MI-ANNUAL

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thets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in United States and Canada. Zage checked through and rates of fare al. as low as competitors that offer less advan-

tailed information, get the Maps and Foldof the CREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE, group nearest Ticket Office, or address. R OABLE, E. ST. JOHN, Vice-Free. & Gen'l X'gr., Gen'l Tra, & Free. Aga-CHICAGO.

## The Toronto Meekly Mail.

VOL. XII. NO. 634.

Ontario Farms for Sale. TLAS OF WESTERN ONTARIO AND Canadisa Land Advertiser, with maps of tario, Manitoba, and every county from rehumberland to Detroit river; also best list farms and other proparties in Dominion, suped on receipt of 25 cents. W. J. FENTON &

NUMBER OF VALUABLE IMPROVED stock, grain, and dairy farms for sale, ap: terms to suit purchaser; send for list. TLER & LANE, 66 King street east. To-

HINGUACOUSY TOWNSHIP—FARM OF 100 or 450 acres; soil clay loam; first-class fidings; Branpton 2 miles; easy terms. UTLER & LAKE, 66 King street east, Tor-

ACRE FARM-FOR SALE-of Malahide, near Aylmer; good d'land, acd plenty of water and tms. CRAWFORD & HAINES, ARMS FOR SALE IN WESTERN ON

RIO-send three-cent stamp for list to ESE RRYDGES, Real Estate Agent

MELANGTHON TOWNSHIP—28 ACRES— about 30 cleared; balance large cedar and one hardwood; soil clay loam; log house, ann end stable; Dundalk miles; price \$2.00; bargain, BUTLER & LAKE, Estate Agenta.

PLENDIDIFARM-ADJOINING TOWN OF Streetsville; 201; acres, 175 improved; balance hardwood bush; soil clay loam; well watered; good brick house, also, frame cottage; commodious outbuildings; easy terms. BUT-LER & LAKE.

100 ACRES IN ALDBORQUGH TOWN-ship, Eigin county; alsy loam; good buildings; plenty of water and fruit; convenient to markets. Apply to MARTIN WOOLMER, Clachan, Diachan, P.O., Ont. \$12,000 WILL BUY 174 ACRES—WITH y streams; suitable for stock or dairy far UTLER & LAKE, 66 King street east, Toron

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CUMMINGS TAPE WORM EXTERMIN of tape worm; no poisonous drugs, but a simple remedy, causing no suffering; send stamp for circular. W. CUMMINGS. Emismore, Ganada.

O NTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE Horse Infirmary, &c., Temperance street Toronto, Classes for students begin Oct. 26th A. SMITH, Veterinary Surgeon.

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OURE CURE—SCOTTISH THISTLE MEDION CINAL FUMERS cures Catarrh. Asthma Bronchitis; postpaid to all parts of the world price \$2; Morrison's patent. Address JAMES F. MORRISON, Bellaire, Ohio, U.S. Agents

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JENNY K. TROUT, M.D., E. AMELIA Teft, M.D.—specialties: chronic, nervous dis-cases, and diseases of women; electricity and inhalations. 272 Jarvis street, Toronic. OPIUM - MORPHINE HABIT - NO PAY case. Dr. MARSH, Quincy, Mich.

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Miscellaneous.

CARD PRINTERS—100 PRETTY CHROMO cards, 17c.; 100 comic, 12c.; 50 samples, 15c.; no duty, delay, or postage, A. R. LORIMER, © 250 TO \$4,000 UN MARRIAGE—LADIES and gentlemen. Apply immediately, Be. N. CURRY, Secretary-Treasurer, London, Ont. Agents wanted.

100,000 PIRCES Sc. FULL MUSIC SIZE sheets; 100,000 acting plays, 15c. Cornets, violins, flutes, guitars, banjos, clarionets, half price. BUTLAND, King st. west. Saddlery Bardware.

FARMERS ASK FOR "COLEMAN'S IM-PROVED Trace Buckle;" easiest shifted; saves traces; durable. V. A. COLEMAN, Sad-dlery, Hardware Manufacturer, etc., Por Hope.

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SALESMEN - TEN - IMMEDIATELY - salary and commission from \$600 to \$2,000 drat-class men only. Apply to Field Department of BRADLEY, GARRETSON, & CO., Brantford, Ont.

Money to Toan.

D. PONTON, 25 TORONTO STREET, Toronto, money to loan in large or small at lowest rates of interest and on favour-forms; mortgages purchased.

Catarrh Remedu.

NLY SURE CURE FOR CATARRH— 11 per bottle. Send stamp for treatise to J. B. HARDING, Brockville, Ont.

There are now 12 priests and nearly 900 ommunicants, besides 1,500 more baptized nembers in the Reformed Spanish and Portunese Churches, each of which has compiled a iturgy in the language of the people for its own use.

had still a balance of £18,000.

From the address of the Bishops at the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church now in session in Philadelphia, U.S., it appears that there are 99 admial conferences, 14 missions, 11,349 travelling preachers, 12,026 local preachers, and 1,769,534 members and probationers. The increase in the four past years was 69,232. In 1883 there were 18,741 churches and 9,315 parsonages, valued at \$79,238,000. There are 10 theological seminaries, 45 colleges, 66 classical institutions, and 8 female colleges.

The, Wesleyan churches of Great Britain have 58,000 members more than they had in 1871. Of central or principal stations there are 381; chapels and other preaching places, 1,654; missionaries, 360; paid agents, catchists, &c., 1,748; local preachers, &abbath school teachers, &c., 5,977; church members, 71,904; on trial, 6,236; scholars, 79,646. The income for the year amounted to £150,000. The missionary energies of Wesleyanism have ontemplated to take a share of the work which is offered in Central Africa along the line of the Congo.

At the recent annual meeting of the Salvation Army in Exeter hall, London, "General" Booth, who presided, stated that the Army is now extended over 18 countries and colonies, whilst in the United Kingdom alone they used 846 buildings, of which 46 were theaters. 9 circuses 18 skating rinks 23 they used 846 buildings, of which 46 were theatres, 9 circuses, 18 skating rinks, 23 Music halls, 10 Drill halls, 12 malt-houses, 3 brewaries, 126 public halls, and 34 Temperance halls. The revenue for the year showed a large increase both at home and abroad. The total of money raised by the corps in the United Kingdom and spent locally by their own treasurers was £180,000; received at headquarters in the trade departments about £72,000, and in the central funds, £70,000; income abroad, £71,800; grand total, £393,-000.

figures as the minimum computation:—In European countries, 53,053 teachers, and 773,-100 scholars; in connection with the several missionary societies, 21,404 teachers, and 865,808 scholars. The grand total throughout the world is therefore:—Teachers, 1,766,-996; scholars, 14,806,451.

THURSDAY, JUNE 5, 1884.

The farmers in Alabama, Missouri, and orgin are rejoicing over the excellent crop At the Indianapolis convention last week he Greenbackers nominated Butler for presi-ent and West, of Missouri, for vice-presi-

The notorious Winnetka murder trial, in which Neil McKeague, a native of Thoroid, was charged with murdering an aged couple named Wilson, was concluded last Thursday, at Chicago, the jury returning a verdict of acquittal.

At Peoria, Ill.. on Monday, Jem Goode,

At Peoria, Ill., on Monday, Jem Goode, the English pugilist, in an attempt to knock Patsy Cardiff out in four rounds, had a narrow escape from being knocked out himself. The Peorian went at him like a bull, and Goode's fight was altogether defensive. He was knocked through the ropes in the second round, forced over them is the third, and knocked squarely off his feet in the last.

The will of the late Samuel W. Swett, of Jamaica Plain, Mass., contains public bequests to local institutions amounting to \$240,000. The residue of his estate, valued at half a million, is to be divided equally between the American Board of Commissioners of foreign missions and the Massachusetts Home Missionary Society. The American board has also an individual bequest of \$100,000.

Canadian Killed in Michigan. Windson, May 29.—A bridge carpenter named Alexander Ball, whose home is in Stratford, Ont., was instantly killed by a Chicago and G. T. railway train at Lansing, Mich., yesterday afternoon.

Osborn, Mo., June 2.—Two masked men ntered the house of Mrs. M. J. Truax idow of Senator Truax, early Sunday morn avidently for the purpose of robber

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution.

Washington, May 28.—At to-day's session of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars a resolution was adopted urging Congress to submit to the several States a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution which if ratified will prohibit the manufacture, importation, and sale of all alcoholic beverages. A committee of one from each State and Territory was appointed to memorialize Congress in accordance with the resolution.

Sumter, S.C., June 2.—A regular organized gang of juvenile thieves, calling themselves "Dark Spirits," has been discovered here. They have a captain, and signs and passwords. Ten boys of respectable parentage are identified as members of the band. They have been engaged in robberies of watches, knives, cuff buttons, silk handkerchiefs, and some money. Some blood and thunder literature was found in their possession.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 30.—The cotton stored in Hooper's buildir city, caused it to collapse this When the front of the building the counting-room, four in the office, and at least fifteen or twent of the structure. Men were in set to work removing the dörich get the people out. The body of H. Linthiams, cashier of the

Philadelphia P. M. Conference,
PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—In the Methodist
Episcopal Conference to-day the Committee
on the State of the Church presented a re-Spiscopal Conference to day the Committee on the State of the Church presented a report recommending that no divorces be granted except on grands justified by the Scriptures, and that a commassion be appointed to confer with the governors of all States to endeavour to secure the enactment of uniform laws on the subject. The first clause was amended, making it the sense of the conference that divorces shall not be granted but for adultery, and anyone divorced for such reason, if he be the guilty party, cannot be married again by any minister of the Church. The report was then adopted.

The committee passed a report declaring it to be the policy of the Church that no member of any society within the Church shall be excluded from public wombip in any and every office of the denomination, and that no student shall be excluded from any school of the Church on account of race, colour, or previous condition of servitude. A minority report stated that such action was uncalled for. The main report was adopted by an overwhelming majority.

Reports of the Committee on Missions.

TEMPERANCE TOPICS.

toward further influencing public opinion. A few years ago the magazines did not dare to touch the subject.

Eli Perkins shaws how even the very best temperance men are finantial sufferors, if nothing more, by the existence of the drink traffic. He says:—"I paid \$425 taxes on my New York house last year? What was this tax used for? It was to govern a city where three-fourths of the arrests were made on account of drunkenness. I can govern myself, but I have to pay \$425 a year to be protected from the criminal classes, made criminal through rum."

Commenting editorially upon the full returns of the Ohio election and the bearing thereof upon the political parties of the country, \*Harper's Weekly says very significantly: "But the figures now disclose an immense prohibition vote—a vote which, while it shows no tendency toward Democracy, signifies plainly that prohibition is more important than Republicanism to an immense body of citizens. In Iowa this feeling is so strong that the Republican party proclaimed prohibition, and has carried the State by a large majority. In Maine, on the other hand, the prohibitionists have decided to abandon the Republican party as too sluggish upon the question. Thus the temperance issue has suddenly assumed a prominence which has not been anficipated, and may produce equally unanticepated results hereafter.—

Temperance Advocate.

In the cause of temperance, the Manchester diocesan branch of the Church of England Temperance Society is ahead of all others in the kingdom, numbering 60,000 members. Next to the cotton metropolis comes London, with 35,725. Lichfield follows with 30,079; succeeded by Winchester, with 29,672. Gloucester and Bristol are credited with 25,824. Rochester has 25,631; Ripon, 20,421; Liverpool, 20,000; York, 17,037; Saithbury, 16,619; Uxford, 16,000; Exeter, 14,939; Durham and Newestle, 14,731; Carlinia, 14,748; Bath and Wella, 14,335; Worcester, 14,000; Canterbury, 13,850; Ely, 11,730; Lincoln, 10,847; Chiohester, 9,850; Peterborouph, 8,395; Llandaff, 6,224; Nor

CANAL TOLLS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Kingdom.

Sir John James Ennis, M.P.

Since informer Delaney gave evidence at Sligo in the Tubbercurry conspiracy tase, certain well-known Fenians have left Dublin.

It is understood that the action of Miss Fortescue, a London actress, against Lord Garmoyle, son of Lord Cairns, for breach of promise of marriage has been withdrawn.

A suite of pearls, owned by the late Lady Otho Fitzgerald, has been privately bought by Queen Victoria for £40,000. They are intended as a present for Princess Beatrice.

Earl Granville announces that he will

A large meeting of Nationalists was held af Mullingar recently. Healy, Dawson, and Kenhy were present. At a banquet last evening Messrs. Sullivan and Harrington, members of Parliament, were each presented with a purse of three hundred and fifty pounds. Nationalist meetings were also held outside the town of Newry, despite the fact that a proclamation had been issued prohibiting such gatherings. Five hundred policemen and two troops or lancers were drafted from Dublin to prevent disturbance. Great excitement prevailed in and about Newry. Messrs. Biggar and O'Brien addressed the people as they were leaving church, advising them to come to terms with the landlords in order to secure farms. A letter was received in Dublin yesterday, stating that two dynamiters started for Newry from London, intending to blow up the public buildings if the meetings were stopped.

London, June 1.—Mme. Kalamine is still in Berlin. All attempts thus far to get her quietly to go away and forget her royal husband have failed. She will listen to noisband have failed. She will listen to no-ing short of full recognition of her marital ghts, and insists that she shall be either cepted as wife and maintained as one, or aced fairly before the world in a divorce lit. In reference to the latter proposition, is stated on good authority that Mme. alamine has offered to facilitate a separa-

London, June 2.—Mr. Dwight L. Moody, the evangelist, announced this evening at his revival service on the Thames embankment that the health of his colleague, Mr. Ira D.

London, June 1.—Patrick Delaney's testimony in the case of the Sligo conspirators at Tubbercurry gives the utmost satisfaction to the detectives. They have all along claimed that the Sligo conspirators were a band of "professional murderers." They now declare that Delaney's testimony will prove that the officers in arresting these villains have "unearthed a nest of vipers engaged in plots of wholesale slaughter." It is believed throughout Sligo that Fitzgerald is really a Fenian of the old school, which advocated armed rebellion against England, and did not favour assassination. He was a sturdy opponent of the plans of Brennan, Egan, and Sheridan. It is said he opposed the two first named because they did not favour open resistance, but advocated agitation and moral force, and that he objected to Sheridan's policy of murder. Some of Fitzgerald's friends go so far now as to say that it was Sheridan who ordered the "removal" of those landlords who were active in advocating the foreshadowed clause in the Irish Land Act which provided for State aided purchase of lands.

Second Analyserary of the Resito's Death,
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it was Sheridan who ordered the "remoral"
of those landlords who were active in advocating the foreshadowed clause in the Irish
Land Act which provided for State aided
purchase of lands.

Agrarian Crimes in Ireland.

London, June 3.—There has been a marked
increase in the number of agrarian crimes and
outrages in Ireland within the past few days,
and people are beginning to trace a connection between this fact and the dynamite explosions in London last Friday might. The
Conservative press and public men say that
this revival of the policy of murder is an act
of intimidation designed to coerce the House
of Lords into passing the Franchise bill. The
Liberals, on the other hand, refuse to admit
the connection between the agrarian crimes
in Ireland and the London explosions. The
former, they say, are isolated and sporadic
cases arising from local causes and private
fends. The London outrages, on the contrary, are plainly the work of area organized
band, and are designed for political effect
rather than to satisfy individual gradges.
The Liberals believe them to have been the
work of Irish extremists, who hope thereby
to diagnat the English well-wishers of Irisland, discredit the Irish leaders in Parliament by showing that they cannot control,
and do not even know, the plans and movements of their own one control,
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in the control of th Action of Dominion Gavernment Discussed in New York.

From Our Own Correspondent.

New York, May 30. Speaking of Canadin Government has been prompt to act upon the demand of the Monreal Board of Trade and other commercial being for an aboltion of bello in she Dominion canals in order to ensist their grain trade to compel with the United States. The Licians in the connection between the agrains of Lords into passing the Franchise bill.

It compels with the United States. The Lords and the London explosions. The compels with the United States. The Licians on the control between the agrains of Lords into passing the Franchise bill.

It is trade half way and have agreed in the connection between the agrains of Lords into passing the Franchise bill.

It is trade half way and have agreed in the commercial beautiful to the policy of the promised reductions by the elevator companies, and the far warders, to take of the word of the promised reductions by the elevator companies, and the far warders, to take of the lords of the London outrages, on the control of the

PRICE THO E CENTS.

It is reported that a marriage between the Czarovitch and the Princess Sophia Dorothea, granddaughter of the Emperor of Germany, was arranged by the Crown Prince during his visit to St. Petersburg.

Prince Bismarck opposes the pardoning of Krazewski, recently convicted at Leipsic of treason, on the ground that when the Polish party desired to show sympathy for Germany, Krazewski acted as a spy in favour of France. He was, Bismarck declares, playing the double game of Polish patriot and Russo-French emissary.

Paris, May 29.—The Government proposes to celebrate the centenary of the commencement of the French Revolution in 1789 is an imposing manner. It has also resolved upon making an especially brilliant exhibition to be held in Paris in 1889.

When Louis XVI. ascended the throne at a period which was, perhaps, the most inglorious of French history. Carlyle, in one of the opening paragraphs of his French Revolution, says:—"With Pompadourism and Dubarryism, his Fleur-de-lis has been shamefully struck down in all lands and on all seas; poverty invades even the royal exchequer, and tax farming can squeeze out no more; there is a quarrel of twenty-five yearsstanding with the Parliament; everywhere Want, Dishonesty, Unbeliet, and hot-brained Sciolists for State physicians; it is a protentions hour." In this condition of affairs the King called together the assembly of the Notables to consider how the necessary mone; for the affairs of the State was to be raised

A Paris despatch says Gen. Millot attacked and occupied Turnquong on Tuesday. The enemy offered only a feeble resistance.

A Paris despatch says the Emperor of Annam has expressed his acceptance of the principle of the proposed treaty with France.

News has reached Cairo that the new black False Prophet has appeared before Darfour and defeated El Mehdi's troops. The new Mehdi says El Medhi was one of his former dervishes.

Five Mexican States will declare was against President Gonzales on account of the rovenue stamp tax. Troops are being concentrated in the interior.

The Commercio, of Lima, states that the city of Cuszoo was taken on the 18th ulr. by Caceres, and the prefect of the city and other Government officials made prisoners. The Indians taken by Prefect Mas, of Junion during the encounter at Vilcahambe, were

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE OR SMALL sums, according to length of time and character of security. Apply to the Trust and Loan Company of Canada, corner Toronto and Adealde streets, Toronto.

RELIGIOUS.

No religious man, writes the Rev. Canon Durteis, need shrink from saying: "I am a Christian agnostic; I hold firmly to the docrine of St. Paul, who exclaims, in sheer lespair of fathoming the unfathomable, "On, the depth of God! How unsearchable are this judgments and inscrutable His ways."

receipts were less by £768. The difference was occasioned by the extension fund, but was met by the contingent fund, which latter had still a balance of £18,000.

longs to every parishioner. As in private life we are pleased with that graceful whole town is aroused. No arrests have yet been made.

It inding no money, they bound and gagged a common drink that can be made a substitute for beer.

One indication of the growth of prohibition to sentiment is found in the fact that the leading magazines of the country are publishing.

In sat the door with a cordial grasp of the hand, so also, when we are strangers in a city, we are impressed with that Christian courtesy, which meets us at the church entrance with a hearty welcome, assigns us a comfortable seat, makes us feel at home, and invites us to come again.

The Bishop of the Christian Catholic Church, in Switzerland, the Right Rev. Dr. Herzog, reports a slow but sure increase in the membership of the Church. He has nearly sixty priests at work in the various parishes, whose chief success seems to be in the German Cantons. The editor of the Deutscher Merkur, in his view of Bishop Herzog's pastoral letter on "Inter-Communion with the Anglo-American Church," published in 1881, remarks:—"We might be tempted to look upon the flourishing Episcopal Church of America, which is apostolic as to its constitution, Scriptural in its teaching, and primitive in its liturgy, withal humane, natural, tolerant, and patriotic—we might be tempted to look upon this church with envy; could we not rather rejoice heartily at being in communion with it, in the bonds of faith and love."

Mr. Fountain J. Hartley, one of the secretaries of the Sanday School Union has a possible of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars a sion of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars a sion of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars a

and love."

Mr. Fountain J. Hartley, one of the secretaries of the Sunday School Union, has published in the Sunday School Chronicle two statistical papers, in which he gives an estimate of the number of Sunday school teachers and scholars in the United Kingdom and throughout the world. In the United Kingdom the totals are:—Teachers, 674.704; scholors, 6,060,677. In Great Britain there are 760,256 teachers, and 6,825,708 scholars. In the United States, 932,283 teachers, and 6,820,835 scholars. As to Sunday schools on the continent and in connection with the various missionary societies throughout the world, only an approximate estimate is possible; but Mr. Hartley gives the following figures as the minimum computation:—In

out the world is therefore.—Teachers, 1,766, 996; scholars, 14,806,451.

The Hon. and Rev. Canon Anson has been appointed first bishop of Assiniboia, the see which was set apart at the last meeting of the Provincial Synod in Winnipeg. The Hon. Adelbert John Robert Anson is the youngest son of the late Thomas William Anson, in the county of Stafford, who received the earldom by creation in 1831. He belongs to the same family as the elebrated Admiral Anson, and his eldest brother is the present Earl of Lichfield. Canon Anson is unmarried and 45 years of sg., He is a graduate of Oxford and was ordained in 1865. He held the cursoy of St. John's, Wolverhampton, from 1864 to 1866, was curste of Bilston from 1865 to 1886, was curste of Bilston from 1866 to 1880, vicar of St. Michael's, Handsworth, from 1876 to 1875, and became rector of St. Mary's, Woolwich, in 1875. After eight years' work there, impressed by the great need of elergy in the North-West, he last year saigned his living, worth £700 a year, and offered his services to the Bishop of Rupert's Land as a travelling missionary, to work without salary. The Bishop assigned him the district of Assiniboia, then just opening up for settlement, and after visiting the North-West last fall Canon Anson revisition to England as the commissary of the Bishop. Canon Anson is a man of some private means, and has been working entirely without remuneration. The Provincial Synod last yeart vested the appointment of the new bishop in the hands of the Archbishop of Canterbury, absolutely, and for some time it has appeared a loregone conclusion that the bishoptic would be offered to one who had, given up a great deal to devote himself to missionary work. The bishop designate had previously relinsed a bishoppric in Central Africa. He is an honorary canon of Rochester Cathedral, and colevisationally is what is known as a "High Churchman," having signed the Remembartance on the Parobas full and the start of four little work without selections. The four little was provided to the ca

UNITED STATES.

Budget of News from Over the Border.

The steamer Boston City, which arrived at Boston on Sunday, brought 210 Hoistein lattle, some costing upwards of \$1,700 before

tems of Interest from the United

London, June 1.—The Queen is stated to have looked in better health and to have shown better spirits during her recent journey to Scotland than last year. Meantime she takes severe revenge on anybody who ventures on the slightest departure from the rigorous observance of the mourning code, and the Earl of Cork, who is her Majesty's Master of the Buckhounds, has fallen into severe disfavour, because having changed his house he gave a little dance before the termination of the mourning period.

come as the latter may deem necessary to her comfort. In England, however, such a contingency is laughed at.

that the health of his colleague, Mr. Ira D. Sankey, had again collapsed. He added that Mr. Sankey's complete restoration to health was deemed absolutely improbable, and that his voice, which had so often led thousands of assembled worshippers in the songs of Zion, would probably never be heard again in their services. The preacher said that the great singer's present prostration was so complete that he had been compelled to retire from the work of evangelization, and would sail for his home in the United States on next Saturday. Mr. Moody pronounced a touching eulogium on the services and devotion of Mr. Sankey, and concluded by asking the prayers of the congregation for the preservation of his useful and honoured life. The response was very earnest and affecting. Several fervent prayers were offered for Mr. Sankey's recovery, and many people in the vast congregation, including strong men as well as women, were moved to tears.

was the Rev. Mr. Mackie, a Presbyterian minister, who performed the ceremony solemnly and impressively, and delivered a buching oration. After the customary tears and embrades, the happy little couple were driven to the station to begin their honey-moon tour of the Continent.

Lord Aylesford Assaulted LONDON, May 29.—The Ears of Aylesford, ho is well known in America as the owner of an immense ranch in Texas, on which he

"YOUNG IRELAND."

GIUSEPPE GARIBALDI.

flowers and packed with people. Among the features of the decorations was an enormous wedding cake, on which the bride and groom could easily have stood, and which after being exhibited was out and diributed on little satin covered to the ladies of the audience they left the hall. The band of the Third Dragoons was in attendance and played a wedding march as the unique procession came down the aisle. The bride's costume was of cream-coloured satin, with pearls and orange blossoms, and the groom wore a full dress uniform and sword of major-general in the Unites States army. The bridesmaids were Miss Thornton, a local belle of Manchester, and Miss Alice Flynn, the groom's sister, and the general's best man was Herr Ulpts, a Gernan dwarf. The officiating elergyman was the Rev. Mr. Mackie, a Presbyterian minister, who performed the ceremony solemnly and impressively. and delivered a granddaughter of the Emperor of Germany.

during his voluntary expatriation. The earl has lately been prominently before the law courts of England in the role of an injured husband with the young Duke of Marlborough as the co-respondent. He had just succeeded in defeating Lady Aylesford's claim for alimony on the ground that she had been guilty of "molestation" by appropriating his second title—Lord Guernsey—for her illegitimate child by the Duke of Marlborough. Perhaps it was to celebrate this victory that he got intoxicated at the Derby yesterday, but at all events he was very drunk when he came back from the races to London Bridge in a third-class carriage of an excursion train on the Dover and Chatham railway. The train was crowded with roughs and a succession of small skirmishes took place between the guards and the passengers all the way up to London. Lord Aylesford was not only drunk but obstinate, and he absolutely refused to surrender his ticket to the inspector at London bridge. The official persisted in his demand, and the noble earl hit him on the head with a stout walking stick. A struggle ensued, in the course of which Lord Aylesford was thrown heavily to the ground. When he was picked up it was found that one of his legs had been broken in two places, and he was carried to a cab and driven home. He now threatens an action for damages against the Dover and Chatham Railway Company, but if he attempts this the company will undoubtedly retort with a prosecution for assault and battery upon the inspector.

Movement to Found Another Irish Party.

LONDON, June 2.—Sir Charles Gavan Duffy is desirous of infusing new his into the Young Ireland party of 1848. With this object in view he intends issuing a series of Irish national publications. While not openly opposed to Mr. Parnell, Sir Charles Gavan Duffy considers the present movement too selfish, and advocates the simple restoration of the Parliament in College Green. Mr. John O'Leary has contributed two volumes on the life of Theobald Wolfe Tone and a sketch on Fenianism. Mr. Thomas Clarke Luby, one of the Link Republican Council of There of In July, 1848, Sir Charles Gavan Duffy was put on trial in Dublin. One of the overtacts charged against him was the publication in his paper, the Nation of the powerful lyric.

the popular representative of New Ross.

AFTER A BRIEF CARRER IN PARLIAMENT, where, with Lucas, Dillon, Moore, and Sharman Crawford, he became a leading tenant right advocate, Mr. Duffy left England in 1854 for Victoria. There he soon rose to the highest positions in the State, graduating step by step from the offices of Minister of Lands and Works to those of Minister of Justice, Prime Minister, and finally Speaker of the Legislative Assembly. After an absence of hearly thirty years, Sir Charles Gavan Duffy returned to England to tell what was practically the story of his life in "Young Ireland, a Fragment of Irish History."

Sir Charles, since his return from Australia, has taken little or no part in Irish national politics, and was looked upon by those who remembered him in 1848 as a "backslider."

The Nile is rising rapidly, and it is expected Gen. Gordon's armed boats will be able to drive the rebels from the banks above and below Khartoum, and open communication with Berber and Cairo. A rumour prevails that the rebels have withdrawn from around Shandy

that the rebels have withdrawn from around Shendy.

The Catholic bishop of the Soudan has just arrived at Cairo from the south. Hereports that seven Italian priests and four Sisters of Mercy have been massacred at El Obeid, and that three priests were exposed naked to the sun for four days and died from the effects thereof.

The Governor of Dongola telegraphs that the rebels northward of Berber have completely submitted to his authority. The prospects at Kassela are much brighter. The rebels continue their night attacks upon Suakim, but the Egyptian troops are beneving weil. The rebel attacks yesterday evening were repulsed and the rebels compelled to retire, leaving five killed and five wounded behind them.

Arabi Pasha in a recent interview declared

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y By the central position of its line, connects the Bast and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chest and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leaven-Worke, Atchison, Minnespolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of rold between the Atlantic and the Pacific Ceens, because the composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Buy Coaches, Magnificent Horton Receiling Chest, Cars, Fullman's Prettiest Palace Bleeping Cars, Cars, Fullman's Prettiest Palace Bleeping Cars, the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. The Dest Line of Dining Cars in the World. The Panis between Chicago and Missour, River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Missour, River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minnespolis and St. Paul, via the Famous Cargo and Minnespolis and St. Paul, via the Famous