

ARTICLE 106.

Postage Stamps and "Postage Paid" Impressions

1. The postage stamps representing the basic rates of the Union or their equivalents in the currency of each country are printed in the following colours:
 - in blue, the stamp representing the postage on an unregistered single-rate letter;
 - in red, the stamp representing the postage on an unregistered postcard;
 - in green, the stamp representing the postage on an unregistered single-rate printed paper.
2. Impressions produced by postal franking machines must be bright red in colour, whatever the value represented by them.
3. Postage stamps and impressions of postal franking machines must include, as far as possible in Roman characters, an indication of the country of origin, and mention their postage value according to the table of equivalents adopted. The number of monetary units or fractions of the unit used to express this value is indicated in Arabic figures.
4. As regards printed papers prepaid by means of impressions obtained from the printing press, or by any other process (Article 50 of the Convention), the indication of the country of origin and the amount prepaid may be replaced by the name of the office of origin and the indication "*Taxe Perçue*" (Charge collected), "*Port payé*" (Postage paid) or a similar expression. This expression may be in French or in the language of the country of origin; it may also be in abridged form, e.g., "T.P." or "P.P." In every case, the indication used must be encircled or heavily underlined.
5. Commemorative stamps or charity stamps, for which a supplementary charge is to be paid independently of their postage value, must be produced in such a way as to leave no doubt about the latter.
6. Postage stamps may be distinctively perforated by means of a punch, subject to the conditions prescribed by the Administration issuing them.

PART II.

CONDITIONS OF ACCEPTANCE OF CORRESPONDENCE.

CHAPTER I.

REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL CLASSES OF ARTICLES

ARTICLE 107.

Make-up and address.

1. Administrations must recommend the public:
 - (a) to address postal packets in Roman characters, parallel to the length of the article in such a manner as to leave the necessary space for the service indications and labels;
 - (b) to indicate in capital letters the names of the place and country of destination;
 - (c) to indicate the address precisely and completely so that transmission and delivery to the addressee can be effected without enquiry;
 - (d) to affix postage stamps or the impression of postal franking machines in the top right-hand corner of the address side;