The St. John Standard,

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

VOL. VI. NO. 102. | TEN PAGES | THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1914 | PROBS—FAIR | PRICE TWO CENTS

CAR SERVICE CRIPPLED FIRST DAY OF STRIKE

Eleven Cars in Commission Dring Day, But Service Discontinued Entirely Between 9 and 10 O'clock Last Night—Additions to Ranks of Strikers During the Day.

MEN GET ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION AS THEY PARADE THE STREETS.

Disorder Conspicuously Absent—Local Unions and Many Citizens Express Sympathy With Strikers — Power Plant Will be Closed Only as Last Resort, Leader Says —Confident of Outcome.

THE FIRST DAY OF STREET RY. STRIKE

The features of the first day of the street railway men's strike were:

The most cars the company had in operation at one time, was eleven.

No cars were in operation in Carleton or Fairville.

In the evening the car service dwindled away, and before ten o'clock all cars stopped running.

Fifteen old employes of the compang, including some of the most popular conductors in the service, abandoned the company during the day and cast in their lot with the strikers.

Three meetings and three parades were held by the strikers, and there were numerous demonstrations of public sympathy with the men.

H. M. Hopper, manager of the company, said there was no danger of the power house being closed down.

Sidney Mosher, the strike leader, said no effort would be made to close down the power house, except as a last resource

Busses, buckboards and automobiles did a good passenger business in various sections of the city.

As a result of the strike, the street car service was seriously crippled yesterday. At the most there were only eleven cars in operation in the city proper, where there are usually between twenty-six and thirty. It was said that two of the cars were operated by men who had not had the usual fourteen days' training, and had not passed the customary examination. In spite of the limited service the cars did not appear to be patronized to any extent by the citizens, most of the passengers caried being women and girls.

The strike was the chief topic of conversation about the city and the sympathy of the citizens seemed to be with the men. The customary form of greeting between friends was' "Well, how far did you walk today?"

Yesterday morning practically all the men in the service went to the car sheds, and it was said that, following announcement to the officials of the decision to strike, all but four men agreed to go out. But H. M. Hopper, Hazen McLean and H. Brown were at hand, and went among the men and managed to persuade a number to return to work, who with the new hands the company has been breaking in, took ten or eleven cars.

In the morning the men from different sections of the city marched to their hall in the old Odd Fellows' building to answer roll call. In the afternoon, about four o'clock, the men formed up in front of their hall, and paraded by way of Union, Charlotte, King, Dock and Union streets back to their hall again. At intervals along the route they were cheered by the spectators, and as they pased the C. P. R. building, at the corner of King and Germain street, where a large number of union men are employed, the workmen thronged the windows, and gave the paraders a demonstration of sympathy. While the parade was passing this point a street car came along and the workmen in the C. P. R. building repeatedly raised the cry of "scab."

Fighting For Freedom

In the evening, at seven o'clock, the strikers again formed up in front of their hall on Union street, and with the St. Mary's Band at their head started another parade about the city. Most of the men in line during the evening procession wore their uniforms. They made quite a fine appearance, and there were many expressions of surprise from spectators at the number of men in line. Near the head of the parade, two uniformed men carried a banner with the inscription "We are fighting for freedom," and at the tail of the procession two other men bore a banner inscribed "We will walk."

The parade, in which there was considerably over a hundred men, marched up Union street to Charlotte, and crossing over came down King street. The strikers kept clear of the car tracks, but as the parade was coming down King street, a large number of men and boys tailed on behind the strikers, and kept in front of a car coming down the street, obliging it to proceed very slowly. The parade marched out to the North End, and then returning passed along Paradise Row to Haymarket Square and thence by way of Brussels and Union street back to their hall. All along the line of march spectators thronged the sidewalk and a considerable body of men and boys followed the strike, singing "Let everybody walk." At the corner of Douglas Avenue and Main street there were fully 2,000 people gathered, and they cheered the strikers frequently. When the parade reached Union street on its return a great crowd of people were assembled along the

(Continued on page 2)

"THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY"; FIRST CHAPTER APPEARS IN THE STANDARD NEXT MONDAY

Realizing the success which attended the earlier efforts of this paper in providing for its readers, and especially for those who attend the motion picture houses, the class of light matter which they seem to desire, The Standard is now attempting something further along the line but perhaps even more costly than were the Kathlyn stories. This paper by arrangement with the Thanhouser Film Co., and the Chicago Tribune, has secured the rights for publication in the Maritime Provinces of the latest story by Harold McGrath, entitled "The Million Dollar Mystery." The management of the Unique Theatre have contracted for the films accompanying this story and will present the first chapter in picture form on Monday and Tuesday of next week. On Monday The Standard will print the first chapter, and on each Monday thereafter for twenty-two weeks a complete chapter will appear, these running concurrently with the films shown in the local house.

The story itself is a thrilling one, dealing with the misdeeds of a group of Russian desperadoes, the abduction of an heiress and the strange disappearance of a large sum of money. The unusual feature of this story is that unlike most tales of its class it remains unfinished. Those who follow the narrative are left completely in the dark at the conclusion of the twenty-second chapter. But the Thanhouser Co. are offering a prize of ten thousand dollars for the best solution of the mystery submitted to them after that twenty-second chapter has appeared. Sufficient time is allowed for all solutions to be handed in, and after those submitted have been judged and the winner selected, the accepted solution will be prepared in picture form, a concluding chapter will be written by Mr. McGrath, and on an appointed date the story and films will be shown simultaneously in all theatres wherein the preceding pictures have appeared.

In addition to being shown in St. John these pictures will be presented in Amherst, Truro, Moncton, Campbellton, Fredericton, Halifax, Dartmouth, Sydney and elsewhere.

Persons residing out of town who desire to follow the story should send their orders to The Standard at once. No back numbers of the chapters will be kept so all should start at the beginning. The papers containing these chapters during the entire twenty-three weeks will be mailed to any address for forty cents. Send in your names now.

ASK WILSON TO USE INFLUENCE WITH CARRANZA

Peace Mediators Appeal to President to Have Rebel Leader Secure General Amnesty for Huerta's Followers.

Washington, July 22.—Ambassador Da Gama, of Brazil, and Ministers Suarez, of Chile, and Naon, of Argentina, the three mediators in the Mexican affair, appealed to President Wilson today to have the United States use its influence with General Carranza to obtain a general amnesty for those who supported the Huerta government They expressed the view that Francisco Carbajal, Provisional President of Mexico, who succeeded Huerta, was ready to turn over the government to General Carranza, but wanted guarantees that there would be no wholesale executions, arrest or confiscation of property. Unless these guarantees were given, they said, the Carbajal government would consentrate all its military forces, and resist until the utmost any effort to invade Mexico City.

BELIEVE HE IS MURDERER OF CABMAN

Man Arrested in Montreal Held for Shooting of Levis Cab Driver About a Month Ago.

Montreal, July 22.—Albert Leclair, alleged to be the slayer of Obina Guay the Levis coachman, who was found about a month ago with four bullets in his body, and who died 24 hours afterwards, was arrested in a Greek restaurant on Craig street, Montreal, today.

Leclaie was taken to Quebec this evening.

Before dying Guay told the story of the tragedy. According to his story, he was driving on the Levis road when he was hailed and ordered to drive to the Intercolonial Railway station. He was about two miles away when he was suddenly shot from behind by his fare. The murderer fired four shots, each one taking effect

SIR R. L. AND LADY BORDEN GOING TO MUSKOKA LAKE

Will Spend Few Weeks on Holiday Trip — Series of Cabinet Councils on Return

Ottawa, July 22—Sir Robert Borden, accompanied by Lady Borden, leaves on Thursday for the Muskoka Lake district, where he will remain for two or three weeks. On his return to the capital a series of cabinet councils will be held, and the arrangements completed for his tour of western Canada.

SHOT TO DEATH IN MISTAKE FOR BURGLARS

Akron, Ohio, July 22—Thomas Wolf, forty-five, a well-to-do business man, was shot and instantly killed at an early hour today at the home of his son-in-law, Fred Brown, when he was mistaken for a burglar by Anthony Olschefski, Brown's neighbor.

Olschefski knew the Brown family was away from home, and when he saw Wolf leaving the house he opened fire. The first shot pierced Wolf's heart. The slayer surrendered.

POLICEMAN A VICTIM

Burlington, N. J., July 22—Thomas Rogan, a policeman, was shot and killed on the street here early today by Winfield Templeton, a friend, who told the authorities that he had mistaken Rogan for a burglar. Despite Templeton's explanation, the county authorities are making a searching investigation of the circumstances of the shooting. Rogan, who was forty years old, leaves a widow and five children.

MR. BAXTER DEMANDS HEARING BEFORE THE ROYAL COMMISSION

At the morning session of the Dugal enquiry yesterday one of the witnesses told of a cheque that had been sent to Mr. J. B. M. Baxter as a retainer on behalf of the St. John and Quebec Railway Company. He also said that the cheque was returned and Mr. Carvell questioned him sharply regarding it.

It becomes increasingly evident that Mr. Carvell is going into these matters purely for the purpose of casting reflections upon members of the Conservative party.

The Royal Commission hearing evidence in the case was organized to enquire into the charge that monies had been improperly diverted from their purpose. Mr. Carvell well knows that no money paid to J. B. M. Baxter was diverted from its purpose.

Mr. Baxter, however, was prompt to act. As soon as he learned of the testimony given he at once applied to Commissioner Fisher for an opportunity to be heard before the Commission as soon as possible.

The fact is that when Mr. Baxter received the retainer of $500 in connection with certain litigation then pending against the railway company he was absolutely unaware that the company intended to make application to the Government for further assistance. As soon as he learned this he decided he would place himself in a position where he could not even be under the suspicion of any influence. He therefore returned his retainer which was very reluctantly accepted by the company.

When Mr. Baxter's story is told it will be found that in every action he followed the strictest code of professional ethics and that his course is not open to censure either political or professional.

Compromise on Home Rule Question Looks As Remote as Ever

Small Hope that Conference of Leaders Will Result in Agreement—Both Sides Said to be Standing Pat — Churchill Said to Have Threatened to Resign.

London, July 22.—At the close of a cabinet council late tonight it became known that there is only the smallest prospect of the Home Rule conference arriving at an agreement, and its termination when it re-assembles tomorrow is regarded as certain.

Sir Edward Carson, it is understood, stands out for the complete exclusion of six counties in Ulster from the operation of the Home Rule bill, including Fermanagh and Tyrone, while John Redmond declines as firmly to go beyond the concessions Premier Asquith already has made in permitting country referendums, and unless some way out of the difficulty is discovered at the eleventh hour it is believed that Premier Asquith tomorrow will be obliged to announce the failure of the conference. Premier Asquith's assurances to the parliament today assuming full responsibility for the King's speech and declaring that no constitutional precedent has been contravined allayed much of the angry feeling among the Liberals, or at least transferred it from the king to the premier himself.

Active negotiations are proceeding outside of Buckingham Palace between the party leaders. Premier Asquith had an interview tonight with Lord Lansdowne and Andrew Bonar Law, the Opposition leaders, between two separate sittings of the cabinet.

All kinds of rumors are current, one that Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, representing the minority in the cabinet favoring the clean cut exclusion of Ulster, had threatened to resign. Another that the king will make another dramatic move at the conference and that a speedy general election has become inevitable.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, received tonight resolutions adopted at a conference at Omagh of Nationalist delegates from the counties of Derry, Tyrone and Fermanagh, affirming unabated confidence in the Irish leader and declaring that at the risk of their lives Ulster Nationalists would never consent to be separated from the Irish nation.

Vancouver May See Last of Hindus Today

Steam Up, and Supplies Aboard Komagata Maru Ready For Trip to Orient—"23" an Unlucky Number for Hindu Party.

Vancouver, B. C., July 2.—Smoke is rising from the funnel of the Komogata Maru, and the tramp steamer, now famous as the storm centre of situation which almost ended in a mimic naval battle, is expected to leave Canada's shore at five o'clock Thursday morning. With the cruiser Rainbow lying in the stream with 200 yards away and with scores of militiamen mustered on the Canadian Pacific Railway wharves close at hand, ready for any emergency, no one expects further difficulty although there is still an air of uncertainty in the city and Vancouver will breathe a sigh of relief when the dirty tramp steamer pokes her nose through the Narrows and heads across the Gulf of Georgia towards the Orient.

Off of Vancouver Island two Japanese cruisers are said to be waiting to convoy the Maru to Oriental waters.

No shore leave has been granted to the men of the Rainbow. The men were all standing by yesterday with the exception of the stewards' department. They came ashore to buy supplies and meat, vegetables and groceries and were taken off to the cruiser yesterday afternoon. This morning further supplies were sent off to the warship and it is expected that she is to escort the Maru outside Cape Flattery and beyond the three mile limit. The tug Sea Lion was alongside Pier A at noon today loading the stock for the Komotaga Maru. A committee of shore Hindus and Inspector Hopkinson checked up the flour, canned goods vegetables, fruit and other supplies as they slid down the plank to the deck of the tug. Twenty-three has been an unlucky day for the Komogata Maru and her dusky passengers. It was on May 23rd that they arrived and it will be July 23rd when they depart—that is, if they don't play a final card to surprise the authorities.

Later.

Gurdit Singh, the wily Hindu leader, sprang a new one on the immigration authorities tonight. He sent ashore a long letter to Supt. Malcolm Reid, declaring that he would not sail at five o'clock tomorrow morning if a number of things are not done for him. Gurdit is kicking about the grub. Thousands of dollars worth of provisions have been put aboard today, but the Hindu leader wants more. "Unless I get these things aboard it will be impossible for us to sail tomorrow morning," is the decisive way the letter puts it.

Because of the new turn affairs have taken Supt. Reid again called out the militia, and at nine o'clock many gathered at the dock. At that hour, a council of the authorities was called aboard the Rainbow to decide whether or not to force matters tonight.

Mr. Reid was on his way out to arrange with Commander Hose for the immediate departure of both boats when he received the letter from Gurdit declaring that he would not go even at five o'clock in the morning.

TO STIR UP REVOLUTION IN INDIA

Seven Vancouver Hindus Taking Passage on Komagata Maru Declare They Will Start Sedition.

Vancouver, B. C., July 22—Seven Vancouver Hindus have taken passage aboard the Komogata Maru. They declare they are going to India for the purpose of spreading a revolution as the result of the trials of the Hindus in Vancouver.

CONTRACTOR KELLY HEARD YESTERDAY

SOME EXCITING SCENES AT THE CAILLAUX TRIAL

Ex-Premier Throws Out Challenge to Counsel for Family of Editor Shot by Mme. Caillaux.

Paris, July 22.—The ex-premier, Joseph Caillaux, was again the central figure today in the Court of Assize, where his wife is on trial for the killing of the editor of the Figaro. The court room was crowded in the expectation of sensational revelations arising from M. Labori's closing ultimatum of last night when he declared he would refuse to plead unless a full statement was made by the government regarding documents, which, it was alleged, were important enough to crush Caillaux.

This morning the Procurator General said that he was authorized to declare that the documents referred to in yesterday's testimony did not exist. Instead, therefore of utterly discrediting the ex-premier, the incident ended in his triumph as, his brilliant antagonist, M. Chenu, counsel for the Calmette family, was obliged to acknowledge. When the Procurator General resumed his seat M. Labori, counsel for Mme. Caillaux, said:

"We consider the incident closed."

M. Chenu replied sarcastically:

"The incident is closed to the satisfaction of M. Caillaux, but to my mind it was nothing but a clever diversion most opportunely arranged and I admire the skill with which it was arranged. It has pleased M. Caillaux to transform a criminal trial into the trial of a political cause."

M. Chenu having declared that it did not become M. Caillaux to come there and endeavor to soil the grave which his wife had made, the ex-premier sprang forward and exclaimed:

"Since I must take notice of what this lawyer has said, I will ask him if he will take personal responsibility for his words."

M. Chenu replied:

"I take the entire responsibility. You cannot menace me here."

Pierre Mortier, editor of Gilblas, and others corroborated previous evidence as to the overwrought nerves of Mme. Caillaux and to her knowledge that the Figaro was about to publish sensational revelations.

NOVA SCOTIA GIRL'S ROMANCE

Savannah, Ga., July 22.—The romance of Florence Martha Pickard, daughter of the Rev. Dr. W. L. Pickard, the new president of Mercer University, who eloped last Friday with her old sweetheart, Everett Harrison, of Halifax, N. S., while her announced fiance, Karl Gustav Karsten, was on his way from London to wed her, ended sadly in New York after a honeymoon of four days. Mrs. Pickard received a communication from her daughter today urging her to go to New York and bring back the bride.

The information was hardly sufficient to determine whether Mrs. Harrison has been abandoned by her husband, or whether she has merely grown dissatisfied with her choice. Mrs. Pickard will leave imediately.

On the day the engagement was announced Harrison arrived in Savannah and visited Miss Pickard. He was said to have been engaged to her once. Within five days Miss Pickard eloped with him. Karsten reached America on the same day.

CHILDREN PLAYING WITH DYNAMITE SERIOUSLY INJURED

All Three Victims May Die — Two of Them Lose Eyesight by the Explosion.

Akron, Ohio, July 22—Three children were probably fatally injured here today when a stick of dynamite with which they were playing exploded. The injured were:

Lercy Lind, ten years of age, eyes blown out, and fingers and part of lower part of lower limbs blown off.

Norvial Lind, seven years of age, a younger brother, seriously mangled about the lower limbs.

Harry Lee, ten years of age, eyesight destroyed and part of lower limbs blown off.

Windows in houses for blocks around were shattered.

Partner of J. S. Scott Tells of That Payment to H. F. McLeod.

NOTHING SPECTACULAR IN DAY'S EVIDENCE

Accountant for Construction Company Goes Over Vouchers and Cheques — $1,000 to the Fredericton Gleaner.

The session of the Royal Commission investigating the charges against Hon. J. K. Flemming and Hon. H. F. McLeod in connection with the Valley Railway yesterday attracted as large a crowd as usual to the court room and the proceedings, while lacking the spectacular elements of previous occasions were not without interest. In the morning the first interesting item came when Ernest L. Kelly, the partner of Contractor J. S Scott in the firm of Scott and Kelly, testified regarding that payment of $1,500 to Hon. H. F. McLeod. Kelly said he accompanied Scott to the office of Mr. McLeod where they talked of contracts. The conversation resulted in the payment of the sum mentioned. The witness declared he did not discuss the story he was to tell with Mr. Carvell.

Ralph Hoben, accountant of the Quebec and St. John Construction Company, was next called, and went over vouchers and cheques presented to him by Mr. Carvell. He told of one cheque for $500 to J. B. M. Baxter, K. C., M. L. A., of this city. This cheque was as a general retainer and was subsequently returned by Mr. Baxter. It may be mentioned that Mr. Baxter has demanded an opportunity to be heard before the Commission at the earliest possible time in reference to the matter and the construction of Mr. Carvell's questioning seemed to attempt to put on it.

In the afternoon Mr. Hoben told of a payment of $1,000 to the Fredericton Gleaner. This was charged up for advertising. Mr. Hoben had not finished his evidence when the session adjourned for the day.

(Continued on page 5)

FAILS IN AN ATTEMPT TO KILL SWEETHEART

Jealous Lover Slashes Girl with Shoemaker's Knife— Tries to Kill Himself—Both Will Recover.

Montreal, July 22.—Guiseppe Donatelli, aged 30, is in a hospital under arrest on the double charge of attempting to murder his sweetheart, Lucia De Gregorio, 741 Ontario St., East, and committing suicide. The attempt on the girl's life took place early this morning, when Donatelli is said to have slashed her throat with a shoemaker's knife just as she was about to enter her place of employment at the Sommer building. The assault was made because she had rejected Donatelli's advances. Donatelli was arrested at the home of an Italian compatriot, and as his throat was cut he was taken to the hospital. Both he and the girl are likely to recover, although at the hospital where Lucia is, it is said her condition is serious.

YOUNG BANK CLERK DROWNED IN A SWIMMING LAGOON

Niagara Falls, Ont., July 22.—A drowning accident occurred at half past seven o'clock this morning in the swimming lagoon near Dufferin Island in Queen Victoria Park, where Courtney M. Wilkinson, aged 23, son of Lady Wilkinson Hawkhurst Kent, England, lost his life while in bathing in twelve feet of water, half way between the electric railway bridge and the swimming pond.

Grappling irons were procured from Chippewa and the body recovered within an hour, but Doctors Kellam and Logan working with a pulmotor procured from the Ontario Power Company, failed to restore him. Young Wilkinson had been ledger keeper in the Imperial Bank here for the past year.

Mr. Wilkinson's late father was general manager of the Great Western Railway of England.