

## FITZSIMMONS' DEATH.

Charles Shipman Committed to Jail by the Coroner.

### A NEW STORY OF FRIDAY'S TRAGEDY.

Mrs. Joles States That Her Father Sent for the Gun to a House Half a Mile Away—When Her Brother Refused the Old Man Took the Gun and Fired Twice.

GANANQUE, March 27.—Dr. Shaw, coroner of Lanudowne, and a jury were occupied most of the time Saturday in holding an inquest on the body of John Fitzsimmons, who was shot Friday, and particulars of which were published. The verdict was that the said John Fitzsimmons came to his death by reason of a wound caused by the discharge of a gun in the hands of Charles Shipman. Shipman remained here all day in custody of the chief constable. He has been sent to jail at Brockville. Mrs. Joles says that when the claim was established her father sent Thomas to a house half a mile away for the gun, and when he returned with it, he was told by the father to shoot, but refused. Shipman then took the gun himself and fired twice, once through a window and again through a door.

### Claims Toronto Land.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., March 27.—An action is about to be commenced by McNab & Cummings, of this city, in behalf of the heirs of William Lloyd, against the owners of property situated on York street, near the corner of King street, Toronto, and if the claim is established the present occupants of the property will have to liquidate to the amount of several millions of dollars. William Lloyd was a pensioner in the English service, and assigned back to the Government his claim to a pension in exchange for a letter from the War Department entitling him to 100 acres of land on the Government pension reserves in Canada. He left England in 1832, sailing with his wife and several children on the ship Manchester, which landed them at Boston. They immediately proceeded to the village of Little York, which was situated on the present site of the city of Toronto. Some of the pension reserve lands were situated in and around Little York, and extended as far as Lake Simcoe. Lloyd settled in the village and determined to locate his 100 acres grant on that reserve. His letter from the English War office was presented to the Ontario Parliament and the grant confirmed. The 100 acres were located on York street, commencing at the corner of King, which at present is in the very centre of Toronto, and located upon it are the Government buildings, the Grand Trunk Railroad headquarters and several large business corporations, and is now worth several millions of dollars.

### Notes from Niagara.

NIAGARA FALLS, March 27.—Edward and James Kingston, of Buffalo, the two brothers who smuggled phenacetine and anti-pyrine from Canada, were arraigned on Saturday afternoon and pleaded guilty. Edward was fined \$350 and James \$100. James Fitzgerald, a well-to-do retired citizen of St. Catharines, is missing. It is thought that he came to the Falls and committed suicide by jumping into the river.

### The C.P.R. and New York.

MONTREAL, March 27.—President Van Horne, of the C.P.R., denies that his line has acquired an independent entrance to New York. He also states that the C.P.R. has not acquired the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

### Kicked to Death by a Horse.

WINDSOR, March 27.—Solomon Quick, a well-to-do farmer of Mersea, was kicked on the head Saturday by a horse and fatally injured.

### ENDORSE HOME RULE.

Irish Americans Cable the G. O. M. Pledging Their Vigorous Support.

New York, March 27.—A message was cabled to Hon. Wm. E. Gladstone last night by the National Federation of America, pledging him their most vigorous support in his efforts to carry through the Home Rule Bill, and expressing alike the sentiments of the thousands who had gathered at the Academy of Music to endorse this action, and the tens of thousands of Irishmen throughout America who are loyal to their motherland.

The message was as follows:—We, the citizens of New York, in mass meeting assembled, beg to tender you our heartfelt sympathy in your efforts to achieve for Ireland the long-sought measure of justice which we trust God will enable you to speedily carry to a successful termination, and we pledge you our vigorous and continued support through the struggle.

THOMAS ADDIS EMMETT.

MORRIS J. O'BRIEN.

This was the keynote of the great gathering of Irishmen at the Academy of Music last evening. The people listened to patriotic airs by the Sixty-Ninth Regiment band, and cheered enthusiastically when Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, the presiding officer, and Congressman Bourke Cochran came on the platform, followed by a number of other prominent men. From the Governors of almost every State in the Union came messages of sympathy with the movement for the freedom of Ireland.

Governor Flower, in a letter enclosing a check for \$200, said: "My sympathies with the cause of Home Rule have often been expressed."

Mayor Gilroy, who was unable to be present, was among those who sent the warmest messages of faith in Ireland.

Archbishop Corrigan, also unable to be present, expressed through Manager Farley the heartfelt advocacy of the principles for the promulgation of which the meeting had been called.

The hall was comparatively bare of decorations. A banner surrounded by Irish and American flags, however, bearing the words, "Now or never, now and forever," formed an appropriate background to the stage.

A despatch to President Emmett from Justin McCarthy evoked enthusiasm. It was as follows: "We learn with gratitude of the efforts of yourself and the Federation to help forward the Irish movement. Effectually continue the work you did by timely assistance at the general election. Gladstone's Home Rule bill will pass the Commons, but only by the unremitting attendance of the Irish party. The movement needs the prompt and generous support of kinsmen and friends to defeat the desperate efforts of the wealthy and powerful enemies combined against Ireland. Greeting and success to your great meeting on behalf of the Irish party."

## THE WEEK IN PARLIAMENT.

A Digest of the Doings of Our Legislators at the Capital.

OTTAWA, March 23.—Mr. Casey, of West Elgin, brought up Charles Wallace's Kingston speech, claiming that if the Controller of Customs had been correctly reported he had advocated treason and what else was Riel hanged for? Mr. Wallace replied that he was correctly reported, he repudiated the charge of disloyalty and had nothing to take back. Dawson, of Addington moved that Mr. Wallace in advocating resistance and using the language he did merited the severest censure of the House. Hon. Mr. Foster treated the motion as one of want of confidence in the government at the same time declaring that the government should not be held responsible for the outside utterances of Mr. Wallace. Mr. McMorney supported the resolution because Mr. Wallace advocated armed resistance to British authority. Hon. John Costigan, Secretary of State, took similar ground. He held Wallace solely responsible and would vote to censure him for using the language he did. As a loyal subject of Great Britain he could not do otherwise. He did not look upon the motion as one of want of confidence. Hon. J. C. O'Brien, Solicitor General, a well known Home Ruler, followed in the same strain. Messrs. Hughes, Sproule and McLean held that Mr. Wallace should not be censured by the House for opinions uttered out of it, upon a matter with which Parliament had really nothing to do. Sir Richard Cartwright supported the motion and Dr. Bergin intimated that he would vote for it although he took his political life in his hands. Mr. N. F. Davin, in a somewhat sensational speech supported the motion and severely criticised the Finance Minister's leadership in the House. On a division at midnight the motion was defeated by a majority of 31, twelve government supporters voting with the Opposition.

MARCH 23.—Hon. Mr. Costigan moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Civil Service Act but strong opposition being offered he withdrew his motion. After recess Mr. Edgar brought up the charges against Sir Adolphe Caron, postmaster general. His speech occupied two hours. He based his charges upon evidence taken by the Royal Commissioner of the minister's conduct in connection with the disposition of the subsidies voted by Parliament to the Lake St John and Temiscouata railway companies, and declared that this evidence was most damaging to the reputation of Sir Caron. He claims that public money had been diverted from its legitimate object to serve political ends. He concluded by moving a resolution declaring that a state of facts had been disclosed which should have prevented the subsequent appointment of Sir Adolphe Caron to be an advisor of the Crown, and which rendered it highly improper that he should continue to hold such an office. Hon. Mr. Curran, solicitor general, replied in a speech of equal length. He quoted voluminously from the evidence to prove the innocence of his fellow-minister. Every dollar, he asserted, of the subsidies voted had been legitimately expended in the construction of the railways, and Sir Adolphe had been guilty of no corrupt acts. He urged the House to reject the resolution. Mr. Davies moved the adjournment of the debate.

MARCH 24.—The debate on the Caron charges was continued by Mr. Davies who analysed the evidence adduced by the commission and pleaded strongly in favor of the amendment proposed by Mr. Edgar. Sir Richard Cartwright in an ironical vein begged to introduce an act for the purer and more equal administration of justice to all classes. It proposed that when a member of Parliament was accused of an offence he should have the privilege of selecting his own judge and jury and mode of trial. Mr. McCarthy in a brief speech said he would vote for Mr. Edgar's motion because the postmaster general had received \$25,000 from the railway contractors for the purpose of promoting his election and the election of his party in the province of Quebec. Said he "there are few of us who have not been guilty in some way of contravening the Election Act; but was it possible that this House would refuse to take notice of a gentleman accused holding the high position of a Minister of the Crown, if so it was an outrage on the constitution." Mr. Ives turned the laugh on Sir Richard Cartwright by suggesting an amendment to his Act taking away from the judges all power to unseat more than 50 per cent. of the Liberals in election protests and not to disqualify more than half those unseated. A division was then taken when Mr. Edgar's motion was negatived by fifty. Messrs. McCarthy, O'Brien, Weldon and Calvin voted for the motion. The balance of the day was spent in supply and considerable discussion was indulged in over the expenditure on Rideau Hall. A grant of \$1,000 for the National Art Gallery was passed, and a vote of \$14,000 to Pictou postoffice was carried after a prolonged discussion.

MARCH 25.—Mr. Wood introduced a bill respecting the inspection of petroleum and Mr. Daly's bill to amend the act respecting land in the Territories was also read a first time. On Mr. Curran moving the second reading of the amendments made to the criminal code Mr. Charlton moved that the clause permitting a jury to return a verdict on Sunday be repeated. Other members disagreed with Mr. Charlton claiming it was contrary to a Christian spirit to say it would be Sabbath observance to lock up a jury when they were ready to render a verdict. Mr. Charlton's amendment was lost. Mr. McMullen moved that the verdict be received but no judicial proceedings take place. This was also lost, a judge being at liberty to discharge a prisoner should the jury find him not guilty. Hon. Mr. Foster moved a resolution for the payment of two honorary commissioners to represent Canada at the World's Fair, who might be members of parliament. Messrs. Laurier, Davies, Mills, McCarthy and Hazen opposed on the ground that it was contrary to the spirit of the independence of parliament act. After discussion the matter was compromised by an agreement that no salary was to be paid but the commissioners are to be reimbursed all expenses. The House went into committee on the Act to amend the Insurance Act which Mr. Foster explained was to prevent any one person from holding a predominating amount of stock or shares of the company. The bill provoked considerable opposition because the insurance companies had not had an opportunity of expressing their views. The committee rose and reported progress without anything having been done, which means that the bill is shelved for this session. The business of this session will close this week.

## Montreal Mouse, Gorrie.

We are in the Field with a Fully Assorted Stock of **SPRING GOODS** in every department.

The Ladies all say that our Spring Prints beat anything they have ever seen in town.

Our New DRESS GOODS are unsurpassed in quality, design and price. Our lines of Imported and Canadian Tweeds, Surges, Worsted Coatings and Pantings, will be found the best value in the trade. We invite special attention to a job line of Scotch Tweeds that we can sell at less than wholesale prices. We have just opened up a large consignment of GENTLEMEN'S SPRING HATS in all the newest shapes, including Christy Stiffs, Fedoras, Knock-about, etc.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.—A new stock of Youths' and Boys' Ready-Made Clothing just received and marked down to the bottom notch. Spring has come, and with it our Spring Stock of Millinery Goods, and Miss KINSEY is on hand, and with the finest stock of Goods we have ever exhibited in this department. We have added to this Department the making over of old hat and bonnet shapes. All orders entrusted to Miss Kinsey will be faithfully executed. We expect this season to beat all records. Come early and secure the first choice.

We are Headquarters for Choice Family Groceries.

We keep nothing but the Purest and Choicest Goods obtainable, and will sell them as low as the cheap, adulterated goods are generally sold for. Our Specialty is TEA. We make this a study. We can and will do better for you than can generally be obtained elsewhere. Try a sample pound of our 5c. or 35c. Uncolored Japan.

Highest Price always paid for Farm Produce.

REMEMBER THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSE—

W. S. BEAN.

## AMERICA'S POPULAR HOMES MONTHLY, "WOMAN'S WORK," FREE.

We desire the correct address of every intelligent housewife. We would like to arrange with one person in each town to compile a list of such names for us. For this service we will give a year's subscription to WOMAN'S WORK for each thousand inhabitants, according to last census. If your town has a population of 2,000, a list of names for it will entitle you to receive WOMAN'S WORK for two years, or will entitle yourself and some friend to receive it one year each. If your town has 5,000 inhabitants you will be entitled to receive WOMAN'S WORK for five years, or yourself and four friends to receive it for one year each. Never a better chance to make presents. We have special blanks prepared for this work, and these must be sent in every case. They will be sent, with two sample copies of WOMAN'S WORK, on receipt of ten cents in stamps. We can arrange with only one person in each town or city, and first applicants will always have preference.

Address at once, WOMAN'S WORK, Athens, Georgia.

Call on Vanstone Bros., and see the elegant designs in granite monuments.

William's Royal Crown Remedy greatest cure on earth. Guaranteed to cure general nervous debility, rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis. For sale by N. McLaughlin, druggist, Gorrie.

## SEND to TheGlobe TORONTO, FOR AGENTS' OUTFIT FOR 1893, INCLUDING VALUABLE PRIZE LIST.

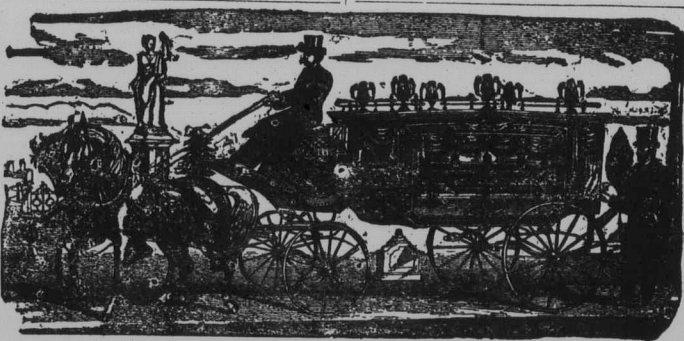
Anybody Can Get Up a Club.



We want Young People to work for us. Write early. It Will Pay You.

THE GLOBE.

WEEKLY GLOBE, balance 1892 FREE.



## Special Announcement.

Having purchased a first-class full plate glass Hearse I am in a better position to do the undertaking of this community than before, and owing to reductions in wholesale prices of our goods I am in a position to give the use of this magnificent Hearse free, that is to say my charges will be no more and some less than before.

Furniture Dealer and Undertaker

Member of Ontario School of Embalming.

J. R. WILLIAMS.

## WHERE

ARE YOU MOVING TO ?

We are going to **CHIPPEWA** Co., Michigan, near Sault Ste Marie.

WHY DO YOU GO THERE ?

Well, we have five boys, we have sold the farm for \$5,000. We can buy 640 acres between Pickford and the Railway station at Rudyard, and have a good farm for each of the boys and have money left.

What can a renter do there?

He can buy a farm on five years time and pay for it with one-fourth of the money he would pay for rents in that time, and own his own home.

Is it good land ?

As good as any in Huron Co., Excellent for Oats, Peas, Wheat, Clover, Timothy, Potatoes and all kinds of roots. Prices are as good as any on the lakes, owing to the nearness of the mines and lumber woods to the westward.

What class of people live there ?

They are nearly all from Huron Co. You meet there so many old neighbors that you can hardly believe you have left home.

I want to see that land. Who has it for sale ? Inquire of

E. C. DAVIDSON, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

Jno. MONTCOMERY.

FORDWICH, Ont.

For Maps, Circulars and full particulars.

## East Huron Gazette

GORRIE.

Home News,

District News.

Miscellany.

The Best Advertising Medium in this section.

Have You Renewed Your Subscription for 1893 ?

The \$ will be welcome !

OUR

Jobbing Department

IS REPLET

With the Latest Faces of Type, Most Modern Conveniences, Rapid Process and every facility for turning out first-class work on the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.