

stant contributor. He has a keen sense of the humorous, a characteristic which he constantly exhibits in his writings. He is an Englishman and has been only a few years in Canada, but has nevertheless distinguished himself particularly when he has undertaken to discuss matters pertaining to the Art of Music.

G. BENGOUGH

is well known as the cartoonist of *Grip* of Toronto. He develops his sketches with remarkable rapidity, and seldom if ever fails in producing in admirable style the points he desires to make. He has been attached to several of the Toronto papers in a reportorial capacity; and has also essayed the lecture field where his addresses on men and matters, with illustrations drawn in presence of the auditory, have been highly successful.

THOMAS WHITE, JR.

is known as the Father of the Gallery, having first appeared there in 1852, when Parliament was sitting in Quebec and having attended, with two exceptions, every session since held. He commenced his newspaper career as sub-editor, and afterwards editor, of the *Quebec Gazette* in 1852; in May 1853, in conjunction with his brother-in-law, Mr. Romaine, now proprietor of the paper, he started the *Review* in Peterborough. In 1864, heremoved, with his brother Mr. Richard White, to Hamilton, having purchased the *Spectator* of that city. In 1870, he removed to Montreal, having, with his brother, purchased the *Gazette*, of which he is now chief editor. In 1869, and again in 1870, he visited Great Britain as a Special Commissioner from the Province of Ontario on the subject of emigration, and may be said to have been the pioneer in the recent revival of efforts to direct emigration to Canada. In 1869, he lectured in Glasgow, Paisley and Liverpool, his lecture, in the last place, being considered of sufficient importance to induce the Messrs. Allan of Liverpool to have a hundred thousand copies printed in pamphlet form, for distribution among their agencies. In 1870, he delivered twenty-four lectures, in various towns from Wick in the North of Scotland, to Plymouth in the South of England. A large edition of a lecture delivered by him before the Young Men's Association of Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal, on "Our North West" was printed for circulation among the emigration agencies in Great Britain, and two political speeches, one on the history of "Twenty Years of Conservative Administration in Canada," and the other on "the Draft Treaty of Reciprocity" have been printed in pamphlet form. Mr. White has been described as the modern Tantalus, having three times ran for Parliament, the aggregate majorities against him in the three elections being only sixteen. He is now claiming the seat for Montreal West, where he was defeated in December last by a majority of seven. He is President of the Dominion Editors' and Reporters' Association. As a writer Mr. White is remarkable for directness of style, while his matter is always distinguished for accuracy founded on knowledge and research, and his tone is that of gentlemanly moderation. As an orator, he ranks upon the few great speakers of the Dominion. Notwithstanding his former reverses, he is bound to attain a seat in Parliament, where he will take a foremost stand at once, and thence speedily rise to the dignity of a Minister of State.

ANIMAL PHOSPHORESCENCE.

Among the marvels which excite the admiration of the student of Nature, not the least strange is the group of phenomena known under the name of Animal Phosphorecence. We are so accustomed to associate light with heat, and to consider that fire of some kind is necessary to its production, that the imagination is appealed to with usual force, when we find light proceeding from the body of a living animal. Yet, it is well known that the emission of light is not an uncommon characteristic among the members of the invertebrate divisions of the animal kingdom. Travelers have often expatiated on the beauty of the scenes which they have witnessed in the tropics, when the seas or forest have seemed to be illuminated by innumerable sparks of fire; and recent discoveries have shown that the luminous quality is even more common than was previously supposed. During the dredging expedition of H. M. S. Porcupine in the years 1869 and 1870, so many of the deep-sea animals were found to be phosphorescent, that Prof. Thomson has suggested that the light necessary to the development of the eyesight which some of the specimens possessed may have had its origin in that source. In animal phosphorescence, as in all her works, Nature exhibits an immense variety in the forms in which she displays her power; in one case, the luminosity will be visible in a fluid secretion; in another, it will manifest itself through the action of a minute and complicated organ; one species of animal will shine with a yellow light; a second, with brilliant green; a third, with pale lilac; and we are acquainted with one instance in which the light changes successively to the chief colors of the solar spectrum. The causes which produce these phenomena are still very obscure. Although many forms of life are known in which the luminous quality is present, scientific men are not agreed on what the quality depends; and the purposes which the light serves in the animal economy are so little understood. But the phenomena themselves are often very remarkable.

—From *Popular Science Monthly* for August.

ROUND THE DOMINION.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie is expected in Ottawa by the end of August.

The 1812-15 veterans are to be paid immediately.

A new municipality is to be erected on Manitoulin Island.

Ripe wheat was harvested in South Essex on the 4th inst.

The assessment value of the village of Waterloo, Que., has nearly doubled in three years.

Toronto is to lease a portion of the University Park for \$8000 per year.

Lennoxville is to have a new Town Hall, brick, 60x43 feet, 2½ stories, mansard roof, and to cost \$5,000.

The Hon. Mr. Laird is to introduce a change in the management of Indian affairs in the North West.

Hay is expected to be an average crop in the eastern townships, notwithstanding the fears of its failure entertained a few weeks ago.

The annual meeting of the Press Association was held at Hamilton last week. Mr. John Cameron, of the *London Advertiser*, was elected President for the ensuing year. The meeting was well attended, and a large number of members were added to the roll of the Society. Mr. Goldwin Smith delivered an address on the duties and increasing power of the press.

Arrangements are being made for the German Sangerfest to come off at Berlin, Ontario, on the 17th, 18th, and 19th of August. The managing committee has received acceptances of their invitation to attend from every German musical society in Canada, as well as a large number in the United States. Prof. Baumann has left for New York to engage some celebrated singers. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor has been invited.

BRELOQUES POUR DAMES.

SHE who rocks the cradles rules the world.

THE reason why a woman has her way so much oftener than man is that both he and she are conscious that her way is the best.

THE report that the Princess of Wales "had lost her hearing" was only a Cockney perversion. She lost an ear-ring.

A philosopher asserts that the reason why ladies' teeth decay sooner than gentlemen's is because of the friction of the tongue and the sweetness of the lips.

"Now then, children," said a parish school-mistress showing her children off on examination day: "Who loves all men?" "You, missus," was the unexpected reply.

"WHAT can ever be a substitute, dear John, for the affection of a sister?"—"Well, sis," replied Brother John, "that, you see, depends a good deal on whose sister it is."

SAID a magistrate to an actress, "Your profession, Mademoiselle?" "Artiste." "Your age?" "Twenty-two." "Usher, you can now swear the lady to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

AN exchange says: "Miss Clara Rose, of Philadelphia, had \$7,000 expended on her Latin, French, and German education, and then married a man who has to buy his butter half a pound at the time."

A CERTAIN cockney citizen overcome by his sensibilities, fainted at the grave of his fourth spouse. "What shall we do with him?" asked a perplexed friend of his.—"Let him alone," said a waggish bystander; "he'll soon revive!"

COURTSHIP in Patagonia is attended with much less ceremony than in this country, and there is less complaint of flirtation. There, if a young man is out riding and sees a girl he fancies, he just lassoes her and drags her home behind his horse, and that settles the whole business.

CORY was out. The devil picked up a paper and said: "Here's something 'About a woman'—must I cut it out?" "No!" thundered the editor: "the first disturbance ever created in the world was occasioned by the devil fooling about a woman."

A WIDOW, occupying a large house in a fashionable quarter of London, sent for a wealthy solicitor to make her will, by which she disposed of between fifty and sixty thousand pounds. He proposed soon after, was accepted, and found himself the happy husband of a penniless adventuress.

A lady who had on her upper lip something approaching a moustache lately called on an officer and his wife, whose laughing, merry little boy happened to be present at the time. In the course of conversation the little fellow inquired what he must do to get hair on his lip. "Why, rub it against papa's," was the reply. "Oh, mamma," said he, "is that the way Miss—has got hers?"

It was a beautiful compliment that Haydn, the musician, paid to a great female vocalist. Sir Joshua Reynolds had painted her as Cecilia listening to celestial music. Looking at it Haydn said, "It is like her, but there is a strange mistake."—"What is that?" asked Reynolds.—"Why, you have painted her listening to the angels, when you ought to have represented the angels listening to her."

A BEREAVED New York lady went to her minister, asking him to come and perform the funeral service of her fourth husband, he having

officialled for the three who had previously disappeared from the public view. "Why, madam, how is this?" asked the reverend gentleman.—"Ah, it's might bad," she replied. "There was never a poor woman worn down with such a lot of dying men as I've been."

WORTH has invented a new bodice. It fits the figure closely, and is in form like one of the hunting jackets worn in Louis XIV.'s reign, the Frondeuses jackets, as they were called. It is open in front, where is a *fouillis* of either black or white lace; there are large pockets on the long front basques, and a deep sash round the waist, with or without ends, according to taste. The Princess Metternich and Madame Tolstoy have adopted it, and recently appeared thus bodiced at the great *fête villageoise*.

A friend of mine and I came across a "spooning" couple the other night, and a remark we chanced to overhear inspired him to relate this little story: Not long ago, at a mansion on Murray Hill, a sentimental young lady strolled with a gentleman, on whom she had her eye, into the conservatory. Looking up pensively into his face, she said, with tears in her voice, "Ah no one loves me, Mr. Barnes!" "Some one does!" "Yes!" said the lady dropping her head, and pressing his arm ever so little. "Yes, Miss Nellie," said the wretch, "God loves you." "Mr. Barnes, let's go in!"

HEARTH AND HOME.

TRANQUILITY.—To be bodily tranquil, to speak a little and digest without effort, are absolutely necessary to grandeur of the mind or of presence, or to proper development of genius.

A GOOD LIFE.—Try how the life of a good man suits thee, the life of him who is satisfied with his portion out of the whole, and satisfied with his own just acts and benevolent disposition.

REMEMBRANCE.—When old people go back to their childhood, what things do they remember most? What do you remember about your mother that is gone? Not anything by which she was formally made known to the world, but some picture, some scene of tenderness, some fragrant sentiment which lingers in your imagination.

A COMPARISON.—The modest deportment of those who are truly wise, when contrasted with the assuming air of the young and ignorant, may be compared to the different appearances of wheat, which, while its ear is empty, holds up its head proudly; but, as soon as it is filled with grain, bends modestly down, and withdraws from observation.

HUMILITY.—Nothing procures love like humility; nothing hate like pride. The proud man walks among daggers pointed against him; whereas the humble and the affable have the people for their guard in danger. To be humble to our superiors is duty; to our inferiors, generosity; and these, notwithstanding their lowliness, carry such a powerful sway as to command men's hearts.

CONDOLENCE.—In a world like the present, one of the grandest occupations is that of giving condolence. We ought all of us to study this holy science of imparting comfort to the troubled. There are many who could look round upon some of their very best friends, who wish them well, and are very intelligent, and yet able to say to them in days of trouble, "Miserable comforters are ye all."

THE MOTHER.—It has been truly said that the first being that rushes to the recollection of a soldier or a sailor, in his heart's difficulty, is his mother. She clings to his memory and affection in the midst of all the forgetfulness and hardihood induced by a roving life. The last message he leaves is for her; his last whisper breathes her name. The mother, as she instills the lesson of piety and filial obligation into the heart of her infant son, should always feel that her labour is not in vain. She may drop into the grave; but she has left behind her influence that will work for her. The bow is broken, but the arrow is sped and will do its office.

MAN AND WOMAN.—Man is the creature of interest and ambition. His nature leads him forth into the struggle and bustle of the world. Love is but the embellishment of his early life, or a song piped in the intervals of his acts. But a woman's whole life is a history of the affections. The heart is her world; it is there her ambition strives for empire; it is there her avarice seeks for hidden treasures. She sends forth her sympathies on adventure, she embarks her whole soul in the traffic of affection, and, if shipwrecked, her case is hopeless, for it is a bankruptcy of the heart.

SUCCESS.—Purposes, however wise, without plans, cannot be relied on for good results. Random or spasmodic efforts, like aimless shots, are usually no better than wasted time and strength. The purposes of shrewd men in the business of this life are always followed with carefully formed plans. Whether the object is learning, honour, or wealth, the ways and means are all laid out according to the best rules and method. The mariner has his chart, the architect his plan, and the sculptor his model, and all as means and condition of success. Invention, genius, or even what is sometimes called inspiration, can do little in any department of theoretic or practical science, except as it works by a well-formed plan. Then every step is an advance toward the accomplishment of the object. Every tack of the ship made according to nautical law keeps her steadily nearing the port. Each stroke of the chisel brings the marble into a closer likeness of

the model. No effort or time is lost, for nothing is done rashly or at random.

FEMALE SOCIETY.—All men who avoid female society (says Thackeray) have dull perceptions, and are stupid, and have gross tastes, and revolt against what is pure. Your club swaggers, who are sucking the butts of billiard cues all night, call female society insipid. Poetry is uninspiring to a yokel; beauty has no charms for a blind man; music does not please a poor beast, who does not know one tune from another; but, as a true epicure is hardly ever tired of water, sauce, and brown bread and butter, I can sit for a whole night talking to a well-regulated kindly woman about her daughter Fanny, or her boy Frank, and like the evening's entertainment. One of the greatest benefits a man can derive from woman's society is that he is bound to be respectful to her. The habit is of great good to your morals, men, depend upon it. Our education makes us the most eminently selfish men in the world, and the greatest benefit that comes to a man from woman's society is that he has to think of somebody to whom he is bound to be constantly attentive and respectful.

THE FASHIONS.

COSTUME FOR RACES AND REGATTA.—1. Costume of grey maulin de laine for a girl of 7 to 9 years. 2. Costume of linen or white flannel for boy of 5 years. 3. Costume of cream-coloured mohair. 4. Costume of pigeon-grey and plum coloured faille. 5. Costume of black sicilienne. 6. Costume of écaru linen and English Embroidery. 7. Costume of écaru batiste.

COSTUMES FOR THE SEASIDE.—1. Sailor-dress for boy. 2. Blouse dress for girls. 3. Garibaldi for young child. 4. Close fitting dress with overskirt for young girl. 5. Dress with grey blouse. 6. Dress of percale or batiste. 7. Dress with embroidered jacket. 8. Dress with overskirt open at the shoulder.

VARIETIES.

IN Nebraska more than 12,000,000 forest trees were planted last year.

THE marriage of a white man to a negro woman nearly incited the people of Sheffield, Mass., to a riot.

THE Parisian journals say that the French vineyards are in splendid condition, and such promise of abundance has not been seen since 1840.

A SAN FRANCISCO rumseller was convinced of the degradation of his business when his daughter, eleven years old, got drunk and was arrested.

THE Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh have gone to Copenhagen and St. Petersburg. They took the baby with them.

COL. VILLETTE, the accomplice of ex-Marshal Bazaine in his escape, has been allowed by the French Government to retire on a pension.

MARSHAL MACMAHON has a tender heart. The tears streamed down his bronzed cheeks when a poor woman related how she had lost her mother and her child in the flood at Toulouse.

TWO brothers, one of whom fought on the Union side and the other on the rebel, met in Columbus, Pa., the other day, after a separation of fifteen years. With them the bloody clasm had not been closed, and they separated without speaking.

It is said that the German Government has in preparation a measure to be laid before Parliament prohibiting public processions throughout the Empire. It is intended to be applied particularly to religious processions.

THE French and Belgian papers protest against the action of the local authorities, who are planting timber trees upon the road sides, desiring that fruit trees be planted instead, as is done in Germany and Switzerland.

GAMBETTA, in refusing the challenge of Casagrande, took occasion in his paper to recall the title "King of Clowns," which Guizot, when in power, he stowed on his papa, Monsieur Granier. Paul is very wrathful yet over this blow, and a swim à la Paul Boyton is considered the only thing that might cool him down.

AN elderly lady named Cannon of Massachusetts was standing by an iron sink during a thunder storm when she was prostrated by lightning. She was entirely senseless, and was so charged and battered by the electric current that the gold beads about her neck were melted, but she lives and ascribes her escape to the silken cap she wore.

THE Bishop of Orleans, the distinguished Dupanloup, besought all his flock to give bounteously of their goods to relieve the sufferers of the inundated lands. His efforts were highly successful, as he is looked up to with the greatest respect throughout rural France, where he passes for the old man eloquent. The bishop is over seventy, but still very vigorous.

PRINCE GORTSCHAKOFF is a proficient in the French language, which he learned under the instruction of a Professor named Marat, a brother of the notorious Marat of the first Republic. The Professor taught French literature at the College of the Tsarok Seio, but as his real name was in bad odor, he called himself de Boudry.

IN Italy, schools of instruction for the cultivation of fruit trees, but especially of apples, have been established by the Government. As a means of assisting to popularize agricultural education in that country, it has been ordered that the soldiers should attend courses of lectures on agriculture for at least two years before their discharge.

INDIANA has a stringent law against the intermarriage of whites and blacks. John Angell Miller, a German, and Mary Sims, a negress, were married a few weeks ago in Floyd County. They and the clergyman who performed the ceremony are now in prison, and each is liable to conviction, and sentenced to ten years incarceration, or a fine of \$5,000.

ONE hundred and fifteen female missionaries have gone to foreign lands from Mount Holyoke Seminary, Massachusetts, 18 of them from the last two graduating classes. Applications are on file for 20 more, Cape Colony, Africa, asking for eight to serve as teachers. Several of the graduates have already gone to Cape Colony, where they have had great success in Christian work.