## COUNSEL TO THE YOUNG.

My Deer Young Friende,-Permit one who feels decply interested in the all-important subject-the wellare of the immortal soul-tc address you. Have you ever thought for one moment that you have a soul, and that that soul must live for ever? All that so intorests you here shall be taken away-the heavens molled together as n scroll, and all that is bright and beautiful, even the earth itself, shall bo burned up. You may urge the rommon excuses-"Time enough yet," or you "havo not had time." My dear young friends, pause and reflect upon the many instances of mortality that are daily taking place around you. You cannot with safety delay seoking an immedinto interest in the salvation offered in tho gospol.
Hine you not had time to prepare for the ball-room and the dance? Huve you not had time, and sought with: eager avidity, to read the light and trilling novels and publications of the day? Have you not found time for foolish and vain conversation; and hava you not found time to engage in the sinful practice of playing cards, or other amusements equally sinful? Myobject is not to condemn, however, but to urge you, with affectionate solacitude, to pause and connider the worth of your immortal soul. Feur soul must exist for ever; aye, for ever, either to ascribe anthems of praise ta redeeming love, at the right hand of God, or sink lower and lower in the awful depths of clernal fris Thith how moful tho condition is of a cradonned Griminal, shut up in an carthly pitison. But what is this, compared to an allotment in the prison-house of everlasting despair? Here there is some hope of pardon to the guilty, but in the latter bope shall never enter. From that dread sontence there is no appeal. Let me, my dear young friends, persuade you now in the morn of lito to seck an interest in the pardoning love of God, so that when you are summoned avay from earth you may be prepared th have a joyful entranco iato mansions of everlasting rest.
Oh, think, my young friends, of the marey displnyed
On Calvary's summit-then be not distisay'd; in the morn of thy life the Squiour will biess, And guide thee secure to the "bayen of rest."

## EARLY PIETY.

There was a young man well known to the writer, who had very great talents. He conld speak on almst every subject but one. He read many books, dnow many languages, and thought a zreat deal on all he heard and saw. Fet strange to suy, ha never or seldom spuke of God. Ho neyer loved, nor sought Him. He had finished his education, he had eravelled to distant lands, and had gathered greas stores of learning, when consumption came. It pleasal God. in his mercy, to grant bim a long period of ill-
ness, and in the carly stuge of his risease, God taught him thr uselessness of all tho learning which he had spent his life in gaining, compared with the kuowledge revealed in serlpture-the knowledge of the one true Cod, and of Jesus Christ, his Son, the only Saviour of sinners. Now, his high intellect and proud heart wero subdued. He bowed humbly before God, and in the meek disposition of n little child, prayed for the teachings of God's Spirit, and God heard and answered his prayers. One day just betore his death, a friend was reading to him the twontythird Psalm. The dying young man listened as he read these words, "Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of dcath, I will fear no evil, for thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff they comfort me." Ps, xxiii. 4. "Stay," said the invalid, "stay ; yes, God is with me; but I think the valley would not have been so dark, had I sought him carlier!"


## FILIPPO NERI AND THE ${ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ STUDENT.

A story is told of a vary good and pious man, whom the church of Rome has onrolled among her sainis on account of his great holiness. He was living at one of the Italian Universities ; when a young man, whom he had known as a boy, ran up to him with a face full of delight, and told him that what he had heen long wishing above all things in the world was at length fulfilled, his parents having just given. him lenve to study the law ; and that thereupon he had come to the law school at this University on account of its great fame, and meant to spare no pains or labour in getting through his studies as quickly and as woll as possible. In this way he ran on a long time; and when at last he came to stop, the holy man, who had been listening to him with great patience and kindness, said, "Well ! and when you have got through your course of studies what do you mean to do then ?"
"Then I shall take my doctor's degree," answered the young man.
"And then ?" asked Filippo Neri.
And then," contmued the youth, "I shall have a number of difficult and knotty cases to manage, shail catch people's notice by my eloquence, my zeal, my acuteness, and gain a great reputation."
"And then ?" repeated the holy man.
"And then," replied the youth,
"why than, there can't be a question, I shall be promoted to some high office or other ; besides, I shall make money and grow rich."
"And then ?" repented Filippo.
"And thon," pursued the young lawyer, "and then I shall live comfortably and honorably, in health and dignity, and shall be able to look forward quietly to a happy old age."
"And then ?" asked the holy man.
"And then," said tho youth, " and then-and then-then I shall dic."

Here Filippo litted up his voice, and again asked,
"And then ?" Whereupon the young man made no answer, but cast down his head, and wont away. This last And then? had pierced like a flash of lightning into his soul, and he could not get quit of it. Soon after he Sorsook the study of the law, and gave himself up to the ministry of Christ, and spent the remainder of his days in godly words and works.

The question which St. Filippo Neri put to the young lawyer, is one which we should put frequently to ourselves. When we have done all that weare doing, all that we aimat doing, all that we dream of doing, even supposing that all our dreams are accomplished, that every wish of our heart is fulfilled, still we may ask, What will we do, what will be, then? Whenever we cast our thoughts forward, never let them stop short ont his side of the grave; let them not stop shorf at the grave itself: but when we have followed ourselves thither, and haveseen durselves lat therein, still ask ourselves thes
ing questron, And then? ing questron, And then?

## A SKETCH OF FANCY.

Cast your thoughts forward, in imagination, to the judgment, and behold a mother at the right hand of God. With with anxious solicitude she gazes upon each one recciving sentence from the righteous Judge. Imagine a mother's love permitted to enter heaven. Her soul expands with new delight ; her crown of rejoicing becomes more radiant, and her palm of victory is waved with renewed delight before the throne of Gad, as she beholds her dear children, whom she had left behind to combat the ills of this mortal life, without her maternal care and pious example to lead them in the paths of rectitude, virtue and religion, arraigned before the bar of God, to receive the plaudit of "6 Well done, good and faithful servants, enter ye into the joy of your Lord." Imagination failslanguage cannat portray the ecstatic joy that shall thrill her soul, as she welcomes them within the portals of the New Jo. rusalem, there to unite their roices evero lastingly in ascribing anthems of praise to redeeming love,

Methinks 1 see her raptured stand,
With open arms and outstretched hand,
T' receive her f.inted child.
No more hy doubt or fear distressed ${ }_{2}$
I see them now amid the blest,
A family in heaven.

