

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

ESTABLISHED 1841.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1915.

MORTON & HERITY, Proprietors.

RUSSIANS HAVE DEVELOPED A STRONG OFFENSIVE AND STAYED THE GERMAN RUSH ON WARSAW

Germans Have Made Slight Gains Near Riga and in Galicia, But Have Not Otherwise Made Material Progress—Great Coal Strike in Wales Ended—Flotilla of Turkish Sailing Vessels Destroyed—Sidelights on the War Situation.

GERMAN RUSH SLOWS DOWN.

LONDON, July 21.—Rumors of the fall of Warsaw are in circulation today but the latest communications received here from both sides indicate that the Austro-German rush has slowed down.

Berlin despatches admit the Russians have developed a strong offensive on the Dniester and along the Bessarabian front but claim continued successes in their advance on Warsaw which the Kaiser plans to enter within two weeks.

On the other hand a despatch from Petrograd, while admitting that the Germans have drawn their lines closer to the Russian port of Riga on the north and that at the borders of Galicia they have extended their forces slightly on the right bank of the Bug, declare that elsewhere on the battle front they have not made material progress.

COAL STRIKE DEFINITELY ENDED.

LONDON, July 21.—The South Wales coal miners

have accepted the terms agreed upon yesterday, and the strike is therefore definitely at an end, throughout the coal fields there was an overwhelming majority in favor of the settlement.

"A PLAIN INVENTION," SAYS BERLIN.

Berlin, July 21.—The statement attributed in the foreign press to Emperor William that the war would end in October is stamped by the Tageblatt as "a plain invention." The Tageblatt says it has learned that competent official circles know nothing of such a declaration.

PEACE DISCUSSIONS IN PRESS FORBIDDEN BY BERLIN.

NEW YORK, July 21.—A cable from Zurich, July 20 via Paris to the Tribune says the ever increasing volume of discussion of peace conditions by the socialist press is embarrassing the German government which is taking vigorous measures to stifle it. Evi-

dence of this, according to the despatch, is found in the fact that a number of small newspapers publish the common declaration that they cannot take part in a discussion of peace as the censors before publication strike out all reference to it.

ITALIAN REPORT OF FURTHER SUCCESSES.

ROME, July 21.—Today's despatches report further success in the operations against Cortiz, where five hundred prisoners and many lines of trenches were taken yesterday. The early capitulation of this city is expected.

TURKISH FLOTILLA OF SAILING VESSELS DESTROYED.

PETROGRAD, July 21.—Official communication from the headquarters of the Russian army in the Caucasus says our destroyer flotilla destroyed a fleet of 69 Turkish sailing vessels laden with flour. A battle is raging in the direction of Mush, Asi-

atic Turkey, 83 miles southeast of Erzerum), we captured Nazykin in the course of the fighting.

SERIOUS RIOTING AROUND STANDARD OIL WORKS.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Serious rioting occurred around the plant of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey at Bayonne, where a strike is in progress. Early today when a mob encountered the guards there, three rioters were wounded by pistol shots fired by the guards.

STRIKE OF AMMUNITION WORKERS IN STATES.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 21.—Only 175 machinists at the Remington arms and ammunition plant responded to the strike call today. The labor men, however, claim the reason all the machinists did not go out was because of misunderstandings and the strike will go forward as planned.

AIRCRAFT MENAGES MONTREAL

Fire in Powder Factory Said to be Connected With Nocturnal Trips.

MONTREAL, July 21.—An investigation has been conducted into the reports of the appearance of airplanes in this neighborhood. Acting upon instructions from Ottawa and the investigation of Mr. G. G. Ogden, I.C., the registrar of the Alien Enemy Bureau, Inspector Rioux, was sent to Rigaud to investigate. His report is now being handed in to Mr. Ogden and will be despatched to Col. Sherwood at Ottawa.

A fire occurred in the nitro-glycerine department of the powder works at Rigaud recently and is now generally connected with the visit of aeroplanes to the vicinity at that time and to some nights previously. "There seems no doubt that some sort of aircraft have been operating in the neighborhood of Montreal during the past few days and nights," said an officer of the Intelligence Department today.

"In all probability it was from one or other of the aircraft schools which have been established on both this side of the border."

French Dirigible Bombs Arsenal

Railway Station and Ammunition Depot Visited at Vigneulles-Les-Hattonchâtel.

LONDON, July 21.—Dirigible balloons are now being employed by the French army in aerial attacks. The first exploit of one of these new French Zeppelins was a successful bombardment of the German military railway station and ammunition depot at Vigneulles-Les-Hattonchâtel last night. Twenty-three bombs of heavy calibre were dropped on the arsenal with great success. The airship returned unharmed to the French lines.

Serbian Armies are Getting Ready

LONDON, July 21.—The Serbian armies are being re-equipped and re-organized, according to semi-official sources reaching London, and will soon be in a position to resume the offensive.

ALLIES PREPARE TERRIBLE BOMB

LONDON, July 21.—"An explosive bomb of greater power than anything hitherto used in the war is being investigated by the greatest scientists of France," stated Arthur Lynch in a speech in the House of Commons this afternoon.

"If it is found practicable it will be invaluable to the Allies," he added.

British Take Trenches East of Hooze Chateau

Mine Exploded and About Hundred and Fifty Yards of New Ground Occupied and Consolidated.

LONDON, July 21.—Field Marshal Sir John French today made the following announcement in a report to the War Office:

"Yesterday evening, after successfully exploding a mine just west of the chateau of Hooze, east of Ypres, our troops occupied about 150 yards of the enemy's trenches. This gain has since been consolidated. We captured 14 prisoners, including 10 officers, and 12 machine guns. Two other German machine guns were destroyed by the explosion. "Elsewhere on the front there is nothing to report."

The withdrawal of British troops from Hill 60, in Flanders, news regarding which operations several newspapers complained was kept so long from the British public, was explained by Charles E. Hobhouse, late postmaster-general, in the House of Commons today.

At the time the hill was abandoned he said, the "withdrawal of the troops had to be conducted in secrecy and it was conducted with singular success. When it became expedient to make the matter public it was no longer of any military importance. Hence the silence of the War Office."

Coal King of Wales is Man of Mystery

OTTAWA, Ont., July 21.—D. A. Thomas, the "Welsh Coal King," who was expected here a week ago to confer with General Bertram, head of the shell committee, has not arrived and his whereabouts is unknown. His arrival is awaited with impatience, as pending a conference with the shell committee, the placing of a new contract for fixed ammunition is held up.

Thousands Lost in China's Floods

WASHINGTON, July 21.—From eighty to one hundred thousand lives have been lost in the floods in the vicinity of Canton, China, according to a cablegram to the State Department today from Peking. Consul-General Chesire has appealed for all the assistance that can be rendered by the Navy Department.

Farewell to Bible Class Teacher

On Tuesday, evening, June 29th, the Senior Adult Bible Class of the King St. Methodist Church, Ottawa, met at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell, Agnes St., to bid farewell to their retiring pastor and teacher, Rev. E. C. Moore. A very enjoyable evening was spent, and many pleasant memories were brought to light. It was also called to mind that when the class was first formed by Mr. Moore, there were about eight names on the roll, now they number nearly 60. As the hour for parting drew near an appreciative address was read and Mr. Moore was presented with a School Bible.—Ottawa Reformer.

\$40,000 WASTED; NOW DEAD

Charles Rowe, Who Was Sought for Years, Said to Leave Wife in Detroit.

LONDON, Ont., July 21.—Charles Rowe, Great Lakes sailor, who made his home in Detroit and for whom a search was being made through the columns of newspapers throughout the United States and Canada, for years, that he might receive an estate estimated at \$50,000 left him by Luke Ripkin of this city, died here yesterday afternoon.

Rowe, it will be remembered, was sitting on the dock at Detroit when he picked up a paper containing the advertisements seeking his whereabouts. The estate was settled a few months ago, and since then Rowe has been boarding here. It is stated that a wife of his resides in Detroit. At the time of his death it is estimated that he had \$10,000 of the estate left. The question arose in court when the estate was being settled as to whether Rowe was the long lost Charlie Ross, but Rowe denied to the best of his knowledge that this was true.

Fell Off Smoke Stack Fractured His Ankle

Mr. Joseph Maher, Gilbert street, who follows the occupation of painting, suffered painful injuries to his ankle yesterday by a fall while engaged in painting a smoke stack at the Deacon Factory about 4.30 yesterday afternoon. Mr. Maher had half completed the job and was being hauled up in a settee by his brother-in-law, when the rope broke. Mr. Maher fell a distance of thirty feet up on the roof of the boiler house. His ankle-bone was fractured and he was rushed off as soon as possible to the general hospital where Dr. Mather looked after his treatment. Fortunately no internal injuries were sustained.

Mr. Maher has been used to this work for years and has never before had an accident. In the past he had painted the same stack. It was thought the tackle was sound, but apparently there was a weak portion in the rope.

Prince Edward's Good Farmers

To the Editor.
Dear Sir,—Last evening in your daily edition I saw mention of Mr. Anderson's cherry orchard, which is certainly beautiful, but on the trip from Bloomfield to the Sand Banks one can travel for several miles along a road bordered by hundreds of trees laden with the same beautiful fruit. Cherry Valley and the progressive farmers who live in Prince Edward county are well known and admired by all lovers of the best agriculture. ONE OF MANY.

Italians Open Fire on Fort Hermann

Several Lines of Austrian Trenches Captured on Carso Plateau.

ROME, July 21.—The following official communication was issued yesterday:

"The Italian offensive on the Carso front in the Paluzza district and in the upper valley of the Anisio has continued to develop favorably.

"In Carnia we have opened an effective fire against Fort Hermann, northeast of Pieve, and are inflicting notable damage daily.

"With our occupation of the Carso Plateau several lines of trenches, solidly manned and protected, were successively assaulted and captured. Two thousand prisoners, including thirty-six officers, and six machine guns, 1,500 rifles and a large quantity of munitions were captured.

Three Italians Were Sentenced

Three Italians, Frank Belli, Joe Frischi and Antonio Carmine, were yesterday afternoon found guilty of breaking into and robbing Mr. James Bargman's store on June 5th of about \$600 worth of jewellery, including gold watches, rings, pins, chains, etc.

The first two were given three years each in the penitentiary and the third, Carmine, was sentenced to one year in the Ontario Reformatory.

The Italians pleaded not guilty. Evidence for the prosecution was given by Mr. Bargman, Sergt. Naphan, Detective Newton of Toronto, Acting Detective McConnell and Lorenz Limonoffsky, broker, Toronto, with whom one of the trio had pawned an article.

The Italians all went into the box and told the stories of their movements prior to coming to Belleville, during their stay here and after leaving town. Belli admitted having the charges. Belli admitted having served a term at Montreal and so did Frischi. Carmine had once been charged but had not been convicted. The latter who was here with Pierson's shows says he went to Kingston with them and left them on Monday. Going to Toronto he met the other two. There was no question of the guilt of Belli, nor of that of Frischi. There was less to explain how he came by an enamelled watch and pawn ticket and the coincidence of the meeting in Toronto was rather suspicious. Carmine was inclined to deny having been in Bargman's until the rest claimed all were there.

All were accordingly found guilty of both charges.

Mr. W. D. M. Shorey for the prisoners suggested that some arrangements might be made with the Italian Consul whereby the young men could enlist to serve in the Italian army.

The county judge stated that he would willingly allow all to enlist if it were possible, but is not allowed to recruit Italians into the Canadian forces since Italy went to war. If after sentence they were able to bring sufficient weight to bear upon the department of justice, he (the judge) would give his full assent to any arrangement for enlistment being made.

Mr. P. J. M. Anderson appeared for the crown, Mr. W. D. M. Shorey for the accused.

AVIATORS DESTROYED TAUBES

Three Hostile Aircraft Reported Disposed of Off Eastern Coast—Spectacular Fight.

LONDON, July 21.—Three big German Taubes were destroyed in a battle in the air with 12 fast British aeroplanes off the mouth of the Thames the other day, according to circumstantial stories circulated here.

The German birdmen are reported to have crossed the North Sea, intending to raid the English coast. Approaching shore they manoeuvred in wide circles, giving observers time to telegraph warnings to English aviators, who rushed to the scene by twos and threes and immediately gave battle.

The Germans tilted upward to a great height, hotly pursued. Thousands of feet below watchers gathered on the shore, saw the machines darting back and forth silvered in the sunlight, heard the faint sputter of motor exhausts, and the crack of rifles and pistols. Four British planes first came in contact with the Germans, and as others joined in the battle the Germans were cut off in their attempt to retreat seaward.

First the foremost Taube was seen to fall. Then the second shot downward in a mass of flames, plunging beneath the waves. The fight by that time had moved so far seaward that spectators along the coast could no longer trace the tiny specks among the clouds.

The following day naval boats found one of the German planes floating on the water, its occupants strapped to their seats with bullet holes through their heads. The third Taube is reported to have been lost.

DRAMATIC TURN IN WELSH COAL STRIKE.

LONDON, July 20.—Minister of Munitions, has at last taken a hand in the South Wales coal strike, and announces his intention of going to Cardiff to have a talk with the men. This announcement was made shortly after it became known that new proposals had been advanced which apparently offered good prospects of settling the strike.

Mr. Lloyd George is very popular with the miners and it is thought a direct appeal from him will have a greater effect than any other influence.

A conference between the Executive Committee of the miners and Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, had been arranged for last night, but was made unnecessary by the action of Mr. Lloyd George. The meeting was cancelled, although some members of the Executive Committee already had started from Cardiff for London when Mr. Lloyd George's intervention was announced.

Radom Has Been Taken Claim Made by Vienna

Teutonic Allies Have Entered City 57 Miles From Warsaw.

VIENNA (via London), July 21.—Radom, capital of the province of Radom, which lies 57 miles south of Warsaw, was captured today by the Teutonic communication issued here this evening.

The communication follows: "Between the Vistula and Bug Rivers yesterday the allied army, pursuing the retreating enemy, crossed the recent battlefield and increased its number of prisoners to 50 officers and 2,500 men.

"Near Sakal we took three thousand prisoners.

"Westward of the Vistula the allies broke the Russian resistance. On the Hlanka River, southward and westward of Radom, the Austrians resisted violent fighting. The Transylvanian infantry stormed the village of Kostrzyn.

"Our troops occupied Radom today. "On the frontier between Bukovina and Bessarabia a Russian brigade was overtaken and dispersed."

Bans From Germany Even Metal Boxes

LONDON, July 21.—As indicating the extent of Great Britain's efforts to keep metals out of Germany the public has been officially requested to pack whatever food may be sent to prisoners of war in Germany in cardboard boxes; or if the provisions are such as are usually put up in tin boxes or cans that glass or earthenware be substituted. The export of tin already has been prohibited to the Scandinavian countries and Holland.

Recruits Leave For Barrifield

Seventeen soldiers left for Barrifield today, thirteen being recruits from the 49th Regiment and three from the Fifteenth. A deserter was taken down by escort.

49th RECRUITS

- J. Bell
- W. Reid
- J. Mitts, Army Service Corps
- D. H. Carr, artillery
- D. Brill
- R. J. Petrie, A.S.C.
- J. L. Gordon
- E. Sailer
- J. H. Meloy
- C. S. Jones
- R. Leavitt, A.S.C.
- E. J. Moore, A.S.C.
- C. Poole

Mr. J. Bell who has been residing on the fourth of Sidney, farming, was for 15 years orderly to General Sir Peter Lumeden, the officer who invented khaki. Mr. Bell has two sons enlisted, one with the 39th and the other with the 59th Battalion. One of Mr. Bell's daughters has been doing excellent patriotic work, singing at patriotic entertainments throughout this district. Mr. Bell has made sacrifices in order to enlist. His wife and two daughters will still reside on the fourth of Sidney.

C. S. Jones' home is in Marlboro. This past year he has been teaching near Stirling. He will enter the artillery service.

Miss Ethel Stack has left Belleville for Toronto to join her sister, Mrs. W. Finley.

EMIGRANT STEAMSHIP ON FIRE

With Eight Hundred Emigrants on Board Bound From London for Australia.

LONDON, July 21.—A Reuter despatch from Durban, South Africa, says that the Peninsula and Oriental line steamer Benalla, with 800 emigrants aboard, bound from London for Australia, is after 800 miles east of Durban, in the Indian Ocean, the cargo in one of the steamer's holds is burning.

SUPPLIED MONEY TO DYNAMITARDS.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The British Government today informed the State Department it has evidence that a wealthy German resident of Detroit, Mich., has supplied money to certain persons in Windsor, Ontario, which was used to destroy property of the Canadian Government. The British Government has inquired if the Department would not regard the case, if fully substantiated, as a case of military activity, constituting a breach of neutrality. Pending investigation, the name of the man accused is being withheld. The case is connected with recent attempts to dynamite an armory and an explosion in a factory making clothing for British troops.

GEORGE GORDON MILLS ARE AFIRE.

NORTH BAY, Ont., July 20.—The large mills of the George Gordon Company, Limited, at Cache Bay, are afire. The fire was discovered at 11.40 yesterday morning and is now burning fiercely. It looks as if the loss will be enormous.

Toronto lumbermen say that if the fire destroyed the George Gordon mills and yards 10,000,000 feet of lumber would be lost. This company deals in soft woods, mainly in white pine, Norway pine and spruce. They advertise a capacity of 200,000 feet a day. Senator Gordon, who gave up his constituency to allow Hon. Frank Cochrane to enter the Dominion House, is owner.

FRENCH THREAT TO USE TURPENTINE.

WINNIPEG, July 20.—Major A. DeMartin, of the Belgian Army, lecturing here on behalf of the Belgian Relief Fund, stated that Belgium had a new army of a quarter of a million men, well trained and equipped, ready to take the field towards the end of August. He announced that the next time the Germans used poisonous gases in the fighting the French will retaliate by using turpentine, the French Government having advised Berlin to this effect.