

Article 2

Any person who, to gratify the passions of others, has by fraud or by the use of violence, threats, abuse of authority, or any other means of constraint, hired, abducted or enticed a woman or a girl of full age for immoral purposes, even when the various acts which together constitute the offence were committed in different countries, shall also be punished.

Article 3

The Contracting Parties undertake, if their legislation is not at present adequate to punish the offences mentioned in the two preceding articles, to take or to propose to their respective legislatures, the necessary measures to punish such offences in accordance with their gravity.

Article 4

The Contracting Parties shall communicate to each other, through the Secretary-General of the United Nations, such laws as have already been, or may in the future be, promulgated in their countries relating to the subject of the present Convention.

Article 5

The offences mentioned in articles 1 and 2 shall, as from the day on which the present Convention comes into force, be deemed *ipso facto* to be included among the offences giving cause for extradition according to already existing Conventions between the Contracting Parties.

In cases where effect cannot be given to the above stipulation without changing existing legislation, the Contracting Parties agree to take, or to propose to their respective legislatures, the necessary measures.

Article 6

The transmission of rogatory commissions relating to the offences covered by the present Convention shall take place:

1. Either by direct communication between the judicial authorities;
2. Or through the diplomatic or consular agent of the country making the application in the country to which application is made; that agent shall send the rogatory commission direct to the competent judicial authority and shall receive direct from that authority the documents showing that the rogatory commission has been carried out;

(In both the above cases, a copy of the rogatory commission shall always be sent at the same time to the superior authority of the State to which application is made);

3. Or through the diplomatic channel.

Each Contracting Party shall state, by means of a communication sent to each of the other Contracting Parties, which of the above-mentioned methods of transmission it accepts for rogatory commissions coming from that State.