

Order to
leave
Canada.

3. The Governor in Council may, at any time, order any such person found by a Board of Inquiry or examining officer to belong to any of the undesirable classes referred to in section 41 of this Act to leave Canada within a specified period. Such order may be in the form D in the schedule to this Act, and shall be in force as soon as it is served upon such person, or is left for him by any officer at the last known place of abode or address of such person.

Penalty for
rejected or
deported
person
remaining in
or re-entering
Canada.

4. Any person rejected or deported under this Act who enters or remains in or returns to Canada after such rejection or deportation without a permit under this Act or other lawful excuse, or who refuses or neglects to leave Canada when ordered so to do by the Governor in Council as provided for in this section, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and may forthwith be arrested by any officer and be deported on an order from the Minister or the Superintendent of Immigration, or may be prosecuted for such offence, and shall be liable, on conviction, to two years imprisonment, and immediately after expiry of any sentence imposed for such offence, may be again deported or ordered to leave Canada under this section.

Deportation
of head of
family.

5. In any case where deportation of the head of a family is ordered, all dependent members of the family may be deported at the same time. And in any case where deportation of a dependent member of a family is ordered on account of having become a public charge, and in the opinion of the Minister such circumstance is due to wilful neglect or non-support by the head or other members of the family morally bound to support such dependent members, then all members of the family may be deported at the same time. Such deportation shall be at the cost of the persons so deported; and if that be not possible then the cost of such deportation shall be paid by the Department of the Interior.

Deportation
of dependent
member of
family.

Cost of
deportation.

Detention of
certain
prisoners for
deportation.

43. When any person has, within three years of landing in Canada, become an inmate of a penitentiary, jail, reformatory or prison, the Minister of Justice may, upon the request of the Minister of the Interior, issue an order to the warden or governor of such penitentiary, jail, reformatory or prison, which order may be in the form E in the schedule to this Act, commanding him after the sentence or term of imprisonment of such person has expired to detain such person for, and deliver him to, the officer named in the warrant issued by the Superintendent of Immigration, which warrant may be in the form EE in the schedule to this Act, with a view to the deportation of such person.

Order of
Minister of
Justice and
warrant of
superintend-
ent of
immigration.

2. Such order of the Minister of Justice shall be sufficient authority to the warden or governor of the penitentiary, jail, reformatory or prison, as the case may be, to detain and deliver such person to the officer named in the warrant of the Superintendent of Immigration as aforesaid, and such warden or governor shall obey such order, and such warrant of the Superintendent