemar, Balmoral Castle, which since its restoration is a magnificent building, though with comparatively small accommodation, is built of granite from the neighboring country. The castle consists of the Queen's private apartments and a wing in which are the offices of the small suite which usually attended the royal lady during her sojourns there. The whole house is furnished in tartan, the carpets and curtains in the Queen's rooms being of the Royal and Hunting Stuart tartans. Her Majesty's apartments commanded a magnificent view of the Dee on one side and Lochnagar mountain celebrated by Byron, towering on the south. The ballroom, on the north side, is one of the finest rooms in Scotland, and before the death of the Prince Consort was used frequently. The Queen and members of the royal family joined in the reels and strathspeys, to the music of the bagpipes, with the gillies and other attendants.

Balmoral is closely identified with many important events in her late Majesty's life. It was there she received the glorious news of the fall of Sebastopol—the closing tableau in the tragedy of the Crimean war. The royal family was at dinner when a telegram arrived reporting the capture of the Malakoff; a few seconds later the minister in attendance said:

"I have still better news, Your Majesty. Sebastopol is in the hands of the allies."

The dinner party broke up, and the whole party, led by the Queen and Prince Albert, ascended Craig-Gowan, where an immense bonfire was lighted and the good news thus carried to the country.

It was at Balmoral that the eldest daughter of the Queen (Empress Frederick, now so seriously ill,) was betrothed to the late Emperor of Germany, as so interestingly described in the Queen's book, "Our Life in the Highlands."

All court etiquette was waived at Balmoral. Shooting jackets took the place of black coats, and at dinner "tights" were dispensed with. The days were passed in free and easy style, and the evenings often closed with an impromptu torch dance, to the skirl of the pipes, over the stags killed during the day's hunt.

One of the Queen's favorite pastimes was visiting the tenants in their cottages, with whom she would often take tea. On one occasion she made a visit to a Mrs. Simpson, an old lady of nearly 100 years, who as a child had seen the troops occupying Deeside. Mrs. Simpson, a loyal Celt, declaimed against the hated Sassenach, much to the amusement of her royal guest. After tea the Queen made herself known, when the sturdy old rebel, not one bit dismayed, exclaimed:

"A couldna hae believed ye war the Queen, for ye're just like ony ither body."

Her Majesty visited Mrs. Simpson frequently up to the time of her death.

John Brown, the Queen's favorite servant, was born and brought up at Balmoral. He began life as a stable boy, and afterwards was given the task of leading the Queen's pony during her rides through the hills. Subsequently he was promoted to the post of honor, which he held so long, as the personal and trusted attendant of Her Majesty.

SANDON TOURNAMENT.

Fun and Winter Sports at the Mountain Mining Town.

Sandon, Jan. 24.—The programme for the Sandon carnival has just been completed, and it calls for an interesting list of sports. Nelson, Rossland, Kaslo, Silverton and Slocan City hockey teams will contest for the grand prize in the big tournament. The Rossland juniors will also be on hand and a red-hot game is certain to come off between the Sandon and Rossland juveniles. These and the Nelson teams play in Rossland for the championship of British Columbia at the carnival there, and the Sandon game will be an indicator of what may be expected. The programme awards all day Monday and Tuesday afternoon to the curlers. The preliminaries for the Harris and Bostock trophies will be played for in the big rink, the finals to take place in the curling rink on Wednesday and Thursday.

The hockey tournament commences on Tuesday evening, when the Rossland and Nelson teams will be brought together. On Wednesday Sandon will play Kaslo, and Silverton will cross sticks with Slocan, the finals between the winners to be played on Wednesday evening.

Thursday will be given up to the grand masquerade skating races, championship contests and Godfrey's pyrotechnic snowslide.

Single fares have been given over all roads, and a big crowd is expected from Rossland and Kaslo.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTE.

Few Notices of Importance in Yesterday's Issue of the Official Publication.

Last Thursday's issue of the Gazette was printed with a black border and contained the official notification by the Lieutenant-Governor of the death of Queen Victoria. The foot note, too, had changed, reading: "Victoria, B.C.: Printed by Richard Wolfenden, printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty."

The time for receiving petitions for private bills will expire on March 2; bills must be presented to the house not later than March 13, and reports from the private bills committee will not be received later than March 30.

The Grand Forks Investment & Trust Company, Ltd.; the Nanaimo Daily Herald Printing & Publishing Company, Ltd, and the Vancouver Coast Line Steamship Company, Ltd., have been incorporated.

Leask & Rankin, tailors and men's outfitters, and George Bremner, merchant, all of Cranbrook, have assigned.

J. R. Mitchell, R. J. Phibbs and C. Dickinson, carrying on business at Vancouver as the M. P. D. Company, have dissolved partnership.

A FITTING TRIBUTE.

The Proposal Revived to Make May 24 a Perpetual Holiday.

On the anniversary of the sixtieth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen Victoria, Senator Macdonald, of this city, introduced a bill in the Senate, declaring the 24th day of May, Her Majesty's birthday, a perpetual holiday, which was passed unanimously by the Senate. The bill was then sent to the House of Commons, where the Minister of Inland Revenue at that time undertook to take charge of it, and recommend its adoption by the house. But that was not done, for some unknown reason. Consequently the bill was dropped and did not become law.

The suggestion is now made that Senator Macdonald should introduce his bill again, when, without doubt, the House of Commons will make it a pleasing duty to pass the bill, as a tribute to the memory of a great and wise sovereign.

Proclaiming King Edward

An Imposing Ceremony With the Time Honored Customs in London.

Funeral of the Dead Queen Will Take Place on February 2.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 24.—The funeral of the Queen has been fixed to take place at Windsor Castle on February 2. The body will be removed from Osborne House on February 1.

It is the expressed desire of the Queen that the funeral should be military in character.

A naval salute of 21 guns was fired here at noon to-day in honor of King Edward VII.

London, Jan. 24.—London was given to-day a glimpse of medieval times. The quaint ceremonies with which King Edward VII. was proclaimed at various points of the metropolis exactly followed ancient precedents. The officials purposely arranged the function an hour ahead of the public announcement and the inhabitants, when they awoke, were surprised to find the entire way between St. James' Palace and the city lined with troops.

About 10,000 soldiers, Life Guards, Horse Guards, Foot Guards, and other cavalry and infantry regiments had been brought from Aldershot and London barracks after midnight. All the officers had crepe on their arms, and the drums and brass instruments were shrouded with crepe. The troops made an imposing spectacle, but they were entirely eclipsed by the strange spectacle presented by the officials of the College of Arms.

The ceremony began at St. James' Palace, where at 9 o'clock Edward VII. was proclaimed King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India. The proclamation, which was read by William Henry Weledon, king-at-arms since 1894, was as follows:

"Whereas, it pleased Almighty God to call to His mercy our late Sovereign, Lady Queen Victoria, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decease the Imperial crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward, we therefore, the lords, spiritual and temporal of this realm, being here assisted with these of her late Majesty's privy council, with numbers of other principal gentlemen of quality, with the Lord Mayor, the Aldermen and the citizens of London, do now hereby with one voice, consent of tongue and heart publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward is now by the death of our late Sovereign, of happy memory, become our only lawful and rightful liege Lord Edward VII., by the Grace of God King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, to whom we do acknowledge all faith and constant obedience with all hearty and humble affection, beseeching God, by whom all kings and queens do reign, to bless the Royal Prince Edward VII. with long and happy years to reign over us."

The proclamation was greeted by a fanfare of trumpets, cheers and cries of "God save the King!" There was a large assemblage of officials and college heralds. Among those in attendance were Earl Roberts and members of the headquarters staff and other army officers, and there was present a great concourse of people from the commencement to the close. At the conclusion of the ceremony the band belonging to the Foot Guards played "God Save the King."

The King was not present, but the members of his household witnessed the ceremony from Marlborough House. On the balcony overlooking the Friary court, from which the proclamation was read, were the Duke of Norfolk and other officers of state. The balcony was draped in crimson cloth. Beside the officials, in resplendent uniforms, were stationed the state trumpeters, and here were seen many prominent persons, among them Sir Henry Arthur White, private secretary to the Queen.

In the yard of Marlborough House and the Friary court was stationed a large body of police, soldiers and Foot Guards. The Foot Guards acted as a guard of honor and were posted immediately beneath the balcony.

The spectators began to assemble at an early hour. Troops arrived at 8 o'clock, and before 9 o'clock in the morning a brilliant cavalcade passed down the hall and entered Friary court. It consisted of the headquarters staff, headed by Gen. Roberts in full uniform, carrying a marshal's baton, and Gen Sir Evelyn Wood, the adjutant to the forces.

At nine o'clock the court dignitaries, headed by the Duke of Norfolk, appeared on the balcony. The heralds blew a fanfare and as King-at-Arms Weldon, in the midst of dead silence, read the proclamation in a loud, clear voice, all heads were bared. As the reading concluded the king-at-arms, raising his three-cornered hat, cried loudly, "God Save the King!" The crowd took up the cry, and the cheers and fanfares of the trumpets and the band playing a national anthem made a curious medley.

The third fanfare of trumpets ended the ceremony.

The officials then marched in procession from the balcony through the palace to the ambassador's court, where a number of royal carriages had been placed by the direction of the King at the disposal of the Earl Marshal. These took the officials who read the proclamation to the city, escorted by a detachment of Horse Guards, forming a gorgeous procession.

King Edward, escorted by a squadron of the Horse Guards and accompanied by the Duke of York, Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and others, left Marlborough House at 11 o'clock to take the train for Osborne.

The royal salute in celebration of His Majesty's accession was fired at noon in St. James' Park.

The crowds still thronged the streets through which His Majesty passed, and the great cheering was in strong contrast with the silence which greeted His Majesty's arrival in London.

Orders had been issued to the Channel squadron and all other available ships to assemble at Spithead on February 1, the date of the removal of Queen Victoria's body from Osborne. It is understood the warships will form a double line through which the royal yacht bearing the body will pass.

TARRED AND FEATHERED.

Mob at Welland Show a Disregard For the Law.

Welland, Jan. 24.—(Special)—Peter Neff, a resident of Humberstone village, was taken from his house last night by a mob, tied hand and foot, and given a dressing of tar and feathers. Afterwards they took photographs of him, and gave him twelve hours to get out of town. The cause of the citizens' indignation was over Neff's treatment of his sister, with whom he lived.

C. P. R. TRANSFERS.

Superintendent Bury of Fort William Goes to the Crow's Nest Division—South Winnipeg Election.

Winnipeg, Jan. 24.—(Special)—Superintendent Bury of Fort William has been transferred to the Crow's Nest Pass division, with headquarters at Cranbrook. He is succeeded at Fort William by T. G. Ross, assistant superintendent here; and R. G. Peard, train despatcher, succeeds Ross as assistant.

Archbishop Langevin left for Ottawa to-day on church business.

Mr. James Thomas Gordon, cattle exporter, was to-day elected by acclamation as member of the provincial house for South Winnipeg, filling the vacancy caused in the Conservative ranks by the retirement of Mr. Hugh John Macdonald.

In accordance with the instructions, the flags on Government House and other public buildings were run up to the masthead to-day, and a salute fired in honor of the accession to the throne of King Eward VII.

The Victoria hockey team, of this city, left to-day to take part in the Stanley Cup matches at Montreal.

VENEZUELA MUTINY.

Soldiers Kill Their Officers but Outbreak Is Put Down.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, Jan. 24.—Advices which have been received here regarding the mutiny of Venezuelan troops in the Hoyo barracks, at Caracas, said the mutineers numbered 300. The outbreak took place at 8 o'clock in the evening of January 14, and the colonel, two officers and four men were killed. Half of the mutineers were arrested near Caracas, and the others surrendered next day.

The situation, so far as it affects the Bermudese Asphalt Company, grows more critical every hour. The American colony in Venezuela continues to protest against the indifference with which American lives and interests are regarded.

KEEP HER MEMORY GREEN.

The Queen's Birthday Will Remain a Holiday for Ontario Children.

Toronto, Jan. 24.—(Special)—So far as the schools are concerned at least, there will be a celebration on the Queen's Birthday in Ontario on this and succeeding years. By enactment of the government during Mr. Ross' term as minister of education, Empire Day, which has hitherto been on the 23rd of May, or nearest proceeding school day to 24th, nearest preceding school day to 24th, late Queen's birthday.

Honored the New King

Salutes Fired Yesterday at Esquimalt and Work Point Barracks.

Wreath Sent to Funeral by Provincial Government—City's Message Answered.

Everywhere throughout the city last Thursday the flags which for two days had been floating half-mast out of respect to the memory of the dead Queen, were raised to the top of the poles in honor of the accession to the throne of King Edward VII. They were again half-masted at sunset, and will remain so until after the royal funeral.

At Esquimalt from sunrise to sunset the flags on the ships at the station floated from the peak, and at noon a salute of 101 guns was fired from the torpedo boat destroyer Virago, the same salute being given at Work Point.

Acting under instructions from Ottawa, Capt. Gaudin, agent for the department of marine and fisheries, had all the flags on the custom house and government buildings raised at the masthead until sunset, when they were again half-masted.

The following message was received by Mayor Hayward, in answer to the message of condolence which was forwarded by the city:

Ottawa, Jan. 24th, 1901.

Mayor Hayward, Victoria:

I am directed by His Excellency to acknowledge the receipt of your loyal and sympathetic message on behalf of the people of Victoria, and to inform you that it will be duly forwarded.

CAPT. GRAHAM.
Governor-General's Secretary.

Lieut.-Col. Gregory, commanding the Fifth Regiment, C. A., yesterday issued the following regimental order:

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 23rd, 1901.

District Order No. 17.

Pending definite instructions from headquarters, officers when in uniform will wear a band of black crepe round the left arm, as prescribed by Q. R. para. 1064. Mourning will be worn until further orders.

T. BENSON,
Lieut.-Colonel.
D. O. C. M. 11.

Leave of absence on private affairs has been granted to Lieut.-Col. Gregory for one month from this date. During his absence the command of the regiment devolves upon Major B. Williams.

By Order,
(Sgd) ALEXIS MARTIN,
Second Lieut. and Capt.
Actg. Regtl. Adjutant.

The following message has been forwarded to the colonial office by the Chinese Reform Association:

Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary, London, Eng.:

The Chinese Empire Reform Association of Canada, having a membership of four thousand Chinese, desires you to convey to King Edward their sorrow at the death of her late Majesty Queen Victoria, under whose protection they have lived in Canada many years, and their hope that His Majesty will enjoy a long and prosperous reign.

LEE FOOK GAY,
President.
DONG TAI,
Secretary.

Yesterday the provincial government telegraphed to the agent-general of the province in London, instructing him to arrange to have a suitable wreath provided for the funeral of the Queen on behalf of the people of British Columbia.

There will in all probability be an entire absence of social functions for a number of weeks to come, as the period of mourning is of considerable duration.

The provincial ministers took the oath of allegiance to His Majesty King Edward VII. yesterday morning, before Lieutenant-Governor Joly.

At a meeting of Dominion Lodge, No. 4, I. O. O. F., the following resolution was passed by a standing vote:

"Be it resolved that the members of this Dominion Lodge, No. 4, I. O. O. F., do hereby signify their heartfelt sympathy in the loss the Empire has sustained in the death of our late lamented Queen:

"Be it further resolved that this resolution be spread upon the minutes of this lodge as a lasting memorial to the memory of one who has proved her interest in such organizations for the uplifting of mankind, by herself becoming a member of a beneficial society."

Brothers Jeeves and Edwards were appointed a committee to arrange for the society to be represented at the memorial services to be held on the date of the funeral.

Court Columbia, No. 83, C. O. F., met yesterday evening for the transaction of regular business, but immediately adjourned out of respect to the memory of the Queen.

Alexandria Lodge, Sons of England, adjourned their meeting also, after passing a resolution of condolence.

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