

Latest from Ottawa.

Mr. Thos. Miller, Barrister, of Berlin, Waterloo County, has been appointed Judge of Halton Co.

Mr. Archibald's name is mentioned in political circles for Lieutenant-Governorship of Ontario, and is viewed favourably by the Western members.

Sir John A. Macdonald's reply to Mr. Blake on the motion brought up regarding ministers and their seats was looked upon in the House as a complete break down. He admitted the whole of Mr. Blake's case when he stated that it would be covered by legislation. If Sir John had frankly admitted the oversight of the delegates in London to provide for the situation in the Imperial act, he might have had sympathy—he would have taken an honest course. Messrs. Cameron and Harrison, who followed him were anxious at once by a partisan vote to have the House decide the question. It is hardly likely that a vote will be taken, but Sir John and his colleagues do not occupy a very pleasant position before the country in this matter.

Sir Wm. Logan has been presented by the Royal Society with one of the Royal Gold Medals for 1867, in recognition of his important geological researches in Canada. Sir Roderick Marchison moreover has dedicated to him the new edition of his "Siluria."

Frightful Murder and Suicide in Kingston.

A frightful murder was committed near Kingston on Wednesday. A man shot his sister and then shot himself. John Waller, a farmer from Pittsburgh township, was taking his sister from that city to his farm where there was an auction sale of farm property. While on the road in a buggy, his sister sitting alongside of him, and in the sight of his house he placed a revolver to the back of her neck and fired, killing her instantly. He then jumped out of the buggy and placed the muzzle of the revolver in his own mouth and fired. He lived but a short time. His sister had married her deceased husband's brother, a person named Woodland, a tavern keeper of that city, only a week ago. This so enraged the brother, who was fond of his sister, that he killed her. He had previously threatened to do so if she persisted in marrying Woodland. There is considerable excitement in the city—all the parties being well known there. The murderer about an hour before he committed the deed, was in town and appeared quite calm, and no one for a moment suspected that he would be guilty of so dreadful an act.

A WORD OF WARNING.—A correspondent of the Hamilton Spectator gives the following warning to those who well enough off where they are, imagine they would be much better by crossing over to the territories of Uncle Sam.—It may not be amiss to caution persons who are contemplating throwing up situations in Canada, with the idea of coming west, that Chicago is not the El Dorado which many people seem to imagine it. The prices of living here are extravagantly high; business of all kinds is exceedingly dull for this season of the year, with little hope of improvement during the coming winter; and while it is true that a great many Canadians are filling good situations here, it is equally true that hundreds of people are walking the streets who can find no employment of any kind. The amount of labor, in every department of business is decidedly in excess of the demand; and, under these circumstances, it is sheer folly for any one to give up a certainty for the purpose of trying his luck here, and running his chances with those who are already perambulating the streets in search of situations.

TRIBUTE TO NORMAN MACLEOD.—A handsome tribute to the public worth and private virtue of that most popular preacher the Rev. Norman MacLeod, D.D. Chaplain to the Queen, the editor of Good Words, and the President of the Society for Missions to India, was paid on Nov. 1st, at Willis' Rooms, where the reverent gentleman was entertained at a magnificent banquet by a few of his many friends in London. The occasion which called forth this expression of friendly feeling towards so eminent a member of the Scotch Establishment is the approaching departure of Dr. MacLeod for India. Dr. MacLeod who will be accompanied in his Indian tour by the Rev. Dr. Watson, the principal minister of Dundee goes out to India as the representative of the Scotch Church, in order to visit the various missionary stations in our great Eastern Empire, bring his able mind to bear upon their wants, and to devise schemes for their improvement and development, and, having returned to his church at home, to report what he had seen and heard, and lay before it the facts that came under his notice, the changes and extensions which he suggested, in order that the Gospel may sink deep into the hearts of our Indian fellow subjects. About one hundred and fifty sat down to dinner in Willis' Rooms, the presence of the ladies, who mustered numerous, adding much, indeed, to the beauty and interest of the scene. The chair was occupied by Dr. Alfred Dean, of Canterbury, on whose right sat the guest of evening, the Rev. Dr. MacLeod.

The Sportsmen who went to Rockwood yesterday met with but indifferent success, and returned fatigued more by travelling than by the weight of their game-bags. We hear that some minks have been shot out at Paisley Block.

DEATH OF THE OLDEST MINISTER IN SCOTLAND, AND FATHER OF THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH.—The Dundee Courier announces the demise of the venerable and Rev. David Harris, late minister of the parish of Fears, Forfarshire, which took place at Riversdale Villa, Blairgowrie, on Oct. 28th, at the advanced age of 95 years and 2 months, having been born in the neighborhood of Blairgowrie in the month of July, 1772. He had been longer minister of one parish than any other clergyman known in ecclesiastical records. He was ordained in 1795.

Louis Napoleon has become a newspaper man, just like Mr. Raymond or Mr. Marble, writes leaders every week for the Paris Monitor; price per column not stated. American letter-writers in Paris say that Louis Napoleon has twenty-three mortal diseases. Each corresponds to an attribute to him some malady, yet he is still living.

Garibaldi's Death.

The Italian correspondent of the New York Tribune, who accompanied the Garibaldians through the late campaign, and who went to Rome to attend the sick and wounded after the fight at Mentana, thus describes the feeling in that city after the battle, and when the prisoners and wounded were being brought in:—  
As a correspondent I am bound to tell the truth, as it appears to me, and I must say that, as far as the Romans are concerned, they are not worth the life of one of our braves. The night I entered not a soul was to be seen in the streets; as I left Rome all the shops were open, men, women and children laughing, chatting—I will not say exulting. At the Nomentano gate were an immense crowd, my guide affirming that he had never seen such a gathering. They were not demonstrative, but there was no sign of sorrow about them. The French and Papal victors were expected; also the Garibaldian prisoners, and the wounded of both sides. They were expected to see them pass. Indifference, curiosity, homage to victory, drew them. They would have done the same for Garibaldi—the same and no more. Roman exiles say I am unjust; I do not think so. I say now what I could not put on paper when I was in Rome. Three hours before midnight Rome knew from the *Uogue* of the French that three hours after midnight French and Papal troops were going out to attack Garibaldi. Not a Roman dared to risk liberty or life to take the warning to Monte Rotondo. I can admire the heroism of the Zouaves, their staunch fidelity to their religion and its head; but the pusillanimity of a people who hate and tremble is simply contemptible.

As we issued from the gate the procession began to enter—the priests, cardinals, and some said the Pope—but I did not see him; scores of livery carriages, with the aristocracy of Rome and their wives jubilant. Then the sad convoy of prisoners, flanked on either side by a double file of gens d'arme. What a harrowing sight! barefoot nearly all, ragged, lame, emaciated; some slightly wounded, all with despair written on their brow; in the centre, on a mule, poor Galeano wounded. Most of them recognized me; some stretched out their hands with a wild, despairing gesture. "Do not speak," whispered my guide. "If they stir, God knows what will happen." I put my fingers on my lips, and silence was maintained. More carriages; then General Kaulzer and his magnificent staff on horseback. He reined up his horse, and stopped the carriage. I merely asked whether he knew of the death of wounds of Garibaldi or staff. "I believe they are all in safety," he replied. I thanked him. "Your wound will be well cared for," he said, and we passed on. Then commenced the sad convoy of the wounded. I counted 39 carriages. They were all comfortably arranged and well covered, thanks, as I afterward found, to our prince of surgeons, Bertani, and the Surgeon-in-Chief of the French army. I spoke with a few; others recognized me; all were resigned to their fate. It was not the bodily pain that hurt; it was the defeat, the failure, the abandonment of Italy, that wrung their hearts.

THE ARREST OF GARIBALDI.  
At Fighine the train was stopped, and Lieut.-Col. Camozzi of the Carabinieri presented himself, and demanded to speak to the General alone. The station was militarily occupied by a division of Bersaglieri, under the orders of Major Fiastri, and by a strong detachment of Carabinieri. A few instants after the General alighted, and we also. We then heard him say aloud to Col. Camozzi: "Have you a regular warrant for my arrest?" The Colonel replied: "No; I have only orders to arrest you." The general answered: "Then you are committing an illegal act. I am not guilty of any hostility against the Italian State or its laws. I am an Italian deputy, a Roman General, elected by a Government legally constituted, and an American citizen. As such, not having been taken in *flagrante delicto*, I cannot be arrested, and you, as well as those who send you, violate the law. I declare that I will only yield to an act of violence, and if you wish to arrest me you must do so by force." At that moment we were all disposed to defend the General's person, the law, and right. But he declared that he would not permit the violence used towards him to be met by force, and that he would never consent to a conflict with Italian soldiers. "Therefore," said he, "I abandon all idea of armed resistance. If I had wished to resist, arms in hand, I should have used those I have at my command instead of laying them down at the frontier." We obeyed. As there was a great crowd, and in order to put an end to a spectacle so humiliating for the country, M. Crispi telegraphed twice to the President of the Council, asking to revoke the orders given, and assuring him that Garibaldi only wished to return to Caprera. Col. Camozzi was asked to delay the departure of the train to give time for a reply to arrive, and to telegraph himself to Florence in support of the application, but he positively refused the latter. About an hour having passed without any answer from Florence, the Colonel announced that the moment was come to execute his orders. Notwithstanding the declaration of Garibaldi that he was suffering and exhausted from several days' privations and fatigue, and was unfit to commence a fresh journey, the Colonel was inflexible. Four carabinieri approached the General, and the Sergeant who conducted them requested Garibaldi to follow him. As the other persisted in his resolution, the carabinieri carried him, in the midst of the solemn silence of his friends, to the carriage prepared for him. M. Crispi, in the name of all, protested energetically against the violation of law, and against the insult offered to the greatest citizen of Italy. Only his family and servants were permitted to accompany him.

THE REVENUE.—The Revenue of Canada for the past month (October), according to the published statement of the auditor, is as follows: Customs, \$3,969,939; excise, \$337,247; bill stamp duty, \$5,157; post office, 41,674; public works, \$61,730; miscellaneous, \$128,678—total, \$1,444,455. Expenditure, \$1,816,125. A slight balance thus remains in favour of the Dominion. Dare we only hope that such would always be the case we might be comparatively happy.

CATTISH.—A Cincinnati merchant, being disturbed by rats, advertised that he would give \$10 for a cat. The result of this liberal offer in a city where there are 90,000 unemployed cats, and 15,000 boys who have nothing to do but to catch them, may be imagined. Cats of all ages, sizes and conditions, came yowling in their captors' arms, and the merchant was obliged to close the store, and the police was necessary to disperse the crowd of cat breakers.

Wallack's Theatre at New York possesses far the best company of dramatic artists of any theatre on the continent. Most of the men are Englishmen. Among the best is Mr. Geo. Holland, who although 78 years of age, plays the boisterous part of young "Tony Lumpkin," in "She stoops to Conquer," better than any other man on the continent of America.

Parliament of Canada.

SENATE.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.  
In answer to Senator Atkins, Hon. Mr. Campbell replied that it was the intention of the Government to include in the estimates a sum to carry on the geological survey heretofore carried on by the Province of Canada.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The Speaker declared that the securities attached to the petition against the return of Mr. Abbott for Argenteuil were insufficient.

Hon. Mr. Huntington and Messrs. Walsh, McKenzie, Blanchet, Dufresne and Morris, members of the general committee on elections, were sworn at the table.

The motion, that the petition of Mr. Chapais, claiming the seat for Kamouraska, was laid over till to-morrow. Mr. Blake then brought up his resolution on the rights of Federal Ministers to occupy seats in the House. It is as follows:—Notice having been taken by a member of this House that the Hon. G. E. Cartier, a member of the Queen's Privy Council of Canada, has been sitting and voting in this House while holding an office of emolument under the Crown, to wit, the office of Minister of Militia—Resolved, that a select committee be appointed to enquire whether said G. E. Cartier has legal right to sit and vote in the House, with power to send for persons and papers. "He said that a few days ago, when a question somewhat similar was brought forward, the Minister of Militia was opposed to the mode of proceeding at that occasion. He desired that a formal motion should be placed before the house, and as he (Mr. Blake) was anxious as far as he could to conform to the views of gentlemen opposite, he had put his position in the shape of a motion. He referred to the importance of deciding the point, and pointed out that in the case brought up by the member for Chateauguay, although the Minister of Militia said it was a monstrous motion, that view was not shared in by the House or by the Leader of the Government, who said the member for Chateauguay had done no more than his duty in bringing it before the House, and moved to refer it to a committee.

He proposed, first, to establish that the office of Minister of Militia was one of profit under the Crown; secondly, that the disqualifying clause applied to persons holding such offices. If he established these two propositions, it would be obvious that he had no right to sit unless he came within the exemption clause. Thirdly, the exemption clause could not apply to heads of departments formed before the first session; and if that proposition falls, that at any rate none but officers mentioned in the exemption clause are eligible, and the office of Minister of Militia not being mentioned, rendered him incompetent to sit.

Sir Jon A. Macdonald, Mr. Cameron and Mr. Harrison, spoke against the motion, and the debate was adjourned, when the House arose at six o'clock.

The London News of the 9th says:—"The rapid development of the railway system now going on in Russia will be followed by many notable changes in the respect of things in general throughout that Empire. Russia will not only export a great deal more grain, wool, and tallow than she has ever yet been able to cart down to her seaport; but she must of necessity begin to import new ideas. Very speedily the increase of wealth among her middle classes will awaken some desire for education. Education will bring forth intelligence; intelligence something like respect for truth and fidelity to commercial engagements. The mercantile world will then understand better how to deal with her, and smart pushing young men will be seen with pattern books and sample boxes among their equipments passing to and from her cities.

Prince Albert's brother—Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha—the "little Ernest" whom Queen Victoria mentions so frequently in her book—is coming to the United States next spring.

Switzerland makes 17,000 tons of cheese annually, of which 10,000 are exported. In Berlin there is a demand for *Schweizer Kase*, while in Paris the delicious *potage de lausanne* is often preferred to the strong English and French cheese.

DEATHS.

CHAMBERLAIN.—At Guelph, on the 27th inst. THOMAS, son of George and Sarah Chamberlain, aged 16 years. The funeral will take place to-morrow, (Friday) at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances will please attend without further notice.

New Advertisements.

Private Boarding.  
EXCELLENT accommodation and comfortable boarding can be had for five or six gentlemen. The house is only three minutes' walk from the Market House. Apply to  
WM. DUNSON, SR., Waterloo-st.  
Guelph, 27th Nov, 1867. d4w

Pocket Diaries

FOR 1868.  
of Pocket Diaries for 1868  
AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE.  
Opposite the Market, Guelph.  
Guelph, 28th November, 1867. dw

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

English Goods!  
Len & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce  
Harvey's Sauce,  
Anchoy Sauce,  
Mustard Ketchup,  
French and Spanish Pickles,  
Dunlop Marmalade,  
Black and Red Currant Jelly,  
Anchoy and Blouant Paste,  
Green Peas,  
Dumplings, Cherrys, Plums,  
Gooseberries and Tomatoes.

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

COMPOSITOR WANTED.

WANTED immediately at the Evening Mercury office, Guelph, a good compositor. Apply at once.  
McLAGAN & INNES,  
Guelph, 27th Nov., 1867. Macdonnell-st.

Female Teacher Wanted

WANTED, a female teacher for the Junior Division, Fern Village School. Apply with references, stating salary, to the Trustees, School Section No. 2, Erin.  
Erin, 23rd Nov, 1867. w3

STRAYED PIGS.

CAME into the premises of the subscriber, near the Race Course Inn, about three weeks ago, two good sized Pigs. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take them away.  
JOSEPH RYDALL, Erasmoa Roa I.  
Guelph, November 21, 1867. dw3

Castle Garden SALOON TO RENT.

THE Castle Garden Saloon facing the Market, Guelph, to rent. Particulars can be obtained from, and offers will be received up to Saturday, 7th December, by  
DAVIDSON & CHADWICK, Guelph.  
Guelph, 22nd Nov., 1867.

Span of Working Horses FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a span of 7 years old good working horses. Warranted to be in good, sound working condition. Will be sold for cash, or credit on approved security, as may be agreed upon. For further information apply to the proprietor, near the Race Course Inn.  
JOSEPH RYDALL.  
Guelph, Nov. 21, 1867.

STRAYED SHEEP.

CAME on the premises of the subscriber, about the 20th of June last, a two year old Cots-wold Wether, with the point off the left ear. The owner on proving property and paying expenses can have him. If not claimed within a month from this date he will be sold to pay expenses.  
JOHN CURRIE,  
Lot 12, 6th Con., Erasmoa  
Guelph, 20th Nov, 1867. w2

HAY IN TRUSSES

Constantly on hand. Also Straw for beds  
TERMS: CASH.  
JOHN WEST.  
Guelph, July 22. daw-1f

Cordwood Wanted.

WANTED, 700 cords of good hard wood. Apply at Brown's Wood Yard, Woodwich-st., nearly opposite the Court House, Guelph.  
Guelph, 26th November, 1867. ALEX. BROWN. w3m

BERKSHIRE BOAR.

THE subscriber has newly purchased a first-class pure-bred Berkshire Boar, which will serve during the season. Terms, \$1 cash.  
ALLAN SIMPSON, Blacksmith,  
Guelph, 5th Nov, 1867. w4w6

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership in the practice of the Law in all its branches, under the name, style and firm of McCURRY & MITCHELL.  
PATRICK McCURRY,  
ROBERT MITCHELL.

Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT.

No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street.  
Guelph, July 31, 1867 (dw D. MOLTON

GIRL WANTED.

WANTED immediately, a girl to run a Waver Sewing Machine. None but a thoroughly competent hand need apply. Liberal wages will be given.  
WM. MITCHELL, Church-st.  
Guelph, 27th November, 1867. d3

CIGARS! CIGARS!

A N IMMENSE STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Cigars, Wholesale and Retail.  
H. BERRY.  
Guelph, Oct. 31, 1867. 884 w722

CORDWOOD for SALE

IN GUELPH.  
GOOD, cheap Cordwood for sale at  
BROWN'S WOOD YARD  
Woolwich Street, nearly opposite the Court House.  
Quantities from half a cord and upwards delivered in any part of the town by leaving the order at the wood yard.  
ALEX. BROWN.  
Guelph, 25th November, 1867. dwm

New Livery Stable.

HORSES FOR HIRE.  
PARTIES wishing to hire Saddle-horses, or Horses and Buggies, can do so at moderate rates, by applying to the undersigned, at the Wellington Hotel.  
HUGH STRAHAN.  
Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. dw-3m

FURS, FURS, FURS.

WE have opened our stock of FURS, of our own manufacture, which we will sell at LOW PRICES, viz:  
Extra Dark Mink,  
Royal Ermine,  
Siberian Squirrel,  
River Mink,  
Ladies' Hoods,  
GENTS' MUFFLERS and GLOVES, SLEIGH ROBES, &c.

F. GARLAND,  
Market Square, GUELPH.  
The Highest Price paid for Raw Furs  
Guelph, Oct. 31, 1867. 884 w732

Store for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF STURTON.  
A GOOD STORE for general business, with commodious Dwelling House attached, and Stable in rear. Also, a BLACKSMITH SHOP with two forges. The shop is 20 x 30 feet; connected with the shop is a good Dwelling House. The buildings are all of frame, and put up within the last three years. These two properties will be sold together or separately for Cash or on Credit. The Good Office is kept on the premises. For terms apply to  
LEMON & PETERSON, Guelph.  
JOHN LUXSON, Proprietor, Sturton P.O.  
Guelph, August 22, 1867. 725-1f

Apotecaries Hall.

MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

PATENT

STOVE VARNISH

Free From Smell,  
Manufactured and sold by  
ALEX. B. PETRIE,  
Chemist, Market Square, Guelph.  
Price, - - 20c. per Bottle,  
or in quantities to suit purchasers.  
Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. daw

Valuable Building Lots for Sale

IN EVERTON.  
THE subscriber offers for sale, cheap for cash, two valuable building lots in the Village of Everton, being No. 122 and No. 123, as laid out on the map made by Wm Haskins, Esq. P. L. S.—There are two-fifths of an acre of land in the two lots, and being close to the Discipline Meeting House, and in a central part of the Village, form excellent sites for building on. For terms apply at the Manacary Office, or (if by letter post-paid) to DUNCAN ROBERTSON Everton P O  
Guelph, Nov. 15th, 1867. w1f3

Mortgage Sale!

PURSUANT to a power of sale contained in a Mortgage (to be exhibited at time of sale) there will be sold  
On WEDNESDAY, 11th Dec., 1867,  
At Twelve o'clock, noon, in the  
VILLAGE of ARTHUR,  
at Mr. C. C. Green's Hotel, by W. S. G. Knowles, Esq., the following valuable property: Lot 230, Con. 1, S. E. of the Toronto and Sydenham road, Township of Melancton.  
Apply for particulars to W S G Knowles, Guelph, or to Messrs. McMURRICH & ROBERTSON, Church Street, Toronto.  
Guelph, 23rd November, 1867. w1d

NEW FRUIT!

For CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS.  
Crop of 1867.  
New Layer Raisins,  
New Branch Muscatel Raisins,  
New Valencia Raisins,  
New Seedless Raisins,  
New Patras Currants,  
New choice Turkey Figs,  
New Soft Shelled Almonds,  
New Walnuts and Filberts,  
New Brazil Nuts,  
New Canned Fruits,  
New Candied Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

A new stock of General Groceries, Crockery, China and Glassware, now complete in every department.  
GEORGE WILKINSON.  
Next door to Telegraph and Express Office.  
Guelph, 27th November, 1867. daw-1f

MEDICAL HALL,

GUELPH.  
JUST RECEIVED!  
At the Medical Hall a large assortment of  
LAMPS,  
SHADES,  
WICKS, & c.  
ALSO—  
No. 1 Coal Oil  
FOR FAMILY USE.  
Perfectly clear and free from smell.  
N. HIGINBOTHAM.  
Guelph, 20th Nov, 1867. d

GOLD & SILVER PLATING

A. HOWIE & CO.  
Royal Hotel Buildings, James-st.,  
HAMILTON.  
Watches, Chains, Rings, Penel Cases, and all kinds of Jewelry Plated in Gold.  
Tea Sets, Cake Baskets, Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c., Plated at reasonable rates.  
Also, Door Plates & Carriage Trimmings  
of every description done to order with neatness and dispatch.  
Orders from a distance punctually attended to.  
Hamilton, November 23, 1867. dwam

NEW FRUIT, 1867.

New London Layer Raisins  
New Malaga Layer Raisins  
New Select Valencia Raisins  
New Seedless Raisins  
New Turkey Figs in Layers  
New Soft Shelled Almonds  
New Hard Shelled Almonds  
New Filberts  
New Brazil Walnuts  
New Lemons, Oranges, &c.

AT H. WALKER'S

FRUIT DEPOT,  
WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.  
Guelph, 20th November, 1867. dw

CELEBRATION

1867. 1867.  
ST. ANDREW'S DAY  
THE St. Andrew's Society of Guelph will celebrate St. Andrew's Day.  
On FRIDAY, 29th November,  
—BY A—  
PROMENADE CONCERT!  
comprising Addresses and Vocal and Instrumental Music,  
AND A BALL!  
IN THE TOWN HALL.  
Refreshments will be served between the parts of the Concert.  
Gentleman's Ticket \$1, Lady's Ticket 50c  
Doors open at 7.30 p. m. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.  
The Society cordially invite the attendance of their townsmen of other national origin at their celebration.  
JAMES MASSIE, President.  
GEO. FIRIE, Secretary.  
Guelph, 20th November, 1867.

REMOVAL.

Military Tailor  
J. JONES,  
Late Master Tailor in the 17th Regiment,  
Begs to inform his customers and the public that he has removed from Nottingham-st. to Upper Wyndham-st, next door to Hazelton's Furniture Store, where he will be happy to receive orders for making all kinds of  
Military and Civilian's Clothing,  
in the latest and most fashionable styles. Having had long experience, he guarantees to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.  
Guelph, 24th Nov, 1867. d3w

BOOTS & SHOES

At Wholesale Prices.  
HAVING a large stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which must be sold during the NEXT TWO MONTHS, I will offer the same during that time at Wholesale Prices. Note prices and be convinced that you will save from 25 to 50 per cent per pair by buying at the  
Kingston Penitentiary  
BOOT AND SHOE STORE.  
Men's Coarse Boots!  
FORMER PRICES.—No. 1, \$3.00; No. 2, \$2.75; No. 3, \$2.50.  
PRESENT PRICES.—No. 1, \$2.75; No. 2, \$2.50; No. 3, \$2.25.  
Boys' Boots from \$1.70; Youths' Boots from \$1.35; Women's Boots from \$1.10,  
with a large variety of everything in the line at equally low prices.  
Don't forget the place—Kingston Penitentiary Boot and Shoe Store.  
All work warranted.  
J. CRIDFORD.  
Guelph, 4th November, 1867.

COMMERCIAL

BANK BILLS  
TAKEN AT PAR  
AT THE  
GUELPH.  
CLOTH HALL!  
A. THOMSON & CO.  
Guelph, 5th November, 1867. dw1

FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS,

ASHES, LEATHER, &c.  
CONSIGNMENTS solicited. Highest prices realized, and returns promptly made. Every possible information afforded consignors in reference to the Markets, Packing of Pork, Manufacture, &c., as required.  
Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,  
MONTREAL.  
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More,  
HALIFAX.  
ADVANCES.  
DRAFTS authorised against Consignments to Montreal and Halifax may be made at the option of Consignors, on either City. Cash advances made on shipments to our Correspondents in Foreign Markets.  
Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,  
MONTREAL.  
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More,  
HALIFAX.  
FISH, OILS, &c.  
ORDERS for Fish, Oils, or West India Produce, carefully and promptly executed.  
Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,  
HALIFAX, N. S.  
October 12, 1867. daw 1f

OPPOSITION LINE

TO CALIFORNIA  
via Panama, carrying United States mails, and also via Nicaragua.  
North American Steamship Comp'y  
will despatch one of their Fast and Elegant Steamships from NEW YORK.  
Every Ten Days.  
Rates for First, Second and Third Cabin VERY LOW.  
Forspecial Berths, Tickets, &c. apply to  
J. W. MURTON,  
General Passage Agent.  
Hamilton, 29th Nov., 1867. tm

LACROSSE.

LACROSSE Clubs and Balls for sale at  
JOHN McNEIL'S.  
Guelph, October 31, 1867. 73-1f