

# THE QUESTION OF FUEL

## Review of the Situation in the Crow's Nest District.

## Danger of Giving the Hill Interests a Fuel Monopoly.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 17.—The Daily Province of this city, the leading Liberal paper of British Columbia, publishes a long special for its correspondent at Fort Steele today, which says in part:

As every one knows, East Kootenay contains some of the richest silver-lead deposits on this continent, perhaps in the world. The task of developing these properties has been beset with many difficulties. Labor troubles at one time tied up the district, but peace now reigns, and though wages are high, it is thought more economical to pay big wages than to precipitate fresh strikes. The price of pig lead in the United States is so much greater than the price in Eastern Canada, China or the United Kingdom, and that market is so much nearer the base of operations here than with free trade between Canada and the States, every pound of lead produced in the Kootenays would go across the line and yield a far higher profit to the mine owner than he can possibly get today in those lower and more distant markets. Unfortunately, congress has levied a duty of 1 1/2 cents per pound on lead in ore, with a duty of 2 1/8 cents on pig lead. Thus our product is virtually excluded from its nearest and best place of sale—a state of things which reduces the value of every silver-lead mine in the country, as compared with what its value would be if it were on the American side, at least to the extent of 30 per cent of ore.

Under the Dingley tariff, American smelters are at liberty to smelt Canadian ores in bond on condition that they export 90 per cent of the resulting lead. For some time past, however, the smelting trust in the United States has refused to buy Canadian ore, simply because it is unable to control the output of lead in the States and has more on its hands than it can get rid of without bringing about a reduction of the price, namely \$3.50 per hundred pounds, which it pays for the product of American ores. Our Canadian ores have therefore to be smelted at Nelson and Trail, or at Everett, Wash., and San Francisco, these two American smelters being the only ones within reach that have not been absorbed by the smelting trust. Heretofore, for this reason, the smelting charge, or as it is called, the cost of freight and treatment, paid by the Kootenay mine owners has been somewhat high; but it was reduced the other day from \$10 to \$15 per ton. This reduction has been forced by the fall in the value of silver and lead, which amounts all round to no less than \$20 per ton of ore.

The freight and treatment charge could be further still reduced if we had cheaper coal and coke. The cost of coal and coke represents 25 or 30 per cent of the whole cost of smelting lead ore, and at least 50 per cent of the cost of smelting the gold-copper ores of the Boundary country. The entire fuel supply of the Kootenays comes from the Crow's Nest. The Crow's Nest Coal company, organized by certain persons in Toronto, is the pioneer of the industry, and has had to spend a great deal of money in expediting and obtaining a knowledge of the peculiar local conditions.

On this account the Kootenay mine owners are quite willing to pay it though it yield a fair return upon the capital invested. But the present price of \$2 per ton for coal and \$4 for coke on the cars at Fernie, is without doubt too high. In any event it is essential that the Crow's Nest Coal Company should cease to have a monopoly of the fuel supply of Southern British Columbia. There is no hostility to the existing company. It deserves and is given credit for the enterprise it has displayed. But the time has come when we have entered upon a period of depression, to terminate its monopoly and introduce competition.

The situation is aggravated by the fact that Mr. J. J. Hill has come into possession of a large interest in the C. N. C. company. There is no coal or coke so good as this on the American side of the line, at any point within convenient distance of the American smelters. Mr. Hill is building a line from Kalispell on the Great Northern to Fernie, which will be completed in July. He will then, it is said, secure the controlling interest in the Crow's Nest company. He would scarcely spend the money to build a road to Fernie unless he was sure of becoming master of the mines. With this road finished he will at once begin to feed American smelters with coal and coke, and of course will be in a position to "hold up" the Canadian smelters, and in truth drive the smelting industry of British Columbia into the United States.

This adds to the necessity of establishing competition with the Crow's Nest Coal company, and of establishing it at once. It has taken that company three years of hard work to ship a thousand tons of coal daily. A rival company would require at least six months or more to open its mines, get its machinery in working order, and be ready to compete on anything like an equal footing with Mr. Hill and his Kalispell road. It so happens that there are only four available places for mining in the Crow's Nest. At two of these, at Michel and Coal Creek, the existing company has started mines, and it will begin to mine at a third point, north of Morrissey creek. The only point remaining less on the south of Morrissey creek, and is embraced in the area re-

served by the Dominion government for the purpose of "holding a club" over Messrs. Hill, Jaffray and Cox. Though they profess to deny it, these gentlemen naturally enough wish to get possession of the deposit south of Morrissey, which would give them absolute control of all the Crow's Nest coal measures. They could not very well ask Mr. Sifton to convey the land south of Morrissey to themselves, that is, to the C. N. C. Coal company, so they are trying to induce him to convey it to an allied company masquerading under another name. Failing in this, they will insist that Mr. Sifton shall not lease the land south of Morrissey at all, but lock it up and keep it out of the market in order to shut off competition with themselves. As may be imagined, the Kootenay mine owners don't relish this prospect. The coal deposits at the Crow's Nest are perhaps the sole factor in lead mining in which we have a distinct advantage over the Americans. It is our one and only asset, and to see it carried off by Mr. J. J. Hill in the interest of American smelters is more than Canadian human nature could endure. No one supposes, however, that Mr. Sifton will allow himself to be jockeyed into consummating the Hill monopoly in that fashion.

The Canadian Pacific railway, whose Crow's Nest line traverses the coal measures, is not at liberty to mine, is debarred from doing so by an agreement made four years ago with the Crow's Nest Coal company, when no one had any idea that Mr. Hill would ever appear upon the scene. It is obvious, however, that the only effective competition against Mr. Hill that could be established would be that of a company carried on by a rival coal company on such friendly terms with the C. P. R. that the two together would leave nothing undone to cut prices and give Canadian smelters a good article of coal and coke. As it is, the Canadian smelters declare with one voice that the Crow's Nest Coal company is shipping its best coal and coke to the United States via Lethbridge and supplying them with an inferior stuff at an exorbitant figure. Happily the subject is not mixed up with party politics. Mr. Jaffray is president of the Toronto Globe and Mr. Cox a Liberal senator, but they are not the whole Liberal party, with the cabinet thrown in. As said, no one has the slightest desire to injure them or their company.

All that the Kootenay mine owners ask, and it is a reasonable request, is that honest competition shall be set on foot, so that Mr. Hill shall not have it in his power to discriminate against Canadian and in favor of American smelters, and also that the present high price of fuel may be reduced, now that we are obliged to curtail output of all sorts because of the heavy fall in the value of silver and lead. No doubt Mr. Sifton will do what is right, and do it at once. It is essential that the new coal company, whoever may compose it, should start development work without delay in order that it may begin shipping to Canadian smelters, and so soon as Mr. Hill's road is finished, otherwise the process of wrecking Canadian smelters by discriminating against them may be carried so far as to leave the situation here beyond hope of recovery.

Last session the Dominion parliament voted a bonus of \$100,000 a year for the establishment of a lead refinery in British Columbia. At present our lead bullion has to be sent for refining to San Francisco. The proprietors of the Trail smelter have the erection of a refinery there which will cost \$50,000. The plant will be added to as the production of lead increases. Mine owners will, it is said, get the full benefit of the bounty of \$5 per ton, which will be of great assistance to the industry. But it would be a manifest contradiction for the government to pay this bounty for the refining with one hand if with the other it was helping "Jim" Hill to throttle mining and smelting in this province.

### BATTLE IN A MINE.

Officers Beaten in a Fight With Ore Thieves.

VICTOR, Col., Jan. 17.—A desperate battle 400 feet under ground between ore thieves and officers and trusted employes occurred in the great Independence mine, on Battle mountain. Between 50 and 75 shots were exchanged between the opposing parties. Lee Glockner, a member of the company's force, was shot twice, but not seriously injured.

The fight was most desperate, but the pirates finally gained the upper hand and forced the company men to retreat toward the big shaft, giving the thieves an opportunity to escape. The management of Stratton's Independence company of London, England, which owns the Independence mine, has been aware for a long time that rich silvanite deposits in the mine were being systematically robbed, the stealings amounting to thousands of dollars a month.

Detectives were employed, and it is said the thieves were detected in the act of looting a rich seam of ore. They escaped through the underground workings connected with an adjoining property.

JUMPED HER BAIL.

"The Blue Goose" Left Grand Forks Suddenly for Republic.

GRAND FORKS, Jan. 17.—Mrs. Anna Hamer, alias "The Blue Goose," who was to have been sentenced in the police court today on the charge of procuring, jumped her bail early this morning and drove to Republic, Wash. She was accompanied by two companions. The trio on reaching Republic were arrested for evading the smallpox quarantine maintained at the boundary line by the state authorities. It is probable they may be deported. If this is done Mrs. Hamer may yet receive punishment for inducing Mrs. Sim Galoway of Spokane to come to Canada in order to lead an immoral life. Mrs. Hamer fled from her home while Jos. Taylor, a special constable, was on guard at the door. Taylor was arrested today for neglect of duty. His explanation was that he had fallen asleep. He was committed for trial.

# POPULATION OF B.C.

## THE PROVINCE WILL BE ENTITLED TO ONE ADDITIONAL MEMBER.

## CORRECTED RETURNS IN REGARD TO SOME EASTERN ELECTIONS.

OTTAWA, Jan. 16.—It is likely that the four Liberal members from British Columbia and Prof. Prince will constitute the fishery commission.

The official census returns show that British Columbia has a population of 177,272, as against 98,173 in 1891. Under the rules of representation the next house of commons will consist of 210 members. Prince Edward Island loses one, Nova Scotia two, New Brunswick one, and Ontario six. Manitoba gains three, the Territories two, British Columbia one, and the Yukon gets one.

MONTREAL, Jan. 16.—Corrected returns received from Laval this afternoon show the election yesterday of Leonard (Con.) by 160 majority.

Hermann H. Wolf has been appointed Danish consul general at Montreal.

QUEBEC, Jan. 16.—The Quebec legislature has been summoned to meet on February 13.

MONTREAL, Jan. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Duncan has given \$40,000 to the Montreal Diocesan Theological College to endow a chair in memory of her brother, to be known as the John Duncan chair of dogmatic theology.

KINGSTON, Jan. 16.—News was received here today of the death at Belfast, Ireland, of Rev. Samuel Houston, formerly of this city, and at the time of his death Canadian emigration commissioner in the north of Ireland.

ST. JEAN, Port Joli, Jan. 16.—Carboneau, government Liberal, is elected in L'Islet by a majority.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—John Lee, member for East Kent in the legislature, has given notice of a bill amending the election act. He proposes giving railway employees who cannot vote on election day the privilege of going before the returning officer or a justice of the peace within 48 hours and casting their votes.

SHERBROOKE, Que., Jan. 16.—Mrs. T. Miller, caretaker of the infirmary of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, committed suicide this morning by taking poison. She lived at St. John, N. B., until a short time ago.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—J. Herbert Mason has been appointed managing director of the Canadian Permanent Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—The Evening Telegram cable says: Anticipating the visit from Sir Wilfrid Laurier, when the Canadian premier sails to attend the coronation ceremonies at the town council of Swansea, Wales, yesterday decided to offer him the freeword of the borough.

Hon. James Sutherland was sworn in as minister of marine and fisheries at Ottawa today. It is understood there will be a shuffle in the cabinet later and that a British Columbia member will get a portfolio.

Prof. Prince and Messrs. Maxwell, Morrison and Smith, M. P.'s, were appointed a fisheries commission to take evidence at Victoria, Vancouver, Nanaimo and New Westminster.

### DEADLOCK AT NORTHPORT.

Socialist Members of Council Shut Out of City Hall.

NORTHPORT, Wash., Jan. 16.—The three councilmen and other city officers elected by the Socialists went to the city hall last night to attend a regular meeting of the city council. They found the door locked and were unable to gain admission to the council chambers. City Clerk Anderson called the roll and a meeting was held in the open street. As the attendance was one short of a quorum the meeting was adjourned to Friday evening without transacting business.

The anti-Socialists have possession of the city hall and they prevented the meeting for the purpose of keeping the Socialists from electing a police justice and marshal for the ensuing year while one of the anti-Socialist councilmen is absent from the city. A deadlock is the probable outcome.

### GRAND FORKS SPUR.

GRAND FORKS, Jan. 16.—James D. Kennedy, chief engineer of the V. V. and E. railway, was waited on today by a deputy of citizens comprising James Anderson, E. Doherty, L. A. Manly and J. A. Smith, and notified that Mayor Holland, as agent of the townsite company, had consented to sign an agreement providing for the acquisition by sale or arbitration proceedings of certain townsite lands required as right of way for the proposed V. V. and E. spur to the Granby smelter. Mr. Kennedy in reply stated that the arrangement was satisfactory to the railway company. He added that he would accordingly instruct J. W. Stewart, the contractor, to begin grading operations on the branch tomorrow. This means a big local pay roll for the next five months.

# CATARRH SUFFERERS READ!

C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack." It relieves in ten minutes, 19 Sold by Goodeve Bros.

# CHIEF JUSTICE DEAD VIEWS OF ALLIANCE

## THE HEAD OF THE SUPREME COURT HAS PASSED AWAY AT VICTORIA.

## NEWS FROM THE WEST COAST CONCERNING THE RECENT WRECK.

VICTORIA, Jan. 16.—Chief Justice McColl, of the supreme court of British Columbia, died at 11:30 tonight here.

VICTORIA, Jan. 16.—Further advice from the west coast regarding the derelict which has gone ashore at Cape Beale tell of two boats being found, one intact, on Village island, and the other broken at Bonilla Point. That on Village island was found by Indians, who described it as a ship's boat, while that on Bonilla Point was of hardwood painted white inside and out. A mast, sails, running gear, blocks, etc., are coming ashore in Barclay Sound. Nothing is learned of the crew or the identity of the wreck, the only letters distinguishable on the hatch comings being "L. Paint, 750 tons." The light-house keeper at Beale reports that the wreck was that of a 90-foot schooner, on the keel, painted red below, the hull being green and blue above and her head was yellow. No name boards were found, but one piece of one had the letter "O," evidently the beginning or end of a name on it. The wreck was breaking up.

The steamer Riojun Maru, which arrived from the Orient tonight, reports that her owners intend establishing a line in conjunction with a scheme of the Great Northern between Suruga and Vladivostok, connecting with the trans-Siberian railway.

Captain Buckholtz and a company of Victoria and Seattle men have given orders for the construction of a freight and cattle steamer for the Alaskan trade. She will be built by the Victoria Machinery Depot.

### AMONG NELSON HORSES.

The Disease Known as Pinkeye Makes Its Appearance.

NELSON, Jan. 16.—"Pinkeye" has made its appearance among horses in this city and is spreading rapidly. Dr. Armstrong, veterinarian, reports that there are 20 cases. The epidemic is peculiar, inasmuch as it makes its appearance every 10 years. It is not usually fatal, although during the times equines are afflicted with it they are incapacitated from work. The epidemic of 1893 was not severe, but in 1892 the disease was widespread, and in some of the larger cities it was almost impossible to keep the street cars running. Efforts are being made here to stamp it out.

### SMALLPOX IN NELSON.

A Case Found in the Family of Fred Starkey.

NELSON, Jan. 16.—A case of smallpox has developed in the family of Fred Starkey, the commercial traveler, one of his children being the victim. All the members of the household have been quarantined in their home. In connection with smallpox a rather interesting case was tried in the police court. A Chinese, named Lea Woe, was convicted in the police court today on the charge of stealing windows from the pest house.

### GOODENOUGH MINE.

Dividend Paid and Explanation Given by Directors.

NELSON, Jan. 17.—Checks have been issued by the Goodenough Mines, Limited, for the dividend of January 15th of one cent per share, as was promised in December. In announcing the closing of the mine the directors say:

"The directors have had your affairs under very serious consideration, and regret to say that they are in the same position as other silver-lead producers in this country, which causes them to hesitate before they continue to part with the valuable product of your property under present conditions. The facts are briefly these: Silver-lead producers in Canada only receive today \$1.20 per cent for the lead contents of the ore, while the producers of the same product in the United States receive \$3.50 per cent, thanks to their combine and the tariff against foreign lead.

"But for the fact that your properties are exceedingly rich in silver we should not be able to work at a profit under the above conditions. Now the board is face to face with this problem, viz: Should they continue to sacrifice a proportion of the silver in your rich ores in order to meet the loss incurred in shipping the lead with which it is amalgamated, and which may be either avoided or materially lessened in the future?"

"The directors have for the moment and in your interest decided in the negative, and hence will cease operations till they meet you at the annual general meeting on April 8th next, when the whole subject will be fully discussed and full weight given to your views on the subject."

Charles F. McHardy, a well known Nelson business man, was in the city yesterday on a flying business trip.

# THE MANITOBA GOVERNMENT

## PRESSED TO ENFORCE THE LIQUOR ACT.

## PREMIER ROBILIN INSISTS ON HAVING A REFERENCE TO THE PEOPLE.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 16.—The legislative chamber, floor and galleries, was crowded today with ardent supporters of the liquor act. They presented the following resolution from the Dominion Alliance:

"Without pronouncing on the general principle of the referendum, this convention would strongly deprecate the application of the principle to the present liquor act, and that the act should be proclaimed to be brought into force not later than June 1st next, without any further reference to the people for an expression of opinion thereon.

"Resolved that this branch of the Alliance declares its purpose to give the government its full and hearty moral and political support in any appeal which they may make to the country when this becomes the issue, providing the liquor act is brought into operation by June 1st, 1902, without any referendum and vigorously enforced thereafter."

Premier Roblin thanked the deputation on behalf of himself and his cabinet. All they said would receive the best consideration of the cabinet and the people's representatives, who were there to do the will of the people. It was not, therefore, any use for him to say anything further on that occasion.

Mr. Muloch pressed for a definite answer which might be laid before the temperance convention which met again that afternoon. Mr. Roblin said that Mr. Muloch had asked a most unreasonable question. To start with, he had announced that the policy of the government would be a referendum, and now was asked to go back on that, to reverse that decision without consulting his colleagues, and without knowing that a single member of the house was behind him.

### MARYSVILLE SMELTER.

The Company Hopes to Blow in About the 1st of June.

SPOKANE, Jan. 17.—The payroll of the Sullivan Mining company for the employees on its new smelting plant at Marysville, B. C., for this month reached about \$7,000. The men are paid on the 10th day of each month, and bills for supplies are paid on the 15th.

The Spokane office of the company has received a number of photographs from Marysville, showing views of the new town and the progress of the work on the new smelting plant. Last October the only building on the site of the new town was an old log hotel, but the photograph of the place taken the latter part of December shows a number of well constructed business buildings in which is represented nearly every branch of trade, including a real estate office and a newspaper. The town also has a waterworks system and a volunteer fire department.

The photograph of the smelter building shows that it is nearly completed, and a commodious office building has been finished and is ready for occupancy. Close to the smelter building is a sawmill, which has a daily capacity of 15,000 feet of lumber. This plant has been in operation for some time and is cutting up all the lumber and timbers that are being used in the construction of the new works.

Superintendent J. S. Austin is now in Denver, Col., purchasing machinery for the plant. It is expected that he will return from there next week. Work on the plant is being pushed here and the office men say that they will be ready to "blow in" the smelter by the first of June.

The railroad spur has been completed to the smelter and several carloads of lime and brick have been delivered to be used in the construction of the works. The foundation stone for which has already been completed. The frame is up for the power house and it will be completed in a short time.

### IN YMIR CAMP.

The New Cyanide Plant Soon to Be in Operation.

YMIR, Jan. 15.—The big cyanide plant at the Ymir mine is now in the last stages of construction and will be in operation some time during the next month. The output returns for January will probably be considerably higher than those of the last few months, as shipments of the rich crude ore have been resumed. This ore averages in the neighborhood of \$100 to the ton, and is sent straight to the smelter. Very little of that class of ore was taken out during the year which has just closed.

Practically the whole of the large profits were made from ore averaging between \$8 and \$9 per ton, of which 70,000 tons were milled. It may therefore be expected that during 1902 the monthly returns will average considerably higher than during 1901, during which the average was about \$28,000 per month net profit.

The stamp mill at the Second Relief mine has had a somewhat short run. It has only been completed about a month, and for some unexplained reason the mine has been closed down.

### Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds, \$5 and \$1.00 bottles guaranteed by Goodeve Bros. and T. E. Morrow. Trial bottles free.

# JOE MARTIN WILL RUN

## Decides to Queer the Liberals in Victoria Election.

## Removal of Certain Judges to be Asked by Members.

VICTORIA, Jan. 17.—Joseph Martin states that he will run in Victoria for the Dominion house, resigning his seat in the legislature. He insists on the Liberal executive here having the delegates to the Vancouver convention appointed before the 21st, the date of the Dominion nomination, and because they declined he will enter the field, giving as his reason the belief that they don't intend to elect delegates.

Prof. Prince leaves Ottawa tomorrow for British Columbia to organize the fishery commission. A number of members of the commons and senate will petition the government this session for the removal of certain judges who are incapacitated by deafness and other infirmities.

The full court adjourned today out of respect for the memory of Chief Justice McColl, who died suddenly in the Oriental hotel here last night. The body goes to Vancouver tonight and the funeral will be held at Westminster tomorrow.

Captain Fleet, senior officer of the Esquimalt station, suggests that the overdue war vessel Condor is no doubt sailing to Honolulu, having used up her coal owing to the extra labor entailed on her engines by the severe storm in which she would be caught on the night of the 3rd. Having used up her coal, and being obliged to make sail, her progress would be slower, more especially as at this season of the year Honolulu is not the scene of trade winds. This, he thinks, will detain the sloop of war long beyond the time originally scheduled for her arrival in the Hawaiian port. He points out that it is rarely indeed that a British man of war is swamped at sea, no matter how heavy the storm. They sometimes founder, but they very rarely are swamped in the manner mentioned. He is confident that when he receives his mail in a few days it will be found that there has been no ground for the apprehension felt.

The United States ship Grant left at 2 o'clock this afternoon for the west coast of Vancouver island to investigate the reports of wreckage on the island shores. The identity of the upturned schooner which, when last heard of, was battering against Cape Beale, may be learned.

### HIGH GRADE ORE.

An Immense Strike on Mr. Klockmann's Continental.

NELSON, Jan. 17.—Word has been brought in of an immense strike on the Continental mine, near Fort Hill, Idaho, owned by the Idaho-Continental Mining company, composed of A. Klockmann of Rossland and partners from Duluth, Minn. In driving a cross-cut a body of ore was encountered, and though, after going 23 feet, the crosscut was still in ore, three feet of which is clean galena of high grade. From previous work done on this mine it is estimated here that the amount of ore in sight now is worth \$2,000,000. Owing to lack of snow no ore has yet been shipped. Forty men are employed in mining.

The strike was made in the upper crosscut at the summit of Mount Klockmann. On the very pinnacle of the mountain a huge shoot of ore is exposed on the surface and opened to a depth of about 60 feet by shaft. The ore body in it is about five feet wide. A tunnel was driven to cut the same shoot at a depth of about 125 feet. It is now getting into the ore, and the strike is of immense value in demonstrating the depth of the surface payshoot.

# OUTPUT OF MINERALS

## OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE PRODUCTION FOR THE PAST YEAR.

## AN INCREASE OF OVER 25 PER CENT OVER THE PREVIOUS YEAR RECORDED.

VICTORIA, Jan. 18.—This morning a bulletin was issued by the department of mines which estimates the total mineral production of the province during the last year at \$20,713,501, which is an increase of 25 per cent over the previous year, although owing to the duties on lead and the charges of American refineries there was a largely decreased production of lead.

The increased production of lead mines was 57 per cent over last year. The product of gold amounted to \$5,600,000, silver \$2,600,000, copper \$5,000,000, lead \$2,000,000 and coal \$4,587,630.

The Kootenays contributed about \$7,000,000 to the mineral production, Yale nearly \$3,000,000 and the coast districts about \$5,000,000.

Miss Clara Bennett, of Slooan, is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. E. Linton, Spokane street.

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