$35.00 Per Foot
Terms to Suit.
NHighway Frontage.
East of Long Branch—At Stop 27.
ROBINS, LIMITED.
Kent Building. Adelaide 3200.

The Toronto World

$18,000
Queen Street West Corner, 100 x 108, rear lane. Big revenue from six houses, in excellent repair. Small cash payment.
ROBINS, LIMITED.
Kent Building. Adelaide 3200.

PROBS: Fair and mild at first, followed by some local rain or snow; colder at night.

SATURDAY MORNING MARCH 12 1921 41ST YEAR—ISSUE NO. 14,731 TWO CENTS

ATTEMPT BY U. S. RAILWAYS TO WRECK UNIONS IS CHARGED

Norman Garfield Under Death Sentence, Brother Gets 20-Year Term

GUNS OF KRONSTADT RENEW THE FIRING; REPLY ONLY FEEBLE

In Intensity the Bombardment Surpasses All the Previous Efforts.

ONE CITY IN FLAMES

Stockholm, March 11.—The fight for Petrograd has again flamed up, Kronstadt's bombardment, which recommenced last night, continuing thruout the day. In intensity the firing surpassed all previous efforts. At Terioka, on the Russo-Finnish border, and other Finnish places, the ground was shaken and windows were broken.

The Dagens Nyheter reports that Kronstadt last night, by means of electric Morse signals, demanded the immediate surrender of Krasnoya Gorka, on pain of complete annihilation. During the day Krasnoya Gorka made only feeble reply to the heavy fire from the battleships Sebastopol and Petropavlovsk.

Telegrams received by The Nya Dagligt Allehanda say that Orienbaum, on the southern shore of the Gulf of Finland, is partly in ruins and that fires are raging there. The artillery fire against the town on Thursday night was very fierce.

The despatch says the open discussion of the situation by the Petrograd newspapers proves that M. Zinovieff, the Bolshevik governor of Petrograd, now fears to exercise terrorism, as was formerly done.

TRADE CONDITIONS STEADILY IMPROVE

Advices From Various Parts of Canada Mostly Optimistic in Tone.

Winnipeg, March 11.—(Can. Press)—Advices from various parts of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific coasts, show that trade conditions are improving as the year advances, states the weekly trade report of the Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association.

Montreal and Quebec province report that drygoods, groceries, hardware, millinery and boots and shoes all show some stimulation in wholesale circles. Wholesale houses in women's wear report very good business. So far as retail conditions are concerned there is not much to add to previous reports of a slight improvement, noticeable with the coming in of March.

Toronto Situation.

Toronto and Ontario advices indicate that the "more activity in manufacturing and wholesale circles" previously reported, is being maintained.

Not much change of note is contained in western advices. While wholesalers and retailers are satisfied with the improvements of larger cities, trade in the country towns remains quiet and is expected to do so until the winter breaks up.

ALLIES EXTENDING THEIR OCCUPATION

Oberhausen, Near Krupp City, Entered Without Incident.

London, March 11.—Oberhausen, six miles east of Ruhrort, and seven miles northwest of Essen, has been entered by the allies, according to a Central News despatch from Paris.

Entry was made without incident.

Exports to Holland Stopped.

Amsterdam, March 11.—Exports from the Rhineland to Holland have stopped altogether, says the Essen correspondent of The Rotterdamsche Courant, neither buyers nor sellers being willing to risk imposition of the allied tax levies.

MANY HAPPY RETURNS.

Hon. Nelson Parliament, Speaker of the legislature, had a birthday yesterday and was congratulated by the leaders when the house opened.

DINEEN'S FIRST SHOWING OF SPRING HATS FOR MEN.

Refreshingly new shapes and colors for spring. The man who dresses well demands character. Style finish in a hat. That's why Dineen hats are the preferred choice of gentlemen of taste throughout the Dominion. Dineen hats have been sold in Toronto over fifty years and are today better than ever. On sale today new styles at $4.95, $5.95 and $7.00. Spring overcoats, $25.00 to $65.00. Raincoats, tweed effect, $10.00 to $25.00. Fine gabardine coats, $25.00 to $35.00. Dineen's Store is 140 Yonge street, Toronto.

Brant Indians Are Seeking Asylum in New York State

Syracuse, N.Y., March 11.—More than 8,000 Iroquois of the Six Nations, residents of the Brant reservation in western Ontario, determined to resist compulsory citizenship in Canada, have asked Dr. Erl A. Bates, of this city, an adopted chief, to appeal to President Harding for asylum in Indian reservations in New York State.

A great council meeting of the chiefs of the Six Nations will be held this week at the Onondaga reservation to outline a plan of action. The Indians, it is claimed, have been ordered to take out citizenship papers in the Dominion within thirty days. The situation may bring to a head the long continued negotiations between the Indians, the state and federal governments, as to the future of the tribes in the United States.

UNION LEADERS BITTER OVER MOVE TO REDUCE U.S. RAILWAY WAGES

Representatives of Employes Charge That Real Object of Railways Is to Break Down Labor Organizations, Not to Effect Lower Freight and Passenger Rates.

Chicago, March 11.—Action looking toward the wholesale reduction of wages of railway employes of the nation was assailed tonight by union leaders.

The railway executives were unanimous in declaring that the reductions were necessary to pave the way for lower freight and passenger rates, and said that the wage cuts would begin with the unskilled employes but would finally reach the highest executives.

In replying to this, J. G. Luhrsen, president of the American Train Despatchers' Association, asserted that the train sheets would show that the railroads were not economically managed, and in a letter to Senator A. B. Cummins, chairman of the senate interstate commerce committee, he called for a senatorial investigation of the transportation situation, "so as to avert serious strife over wage reductions."

Charge By Unions.

"Notices of proposed wage reductions on individual railroads have been expected since the meeting of the railway executives here on February 18," said a statement issued by W. Jett Lauck, former secretary of the war labor board, and now consulting economist of the railroad unions. "It is part of the plan to deluge the United States labor board with a multitude of complaints and cannot be of much financial benefit to the railroads.

"One complaint after another must be considered by the labor board and

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

PEOPLE OF RUSSIA TIRED OF BAYONETS

Officials of Russian Parties in London Deny Entente Responsible.

London, March 11.—Russia today is in the beginning of phases of upheaval which will have essentially the same result as the memorable occurrence of March 12, 1917, said Alexander F. Kerensky, Russia's former "man of destiny," today.

"The fundamental causes of the outbreaks in Russia," Kerensky declared, "are the same as those which brought about the revolution just four years ago, and the outcome inevitably will be the same—the overthrow of the dictatorship."

"To the Russian working masses and the peasantry," Kerensky continued, "Czarism and Bolshevism are indistinguishable, both of them are terrors which must be ended.

"The Lenine and Trotzky regime depends entirely on bayonets for its maintenance. With the aid of their Lettish, Chinese and Tartar mercenaries, the Soviet may be able to suppress the present rising, but it will be only a postponement of their fall,

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

WORKLESS TO MEET ON THURSDAY NEXT

A change in date for the holding of the mass meeting on unemployment has been made. It was originally intended to hold the meeting in the assembly hall of the Labor Temple on Wednesday afternoon next, but it was discovered yesterday that the hall had already been engaged for that afternoon and the meeting will be held on Thursday afternoon next at two o'clock.

Premier Drury and Hon. Walter Rollo, minister of labor, are to speak on what the government is prepared to do in the way of opening up public works.

SIMONS ADMITTED HE EXCEEDED LIMIT

Conferred With Reichstag Committee and Was Optimistic on Raising Loan.

Berlin, March 11.—Foreign Minister Simons discussed the events of the London reparations conference with the foreign relations committee of the reichstag until late last evening.

Altho the deliberations were supposed to be confined to cabinet and committee members only, it was observed that Hugo Stinnes, who was one of the government's pre-conference advisers, also was present.

After the meeting ended, it was learned that Dr. Simons admitted having exceeded the limit which the German experts thought safe in presenting the counter-proposals to the entente and also that he was more optimistic than his colleagues regarding Germany's ability to float an international loan.

Dr. Karl Helfferich, former secretary of the treasury, who is a Nationalist, and Dr. Gustave Stresemann, of the People's party, were among the foreign minister's critics. The bourgeoisie parties generally were not inclined to disavow him, because some public opinion favors the attitude of Dr. Simons, and because they believe any parliamentary opposition to him would be bound to create an unfavorable impression abroad.

The reichstag on Saturday will discuss the situation resulting from the failure of the London negotiations.

Newspapers express the opinion that Dr. Simons' position is no longer in jeopardy, and Vorwaerts declares that even the pan-Germans have abandoned their campaign against him.

Given Vote of Confidence.

London, March 11.—Dr. Walter Simons, the foreign minister, and the other German envoys to the London conference have received a vote of confidence of the cabinet, and it is not considered that there is any danger of a governmental crisis.

This despite the criticisms made at the sitting of the foreign affairs committee today, during which Hugo Stinnes, the capitalist, attacked in violent terms not only Dr. Simons, but the entire cabinet, says a despatch to The London Times from Berlin.

Herr Stinnes, in his attack, declared that the government was pursuing no definite or clear policy, and that it was suffering from an absolute lack of ideas.

Dr. Simons is reported to have said that the German government has no immediate intention of making fresh reparations proposals.

Liquor Transit Thru U. S. Still Held to Be Illegal

Washington, March 11.—The department of justice was said tonight by prohibition officials to have refused to review its recent opinion holding trans-shipments of liquor from one foreign country to another via the United States illegal, and ships touching at United States ports with intoxicants aboard to be violators of the national prohibition act.

The refusal was made on the ground that search of the authorities revealed no reason for reversal.

Request for the review was made some weeks ago by the state department, to which the British embassy made representations, and by the treasury department. The review was asked because of the international questions said to be involved.

The justice department's refusal is not expected to end the matter, according to prohibition officials, who say they have been informed that the British embassy will urge the state department to renew its request and in so doing will cite existing commercial treaties, especially with regard to Canada.

Until the question is finally settled, officials said, customs regulations on the subject would be held in abeyance and the status both of trans-shipments of liquor and vessels touching at United States ports would remain unchanged.

SIR SAM IN HOUSE DEMANDS RETURN TO PATRONAGE SYSTEM

Denounces Promoters of Civil Service Reform as Freaks and Uplifters.

IS ROUNDLY CHEERED

By Tom King.

Ottawa, March 11.—Major-Gen. Sir Sam Hughes, with characteristic fearlessness, led a desperate charge in the house of commons this afternoon against the civil service commission, demanding the repeal of the civil service act and a return to the patronage system. He wanted the member of parliament to make appointments for his district, not only in the outside service, but in the inside service as well. Denouncing as "freaks" and "uplifters" the people who had foisted civil service reform upon the country, Sir Sam urged a return to the good old days of Sir John MacDonald, when every parliamentary supporter of the government got his fair share of the pork barrel.

The general was only saying in public what a great many government supporters are saying privately, but they failed to follow him into the breach this afternoon; indeed, not a member would go the length of saying that appointments to the inside service should not be made by the civil service commission. Some, however, did argue that the member of parliament was better qualified to appoint the postmaster and other local officials than any commission could possibly be. Even Mr. Fripp of Ottawa went this far, and his views were concurred in by Dr. Edwards of Frontenac, Mr. Mackie of Edmonton, Mr. Turgeon of Gloucester, N.B., and other members who participated in the debate. The general consensus of opinion, however, was that civil service reform had come to stay. This was the view taken by Sir George

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

MUST HAVE GRADUATED FROM HOUDINI COLLEGE

Boston, March 11.—Sudden appearance of James Sullivan outside the big steel cage in the United States marshal's office, in which he had been locked and bolted while awaiting a hearing on a charge of stealing from the mails, threw federal agents into a quandary today. The cage was still found securely locked and Sullivan refused to tell how he effected his escape.

A deputy marshal caught him as he was climbing a window ledge. Examination of the cage developed no clue as to the method of getting out.

HASTINGS DECLARES CHARGES ARE BASED ON GARBLED TALK

Tells Cayuga Inquiry Gossip and Hearsay at Bottom of Trouble.

BLAMES FANATICS

Cayuga, Ont., March 11.—(Canadian Press)—Some friendly and bright repartee between Commissioner Patterson and David Hastings, who was on the stand on his own behalf in the Dunnville law and order inquiry, marked the close of the suspended magistrate's testimony. After the cross-examination was finished the commissioner asked the suspended magistrate if, after hearing the testimony regarding the dissatisfaction at the administration in Dunnville, he could ascribe any motive or give any explanation for them being made to the department and none being registered with him direct, also, in view of these statements, if he felt it proper for him to continue to administer the law in the police court. Mr. Hastings replied that he didn't believe the majority of the people of Dunnville were opposed to his filling the position, or were dissatisfied with his work.

Says Gossip and Hearsay.

The complaints, he was satisfied, were based altogether on imperfect information, gossip and hearsay, and were circulated by persons who took no steps to secure accurate information and explanation from him. "The trouble has been caused by a small faction of narrow-minded fanatics and a clique or group of eager, ardent prohibitionists," stated Mr. Hastings.

The commissioner: "Can you account for your pastor not having complained to you or told you of the dissatisfaction said to exist?"

Is Surprise to Hastings.

The magistrate said he could not explain why he hadn't done so. His testimony came as a complete surprise. Regarding his pastor he said: "I am a total abstainer. I have been a member of the Methodist church for forty-eight

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

ASSASSIN OF DATO LIKELY TO BE CAUGHT

Madrid, March 11.—The apprehension of Premier Dato's assassin, it is reported, is likely to result from the arrest of a youthful Syndicalist at Vicalvaro, four miles from Madrid, who has confessed that he was chosen to ... the premier. But his courage failed and he fled from the vengeance of his fellow-members in an assassination society called the "justiciaries," the object of which, the prisoner explained, is to "rid the world of those opposed to its aims."

Knocking Canada's National Railways

Two days ago The World dealt with our National Railways and the persistent efforts made by Montreal newspapers and others in that city, including the Canadian Pacific Railway, to knock the National Railway System, which will probably come into efficient and consolidated operation within the next month. Almost every day now despatches, with big headings like the following, are appearing in The Montreal Star all for the purpose of discrediting the National Railways before they have any chance to make good, because of falling expenses and falling wages in sight, at least in the States. The nearer the day of consolidation and co-ordination and the securing of many economies and greater efficiency, the more pronounced are these attacks. Read this attack:

HOUSE CLOSELY CONSIDERING BIG RAILWAY PROBLEM

Revelations as to Extent of Burden Imposed Rouse Anxiety.

TO CUT LOSSES

Forecast of Elimination of Duplications in Roads and Management.

(Special despatch on first page Montreal Star, March 10):

Press Gallery, House of Commons, Ottawa, March 10.—(From Our Own Correspondent.)—Differing from its usual course, parliament this year is taking the railway situation seriously. When the railway estimates come before the house in the course of a few weeks the whole situation will be aired from a constructive as well as a critical viewpoint considering the conditions which have to be faced.

If the government-owned railways are to go on from year to year eating great holes into the revenues for the purpose of meeting maturing obligations and cumulating deficits, it follows that other branches of the public service must suffer, particularly in a period of falling revenues.

While anxious to have the view of parliament on the subject the government itself plans a number of reforms in the management. The Grand Trunk will be taken over formally as soon as the award is made in the arbitration and this will be followed by the reorganization of the boar dof directors. When the present board was appointed, it was well understood that following the inclusion of the Grand Trunk the personnel would be revised. Just to what extent, if any, the management may be altered is problematical.

To Eliminate Duplications.

The intention when this is done is to cut out all needless duplications in services both of trains and terminals, and generally co-ordinate the traffic.

The anonymous suggestion of one western member that all thru passenger business in the west be handed over to the Canadian Pacific, allowing the Canadian National to devote itself more exclusively to the freight and local passenger business, appears to enlist little support, but it is felt that at least there may be a curtailment in the expensive, solid-vestibuled trains running across the continent.

When the subject comes before the house the agrarian party, following the lead of Mr. Crerar, will demand a complete revaluation of the lines as a going concern and the wiping out of capitalization over and above the actual value.

Some Would Lift Tracks.

Some of them would go so far as to tear up unprofitable lines, but this view meets little sympathy. It is felt, nevertheless, that no new lines should be constructed.

The minister of railways' remarks the other night are construed plainly as a hint to labor to voluntarily submit to reductions if the progress of the country as well as the roads is not to be retarded. It is argued on the other side, however, that the unions are international and that so long as the McAdoo award applies generally, the four per cent. of Canadian National employes in these unions cannot be expected to forego what the others are getting.

The situation as it is now disclosed promises to divide interest with the budget in the deliberations of the session.

As a starter may The World ask who was "the western member" that made the suggestion in The Star's despatch? Is The Star following the method of a noble intriguer in Montreal who has been exposed only recently of sending to

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

NORMAN J. GARFIELD SENTENCED TO DEATH IN WOODSTOCK COURT

Man Who Shot Ben Johnston, Confectioner, to Be Hanged On June Second—Brother, Denton Garfield, Guilty of Manslaughter, to Spend Twenty Years in Jail.

Woodstock, Ont., March 11.—(Special.—Norman Jerome Garfield, aged 25 years, will be hanged in Woodstock on June 2 for the murder on January 20 of Ben Johnston, local confectioner. He was sentenced to death here this afternoon by Justice Kelly. As he heard the words that sealed his doom fall from his lordship's lips, he sighed slightly, while his jaw tightened just a little. Aside from this he made no sign. He walked from the court room steadily and without a glance to left or right. Denton Garfield, aged 20, found guilty of manslaughter, faced Justice Kelly following his brother's withdrawal and was sentenced to 20 years imprisonment. Denton, too, maintained a calm demeanor and no trace of discomfiture was apparent. At 5.47 Crown Attorney Ball moved that sentence be passed upon Norman Garfield.

Says Never Intended to Shoot.

The prisoner stood up in the box. "Have you anything to say, why the sentence of this court should not be passed upon you?" he was asked. "Only this, that I never intended to shoot Johnston." "Your case has reached the stage," said Justice Kelly, "where nothing remains but the exercising of the full penalty of the law. You have been well and justly tried and you stand before me found guilty of the worst crime in the criminal calendar. I do not wish to dwell upon or increase the agony you must feel at this moment. However, you will be given a chance to prepare for the hereafter. The man you shot down was given no chance. You will not be hurried out of the world as he was. From the nature of the evidence, I can hold out no hope of mercy for you; your career has been one blackened by crime. The crime for which you must now pay was deliberate and cold-blooded.

Hopes It Will Be Lesson.

"I hope your case may be a lesson to the young men of the province. There is too much violence, too much gun play, and too many hold-ups and robberies in our country, and the severe lesson that the law must be respected must be taught. I intend to give you reasonable time to make ready for the hereafter. Do not waste it. The sentence of this court is that you be taken to the place from whence you came and be there kept until the second of June, whence you shall be taken to the place of execution and there be hanged by the neck until you are dead, and may God have mercy on your soul."

Hush Prevails.

A dead hush prevailed as the solemn words fell. Garfield did not move a muscle. After a moment he resumed his seat and gazed into space; then, handcuffed to two officers, he walked from the court room. Justice Kelly, when sentencing Denton Garfield, said that, if he gave him what he rightly deserved, he would sentence him to life imprisonment. "Yours, too, has been a life of crime. I am not going to give you life imprisonment, but I am going to give you a substantial term of years. There are some things that may be said in your favor. You fought overseas for your country. To mark my apprival, I shall not give you life; but, to mark my disapproval of what you have done, I sentence you to twenty years in penitentiary." There were none of the other members of the Garfield family in the court room when sentence was passed.

Wife Waits at Jail.

Norman's young wife awaited him tearfully at the jail. His mother left the city this morning in a severe nervous condition.

Norman Forman of Dereham was found not guilty on an assault charge at the assize court here today. The offence was supposed to have been committed last August against Annie Wessenger. The jury was only out about half an hour when they returned a verdict of not guilty. This case finished up the business at the spring assizes.

SENATOR FOWLER NOT INTIMIDATED

Attempt to Oust Him From Senate Outgrowth of "Bluenose" Squabble.

TALKS OUT AT CAUCUS

Ottawa, March 11.—(Special).—There is still quite a row over the appointment of J. A. Macdonald as senator from New Brunswick. Many New Brunswick Conservatives say that Mr. Macdonald really belongs to Nova Scotia. So outspoken have these criticisms been that something like a reprisal is expected, and the papers this morning announced that Major Fowler's seat in the senate would be declared vacant upon the ground that he has ceased to live in New Brunswick and is now domiciled in Ottawa.

Fowler is a good fighter and sprang into fame while a member of the house by threatening the ministers of the government with exposures respecting "wine, women and graft." He is out with a characteristic denial of the charge and a defiance to anyone to make the motion.

He is said to have expressed his views at the caucus of the government members this morning. It was supposed that this caucus was called to discuss the motion Sir Sam Hughes had on the order paper respecting patronage, but it is understood that the subject under discussion was the repeal of the legislation permitting the importation of oleomargarine, which many members from the rural districts are insisting upon. No announcement, it was learned, was made by the government. It was stated, however, that the royal commission to investigate the handling of the western wheat crop would be announced the first of the week.

NO LABOR STRIFE TO CURB BUILDING

Wage Scale Agreement for Season to Be Drawn Up Next Week.

Another sign that the coming building season in Toronto will be free from labor strife was the announcement yesterday that the negotiating committee of the carpenters' district council, a committee representing the general contractors of the city and the carpenters' section of the builders' exchange, will meet next Tuesday to draw up a wage scale agreement for this season.

The meeting will be held on Tuesday afternoon in the offices of the builders' exchange and is the result of a good deal of negotiation from all bodies concerned, the outcome of which is understood to have been the smoothing out of all differences which existed.

ANOTHER ROYAL BETROTHAL

Copenhagen, March 11.—The betrothal is announced of Princess Margherita, daughter of Prince Waldemar, of Prussia, and Prince Rene, of Bourbon, brother of the former Empress of Austria.

Borden Declines Seat On League Committee

Ottawa, March 11.—The council of the League of Nations has extended to Sir Robert Borden an invitation to become a member of the committee charged with the duty of considering and reporting upon amendments of the covenant of the League of Nations.

The proposed committee is to consist of eleven members, under the presidency of Mr. Balfour. Sir Robert has sent a reply in which he expresses his appreciation of the important duties confided to the committee and his deep regret that he finds it impracticable for him to undertake the task.

J. R. BOOTH ANNOUNCES FIVE-CENT NEWSPRINT

Ottawa, March 11.—J. R. Booth has notified his customers that his price of newsprint from April 1 to December 31 this year will be five cents per pound. The present price is 6½ cents, and last year it was six cents. Before the war newsprint was bought for less than two cents per pound.

Belfast Salesman Ducked By Republicans in Dublin

Dublin, March 11. — Pedestrians proceeding to their homes this evening witnessed a sensational incident in the heart of the city at six o'clock, when members of the "Irish republican army" ducked James Magee, a salesman for a firm of Belfast drapers, in the Grand Canal.

Magee was taken from his lodgings Thursday by Irish volunteers and spirited to an unknown destination. He was held prisoner until this evening, when he was brought to the canal pinioned in an automobile. He was taken from the machine, dipped twice into the water and then tied to a post, from which spectators later released him.

The ducking of the salesman is said to have been only one incident of the campaign of the "Irish republican army" to tighten the trade boycott against Belfast. In the last fortnight, dozens of freight depots and business houses have been raided with the purpose of securing books to show Belfast trade connections with Dublin.