

**RECOMMENDATION p. 42**

*Canada should encourage the holding of annual meetings of special rapporteurs and individuals from other relevant UN human rights mechanisms to hear from them on how their skills can be better used in an enhanced human rights information gathering regime.*

**RECOMMENDATION p. 45**

*Canada should encourage the UN Centre to bring together the various sectors or agencies of the UN that regularly mount field missions to discuss how the Centre can utilize their field presence. The objective would be to involve them in first line human rights monitoring upon which specialised human rights experts could take appropriate follow-up action. Together they should also design a common reporting procedure and form, and the Centre should offer to help in training where appropriate.*

**RECOMMENDATION p. 45**

*Canada should encourage the UN Centre for Human Rights to bring together its staff and relevant outside human rights NGOs, individuals, and appropriate UN agencies, to initiate an evaluation of how the Centre could have better monitored and informed other parts of the UN about the human rights implications leading up to and immediately after April 6th.*

**RECOMMENDATION p. 46**

*Canada should encourage the UN Centre to scale back its human rights monitoring mission to Rwanda to a manageable level so that they can carry out a limited but credible task. Subsequently the Centre should have a clearly stated policy of fielding only small missions until it has built up its conceptual and operational capacity.*

**RECOMMENDATION p. 47**

*Canada should encourage the UN Centre to consult with other UN agencies such as UNHCR, UNICEF, and DPKO, as well as NGOs such as AI, and ICRC on how to best be prepared and capable of rapidly mounting emergency field missions within the space of days. This consultation should explore the possibilities of piggy-backing on possible existing UN field operations, be they peacekeeping, humanitarian, or developmental.*

**RECOMMENDATION p. 48**

*Canada should encourage development of, where not existing already or where imperfectly functioning, automatic UN judicial mechanisms to make clear and fast determinations of well founded allegations of human rights violations, both individual and systemic such as genocide.*

**RECOMMENDATION p. 50**

*Canada should encourage the High Commissioner for Human Rights and the Centre for Human Rights to clearly enunciate their obligation to advocate for human rights*