

THE UNION ADVOCATE.

VOL. 41

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 18, 1903

No. 6

EMULSION COD LIVER OIL AND IRON. BY-ELECTIONS

An excellent Remedy for all Coughs and Colds, and Lung Troubles of any kind, in short a fine Tonic and general Cleanser. Considering its general excellence, it is very cheap at our

Price, 50c per bottle.

We know a lot of people it has benefited, and very likely it will benefit you if you try it.

We also stock a full assortment of the Nyal preparations and

Dr. Shoop's Home Medicines.

Come to Duricks and buy the very latest

Souvenir Goods and Post Cards.

Durick's Drug Store
Thos. J. Durick, Prop.

FIRELIGHTER

Why use kindlings, when

"IDEAL FIRELIGHTER"

will serve the purpose without

DIRT OR BOTHER?

TRY A PACKAGE.

ONLY 10 CENTS PER DOZEN CAKES.

GEO STABLES.

"THE PHARMACY"



Did it ever occur to you that those dull headaches from which you suffer come from eye strain? Do the letters blur when

you are reading? You cannot get new eyes but you can get new glasses. We test the eyes and supply glasses to suit each patient. Glasses recommended only when required.

A. E. Shaw Druggist.

C. M. DICKSON, Optician.

THE PHARMACY

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

PRINTED STATIONERY.

It is as important that you use neatly printed stationery as it is that you dress well. Many people with whom you correspond judge you by the business paper you use.

WE HAVE THE MOST CORRECT STYLES.

The Advocate Publishing Company,
NEWCASTLE

LADIES' HAND BAGS

A fine line worthy of your special notice in the newest shapes and leather effects.

Purses, Card Cases, Bill Rolls, Letter Books, Cigar Cases, Writing Folios, etc., in fine leather at attractive prices.

H. WILLISTON & CO.

Jewellers. Established 1889. Newcastle, N. B.

DECEMBER 1ST.

Nomination in Northumberland and Carleton Counties on November 24th.

ERNEST HUTCHINSON

Is Local Government Candidate, With F. D. Swim Running on the Same Side.

The by-election in Northumberland and Carleton counties will be held on the first of next month; nomination, November 24th.

Donald Morrison, of Northumberland, former Speaker of the house, and B. Frank Smith, of Carleton, both resigned their seats to enter the contest for federal honors and were defeated.

J. R. H. Simms, of Bath, has announced himself a candidate to fill the vacancy in the legislature caused by the resignation of B. Frank Smith. He intends to run independent of party. George W. White, of Centreville, who for years was a member of the legislature, and at the time of its abolition, a member of the legislative council, is also in the field as an independent candidate. His canvass is unique, for he offers to donate the whole of his sessional allowance to charity, but the bulk of it to go to the Woodstock Hospital.

Two candidates supporting the Local Government—Ernest Hutchinson and F. D. Swim—are in the field in Northumberland Co., and a Liberal convention is called for Thursday at Chatham.

DRUMMOND IRON MINES.

The Iron Mountain Now Being Stripped. It is 500 Feet Thick.

SEEKING SHIPPING PORT.

Ore to be Sent to Nova Scotia to be Smelted.

Mr. C. E. Fish, the chief lumber surveyor of the province, who has just returned from a trip to the Nepesiguit iron mines, gives a most interesting account of the work being done at the Drummond properties.

A crew of about thirty men have been at work since last spring. They have stripped the wood and sod off the entire mountain, exposing the ore to view. This mountain is about one hundred feet high and the iron ore is down to a depth of about four hundred feet.

The Drummond Company is erecting a number of substantial buildings and a trial shipment is being made ready for transport to the company's furnaces in Nova Scotia. This will be hauled to Red Pine and then shipped by rail.

The promoters are at present looking over the ground for a suitable shipping port and Mr. Fish thought that Newcastle was the nearest deep water port which could handle this business. The promoters are enthusiastic at the appearance of things at their property, and there is not a doubt but that there will be great developments all along the line as a result of the opening up of this property.

A western paper says that a fine, new schoolhouse has just been finished in that town capable of accommodating three hundred students, four stories high.

A clay tablet has been found in Crete which seems to prove conclusively that the art of printing from movable types was known in a crude way 4,000 years ago.

Every old widower realizes that the whole world loves to laugh at a lover.

WE INVITE YOU

to call and look at our line of
**CALENDERS
XMAS CARDS
POST CARDS.**

In a week or two the rush for these goods will commence. An early selection will be to your advantage.

Follansbee & Co.,
Public Square NEWCASTLE

Conservative Convention.

Protests Against Machine Rule in the Party and Nominates Frank D. Swim, of Doaktown.

The Convention called by the Executive of the Northumberland Liberal-Conservative Association and the Hazen organization, met in Town Hall this forenoon. About 180 men were present. Every parish was represented but Glenelg, Hardwicke and Rogersville. John Clark presided.

Secretaries T. W. Butler and W. H. Belyea explained the object of the meeting. It was to protest against the high-handed manner in which Mr. Ernest Hutchinson's candidature had been forced upon the County by the Local Government without consulting the electors.

J. L. STEWART.

J. M. Stewart, said that the people had the right to nominate their Candidate. He had waited in vain for Hon. Mr. Morrissey to call a convention.

F. D. SWIM.

F. D. Swim said that this looked like another Northumberland Deal. It was time that the farmers and hired men take a hand and say that the deal shall not go through. We have not had good government for the last fifteen years. The Hazen Government had done good work, but shall Mr. Hazen now step in and say that the lumber interests shall rule!

T. W. FLETT.

T. W. Flett said that for fifteen to twenty-five years this County had been always represented by men chosen by three or four lumber kings and endorsed by their subordinates. Last February the people had at last a change to nominate candidates and they had elected them. Now we are back to days of old Northumberland Deal. Mr. Hutchinson's card says he is a friend to the lumbermen. So are we all. But Mr. Hutchinson is most friendly to the big operators. He favors the ninety-nine year lease. Sawmills are being converted into pulp mills which employ fewer men and injure the County. Where do the small fry come in? No use for them to build mills, because they have no lumber lands. He would help elect the man nominated here to-day.

W. A. HICKSON.

W. A. Hickson said that this was a very strange meeting. He hadn't heard what this meeting was for. Mr. Hutchinson, a good candidate, was in the field supporting the government. If we nominate a man here to-day it would let the Liberals elect their candidate. He had faith in this government. This County was nothing without the lumber interests. He had no axe to grind. What would candidate nominated to-day do?

J. L. Stewart—Let the other man get out.

Mr. Hickson—This meeting had better endorse Hutchinson. Latter stands high, and would be of great assistance to Hazen at Fredericton. He would be a splendid representative. Our representatives now are weak. In last house two men dominated, Hutchinson would be most valuable representative. He did not want to see Conservative party split up.

JAMES DALE.

James Dale did not agree with Mr. Hickson. We will not tolerate what has been done to force a candidate upon us. Upper end of the County should be represented in the Assembly.

EDWARD GALLIVAN.

Edward Gallivan deprecated any attempt to create dissension in the Local government ranks. We should consider before taking a leap in the dark.

EPHRAIM HAYES.

Ephraim Hayes did not agree with Mr. Hickson. We had had enough of deals. Mr. Hutchinson had been nominated by Messrs. Morrissey and Hazen. Hazen government had turned out poor men as scallars and left rich ones in. Hutchinson and James Robinson had no use for the poor man.

J. D. CREAUGHAN.

J. D. Creaughan thought it better

to hesitate. This meeting was not regular. He had never been notified though he was Vice-president of the Conservative Association. This meeting was called in rebellion against Premier Hazen, in the interests of smaller lumber operators, who had been wronged by the old government. Hutchinson was not now a lumberman. Hazen conceded his experience in order to help the small operators.

THOS. BARNETT.

Thos. Barnett said that the Labor men of this county were never heard. Elections in this county had been run on spruce logs and religion. Only a few had anything to say about this county. The candidate should be a working man—one who cuts and drives the lumber. He wanted a candidate that would see that the working man was taxed fairly, and who would compel property owners to hand in full valuation of their estates.

L. DOYLE.

L. Doyle did not know where we could get a more competent man than Mr. Hutchinson.

On motion the meeting proceeded to organize, Messrs. Creaughan and Hickson protesting that the meeting was irregular.

The following registered as delegates.

Ladlow—J. D. Murphy.

Blissfield—F. D. Swim, Wm. T. Robinson.

Blackville—Jas. Dale, W. J. McLaggan, C. B. Ross, Percy Lebbans.

Derby—John Betts, John Bryenton.

Nelson—Ephraim Hayes, T. W. Flett, Wm. Kirk, Michael O'shea, John M. Sutton, Michael King, Michael Lynch, Wm. Fitzpatrick, Thos. Lynch, Michael Walsh.

North Esk—James Hoesford, James Wye, John McColm, Geo. McLean.

South Esk—D. Power, Jeremiah Keys, John Park.

Newcastle—John Clark, Thos. Russell, John Ferguson, W. H. Belyea, T. W. Butler, Wm. Stymiest, Wm. Curtis, Thos. Barnett, L. Doyle.

Chatham—J. L. Stewart, Lahay, Albert McLennan, A. J. Fraser, J. W. McIntyre.

Alnwick—M. S. Stewart, Wm. Morrison, Alfred Morrison, Donald J. Ross.

Adjourned till 2:00 p m

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 2 p.m., 45 delegates present. After the meeting came to order, T. W. Butler read the following series of resolutions, which were taken up one by one;

1. Resolved: that this Convention, individually and collectively, put upon record its determination to prevent by all lawful means, any and all attempt or attempts, on the part of any individual or individuals, clique or cliques, governments or ministers thereof, to secure the nomination or election of a candidate to represent the people in either Parliament, without full and fair opportunity for the people to choose the candidate themselves, to discuss the questions upon which they have to judge, and express that judgment as provided by the laws of the country.

2. Further resolved: that this Convention collectively and individually, put upon record its determination to prevent by all lawful means the use of money, intoxicating liquor, promise of office or employment, or other corrupt practice, to influence the electors or any of them, in the way they are to vote.

3. Resolved: that this Convention individually and collectively put upon record its determination to prevent by all lawful means the introduction into politics, or use in election contest of any religious denominational, or sectarian cry, or other kindred subjects, calculated to appeal to the prejudices of the people or divert their judgment from the question at issue in the nation's interest, when depositing their ballots.

Resolution 1 was moved by T. W. Butler, seconded by John McColm and carried unanimously.

Resolution 2, moved by T. W.

(Continued on page 5.)

THE ANDERSON FURNITURE CO.

Will Locate at Halifax on Much Less Favorable Terms Than It Had When Here

FAIR WAGE CLAUSE

Will Be In New Agreement Which The Firm is Making in That City.

The Laws and Privileges Committee of the Halifax City Council met on the 11th instant, and settled on certain recommendations re the Anderson Furniture Company. The plan finally adopted by the committee provides for taxation from the beginning. The first year the Company's property will be assessed for the value of the land at the time of its purchase. For five years after, the plant, etc., will be assessed at \$15,000 a year, and for another five years the assessment will be placed at \$25,000.

Another bone of contention was the retail business allowed by the charter. The promoters were quite willing to strike out this clause altogether. This was done. The terms of the loan were finally agreed upon. The city will add the company by loaning \$40,000. The city will be secured by a first mortgage on the property. The company will pay interest on the amount yearly at 5 per cent. The difference in the interest paid by the company to the city and that payable by the city on the bonds or stock issued to raise the sum loaned shall be applied to a sinking fund for the redemption of the stock at maturity.

The company also agrees to pay the city yearly a sum, which, together with the difference in interest will be sufficient, when compounded at 3 1/2 per cent, to redeem the bonds or stock issued by the city in connection with the loan at maturity.

The period of redemption expressed in the mortgages will be one year. The city will give an undertaking, by a separate agreement, that, in the event of the interest and other payments being regularly made and the other conditions observed by the company, that it will not demand repayment of the sum advanced for 33 years. The company may make payments towards the reduction of the loan any time during the 33 years in sums of not less than \$1,000 each.

A clause will be inserted to safeguard the interests of the city in respect to any amendments to the act of incorporation which the company might hereafter seek. It will provide that a charter be secured under the Companies act of Nova Scotia granting the company the rights and power to carry out the objects agreed to. If any amendment is to be asked for it must first be approved of by the city council on penalty of forfeiting the exemptions and of having the mortgage foreclosed.

The Anderson Chair Company proposition was adopted by the Halifax Council on the 18th, after a clause had been inserted providing that "fair wages" be paid employees by the firm.

Mr. Anderson said he had supplied labor for nearly forty years. He had never had a strike nor a demand for more wages. He had had men grow up with his industries and he would like the Council to hear them. The only way he could get good men was by paying fair wages. Every man is paid all he can earn, and if he does not get enough he gets out. The price was to be paid for labor and material.

Notwithstanding Mr. Anderson's assurances, the "fair wages" clause was inserted in the agreement. Several of the Aldermen were against bonuses under any condition, but they were overruled by the majority.

IN THE SUPREME COURT

Cases of Towns of Newcastle and Campbellton Argued Last Week

Before the Supreme Court in Fredericton, Saturday morning, the case regarding the Anderson Furniture Company, Limited, referred to the full bench by Judge Hanington for an opinion was heard. M. G. Teed, K. C., supported the application of the liquidator for an order in re the Town of Newcastle. H. A. Powell, K. C., appeared for the Royal Bank of Canada and J. H. Barry, K. C., for the town of Newcastle.

When the Anderson Company built their factory at Newcastle the town gave them a bonus of \$20,000, repayable at the rate of \$1,000 per annum without interest. When the factory was burned down \$2,000 of the amount had been paid. The liquidator claims that from the insurance money he should only pay the town about \$14,000 which at 4 per cent per annum for 17 years would be about \$18,000 which amount the town claims should be paid in full. Judgement will be given later.

The appeal of the case of Charles S. O. Crockett, plaintiff, respondent, and the town of Campbellton defendant, appellant, was taken up and was before the court on adjournment at noon. M. G. Teed, K. C., for the town of Campbellton, moved to set aside the verdict for the plaintiff and to enter a verdict for the defendant or to grant a new trial. O. S. Crockett, M. P., contra.