

THE COURIER

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THE BRANTFORD COURIER LIMITED

Wednesday, April 9, 1913

LAURIER'S BUNCOMBE

"The reason we have taken the bill is to call the attention of the House and of the country to the most important measure, perhaps, which has ever engaged its attention during the forty years and more of its existence. Important it is because it opens the way to a new departure altogether in our national life. This present hour and this present day are not without solemnity. If we pass this bill, I say to my Right Hon. friend that we are turning our backs on what has been the traditional history of this country since Confederation; if we pass this bill we will certainly interrupt and perhaps put an end to the spirit of self-confidence and self-reliance which has made Canada what it is to-day; if we pass this bill we open a new page in our long and fateful struggle which has characterized colonial government from its inception to this day, the struggle between centralization on the one side and expansion on the other—a struggle which we thought had forever been settled in favor of colonial expansion."—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in the Commons.

Where on earth could you beat the above for absolute baldness? Canadians in offering immediate assistance to the British navy are not in any sense putting "an end to the spirit of self-confidence," but are simply discharging an obligation long overdue.

The assertion that Canadian expansion is involved is the sheerest kind of absolute buncome.

Laurier knows that, and every sensible man knows it, but the trouble with the knight of the "white plume" is that he is a liability for the fleshpots of this world.

The late G. D. Smith, one of the foremost scholars of the world, in some reminiscences published after his death, referred to all leading public men of the Dominion except Laurier.

He evidently regarded him as simply an opportunist, which his whole career has shown him to be, and as future history will regard him for no other name one move of national or empire value which he has ever initiated, or espoused.

OBSTRUCTION AND REACTION.

The champions of Obstruction are ranged on the side of Reaction and Mediaevalism against the forces that make for peace, prosperity and progress. Doubtless they will deny this. Perhaps they don't even realize that it is so, but if they don't realize because their outlook is narrow and because they cannot see beyond the parochial limits of local party politics. Great Britain, whatever faults has always been the Hampden of the nations. Her genius is commercial rather than military, but she always combined with her commercialism the power to protect her commerce. It is because Laurier has put the prosperity of her people first and has recognized that for navy and military are but a means to that end, that the flag of Britain never fails to evoke the enthusiasm of her sons.

The two contending forces in Europe to-day are Modernism standing for free political institutions and government by the people, and mediaevalism standing for rule by a military aristocracy, Britain and her allies represent Modernism; Germany or rather the German Emperor and ruling classes represent mediaevalism.

The Asquith government which represents the extreme anti-war party in England at first refused to recognize the gravity of the German menace, but for the last two years they have been fully alive to it, and are making every preparation to meet it. We could have no better proof, if it were wanted, of the necessity of every part of the Empire standing together ready to render mutual help at this crisis than the fact that the Liberal Government in England which inherits the traditions of Hampden and Pym, of Bright and Cobden, has sounded the old Cromwell cry of "To your tents, Oh Israel!" and has (not asked Canada to give immediate aid), but has accepted the aid, apparently so freely offered, supposing that the offer was genuine. Who that remembers Sir Wilfrid's grandiloquent words when tending that aid can wonder that Britain should suppose the offer genuine. In the face of these

CURE KIDNEYS AND RHEUMATISM DISAPPEARS

Get rid of YOUR Rheumatism for good by taking that reliable remedy, GIN PILLS. They will relieve your pain—they will strengthen the kidneys—they will cure you to stay cured—or your money will be promptly refunded. Montreal, March 29th, 1912. "It affords me great pleasure to inform you that I have used GIN PILLS for about six months and that they have done me a great deal of good. I had Rheumatism for two years and this winter I saved myself from it by taking GIN PILLS. I highly recommend them to the public." A. BEAUDRY. GIN PILLS neutralize the acid condition of the urine, prevent the formation of uric acid in the blood and stone in the bladder and kidneys, keep the kidneys well and strong, and drive out and ward off Rheumatic attacks. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 148

THE SUCCESS OF HYDRO-ELECTRIC.

The following is a leading editorial from the Toronto Star (Liberal): "Treating the Toronto Hydro-Electric system as an ordinary company, under share capital, its profits during 1912 were equivalent to a dividend of five per cent. That fact which is clearly demonstrated in the annual report just issued, is a sufficient answer to the croakers who have prophesied ill of the system because they wished it ill. And it must be remembered that, in arriving at these figures the auditors have accepted the most conservative methods of financing. They have taken the whole amount spent on canvassing for continuing customers and on advertising—over \$50,000—out of the one year's earnings, although the services which were secured mean a profit spread over many years, and the outlay might have been treated in a like manner and would have been by any company anxious to "make a showing." It is to be noted also, that the Hydro Commission had allowed for an ample depreciation fund besides the sinking fund, and has, in addition to that, paid for current maintenance and repairs out of income. It is encouraging to see that the construction work has been done within the estimates, and that, with \$775,000 of the civic grant still unexpended, there are 17,000 services installed where only 13,000 were promised. But these are only a few of the sources for congratulation in the report handed in. It is a complete answer to the scoffers who said that public enterprise could not successfully compete with private capital and resourcefulness. The citizens of Toronto are under a lasting obligation to the members of the commission, and above all to Mr. P. W. Ellis, the chairman."

CANADIAN SHIPS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE DEFENCE OF BRITISH EMPIRE.

The following is contained in the London Times, and reprinted in the Toronto Daily Star of April 1st, 1913. Hon. Winston Churchill made the following statement:—"Canadian ships are absolutely necessary for the whole world defence of the British Empire from the end of 1915, or the beginning of 1916 onwards," he said. "The fact that they are necessary is no measure of their value. We can build three ships ourselves if necessary. It is the fact of this new great measureless strength and the possibility to testify to the enduring life of the British Empire, which has already produced an impression throughout the world that is of more value than many Dreadnought ships; an impression which conduces both for the safety of this country and the peace of the nations from this point."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The square deal campaign stands back of a paper which in this community is "supreme in everything."

A moderate form of closure intended to expedite the regular business of Parliament if adopted at the right time, might not be objectionable, but introduced as an aid to the naval bill, is impossible. Stratford Beacon, (Liberal).

Impossible, eh sonny? You had better read your Bourinot and see what Gladstone did in the British House in 1882.

It is announced that the Ontario Government has at last been spurred to action with regard to flood prevention on the Grand

DON'T STAY GRAY! SAGE TEA WILL DARKEN YOUR HAIR BEAUTIFULLY.

make it too sticky, so insist you want "Wyeth's," then there will be no disappointment. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur" and draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. Do this at night and by morning all gray hair disappears and after another application or two becomes beautifully glossy and more luxuriant than ever. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling. Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and you'll look years younger. Inquire shows all pharmacists in town here sell lots of it.

A Mixture of Sage and Sulphur Prevents Dandruff and Falling Hair.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur no one can tell, because it is done so naturally, so evenly. It is also splendid to remove dandruff, cure itching scalp and stop falling hair. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is a messy, troublesome task. For about 50c a bottle you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." Some druggists put this mixture up themselves, but

Riot Case Before Jury This Afternoon

(Continued from Page 1) the attack was practically over when he saw Burch.

Henry Fildon, bank messenger, stated he saw Burch on the night of the riot in the crowd in the vicinity of the police station. He had his hands up above his head and heard Burch say, "Come on."

P. C. Felker stated on the night in question he saw defendant just before the stones were being thrown. Defendant was standing by the hydrant near the Fire Hall.

P. C. Stewart. P. C. Stewart said he saw Burch in the centre of Dalhousie and Queen street, he was standing in the crowd. Witness did not hear him say anything.

Burch, the defendant in the action was put in the box. He stated he had lived in this country about twelve months. He was not the editor or had anything to do with the paper editorially. Had no control over the paper at all. Witness stated he left the office of the G. A. Ward Press about ten o'clock and met P. C. Stanley and walked down Colborne Street. After leaving Stanley he went back to the office and got a parcel of 10 inches in length, containing strips of paper, for a Christmas decoration. He had also two magazines, an Expositor and a Courier. He saw them arresting the Indian. He walked up Dalhousie street on the left hand side to the Fire Hall and remained there with a crowd. Burch said he did not throw up his hands and say "Come on."

When asked "if the parcel was wrapped in brown paper," Burch said "It was wrapped in an Expositor."

St. Thomas Times—Buenos Ayres with a population of 1,434,830. Near by double that of a year ago is far and away the great city of the Southern Hemisphere. Rio de Janeiro is still under a million and Melbourne around 600,000.

Simple Issue

Exchange—The issue is very simple. The Government having the responsibility of public affairs imposed upon them by the will of the Canadian people, deem it necessary to afford immediate and effective aid to the naval forces of the Empire. They propose to render such aid under conditions which will enable a Canadian naval service to be established in the future, if the Canadian people so desire and determine.

In Great Britain Stratford Herald—Ask the C.P.R., that great and on the whole patriotic Canadian corporation where they built their Empresses. In Great Britain of course.

Ask the Canadian Northern where they go for their Atlantic liners when they want them and want them quick; Great Britain is the unhesitating answer.

Ask the present Opposition where they, when in power, built the most if not all of their fishery patrol and ice breaking craft, small though they are; Great Britain again. And yet when we would contribute ships for the purpose of immediately increasing the effective naval forces of the Empire, a proposition accepted by the Opposition and made part of the amendments for which they have voted, we are asked to tie a string to the gift and to put the biggest kind of brakes on the "immediacy" by postponing the ships till we can build them in Canada.

Get After the Fly! Stratford Beacon—At a meeting of the board of trade of Chase, B.C., recently, Mr. B. W. Sawyer, manager of the Adams River Lumber Company, gave some useful and interesting information regarding the desirability of destroying the fly and he furnished a safe and inexpensive recipe for getting rid of it. His plan consists in sprinkling with formaldehyde any place where flies are likely to breed. This he said need not be done after each rain as the treatment is effective for weeks in dry weather. Mr. Sawyer stated that, last year, he had used fifteen dollars worth of formaldehyde in the district camp on the Adams River with excellent results. Whereas, in previous years the men had suffered from dysentery and typhoid, last year the camps were free from those diseases. This is a new plan, though doubtless it has been known to those who are familiar with the properties of that disinfectant.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

What the Other Fellow Thinks.

River, and that an appropriation of \$10,000 will be made towards having an investigation of the question.—Expositor. Talk about gall! When the editor of the Expositor was a member of the Ontario House, he tried more than once to get the then Liberal Government to do something but failed. They turned him down with just as cold and sickening a thud on that as they did in refusing to accept his nominee for Principal of the Ontario Institution for the Blind.

This Rich Country

Bradstreets—Canada is becoming renowned in all countries of the world for many things, but next to her wheat fields, her wealth of her mines is bringing her the most attentive interests of other nations. Forcibly the gold field of 1912, as far as production goes was shipping over \$20,000 worth of gold per day at the close of last year. The silver camp at Cobalt has shipments which are growing by millions each year.

Of Asbestos, Canada produced 120,000 tons, or about eighty per cent. of the world's total output. Seventy per cent. of the world's nickel comes from Canada, the total being 612,000 tons in 1912. British Columbia with her \$31,500,000 worth of gold produced during 1912 and the Maritime provinces with their vast iron and coal output are to be classed among few outstanding features of the industry during 1912. The prospects for this year are far increased production. The giant is a big city.

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IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

ESTABLISHED 1875 Capital and Reserve Fund \$13,540,000.00 Total Assets 78,000,000.00

Savings Bank Department

Interest Paid on Deposits From Date of Deposit Open Saturday Evenings from 7 to 9. BRANTFORD BRANCH: 12 Market Street, Opposite Market Square Harvey T. WATT, Manager

Two Thousand Soldiers

(Continued from Page 1) of the car lines in the down town section of the city.

Not a Car Running Up to 10.30 o'clock this morning no attempt had been made to operate a car on any of the company's lines. Rumors that the men employed at the power plants, furnishing power to the International, had struck in sympathy with the striking car men, proved unfounded. During the night power lines along Hotel avenue in the outskirts of the city, were cut, but were repaired early, and all circuits were reported in working order.

Fired Upon A special detail of mounted scouts of the 74th Regiment was fired upon at the corner of Niagara and Tonawanda streets this morning. The militiamen charged the crowd, but did not capture the men who fired the shots. No one was injured.

I. O. F. WILL BE WIDENED Statement Made To-day by High Chief Ranger Stevenson

TORONTO, April 9.—The following statement has been handed out by High Chief Ranger Stevenson of the I. O. F.

The Independent Order of Foresters bill that has just passed the House of Commons in the Canadian Parliament, when finally passed, will not affect the members of the society in any way unless it shall be accepted by the Supreme Court of the society as a two-thirds vote at a regular session.

The purpose of the bill is to change the corporate name and enlarge the powers of the society in several particulars if the Supreme Court desires to do so.

The present corporate name of the society is "The Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters." The name seems awkward when used in the society's varied transactions, and it is proposed to change the name to the Independent Order of Foresters. It is proposed to give the society the same powers and make them subject to the same restrictions with reference to the investment of its funds as have under the general laws of the Dominion. It is proposed to give the Supreme Court of the society authority to create an investment board to manage the investments of the society. The investments of the society amounting to upwards of \$20,000,000, that it is thought that it might be well to have them specially looked after instead of by those who have other duties that engross a large part of their time and attention.

At the session of the Supreme Court of 1908, when a compromise re-adjustment of rates of assessment of the pre-'99 members was adopted, it was understood that a careful investigation of the financial situation of the society, as relates to its ability to meet its large obligations outstanding,

WANT TO VOTE PROHIBITION

Alliance Men at Ottawa would have Question Submitted Throughout Canada

(Canadian Press Despatch) OTTAWA, Ont., April 9.—Dr. J. A. Bazin of Ormstown, Que., for 50 years a prominent dentist in Montreal and a leading spirit in temperance circles throughout the Dominion and William Paterson, K.C., of Montreal, legal adviser to the Dominion Alliance there, are in Ottawa interviewing prominent members of the government and opposition. Their object is to secure a change in the Dominion Elections Act in certain particulars so as to provide at the holding of every general election an opportunity for the elector to indicate on his ballot whether he is in favor of legislation to prohibit the importation, manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage. The proposed amendment to the act would further provide that if at the close of any such election say 52 per cent. of the voters shall have voted in favor of such prohibition, then at the following session of the Dominion parliament legislation that object shall be enacted.

It is further suggested that in order to ensure a full vote on the question it should be printed at the bottom of the regular ballot for candidates, and any ballot on which the question was not answered either for or against should be declared null and void.

Miller's Worm Powders are a pleasant medicine for worm-infested children, and they will take it without objection. When directions are followed it will not injure the most delicate child; as there is nothing of an injurious nature in its composition. They will speedily rid a child of little sufferers whose vitality has become impaired by the attacks of these internal pests.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

The great Uterine Tonic and only safe effective remedy for all ailments on which women can depend. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, 2, 3. No. 1 is the strongest. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of address: The Cook Manufacturing Co., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly W. H. Ingham)

THE TEA POT INN

"Tea as You Like It" 134 Dalhousie St. Opposite the Market.

D & A CORSET

The Corset that Enhances the Charms of Youth Very young women need this corset. It gives the exact foundation required for the successful fashionable costume, supports the back, encloses the hips, gives to the figure a more mature appearance and is so graceful and so comfortable that wearing it is a positive pleasure.



Addressing the Grand Jury which was empaneled in the High Court of Assize yesterday, Chancellor Boyd defined what rioting and being a member of an unlawful assembly was. There were two defendants, Burch and Greenhill, whose trial is in progress to-day. The Grand Jury returned a true bill against Burch for being a member of the crowd which attacked the police station, but no bill for rioting. It is expected that the case will go before the jury to-day. The Grand Jury was selected as follows: Wm. Armstrong, Walter Andrews, Charles Andrews, Milton Brown, J. T. Burrows, Joseph Boyce, Harry

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