- to the list by the report for 1884, one having been shot by Mr. E. White on May 26th of that year.
- 466a. Empidonax pusillus traillii, Traill's Flycatcher. S. m.c. This species seems to have become rather common here in the last two years. It was considered rare before.
- 467. Empidonax minimus, Least Flycatcher. S. c. B.

ALAUDIDÆ-LARKS.

- 474. Otocoris alpestris, Horned Lark. M. a. The Horned Larks of this district were, for the first time, satisfactorily determined and distinguished in the spring of 1890. This species arrived 19th April, and remained together in flocks till May 25th, when it departed. It was again present in the fall, from September 26th to October 28th.
- 474b. Otocoris alpestris praticola, Prairie Horned Lark. S. c. B. This sub-species arrives in the end of February or beginning of March, remains all summer to breed, and leaves about the beginning of November.

CORVIDÆ-CROWS, JAYS, MAGPIES, &c.

- 477. Cyanocitta cristata. Blue Jay. R. c. B.
- 484. Perisoreus canadensis, Canada Jay. R. c. B. This species rarely visits the immediate neighborhood of the City, though common in the hills to the north of it.
- 486a. Corvus corax principalis, Northern Raven. R. m.c. B.
- 488. " americanus. R. B. Abundant in summer but scarce in winter.

ICTERIDÆ-BLACKBIRDS, ORIOLES, &C.

- 494. Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Bobolink. S. c. B.
- 495. Molothrus ater, Cowbird. S. a. B. On 11th July, 1882, two eggs of this bird almost hatched were found in the nest of a Vireo (presumably V. olivaccus), no eggs of the latter being present. A similar case, with three eggs instead of two, is recorded in The Canadian Sportsman and Naturalist for June, 1883.
- 498. Agelaius plueniceus, Red-winged Blackbird. S. c. B.
- 501. Sturnella magna, Meadowlark. S. m.c. B.