

## Smallest Shipping Loss Since February

London, Sept. 26.—Thirteen British merchantmen of 1,600 tons and over and two vessels of less than 1,600 tons were sunk by mines or submarines last week, according to the weekly admiralty statement, issued this evening.

In the aggregate this is the smallest number of vessels sunk during any one week since Germany began her intensified submarine warfare last February. Two fishing vessels also were sunk last week. The previous week's loss by tonnage, said to be 62,000 tons, was the smallest aggregate in this respect since February.

The smallest aggregate of vessels sunk in any previous week since the February undersea campaign was inaugurated by Germany was fourteen merchantmen of 1,600 tons and over and two of less than 1,600 tons. This was during the week ending August 12. Last week the admiralty report showed twenty-eight merchantmen sunk, eight of more than 1,600 tons and twenty of less tonnage.

## TWO U-BOATS SUNK IS REPORT.

An Atlantic Post, Sept. 26.—Passengers arriving here today on a steamship from a British port told of the sinking of two German submarines, one of which had attacked a transport conveyed by British destroyers.

## "WE CAN TAKE LENS WHENEVER WE LIKE," SAYS HAIG

New York, Sept. 26.—A London cable to the Evening Sun says Horatio Bottomley, editor of John Bull, attributes to Sir Douglas Haig the statement "that we can take Lens whenever we like."

## GREAT WORK OF LAND TRANSPORT BY ENGLAND

Tremendous Strain on the Railways Well Met

Standardization and Other Operations to Meet War Demands; Idea of What is Involved in Movement of the Armies

London, Sept. 10.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—One of the greatest of British war efforts has been in the department of railway transport, both at home and abroad. Very little has been said about this work, perhaps because it has gone on steadily, silently and unobserved. Some time ago Aristide Briand, premier of France, visited a great railway workshop behind the British lines in France. "The great fault I have to find with you English," he said upon that occasion, "is that you do enormous things, but nobody has any idea of what you are doing."

At home, war has put a tremendous strain on the railways. It was an instance of Britain's military unpreparedness that military and strategic considerations found no place before the war in her railway systems and management. The railways had been built for passenger traffic and the carriage of goods. For example, there were three types of air-brake in use, so that rolling stock of the different companies often could not be made up into one train. The width of cars and the clearance space between tracks varied considerably. Very few stations had adequate platform accommodation for rapidly entraining troops.

During the three years of war much progress has been made under government control of the railways, toward standardization and such reconstruction as was feasible to remedy the most serious shortcomings. This is frequently noticeable at rural stations, where platforms of the type most suitable for military use have replaced the old suburban platforms, and given a military air to the otherwise peaceable countryside.

The proper platform for entraining troops is a wide one running the length of the longest train. From such a platform troop trains can be loaded at the rate of one an hour, and this rate can be improved upon with practiced troops. Where a railway station possesses the most up-to-date platform facilities, such as all British stations will have by the time the war is over, it is possible to load two trains simultaneously, and such a station is called in military parlance a "half-hour station." At an ordinary old-fashioned way-side station it is often necessary to allow two hours.

Entraining is the ruling factor in calculating troop movements, since detraining does not take quite so long. The maximum normal capacity of a double track line of railway in England is figured by the military specialists at six trains an hour each way. In the early days of the war, the trains containing the British expeditionary force were run into the docks at intervals of twelve minutes or at the rate of five an hour. On a single-track line, three trains an hour can be worked each way.

The principle adopted in moving troops by train is that each train load

should be a complete subdivision of a military unit. The size of such a train load is definitely limited by the number of coaches of which a train can be made up with safety. An ordinary infantry battalion makes up two train loads. During five days when the first British expeditionary force was being moved to France, 600 trains were run loaded with troops and as many returned empty, giving an average of 360 trains a day employed in the movement of troops alone. In the first year of war, moves were made overseas of 10,000 officers, 2,866,000 other ranks and 442,000 horses. These groups, including cross-Channel traffic and all other moves made by sea. Figures for later years, presumably larger, are not at present available.

## WILL CONTRACT FOR SMALLER STEAMERS

H. C. Schofield has been advised by the directors of shipbuilding, imperial munitions board, that the board is open to receive offers for the building of wooden steamers of the following dimensions: 180 feet long, 31 feet beam, 10.8 depth and about 1,000 tons deadweight capacity. This, it is pointed out, is a type of vessel easily constructed in the maritime provinces and should be of interest to shipbuilders.

Speaking of the matter to The Telegraph, Mr. Schofield stated that the board is expected to settle the question of the new steamer, which apparently has been standardized, is smaller than the one which Grant & Home are building. The wooden auxiliary steamer now being constructed is about 300 feet long, and generally speaking is about the size of the shipbuilding States standard. Its engines are amidships, while the engines in this new vessel are aft, leaving more space.

With reference to the present plan of Grant & Home much satisfaction is expressed at the work being done. The considerable of the frame has been erected and it is expected that the work will be sufficiently advanced by a month or so to render the vessel ready for protection to the workmen during the winter months.

No date has been set for the completion of the work but every person interested is well satisfied with the progress being made.

## READY TO BUILD WING AT COUNTY HOSPITAL

Colonel J. J. Sharpley and Director Armstrong of the military hospitals commission, are expected to arrive tomorrow to go into the matter of using the proposed new wing of the St. John County Hospital for tubercular patients. They will meet the committee of the St. John County Hospital and it is understood that Mr. Armstrong has already settled the question. It was stated by a member of the hospital committee that there were about one hundred tubercular soldiers patients throughout the province who had no place to go for treatment and the new wing would provide for them. If the matter can be arranged it is understood that the provincial government will bear one-half of the cost and the dominion government the other half. The total cost will be about \$50,000. The committee which will meet the military hospitals commission representatives will include Commissioner McLellan, Mayor Hayes, Councillor John Howard, of St. Martins, and Councillor William Golding, of Lancaster.

## At River Glade, Too.

Moncton, Sept. 26.—(Special).—According to plans just announced here the Jordan Memorial Sanatorium is to be fitted out as a place for convalescent soldiers. It is proposed to fit out buildings already with equipment so that between fifty and sixty convalescent soldiers can be accommodated. The dominion hospitals commission, working in co-operation with the provincial government and commissioners of this sanatorium hope to have plans soon under way and work completed. The location of the sanatorium was found to be excellent for soldiers. This will mean additions to the staff of the sanatorium.

## CUTTING DOWN SIZE OF DANISH STANDING ARMY

Copenhagen, Sept. 10.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The Danish government has ordered another reduction in the size of the standing army. The step is taken, it is said, "mainly for financial reasons, but also because discipline in arms is being weakened and its quality deteriorated under protracted service."

At the beginning of the European war Denmark called up 46,000 men in addition to the 12,500 who are always under training. This force was gradually reduced to 25,000, and a further reduction of about 25 per cent. has now been decided upon.

All the parties, except the Conservative group, have approved of the government's decision. The Conservatives declined acquiescence on the ground that they could not admit that "the danger of a violation of Denmark's neutrality has been essentially diminished."

## "Cure Your Rupture Like I Cured Mine"

Old Sea Captain Cured His Own Rupture After Doctors Said "Operate or Die."

His Remedy and Book Sent Free. Captain Collins said the sea for many years, then he sustained a bad double rupture that the tried doctors after doing nothing, said "Operate or Die." Finally, he was assured that he must submit to a dangerous and abortive operation or die. He did submit. He cured himself instead.



"Follow Men and Women, You Don't Have To Be Cut Out, and You Don't Have To Be Cut Out, and You Don't Have To Be Cut Out."

Captain Collins made a study of himself, of his condition, and at last he found the remedy. He cured himself. Anyone can use the same method. Every ruptured person in the world is a victim of a false idea. The remedy is simple, safe and infallible. It tells all about how he cured himself. It tells all about the medicine and the treatment in their own homes without the aid of a doctor. It tells all about the medicine and the treatment in their own homes without the aid of a doctor. It tells all about the medicine and the treatment in their own homes without the aid of a doctor.

FREE RUPTURE BOOK AND REMEDY BOOK. Write to Mr. F. E. Rupture Book, Box 318 Waterbury, N.Y. Please send me your FREE Rupture Book and Remedy Book without any obligation on my part whatsoever.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

## LAURIER CLUB IN LANCASTER

Organization Completed With 77 Charter Members—Hon. W. E. Foster is Honorary President

The initial meeting of the Laurier-Liberal Club was held last evening at the club headquarters, Main street, Parville. The club is being enthusiastically supported by the members of the community. The club is being enthusiastically supported by the members of the community. The club is being enthusiastically supported by the members of the community.

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## Stomach Troubles Due To Acidity

SO SAYS EMINENT SPECIALIST. So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, wind, and stomach-ache are in probably nine cases out of ten simply evidence that fermentation is taking place in the food contents of the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acids. Wind distends the stomach, and causes that full, oppressive feeling, sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the fermenting food. Such fermentation is unnatural, but may involve most serious consequences if not corrected. To stop or prevent fermentation of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and render it harmless, a teaspoonful of bisulphate of magnesia, probably the best and most effective corrector of acid stomach trouble, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water immediately after eating, or whenever wind or acidity is felt. This stops the fermentation, and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments. Fermentation, wind and acidity are dangerous and unnecessary. Stop or prevent them by the use of a proper antacid, such as bisulphate of magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist and thus enable the stomach to do its work properly without being hindered by poisonous gas and dangerous acids.—M. F.

## Pyramid For Piles Free

The Quicker You Get a Free Trial of Pyramid Pile Treatment the Better It Is What You Are Looking For.

Don't talk operation. If you can't wait for the cure of your piles, get a free trial of Pyramid Pile Treatment. It is a free trial of the best treatment for piles. It is a free trial of the best treatment for piles. It is a free trial of the best treatment for piles.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON. PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY. Write to Mr. F. E. Rupture Book, Box 318 Waterbury, N.Y. Please send me your FREE Rupture Book and Remedy Book without any obligation on my part whatsoever.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

## TILLAGE PLAN IN EMERALD ISLE HAS PROVED A SUCCESS

Cereal Crops Show Great Increase, But Fewer Cattle Are Raised

Dublin, Sept. 10.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—That the tillage plan introduced at the beginning of the year has been an unusual agricultural success is indicated by the annual agricultural statistics which the Irish department of agriculture has just issued.

This time last year, the two remarkable features of the statistics were the unexpected decrease in the acreage of cereal and green crops, and the large increase in all kinds of live stock. The report for the present year tells a tale of the very opposite character. Cereal and green crops have gone up enormously, while live stock in every case has gone down.

The falling off in cereals last year was about 20,000 acres; this year there is an increase of 40,000 acres. The falling off in green crops last year was 20,000 acres; this year there is an increase of 40,000 acres. The falling off in live stock last year was 20,000 head; this year there is an increase of 40,000 head. The falling off in live stock last year was 20,000 head; this year there is an increase of 40,000 head.

The acreage under tillage has increased from 200,000 acres to 250,000 acres. The acreage under tillage has increased from 200,000 acres to 250,000 acres. The acreage under tillage has increased from 200,000 acres to 250,000 acres.

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## Nerves of the Stomach

Were Weak and Inactive as Result of Nervous Prostration—Lost Twenty Pounds—Had to Take Sleeping Powders to Get Any Rest.

St. Catharines, Ont., Sept. 26.—Many people never realize that the movement and action of every organ of the body is dependent on the energy supplied by the nervous system.

When the nervous system gets run down there is weakness throughout the body. You feel tired and languid and your stomach and other digestive organs are similarly affected. Appetite fails, digestion is poor, you do not get the good of what you eat and gradually grow weaker and weaker.

This process can only be stopped by such treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, which goes directly to create new nerve force and thereby to invigorate the whole human body.

Mrs. Geo. S. Ellis, 46 Davidson street, St. Catharines, Ont., writes: "My husband had an attack of nervous prostration, and although he doctored for some time and tried different medicines, he could not get relief. He had to resort to sleeping powders given him by the doctor to make him sleep. The greater part of the trouble seemed to be with the nerves of his stomach. He began to lose weight, and kept on going down until he had lost twenty pounds. We had read advertisements in the newspapers for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and noticed that it seemed to be doing a lot of good for people troubled with nervousness, so my husband decided to try it. He found benefit almost from the start, and continued this treatment until he had taken about twelve or thirteen boxes. The result was most satisfactory. He is now enjoying good health, sleeps well, and has gained back nearly all the weight he had lost. He also uses Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills occasionally, and thinks them an excellent remedy. I have also used this latter medicine for dizzy spells and headaches, and was completely cured of these complaints. We think a great deal of Dr. Chase's medicines, and cannot praise them highly enough."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 80 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for \$2.75, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be misled into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

## AIMS OF THE FIVE YEAR PROGRAMME

Dealt With In Address At Baptist Convention

Evangelism Still Needed

Efforts of Church and Example of Parents Needed to Save the Boys for the Church

An appeal for saving the boys to the church was a strong feature of the annual meeting of the United Baptist Association in Charlotte street church, west side, Rev. J. E. Wilson's speech on "The Aims of the Five Year Programme" and the need of evangelism in the church. The first part of the meeting was devoted to the address by Rev. Dr. DeWolfe.

At this point Rev. J. B. Ganong took charge of the meeting. Mr. Ganong made an introductory address in which he explained that Rev. G. C. Warren, who was to have given the first address, was unable to present and that in his absence Rev. J. E. Wilson would give the address. The subject of Mr. Wilson's speech was Evangelism and the Five Year Programme. This programme is the policy adopted for the Baptist Association of the Maritime Provinces for the next five years.

Evangelism, declared Mr. Wilson, "is the whole programme in the larger sense of the word. There is no phase of the programme which, if followed up, will not lead back to evangelism. Without it, the programme would be weak and without force. In broader words, if evangelism brings the love of God into the hearts of the people so that their hearts will respond to the Father-Heaven, it will have accomplished its purpose."

Mr. Wilson said that he had been very much impressed with a part of the sermon which was delivered by Rev. F. H. Wentworth on Tuesday evening. The part which impressed him was "the vision of perishing souls." "Jesus Christ," he said, "is the only savior of the world. We need the element of love. The mere fact that man is a sinner is not enough, the mere fact on the other hand that Jesus is the only sufficient savior is not enough; not till we have the love of God in our hearts, we are found in that secret place where 365 days of every year we shall be abiding in the work of the Holy Spirit."

Mr. Wilson went on to say that man needs to get nearer to the heart of Christ till he is able to say "I am a child of God." He said that all those who serve like Peter, preferring to die rather than to keep silent concerning Jesus' power to save the perishing, are the true disciples of Christ. He said that the church is not a phase of the church is effective unless it has evangelism as its sole objective. He said that the church should be more easily made the people see God. The church should always have a spiritual atmosphere in the midst that the members will speak to men of the fullness of God. Men should always be ready to give their lives for the church is in the interests of God's work and hastens the bringing in of His Kingdom.

Mr. Wilson stated that the method of evangelism must be Christ's method, and that Christ's method was by personal touch. Personal evangelism has been styled the "hand-picked plan." In brief, personal evangelism is the method of reaching the souls of men by the use of the hand-picked plan. It is the method of reaching the souls of men by the use of the hand-picked plan. It is the method of reaching the souls of men by the use of the hand-picked plan.

Co-operation Sought. "The possibility of realizing our programme lies in the co-operation of the men and women who sit in the pews. There is no doubt of securing this co-operation. We all know that the province alone, the remarkable response of the laymen has even outrun the zeal and enthusiasm of the pastors. The object of the church, Sunday school, young people's work and every department of church work is the seeking to bring the people into the community and to bring it to Jesus. The beautiful part of the five year programme is that every person is able to take part in it. We all know that we ought to follow Jesus' example in every way and most especially we should follow his lead in prayer.

"If Jesus needed to pray and dared not go forth to represent God to men before he had first been in prayer, how much more should we go forth to represent God to men before we have first been in prayer. Business without gathering the strength and fullness of God by indulging in prayer?"

Rev. W. G. Brooker spoke on "Stewardship and the Five Year Programme." "Every member of the association is a steward. We are all stewards of the things of God. We are all stewards of the things of God. We are all stewards of the things of God."

Then, particularly, Mr. Brooker went on to show that "the body, the perfect machine by which we move to our places of business, and by which we transact our business, by which we hold communication with our neighbors is not ours but is lent to us. We have nothing to do with the making of it, all we do accept it. Our mind is a loan for which we are directly answerable. When we survey the forests, mines and rivers, the main assets of our country, we must recognize the fact that they were found here and we had nothing to do with the making of them. Then we come to the Christian church and its imperishable glory. The church was made ages ago by saints, martyrs and confessions. When we recognize that we have nothing of ourselves and everything of Jesus, it is a great thing to be a part of the church. We should in no way glory in our possessions for we are lease holders and stewards and in no way proprietors. If we are honest we should pay the interest on our capital regularly and the way to pay interest is to have the empire of Christ always first in our minds."

Then Mr. Brooker stated that there is a popular saying that "Commerce follows the flag" and it is even more correct to say that "Commerce follows the cross" and wherever the word of God goes it takes with it new industries and the place where it reaches becomes more prosperous than ever before. With regard to giving to the church, Mr. Brooker said that he would give in sacrifice. A man may say "I can give so much a week and never feel it," that is not giving. One only begins to give when giving is a sacrifice.

Mr. Brooker made a strong appeal for the sacrifice of the young boys. "If a boy

## What a man wants in the morning—

FRUIT SALT

See his father giving a large amount to his political party and saying 'I must give that' and never saying the same thing about giving to the church he is apt to say to himself, 'Father evidently does not think so much of the church as he does of politics. He wants me to go to church but he goes out in his automobile on Sundays and is too tired to go to church. I think that he does not hold a very high opinion of the church. And so the example of the father will react on the son and the son will lose interest in the church. If all fathers had the same forcefulness in religion that they have in outside affairs less boys would be lost to the church.'

Mr. Brooker said that the only way to read the scriptures and to get the maximum amount of good from them, is to read them with minds full of sacrifice, for sacrifice can only be understood by sacrifice and the Bible is an eternal sacrifice.

Rev. Dr. Hutchinson. Rev. Dr. Hutchinson gave an address on evangelism and consecration. "The Baptists are a strong people," he said, "and they are a strong people today because the fathers of our church went up and down the St. John river and all through the country preaching the gospel. If we wish to advance we must not neglect the divine programme which was the programme of our forefathers. Let the spirit of evangelism radiate from the pulpit and all departments of the church. Let evangelism give the church to the world, has kept the church alive and will be the power to bring this sinning world to the feet of the Lord."

The meeting was then closed by the pronouncing of the benediction by Rev. Dr. Hutchinson.

Afternoon Session. A large number of members of the New Brunswick Baptist Association have passed away in the last year, as was shown by the report handed in by Rev. Dr. Hutchinson at the business meeting of the association, which was held yesterday, with Moderator Rev. J. G. A. Belyea in the chair. The meeting opened with devotion by Rev. Dr. J. E. Wilson, and after the report of the Maritime Provinces was read by Rev. Dr. J. E. Wilson, the report was freely discussed by several members and the discussion was a favorable one. The meeting recommended the paper to all the Baptists of the maritime provinces.

Rev. J. B. Ganong, the president, presented the request of the committee for licenses and ordination. Up to this time no such committee had been formed, but a committee was immediately formed and it comprised J. B. Ganong, J. E. Wilson, D. D. Bell, F. L. Atherton and A. H. Mitten.

The report of the corresponding secretary was received and a report from the committee of arrangements was received and showed that several changes had been made in the programme. The obituary report was handed in by Rev. Dr. Hutchinson and contained a long list of names. The meeting was closed by a prayer by Rev. G. B. Macdonald.

Home on Leave. Dr. A. E. London, of Canterbury, who has been serving on the western front for the last two years, as an officer in the Royal Army Medical Corps is now home on two months' leave. At present he is attached to the staff of an auxiliary hospital in Montreal. Dr. London is a son of Edmund London, of Canterbury, and is a graduate of McGill.

Doctors Stand Amazed at Power of Bon-Opto to Make Weak Eyes Strong—According to Dr. Lewis

Guaranteed to Strengthen Eyesight 50% In One Week's Time in Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Victims of eye strain and other eye weaknesses, and those who wear glasses will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope and help for them. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored by this remarkable prescription and many who once wore glasses say they have thrown them away. One man says, after using it: "I was almost blind. Could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without my glasses and my eyes do not hurt any more. At night they feel fine and I sleep peacefully. Now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me."

A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for 15 days everything seems clear." Another, who had been using glasses for years, says: "I have worn glasses for several years, but after using 'Bon-Opto' for a few days, I found I could read my own name on an envelope or the type-writing on the machine before me. I can do both now and have discarded my long distance glasses altogether. I can count the fluttering leaves on the trees across the street now, which for several years have looked like a dim green blur to me. I cannot express my joy at which it has done for me."

It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitude more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye trouble of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by the use of this prescription. Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and let it dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation and redness will quickly disappear. If your eyes bother you even a little it is your duty to take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have saved their sight if they had cured for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Yes, the Bon-Opto prescription is truly a wonderful eye remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. I have used it very successfully in my own practice on patients whose eyes were strained through overwork or mist glasses. I can highly recommend it in case of weak, watery, itching, burning, itching, burning eyes, red lids, blurred vision or for eyes inflamed from exposure to smoke, sun, dust or wind. It is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every case." Bon-Opto, referred to above, is not a patent medicine, or a secret remedy. It is an ethical preparation, the formula being printed on the package. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good drug store and is sold in this city by Wasson's Drug Store and others.

## EXECUTIVE PLANS FOR S.S. CONVENTION

The executive committee of the N. B. Sunday School Association is holding its monthly session in the Bible house yesterday afternoon with chairman, Mayor R. T. James, presiding. Other members present were: William H. Ferguson, Lewis Simms, H. C. Arthur, Robert Reid, Rev. J. C. B. Appel and Rev. W. A. Ross.

Considerable business was transacted in preparation for the forthcoming provincial convention to be held in Woodstock. The chairman of the programme committee, Rev. J. C. B. Appel, presented a draft of the programme which was approved by the executive. A special feature this year will be the conference for the training of county and district officers. Denominational rallies will be held. Rev. I. W. Williamson will be in charge of the convention devotional and song services, while the Rev. T. P. Drumm, of Moncton, will give the Bible messages. W. C. Pearce, of Chicago, and the Rev. Frank Langford, of Toronto, will be present.

The Sunday schools of Canada and United States are to hold a "Go-to-Sunday-School" day this year on the first Sunday of November and the New Brunswick association is falling into line with the others in issuing a call for the observance of such a day. The day was expressed that churches and Sunday schools of every denomination will rally to this movement, and that an effort will be made by personal canvass and otherwise to invite every man, woman and child in the province to attend Sunday school on that day.

FOR SMUGGLING LIQUOR. Jesse Ploudre, of Fort Kent, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Charles H. Reid, Jr., in Bangor Monday afternoon charged with smuggling twenty-two gallons of gin, eighteen bottles of whiskey, and six pairs of socks into the United States. He pleaded not guilty. Probable cause was found, and he is held in \$500 bail for the term of the United States District court. He furnished bail.

## THOUGHT CHILD WAS DYING "Cholera Infantum"

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURED HER

Mothers should look well after their children during the summer months, as this is the time of the year this trouble is most prevalent. It begins with a profuse diarrhoea, the stools become irritable, vomiting and purging set in, and the child rapidly loses flesh, and becomes weak, prostrated and languid.

Mrs. B. A. Crevell, Rosaway, N. S., writes: "I can recommend, most heartily, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. A friend of mine whose little daughter was ill with cholera infantum was given up by the doctors. The little one's mother asked me to call and see the child. I told her I had a bottle of 'Dr. Fowler's' and asked her if she would try it. When the child was in the morning the child was well. This cure was a miraculous one, for I thought the child was dying at the time."

There is nothing can take the place of Dr. Fowler's. There is nothing but good. Do not accept of substitutes, and thus endanger your life. The original is 50c. per bottle, and put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## Doctors Stand Amazed at Power of Bon-Opto to Make Weak Eyes Strong—According to Dr. Lewis

Guaranteed to Strengthen Eyesight 50% In One Week's Time in Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Victims of eye strain and other eye weaknesses, and those who wear glasses will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope and help for them. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored by this remarkable prescription and many who once wore glasses say they have thrown them away. One man says, after using it: "I was almost blind. Could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without my glasses and my eyes do not hurt any more. At night they feel fine and I sleep peacefully. Now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me."

A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for 15 days everything seems clear." Another, who had been using glasses for years, says: "I have worn glasses for several years, but after using 'Bon-Opto' for a few days, I found I could read my own name on an envelope or the type-writing on the machine before me. I can do both now and have discarded my long distance glasses altogether. I can count the