the Court of Kings Bench and Henry John Boulton was appointed Attorney General in his stead. Christopher Hagarman who had been a temporary Judge was appointed Solicitor General.

An election took place in 1831 resulting in a decisive defeat for the Reform Party. Rolph was re-elected, but all Randall's other friends were defeated. Mackenzie, Bidwell, and Dr. Baldwin were no longer members. It was therefore useless to attempt anything further in Randall's case for the present.

In 1833 Mackenzie while in England, succeeded in having Boulton as well as Hagarman dismissed from their positions by the British Government. Boulton was subsequently appointed Chief Justice of Newfoundland ,but he soon embroiled himself with a large and influential section of the population, whereupon the Imperial Government relieved him of that charge also.

In 1834 Robert Randall died, having first made his will wherein he appointed his intimate friend, William Lyon Mackenzie, his executor. One can reasonably conclude that had Randall been alive when the rebellion broke out in 1837 he would have been one of the leaders, and probably, owing to his strength of will and determination, the uncertainty which marked the attitude of the rebels as they delayed at Montgomery's tavern, would not have been so prolonged. The attack on York would have been pressed vigorously and quickly and the town might have fallen into the possession of Mackenzie and his cohorts.

A general election took place in October 1834 and the Reform Party succeeded in electing once more a majority in the Assembly. One of Mackenzie's first acts when the House met in 1835, was, as Executor of Randall, to petition the House to pass an Act similar to those previously adopted, giving relief to Randall's heirs. The notice of this Bill, however, in the Upper Canada Gazette was defective and the Bill under the rules of the House was thrown out.

During the following session 1836, Mackenzie nothing daunted, introduced a Bill for the fourth time. It was similar to the preceding Bills but appointed Hon. R. A. Tucker, who had been at one time Chief Justice of Newfoundland and a man of strong conservative opinions as the Commissioner. This Bill did not