

GERMAN AUTOOCRACY

NO PEACE WITH THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT WHILE MILITARY AUTOOCRACY CONTROLS

President Wilson in Strong, Ringing Note To Germany Declares There Can Be No Thought of Armistice While German Atrocities Continue on Land and Sea—U. S. and Allied Military Advisors Must Have Voice in Conditions of Armistice.

(Continued from Page One.)

Text of Note.

"Sir: In reply to the communication of the German Government, dated the 12th instant, which you handed to me today, I have the honor to request you to transmit the following answer:

"The unqualified acceptance by the present German Government and by a large majority of the Reichstag of the terms laid down by the President of the United States of America in his address to the Congress of the U.S. on the 8th of January, 1918, and in his subsequent addresses, justifies the President in making a frank and direct statement of his decision with regard to the communications of the German Government of the 8th and 12th of October, 1918.

"It must be clearly understood that the process of evacuation and the conditions of an armistice are matters which must be left to the judgment and advice of the military and naval advisors of the Government of the United States and the Allied Governments, and the President feels it is his duty to say that no arrangement can be accepted by the Government of the United States which does not provide absolutely satisfactory safeguards and guarantees of the maintenance of the present supremacy of the armistice of the United States and the Allies in the field.

"Decision of Allies.

"He feels confident that he can safely assume that nothing but this will also be the judgment and decision of the Allied Governments.

"The President feels that it is also his duty to add that neither the Government of the United States nor, he is quite sure, the Governments with which the Government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, will consent to consider an armistice so long as the armed forces of Germany continue the illegal and inhuman practices which they still persist in.

"German Ruthlessness.

"At the very time that the German government approaches the government of the United States with proposals of peace its submarines are engaged in sinking passenger ships at sea, and not the ships alone but the very boats in which their passengers and crews seek to make their way to safety; and in their present enforced withdrawal from lands and France the German armies are pursuing a course of wholesale destruction which has always been regarded as indirect violation of the rules and practices of civilized warfare. Cities and villages, if not destroyed, are being stripped of all their contents, but only so but often of their very inhabitants. The nations associated against Germany cannot be expected to agree to a cessation of arms until acts of inhumanity, spoliation and desolation are being continued which they justly look upon with horror but burning hearts.

"Down With Autocracy.

"It is necessary, also, in order that there may be no possibility of misunderstanding that the President should very solemnly call the attention of the German government to the language and plain intent of one of the terms of peace which the German government has now accepted. It is contained in the declaration of the President delivered at Mount Vernon on the fourth of July last.

"It is as follows: 'The destruction of every arbitrary power anywhere that can separately, secretly and of its single choice disturb the peace of the world; or, if it cannot be presently destroyed, at least its reduction to virtual impotency.'

"The power which has hitherto controlled the German nation is of the sort here described. It is within the choice of the German nation to alter it. The President's words just quoted naturally constitute a condition precedent to peace, if peace is to come by the action of the German people themselves.

"Want Guarantees.

"The President feels bound to say that the whole process of peace will, in his judgment depend upon the definiteness and the satisfactory character of the guarantees which can be given in this fundamental matter. It is indispensable that the governments associated against Germany should know beyond a peradventure with whom they are dealing.

"The President will make a separate reply to the Royal and Imperial Government of Austria-Hungary.

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration.

(Signed) Robert Lansing.

"Mr. Frederick Oederling.

"Charles D'Almeida, Ad Interim, in charge of German interests in the United States."

SMALLER PLACES CAN GET LIQUOR FOR INFLUENZA

Inspector Wilson Makes Arrangements—Influenza Situation in Fredericton No Worse—Funerals of Victims.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, Oct. 14.—Owing to conditions arising out of the prevailing epidemic liquor Inspector W. D. Wilson has issued special permission appointing liquor vendors in smaller places where no provision has heretofore been made for the same. Vendors are appointed at Fredericton, Junction, Devon and Clair. The quantity of liquor to be issued will rest with the physician in charge of each particular case.

No new cases of influenza were reported to the secretary of the local board of health here today. It is stated that there are now only 11 cases, although more than a score of people are reported to be suffering from heavy colds and illness similar to grippe.

At Stanley, where several cases are reported there is no physician at present, the local doctor being away.

Two Funerals.

The two victims of Spanish influenza who died Saturday night at the military hospital, were buried this afternoon with military honors.

The body of the late Sgt. Major Rowland Richards was buried at Rural Cemetery. Service was conducted by the Rev. Canon Cowie.

Members of the G. W. V. A. were present in a body, headed by the Fredrickson brass band.

Services over the body of Nursing Sister Agnes Alpaugh were conducted at the same place at 4.30 o'clock by Dean Neal and the body was taken to the C. P. R. station for shipment to St. John's, Quebec.

This funeral was also attended by the G. W. V. A., with band, and the funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Canon Cowie.

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PASSENGER AT CHATHAM HELD

He Had Had Spanish Influenza—Twenty-Three Cases in Tabuquintac—Gompers' Daughter Dead.

Chatham, Oct. 14.—There are twelve cases of Spanish influenza here, including one reported today within the corporation limits. Some of those first reported are on the road to recovery and all except today's are of a mild form. Bronchial complications are reported in the latter.

A man who got off the train last night was held up for examination. He had the appearance of being afflicted with some malady. It was ascertained that he had recently recovered from the Spanish influenza. He was ordered to remain indoors for a week. There are twenty-three men in the Tabuquintac camp, where the influenza has taken hold. Ten so far have the disease. One patient who had recovered somewhat, went out and got a relapse. The nurses have been sent to the camp and all precautions are being taken to keep the disease confined to those now sick.

Little in Loggieville.

Loggieville, Oct. 14.—In accordance with the recent proclamation issued whereby the schools, churches, etc., in the province will close, and all public meetings be cancelled, until further notice, owing to the influenza epidemic, the school children and teachers here were freed from duty, and yesterday was churchless. There is only one case of "flu" in the town, as yet. Roy White, who has been attending business college at Moncton, arrived home on Thursday. He became ill of a very mild type.

Joseph Johnstone was taken to the hospital on Friday, suffering from typhoid fever.

Gompers' Daughter Dead.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Miss Sadie Gompers, aged 25, daughter of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, died today at her home here of Spanish influenza. Mr. Gompers is in Europe and is not expected to return until next month.

Better in Campbellville.

Campbellville, Oct. 14.—The Spanish influenza has caused the closing of public institutions and the schools, and the business of the town has been seriously affected. The school children and teachers here were freed from duty, and yesterday was churchless. There is only one case of "flu" in the town, as yet. Roy White, who has been attending business college at Moncton, arrived home on Thursday. He became ill of a very mild type.

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The U-Boat Menace Greater Than Ever

Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, Appeals to United States To Hasten Construction of Anti-Submarine Craft—No Relaxation in Fighting Because of Peace Proposals.

New York, Oct. 14.—An appeal from the British government to America to expedite the construction of destroyers and anti-submarine craft and appliances was made here tonight by Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the British admiralty, after he had asserted that the U-boat menace today is "greater than it ever was."

Speaking at a dinner given by the Pilgrim Society, Sir Eric said that within the past few days he and Vice Admiral Sir Lewis Duff, of the British navy, had discussed the naval situation in all its bearings with Secretary Daniels and Admiral Benson and that "complete unity of view" had been reached.

"It is with Mr. Daniels' full concurrence that I now make this statement," that there is no greater service that can be rendered by the civilians of the United States today charged with that privilege and duty, than to expedite the output of destroyers and anti-submarine craft and appliances of every description," Sir Eric said. "It is seldom that a minister from another country is permitted to make an appeal, and it would be possibly only with the fullest consent and authority of the responsible minister of the country of which he was a guest."

No Greater Need.

"I have that consent and I have that authority. There is no greater need today than the need for the utmost naval effort against the great offensive of the submarine which is now maturing and which the Allied navies will defeat can be assured only if this need is recognized and the war of the two navies supplied, as I am sure the United States and Great Britain intend they shall be."

Discussing Germany's submarine menace, Sir Eric declared that, while "most men say today that it is a thing of the past, it is the British admiralty's opinion that the menace is one that 'comes and goes' and that in fact it is today not dead. Indeed, it is greater today than it ever was," he warned. "That is the danger, the effort is greater today than it ever was. I think now we are approaching a point where submarine warfare is again the weakest front of the alliance."

Allies Determined.

In opening his speech Sir Eric said that while he must resist the temptation to allude to the present political situation, there were two things which he was convinced had not changed.

"One is our absolute loyalty to those nations who are associated with us," he said.

Germany Not Beaten.

While British and American sea forces in all theatres of naval fighting are a homogeneous navy, Sir Eric added, the safety of lines of communication should not be taken for granted. "Germany is not beaten, is not nearly beaten, and in some respects is stronger than ever she was," he warned, regarding the enemy's naval situation.

"Should the German naval policy be changed by force of circumstances, or by a spirit of adventure which it has so far failed to show, it will be met, and if it means to fight, that fight will be a naval armageddon in which our magnificent battleships with the Grand Fleet will, I am sure, take a worthy and distinguished part."

Four tons of explosives are dropped each day on Bruges and Zebrugghe, Sir Eric asserted, so that those ports are of no value to the Germans who, according to his latest information, are removing the bases and the machinery they had installed there. In surface fighting, he added, the Allies have the advantage in the North Sea, in the Atlantic and in the Mediterranean. Sir Eric added that "dangerous mine fields have been laid by our submarines and fast offensive mine layers right into the mouth of the Rhine, behind Heligoland," the operation being performed "night after night."

THE LAST GERMAN MILITARY MONARCH

This Is Comment of Kaiser's Situation By Volks Zeitung of Leipzig.

Paris, Oct. 14.—Commenting on the German peace proposal, the Volks Zeitung (Leipzig), Saxony, is quoted in a despatch from Switzerland as saying: "In the minds of the German people responsibility for the present situation centres more and more clearly each day on the person of the emperor."

"We see in William II. the last German military monarch. He must feel that he can no longer be the ruler of his realm—an instrument sent by God and above all the chief of the most brilliant army in the world."

"In 1888 the emperor said he would sacrifice eighteen army corps and 42,000,000 inhabitants rather than give up a single stone conquered by his father. Two million dead are more than eighteen army corps."

"The emperor always has asked great patriotic sacrifices from his subjects. It is now for him to show his spirit of sacrifice to the world by his resignation."

He would thus give a brilliant example of his understanding of the times and would permit the German people to obtain better peace terms."

Fort Fairfield, were visitors by auto to Hartland on Tuesday.

Mrs. Ralph Sealey and Miss Abbie Sealey, of Olinthia, N.Y., who have been on an extended visit to relatives at Fort Fairfield, were calling on Hartland friends Monday and Tuesday, en route to returning to their southern home.

Mrs. Lydia Currie, who has been on a visit to relatives in Boston, returned home on Thursday, accompanied by her grandson, Douglas Currie.

Miss Ruth Boyer, who has been visiting her sister, Miss Jennie Boyer at Fort Fairfield, returned home Friday evening.

The schools being closed, Miss Helen Plummer, B.A., who has been teaching in Quebec City, has returned home until such time as it is deemed safe to reopen them. Herbert Jones, student at the Provincial Normal School, is also home for an indefinite period.

Arthur McLaughlin, of Houlton, spent a few days here this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George McLaughlin.

George Cogswell and party from

New York, Oct. 15.—The Herald says:

"The principal point in Mr. Wilson's note is that part in which he insists on a change of government in Germany. If the German military party thinks by camouflage, they are hopeless by mistake. Mr. Wilson's note will find thunderous applause wherever it will become known."

Henry G. Joyce, of Boston, accompanied by K. Chittick, of Lepreux, are visitors in the city at present on business.

TWO BOYS PERISH IN A SMALL CAVE

Youths Dug Trench in Imagination of Those in France and Are Suffocated From Oil Fumes.

Bangor, Me., Oct. 14.—Herbert Hugh Muldoon and George Henry Hartley, aged 16 and 11 years respectively, were suffocated by smoke and gas in a small cave in the vicinity of the Brooks' brick yard in Bangor, where they had been employed at intervals sometime during the afternoon Saturday, and the bodies were found Sunday night.

This cave consisted of one room large enough to accommodate eleven persons and high enough for a tall man to stand upright. It had been dug out by several boys during the past week in imitation of the entrenched armies and was used by them as a sort of den. The cave was made in a bank of sand and clay and planks were put across the top. The entrance was through a long tunnel, only wide enough for one person to enter at a time, and there were two right angles in it before the underground room was reached. Muldoon and Hartley, as well as several others, had been in the habit of going into the cave, building a fire in the fire place, built in the wall and having a social time.

In order to start a fire quickly, it is supposed that they used oil—probably a heavy oil such as is used in a brick yard. The smoke hole was not open, as later investigation revealed, and the burning oil made a heavy gas which no doubt, asphyxiated both boys. The construction of the entrance tunnel made it impossible for either to reach the fresh air before being overcome, although the Muldoon boy's body was found within a few feet of the outside opening.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

OCTOBER—PHASES OF THE MOON.

Date	Day	Time	Phase
1st	Mon	11h 5m	New Moon
8th	Mon	1h 5m	First Quarter
15th	Mon	5h 36m	Full Moon
22nd	Mon	1h 5m	Last Quarter

THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—The weather has been fair today throughout the Dominion, with the exception of a few light scattered showers in Manitoba and the vicinity of Lake Ontario.

Forecast—Maritime—Fresh northwesterly to westerly winds, fair and cool.

North New England—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, slowly rising temperature. Fresh northwest winds.

DIED.

SMITH—At Montreal, on October 13th, Maude Steen Smith, second daughter of N. Berry Smith.

Notice of funeral later.

PARSONS—In this city, October 13, Guy Oscar Parsons, leaving three brothers and two sisters to mourn.

Funeral Wednesday at 2.30, from residence of Walter M. English, 25 St. Patrick street. Friends invited to attend.

BOYD—On October 13, at her parents' residence, 125 Mecklenburg Street, on October 14, Alfred Hatfield, aged 74 years, leaving a wife, one son and two daughters to mourn.

Funeral at Hatfield's Point today (Tuesday), on the arrival of steamer, Interment at Bay View Cemetery.

Engineers.

L. Corporal H. B. Latter, Halifax.

H. R. Norman, Campbellton, N.B.

Stevenson, Stellarton, N.S.

Artillery.

R. Roy Arnold, St. John, N.B.

Green, Perth, N.B.

Sergeant W. Brewer, Fredericton, N.B.

Wounded.

L. Finanders, St. Mary's River, N.S.

P. Lesman, Moncton, N.B.

Corp. J. Gardner, Debec, N.B.

C. W. Mossey, Kinross, N.B.

H. Walsh, Middleton, N.S.

Corp. M. DeVeber, M. M. St. John, N.B.

Mounted Rifles.

Wounded.

A. Estabrooks, Sackville, N.B.

O. Campbell, Charlottetown, P.E.I.

S. Michael, Bridgewater, N.S.

Machine Guns.

Wounded.

J. A. Lapierre, Grand Desert, N.S.

A. L. Crippen, Cordova Mines, N.B.

Medical Services.

Killed in action.

A. Evans, Petersburg, N.B.

Died of wounds.

J. B. Hanway, Truro, N.S.

Infantry.

Died of wounds.

C. C. Manship, Cape Tormentine, N.B.

Wounded.

A. Albert, Caraquet, N.B.

J