NEW YEAR OUTLOOK IN MOTHER LAND PICTURED IN SOMBRE COLORS

Difficulties at Home and Abroad Require Careful Diplomacy to Tide Over the Post-War Adjustment Period.

A despatch from London says:— the opinion that the new mercantile ritain's outlook for 1921 is pictured marine of the United States is likely Britain's outlook for 1921 is pictured in rather sombre colors by the politi-cians, economists, financiers and labor who are casting their eye forward to the New Year. At home two outstanding problems—unemploy-ment and Ireland—have baffled the Government, while it is also besieged by many results of the war, including a vigorous newspaper campaign against so-called Government extrava-

In the foreign field, looking eastward, there is the perplexing problem of settling the Palestine boundaries, promising some pointed exchanges of opinion with France; Mesopotamia with its huge expense and its oil; the ever-present Persian difficulties which last agreement has not allayed; India, which is in a greater state of unrest than for years, requiring an exceptionally large garrison; Russia, with her trade proposals which have caused a split in the British Cabinet, and the uncertain Greek situation.

Officials here believe that within the next twelve months important dealings between Great Britain and the United States will necessitate most careful handling. Negotiations between the two countries have been almost dormant since the political conventions in the United States. There is a desire here to clear up the oil question, which has been the subct of a long series of communications on the question as to the extent to which the United States shall parmost of which is under British man It is believed, however, that considerable more negotiating is necessary before an agreement is reach-

Settlement of the cable control also Shipping experts and officials are of of the unemployed.

to bring up a question of adroit dip-lomacy and point to Secretary Dan-iels' announcement of a big naval program as the forerunner for shipping differences.

Officials here has not desired to push these questions to a settlement until advent of the new United States administration, but hope to get them under way soon after March 4.

While the Government is being seriously pressed on one side to ceas enormous expenditure it is besieged with demands on the other employment funds, cash for housing schemes and other post-war expendi tures, with a result that there is little likelihood of reduction in the burden some taxation

Some relief is promised in reduce cost of living except in the price of food, which rose steadily during 1920 With industry hard hit and a million iobless, merchants who had been hold ing commodities for high prices are expected to continue to dump their goods at a loss. This has caused slight reductions during the latter

weeks of the old year.
As the year opens, the Lloyd George Government apparently is maintaining a firm hold and there is little evidence that any of the many small factions in Parliament, either separately or in concerted action, are able to defeat the Cabinet and force general elections. The Cabinet Ministers, as they pass between their offices and Parliament ticipate in the world petroleum supply, see evidence of unrest. Strong-policed barricades still obstruct the approach es to Government buildings and the huge iron gates at the entrances to some official buildings are kept closed. This is done, the Government announced, because it feared a Sinn Fein outoffers many perplexities, particularly break, but it is known also that it conin that the United States is continusidered the ill effect Bolshevik agitaally reaching farther for world trade. tors might have on the restive minds



to \$1.90 per car lot; No. 2 Spring, \$1.80 to \$1.85, shipping points, according to freight.

Peas—No. 2, nominal, \$1.75 to \$1.80.

Barley—85 to 90c, according to freights outside.

Buckupast No. 2 \$1 to \$1.05 nom.

40c. Oleomargarine—best grade, 33 to 35c. Cheese—new, large, 27 to 27½c; twins, 27½ to 28c; old, large, 29 to 32c. Maple syrup—one-gal. tins, \$3.50; maple sugar, lb., 27 to 30c. Honey, Extracted—white clover, in 60-lb. and 30-lb. tins, per lb. 24 to 25c; do, 10-lb. tins, per lb. 25 to 26c; Ontario No. 1 white clover, in 2½ and 5-lb. tins. per lb., 27c. Churning Cream—Toronto creameries are paying for churning cream 58c per lb. fat, f.o.b. shipping points, nominal. Oleomargarine best grade.

o.b. shipping points, nominal.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 39 to Smoked meats—Hams, med., 39 to 41c; hezvy, 38 to 40c; cooked, 55 to 58c; rolls, 33 to 35c; cottage rolls, 37 to 39c; breakfast bacon, 45 to 49c; fancy breakfast bacon, 53 to 56c; fancy breakfast bacon, 53 to 56c; backs, plain, bone in, 49 to 51c; bone-less, 55 to 59c.

less, 55 to 59c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 27 to 28c; clear bellies, 26 to 27c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 25 to 26c; tubs, 26 to 26½c; pails, 26¼ to 26½; prints, 28 to 29c. Compound tierces, 17 to 18c; tubs, 17½ to 18½c; pails, 18¾ to 20c; prints, 21 to 22c.

Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.96 \(\frac{1}{2} \); No. 2 Northern, \$1.93 \(\frac{1}{2} \); No. 4 wheat, \$1.66.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 55 \(\frac{1}{2} \); Co. 3 Northern, \$1.89 \(\frac{1}{2} \); No. 4 wheat, \$6.60; Sp. 30 do, good, \$6.25 to \$6.25; butchers' bulls, choice, \$8 to \$9.50; do, good, \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$5 to \$6; butchers' bulls, choice, \$8 to \$9.50; do, good, \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$5 to \$6; butchers' bulls, choice, \$8 to \$9.50; do, good, \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$5 to \$6; butchers' cows, choice, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$7.50; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$7.50; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$7.50; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$7.50; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$7.50; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$7.50; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$7.50; do, good, \$7.5

cording to freight.

Peas—No. 2, nominal, \$1.75 to \$1.80.

Barley—85 to 90c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 3, \$1 to \$1.05, nominal.

Rye—No. 3, \$1.50 to \$1.55, nominal, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—\$11.10, top patents; \$10.60, Government standard.
Ontario flour—\$7.75, bulk seaboard.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$38 to \$40; shorts, per ton, \$42; good feed flour, \$2.75 to \$3.

Eggs—new-laid, cartons, 90 to 95c; selects. 78 to 80c; No. 1, 75 to 77c.

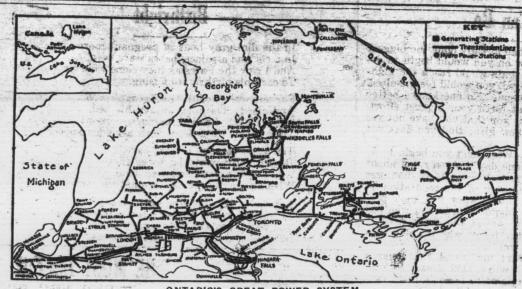
Ontario flour—\$7.75, bulk seaboard.

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Eggs—new-laid, cartons, 90 to 95c; selects, 78 to 80c; No. 1, 75 to 77c.
Butter—Creamery prints, 54 to 57c; fresh-made, 58 to 60c; bakers', 35 to 40c. Oleomargarine—best grade 33

Pre-War Basis

A despatch from London says: -Pre-war prices are beginning to rule again in London, and the after Christmas sales are recording, as was expected, sensational cuts. Retailers with cash have been able to buy stocks at ridiculously low prices and certain classes of hosiery and silk goods are down to 1913 quotations. Men's suits are being sold to-day for fifty shillings and boots for thirty shillings. The question in the minds of many business men, have the people got the money to buy?" seems to be answered in the affirmative by the record crowds at the early bargain sales.



ONTARIO'S GREAT POWER SYSTEM With the acquirement of the Mackenzie electric power holdings in Ontario by the Hydro Electric Commission, the people of the province will own the greatest electric power system in the world. The above map shows the ramifications of the hydro system and its great development in the last few years.

FIUME STRUGGLE COMES TO AN END POET SOLDIER RETIRES FROM FIELD

D'Annunzio Gives Up Fight, Leaving City by Airplane Disbandment of His Legionaries and a General Amnesty Part of the Bargain.

A despatch from Rome says:-D'Annunzio has issued a proclamation declaring that it is not worth while dying for Italy. He said he was leaving Fiume by airplane.

This was semi-officially announced here on Wednesday afternoon, together with the announcement that the Fiume agreement may be regardas concluded.

Settlement of the Fiume question based on recognition of the Treaty of Rapallo, disbandment of D'Annun zio's legionaries and a general amwas expected following receipt of late advices from the blockaded

The suspension of hostilities, pre viously ordered, has been prolonged. Negotiations for surrender are pro-ceeding with the Municipal Council of Fiume, to which D'Annunzio has ceded his power.

A description of the last phases of the struggle in Fiume, received here, shows that the legionaries reopened fire against the troops who were failed owing to the stubborn resistmerely holding the positions they had taken Monday night.

The fight assumed the character of guerrilla warfare all along the line. natural resources of the terrain for laying ambuscades.

and cleverly camouflaged. The houses seemed to have been abandoned, but when the troops approached, the legionaries, behind windows, behind chimney-stacks and on balconies and roofs,

by fire from machine guns which had

been sunk to the level of the ground

suddenly opened fire. Even women vere found working machine guns, The gravest losses were inflicted by hand grenades, which were used so freely as to give the impression that they must have been accumulated by scores of thousands. It would have been an easy matter to get the better of the legionaries by employing artillery, but the military authorities re-

fused such recourse, except against military buildings. The legionaries ultimately tried to force the regulars to retreat in order to relieve pressure on the city, but ance, especially of the Carabineers and Alpine troops, who fought cour-ageously for more than three hours. The points where the struggle was

The legionaries took advantage of the the bitterest, near the railway station, and inside the Fiume cemetery, were virtually destroyed.

U.S. BALLOONISTS SAFE AT JAMES BAY Blizzards Drove Balloon Miles

Out of its Course.

Cochrane, Jan. 3.—The missing United States army balloonists landed safely on Tuesday, Dec. 14, at Moose Factory, on James Bay, 185 miles north of Cochrane. Moose Factory is near Moose Harbor, the proposed terminal for the James Bay extension of the Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway, of which the first 20 miles from Cochrane north have been started.

The flyers are safe and seemingly have not suffered any ill-effects from Canadian National Railways, from than it has been for many months."

where reports were sent to Cochrane. The balloon had been driven miles out of its course by the blizzards which were raging, and it was for-tunate that it landed at that particular point, as any deflection in another direction would have dropped the crew into a region uninhabited and infested by wolves

Moose Factory is a Hudson's Bay

rane during a heavy snowstorm about miles an hour.

midnight, December 13, being just visible and at a very high altitude.

The balloon party will come down on the ice on the Missanabie River, eventually striking the Hudson's Bay Co. post at Mattice, on the Canadian National Railways, and start home by train from that point, thus ending one of the most extraordinary and eventful trips of the history of balloonists.

KING GEORGE WILL VISIT VERDUN

London, Jan. 2 .- The following statement from the Irish Office wa

"Irish Parliaments will meet under their extraordinary experience or the enforced winter trip into the Northern when the north and south of Ireland wilds. Immediately after their land- each will have it representation. All ing a party of Indians was despatched Ireland is sick of the struggle, and by the Hudson's Bay Co. to the near-will welcome the prospect for peace. est railroad office at Mattice, on the The outlook is now more favorance

,000-Passenger Dirigible Planned

A despatch from Petrograd says:-A special committee of experts has approved Machonin's plans for a giant passenger dirigible, which will have motors of a total of 24,000 horsepower, Co. trading post at the south end of and a lifting capacity of 2,200,000 James Bay, where the Moose River pounds. The passenger cabins will be empties into the bay. The party was arranged in several tiers and the sev-to have left Moose Factory Dec. 27 eral tiers connected by an electrically and is due in Cochrane by the end of operated elevator. An airplane, automobile and motor boat will be carried A night employee of the Canadian National Railway states that he observed the balloon passing over Cocheserved the balloon passing the balloon passing the ball

TWO PARLIAMENTS FOR IRELAND

Sinn Feiners Will be Forced to Contest Seats. London, Jan. 3.—There is a growing

don that the passage of the Home Rule Act has changed the whole Irish situa-As the regulars were advancing across orchards they were enveloped The Government believes there will

be a full list of candidates for the Southern Parliament at the first election, and that the Sinn Fein will be forced in self-defence to contest the

This will afford an excellent test of Irish sentiment, and the Government hopes enough moderates will be elected to justify the setting up of the Southern Parliament.

The Chronicle's political correspo dent says steps are to be taken under the new Home Rule Act to set up two Parliaments in Ireland, which will be facilitated as much as possible. Ulster hopes to get "appointed day" fixed in March. The date for the initiation in Southern Ireland may be a different

IRISH RAILWAYS RESUME OPERATION

Are Carrying Armed Forces of the Crown-Raids in Dublin.

A despatch from Dublin says:-For the first time in months armed Crown forces travelled on Wednesday on a train which left the King's Bridge Station, the Dublin terminus of the Great Southern & Western Railway. All the employees of the railway

nave returned to work. The military on Wednesday made extensive raids and searches of residences and business establishments throughout Dublin. In Rutland Square alone five hundred soldiers made s house-to-house inspection, and about a score of young men were arrested.



Sold His Electrical Interests.

Sir William Mackenzie, the Toronto Electric Knight, who has disposed of his plants at Niagara Falls for a sum of \$32,735,000 to the Ontario Hydro Electric Commission. The deal was vate mission.

TORONTO VOTES FOR **HYDRO PURCHASE**

Mayor Church Returned for Seventh Term.

Torento, Jan 3.—The "ayes" have it. By a majority of 26,745 votes the electors of Toronto approve of the proposed purchase of the Toronto Electric Light Co. and the Toronto & York Radial Railway.

And by another majority of 15,993 it is declared that Thomas L. Church is to be Mayor for 1921, while C. Alfred Maguire is returned at the head of the poll to the Board of Control by 34,141 votes.

There was only one issue. The vote for public ownership was a vote for a Greater Toronto. The day of corporate monopoly is at an end, definitely and finally, in this city.

The experience of the last eight years under the leadership of Sir Adam Beck, has taught the public self-reliance, and the success achieved as partners in the Hydro-electric undertaking nerved them for the great decision made on Saturday with enthusiastic optimism.

The result is significant. It insures to the citizens of Toronto the supreme control in matters of transportation and electrical distribution, and restores again to the city the absolute control of its streets. It augurs well for the future growth of this metro-London, Jan. 3.—There is a growing polis, because now that the acquisition don that the appearer of the Home Rule of the Toronto & York Radial system is assured, backed up by the undertakings of Premier Drury that the Government will secure the necessary legislation to ratify the deal, the Sutherland Commission is practically eliminated from the Hydro-radial controversy, and nothing should interfere with the immediate development of Sir Adam Beck's plans to make Toronto the hub of a system of high-speed interurban lines that will bring growth, wealth and comfort to all this section of the Province.

The total vote on the Hydro purchase was 30.473, some 28.609 votes being cast for the clean-up and only 1,864 against it.

REPORTS ON GERMAN DISARMAMENT

Marshal Foch Says Delinquencies Are Chiefly Maintainance of Civil Guards.

Paris, Jan. 2.-Marshal Foch's report on Germany's disarmament, according to The Temps, says that the Germans have surrendered 41,000 cannon, 29,000 unmounted cannon barrels, 163,000 machine guns and barrels, 2,-800,000 rifles, 16,000 airplanes and 25,-000 airplane motors.

The German delinquencies in executing the disarmament clauses of the treaty and the Spa agreement are said to be principally the maintainence of civic guards in Bavaria and Eastern Prussia, the organization of security police and failure to destroy the required amount of artillery in the eastern and southern frontier fort-

The report recites the details of the Germans' request that they be allowed to retain 841 cannon in the fortresses, but the allies have approved the retention of only 20 guns at Koenigs, berg, 36 at Pillau and 32 a Swine

ENGLISH PUPILS: TO STUDY CANADA

Dominion History and Geography Occupy Place in Curricula.

London, Jan. 2 .- Canadian history, facts and statistics, is to form a permanent subject in the English school curricula commencing this month. This will be in addition to geographical information contained in the ordinary text-books. A monograph on Canada will be compiled later by Prof. W. L. Grant of Upper Canada College, Toronto, for issue to every member of the National Union of Teachers of the British Isles for use in a series of school lessons on the Dominion. These will include Canada's climatic and physical features, Government, economic development, and also illustrated lectures. Miss Durban of British Columbia already is lecturing to scholars under the auspices of the Victoria League, which is arranging the correspondence between Canadian school children and those in Britain.

REGLAR FELLERS—By Gene Byrnes







