

QUEBEC MUST NOT RULE ALL CANADA

Moderate west to northwest winds; fair and cold.

Senate Reading Room 81ed-77 SENATE PO OTTAWA

The Toronto World

QUEBEC MUST NOT RULE ALL CANADA

HALIFAX DISASTER: ITALIANS RECAPTURE TRENCHES DEFEAT VIOLENT FOE ASSAULTS

BODIES RECOVERED TOTAL 1280 CITIZENS MISSING NUMBER 1920 BRITISH TAKE JERUSALEM

PUSHING HIM TO HIS DESTRUCTION

REVOLT BREAKS OUT IN LARGE RUSSIAN AREA

Leaders of Uprising Lose No Time in Attacking Bolsheviki.

TO CUT OFF SUPPLIES

Forces Under Cossack Generals Begin Attack on Towns Held by Bolsheviki.

London, Dec. 10.—The counter-revolt against the Bolsheviki regime in southeastern Russia apparently is gaining momentum. The movement is spreading fan-like from the chosen bases northward, northeastward and northwestward, while preparations are hastening to extend it southward into the Caucasus. Meantime the Bolsheviki Government continues to issue manifestos calling upon its followers to resist the attempt that is being made to overthrow it.

From his base in the River Don region, General Kaledines, betman of the Don Cossacks, is moving toward the borders of the Ukraine, which already has declared its independence and hostility to the Bolsheviki elements and at the same time is forming a menace to Moscow, where the Bolsheviki is in control.

Altho it has not definitely aligned itself with the revolutionary movement, the new republic of Siberia has issued an order that promises materially to aid the Kaledines forces. This order into European Russia, the ground being taken that they may reach the Germans.

According to the proclamation of the Bolsheviki Government, General Kaledines' forces are menacing Ekaterinograd, Kharkovo and Moscow. In the Province of Oranburg, the Bolsheviki have been overthrown by General Dutov.

Tchelninsk, an important railway centre in the eastern Siberia, is besieged by General Dutov's troops. In the Caucasus General Karakulov is attacking Tchetchenov and Ingush. The proclamation says that the "enemies of the people" have undertaken a last attempt to destroy the cause of peace, and says that the constitution of the democratic party is providing the means for the revolt. The proclamation reads in part:

"To Destroy Peace Cause: While our revolutionaries, the congress delegates and the congress of peasants deputies were negotiating to secure an honorable peace for the

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RECAPTURE TRENCHES

Italians Regain Territory on the Lower Piave Line.

Rome, Dec. 10.—Observation trenches which had been lost by the Italians east of Capo Silla, on the lower Piave line, have been retaken by the Italian forces, the war office announced today.

Maclean Meetings, South York. Tuesday, Dec. 11.—The Moderator, St. Andrew's Hall, Barrington Avenue School (York Tn.), Hayter's Hall (Danforth).

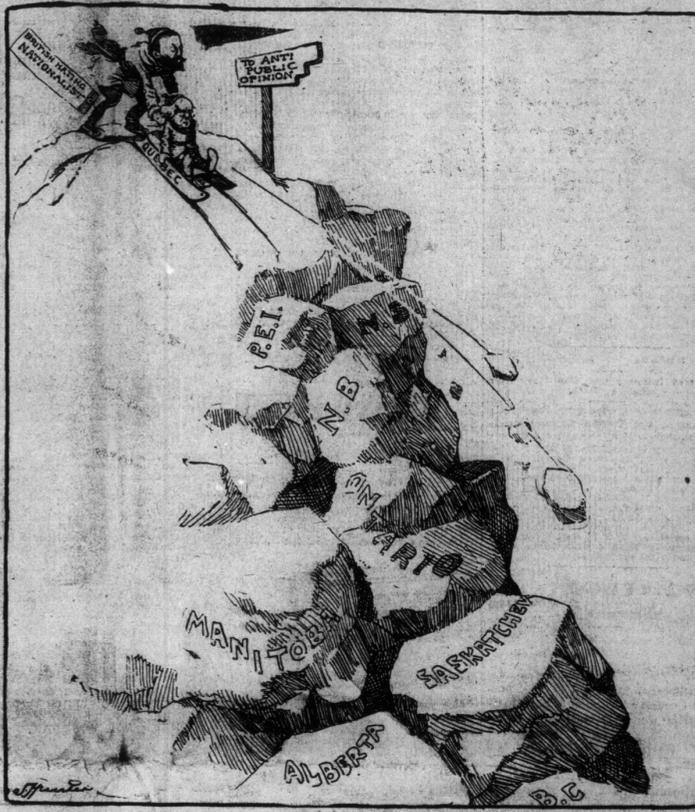
FURS FOR MOTORING. Winter furs in complete variety, including robes for motoring, fur caps and gauntlets, and fur and fur-lined coats for winter motoring and driving. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street.

GREAT TIDAL WAVE SWEEP DEATH ALONG CITY'S PIERS

Almost Two Hundred Men Lost Lives at Drydock Alone—Scores Perish at Other Piers—Nine Steamers Destroyed.

Halifax, Dec. 10.—One of the worst features of the disaster was the tidal wave that was caused when the Mont Blanc's cargo exploded. The stern part of the ship was under water and a wave, said to have been 15 to 20 feet high, rushed along the harbor front. It is supposed to have been responsible for the deaths of 188 out of a staff working on the drydock. They were caught in the swirl of waters that rushed over the side of the dock.

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MAKE VAIN SACRIFICE OF THOUSANDS OF MEN

Lull in Fierce Asiago Battle, With Italian Lines Secure Everywhere.

Italy's Troops Render Fruitless Utmost Endeavors of Enemy to Break Thru.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Rome dispatches today confirm earlier reports of a lull after the fierce fighting in which the Teutons failed to break thru the Italian lines, say the Austro-German commander sacrificed hundreds of thousands of his best men without improving his position.

The material that has been promised the city from cities and private individuals in the United States and Canada had begun to arrive today.

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INQUIRY AT HALIFAX TO OPEN WEDNESDAY

Justice Drysdale, Commissioner Demers and Capt. Howes to Conduct Investigation.

Halifax, Dec. 10.—Justice Drysdale, judge in admiralty, will open the inquiry into the explosion disaster here Wednesday in the court house. With him will be associated Wreck Commissioner Demers and Captain Howes, R.N. A. Henry, K.C., will act as counsel for the Dominion government.

Subpoenas have been issued for the crew of both the French and Norwegian vessels. The proceedings are expected to be rather lengthy, as all the evidence of the sailors will have to be in-ported. French and Norwegian linguists have been engaged for this work.

Mr. Henry has issued a call to eyewitnesses of the collision to report to him as soon as possible.

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BRITISH FORCES TAKE HOLY CITY

Jerusalem Captured By Allenby's Troops-- In Christian Hands After Six Centuries of Moslem Overlordship.

London, Dec. 10.—Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in the house of commons today that Jerusalem, after being surrounded on all sides by British troops, had surrendered.

The capture of Jerusalem by the British forces, mark the end, with two brief interludes, of more than 1200 years of Moslem rule of the Christian religion by the Mohammedans. For 675 years the Holy City has been in undisputed ownership of the Turkish sultan, the sultan of Jerusalem being the German Emperor, Frederick II, whose short-lived domination lasted from 1229 to 1242.

Spills Turk Plans. Apart from its connection with the campaign being waged against Turkey by the British in Mesopotamia, the fall of Jerusalem marks the definite collapse of the long protracted efforts of the Turks to capture the Suez Canal and invade Egypt. Almost the first move made by Turkey after her

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GERMANS MASS BIG FORCES FOR WAR'S SUPREME EFFORT

Enemy's Big Guns Searching For Weak Spot in Allied Front Whereat to Hurl His Immense Army.

London, Dec. 10.—That the Austro-Germans are relieving men from duty on the eastern front and throwing them into the lines in France and Italy daily, becomes more apparent by the attempted drive of the Austro-Germans toward the Italian plains and the Germans have failed thus far to follow up their success of last week

against General Byng's army on the Cambrai sector in France. Both in Italy and where they have faced the British, the Teutons have paid dearly for any gains they have made and apparently now they are endeavoring to find some easier spot upon which to make a drive.

Possibly their search is leading them toward the line held by the French, running eastward from the region of Soissons, thru Champagne, past Verdun and up into Alsace, for all along this line the Austro-Germans are showing great activity with their artillery. These apparent test fires are being everywhere replied to by the French.

Eleven men are in the Toronto General Hospital suffering from the effects of poison which they drank with their tea at the Toronto Shipbuilding Company's plant, foot of Cherry street, yesterday at noon hour. Although they are still reported out of danger, the men are now suffering from the severe effects of the poison.

The men of the plant, it is understood, have been in the habit of dividing in gangs at noon hour, and one of the men makes tea in a kettle supplied for his particular section, the men who are taking the beverage in cups from the large kettle. The section to which the poisoned men belonged had run out of tea, and in some way the man who prepared the beverage came across a package of tea containing some other unknown ingredient, which the men drank.

Shortly after returning to work at 1:30 yesterday morning one of the men began to complain of severe cramps in the stomach, which later developed into a more serious stage.

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BRITAIN WON'T ATTEMPT COERCION WITH RUSSIA

Objects to Separate Peace, But Won't Appeal to Treaties Against Unwilling Ally.

London, Dec. 10.—Sir George Buchanan, the British ambassador, in an interview with Russian journalists, according to a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd, assured them of British sympathy for the Russian people and denied absolutely the reports that Great Britain contemplated coercive and punitive action in the event of Russia making a separate peace.

Germany, by leaving only skeleton divisions in the Russian area, by concentrating all available guns, munitions and men in the theatre of operations in the west, has been able to mass a relatively greater force than

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NOTED LEADER DIES AT HOME IN BELLEVILLE

Sir Mackenzie Bowell is Dead After Week's Illness.

ONE-TIME PREMIER

Entered Parliament in Year of Confederation—Fenian Raid Veteran.

Belleville, Dec. 10.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell died this evening at 7:49, following a week's illness at his home. The late Sir Mackenzie Bowell was born in Rockingham, Suffolk, England, on December 27, 1832, the son of John Bowell, a carpenter and builder, coming to Canada with his parents in 1832. In 1834 he entered

the office of The Belleville Intelligencer as a "printer's devil," from which he climbed to the editorship and proprietorship of the paper which he held ever since. He was then the "Nestor of Canadian Journalism." He entered the house of commons in 1867 as member for North Hastings, until 24 years later he was appointed to the senate, where he was leader of the conservative forces until 1906. He was minister of customs in the Macdonald cabinet of 1873, minister of militia in the Abbott Government, and as minister of trade and commerce in the cabinet of Sir John Thompson in 1893 visited

Australia, where he arranged for the holding of the second intercolonial conference, which resulted in the situation of imperial conferences in London.

On December 21, 1894, he succeeded the late Sir John Thompson as president of the council, holding office till 1896. He was knighted on January 1, 1895. The veteran Canadian statesman was also a veteran of the Fenian raid of 1864. He was a leader in the Orange Order, holding at one time the office of grand master. He was president of the Imperial Association of Canada, a governor of the University of Toronto and a member of the senate of the University of Toronto. He was also a member of the senate of the University of Toronto. He was also a member of the senate of the University of Toronto.

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ENEMY HAS BIGGEST ARMY OF WAR ON WEST FRONT NOW

Germans, by Withdrawing Divisions From East, Believed to Have Numerical Superiority Over Forces of Allies.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Germany's successful counter-blow against the British lines before Cambrai was attributed by Secretary of War Baker today's weekly review of operations, to the massing of the greatest Teutonic force of the war on the western front.

"It would not do for us to minimize the importance," the secretary warned, "of the fact that we must speed up our military efforts."

The review asserts that the

Advertisements for woolen gloves, automobile driving gauntlets, and gift gloves. Includes illustrations of a man in a suit and a woman's face.