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THE NEWS RECORD

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PROBS.

Sunday fine and warmer.

PEACE WAS SIGNED AT 3.15 TODAY

WAR HAS DEFINITELY ENDED WITH SIGNING OF PEACE Peace Restored After Well on Five Years of Hostilities.

GERMANY SIGNED AT 3.12 p.m.
TODAY. OTHER NATIONS
FOLLOWED

(Special to The Record)
VERSAILLES, June 28.—The peace treaty has been signed. The German delegates placed their signatures to the document at 3.12 p.m. today. President Wilson signed two minutes later and was followed by Premier Lloyd George, who signed at 3.17. The German delegates arrived at the palace at 3.08 and the meeting was convened one minute later.

VERSAILLES, June 28.—The world war was formally ended today by signing of peace treaty with Germany. The epochal meeting in hall of mirrors began at 3.10 o'clock and the German delegates the first to sign affixed their signatures at 3.12 o'clock. They were followed by the American delegates headed by President Wilson, and then by plenipotentiaries of Great Britain and other nations in alphabetical order.

CRÉDENTIALS WERE ACCEPTED
VERSAILLES, June 28.—Crédentials of Dr. Hermann Mueller and Dr. Johannes Bell, German plenipotentiaries, sent here to sign treaty of peace, were approved this morning.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENT
VERSAILLES, June 28.—The signing of "the second peace of Versailles," in the long hall of mirrors in the chateau of France the Great castle of Louis XIV, today restores to Versailles its old place as the stage of "all the glories of France." It was here in 1763 that the peace of Paris was signed, ending the Seven Years' War. It was here in 1814 that Napoleon was forced to abdicate. It was here in 1871 that the German empire was proclaimed. It was here in 1919 that the world war was ended.

On entering the building by a portal through which the Paris mob burst in early days of the French revolution, the delegates moved by the marble or queen's stairway, to the suite of the "Queen's apartments" and the hall of peace, through which the mob had access to the hall of mirrors. Seventy-two chairs for the plenipotentiaries were drawn up around three sides of a table, which formed an open rectangle, fully eighty feet in length on its longer side. The chair for M. Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, was placed in the center of the long table facing the windows, with the door for Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson on the left and right hand.

The allied delegations were arranged in same order as when the terms were presented to the German delegates, but these envoys this time instead of facing their accusers, were assigned seats at the side of the table nearest the entrance, which they could take after all the others were seated.

To reach the peace table, the plenipotentiaries passed through the space reserved for some 400 private guests, who were instructed to be in their seats well in advance of the entry of the delegates. It had been arranged that the delegates, instead of straggling in without order as they did when the original terms of peace were communicated to the German delegates, should make their entrance by groups.

This formality was not prescribed for the German envoys, who were given a separate route of entrance, coming into the chateau through the park and gaining the marble stairway through the ground floor. Thus, there was no occasion for guard of honor to render them military honors, which were reserved for allied representatives. Dismounted guardsmen, with drawn sabres, who lined the marble staircase and the queen's apartments, when the allied delegates passed remained in their places, however, for the entry of the German delegates.

General Smuts Make An Objection

VERSAILLES, June 28.—General Jan Christian Smuts, one of the delegates representing the Union of South Africa, signed the treaty under protest. He objected to certain territorial settlements, making a lengthy statement.

CLEMENCEAU PUTS DIRECT QUESTION

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Signing of the peace treaty was begun at 10.30 o'clock (Washington time) Dr. Mueller and Dr. Johannes Bell signed for Germany at 3.15 o'clock (Paris time) Premier Clemenceau

put the direct question to the German delegates whether they were willing to sign and execute loyally all its terms. The other delegates did not rise when German delegates came into the hall.

RESTORATION OF ORDER ASSURED

BERLIN, June 28.—It is officially announced that Government troops are in complete control at Hamburg. No fighting is reported in city and it is said that sufficient troops are arriving to insure restoration of normal conditions.

CANNON BOOM TIDINGS

VERSAILLES, June 28.—At 3.44 o'clock cannon began to boom announcing the completion of the ceremony of signing. The signature had not, however, as matter of fact then been completed, for at that time the smaller nations were still signing. The proceedings were formally closed at 3.49 o'clock.

GENERAL SMUTS DECLARES INDEMNITIES TOO HEAVY

VERSAILLES, June 28.—General Smuts said that the indemnities stipulated could not be accepted without grave injuries to the industrial revival of Europe. He declared it would be to the interests of the allied powers to render the stipulations more tolerable and moderate.

NEW YORK RECEIVED NEWS WITH QUARTER SATISFACTION

NEW YORK, N.Y., June 28.—The announcement of the signing of the peace treaty had little perceptible effect on the trading in the stockmarket here to-day, except a manifestation of increased strength. Prices among the leaders, especially of so-called peace industrials, had already soared gains of 1 to 4 points in anticipation of the news. In financial circles generally the announcement was received with quiet satisfaction but without comment.

NOTES ON THE FORMALITY
Premier Clemenceau declared the proceedings closed at 3.50, the entire ceremony occupying 41 minutes.

The Chinese delegates were not present. They were reported to have sent to Peking for instructions.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Upon the signing of the treaty, Secretary Daniels flashed the order to every American naval ship and shore station to fire a salute of 21 guns.

"WHAT WE ARE SIGNING WILL BE CARRIED OUT," SAY DELEGATES

VERSAILLES, June 28.—Foreign Minister Mueller and Colonial Minister Bell, the German signatories of the treaty to-day made the following exclusive statement to the United Press: "We are signing without mental reservations. What we are signing will be carried out. The German people will use every means to meet the terms."

SOLDIER DELEGATES PRESENT

A few minutes before three o'clock fifteen enlisted men each from the British, French and American armies, entered the hall amid decorous cheers.

The Chinese delegates, shortly before the hour set for the signing of the treaty reiterated their intention not to sign. At 2.50 o'clock all delegates were seated except the Chinese who did not attend.

The German delegates entered the hall at exactly three o'clock. Premier Clemenceau called the session to order at 3.10 o'clock.

The treaty was signed under watchful eyes of forty-five stalwart British Tommies, French poilus and American doughboys, real "Artisans of the peace" which has been slowly taking definite form during the long months of the Paris conference. Marshal and Generals of allied armies will take first places on the benches provided for privileged guests, invited to the ceremony but fifteen privates from each of principal armies will stand within enclosure reserved for the plenipotentiaries and high officials of the conference as visible sign of their role in bringing into being a new Europe.

VERSAILLES, June 28.—The German delegates who were first to sign, did so at 3.12 o'clock the American delegates came next, led by president Wilson. The British followed the Americans.

Following the disappearance of \$10,000 in bills from Gleichen post office, Assistant Postmaster Edwards was arrested. Rev. Dr. B.C. Borden was unanimously chosen president of the Methodist conference at Windsor.



NEW MEMBER FOR TRADE COMMISSION—Mr. E.D. Fairbairn of Toronto, whose appointment as a member of the Canadian Trade Commission, to succeed Mr. C.B. McNaught was announced on Wednesday.

MONTHLY REPORT BY THE INSPECTOR

Board of Health Matters Renewed
The monthly reports submitted to the Board of Health yesterday by Inspector J.G. Buchamp are as follows:

On June 2nd three cases of smallpox turned up, at house No. 45 Weber Street East. The patients were placed in the Isolation Hospital on the same day. The house was kept quarantined for two weeks, and was properly disinfected. The patients are doing quite well. Miss Albert is the attending nurse.

The report on the water test June 8th was quite satisfactory.

On June 16th, two cases of scarlet fever came up. Both patients were placed in the Isolation Hospital. The house has been quarantined, and properly disinfected. Miss Hergott is the attending nurse. Dr. McGillivray, Medical Officer of Health, his health gave out, which necessitated him taking a rest for a couple of weeks. Dr. Honsberger in the meantime is acting in his place.

The heat in the early part of this month brought on quite a lot of sanitary work, which has been followed up as well as possible.

On June 22nd, one case of Diphtheria turned up at house No. 35 Spring street. Dr. McGillivray, not being here, and Dr. Honsberger being out of town, and, as no nurse could be procured so as to bring the patient to the Isolation Hospital, I made the best arrangements I could for the patient to be treated at his home, and arranged it so that no other party in the house could come in contact with him. The patient's condition has improved very nicely. There was no milk test, this month owing to the M.O.H. being absent. On June 26, I sent more water to be analyzed. The result will be published as soon as I receive word. The rendering plant on Guelph street is closed up, and the butchers who owned the slaughter house, have been ordered to get the necessary improvements made, in order that we can satisfy the Provincial Board of Health.

LOCAL MAN ON DIRECTORS BOARD.

At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Ames-Holden-McCreedy Ltd., Montreal yesterday four new directors were elected. They are Mr. Walter T. Barrie, Kitchener; William Mulock, Jr., Toronto; Major L. L. Anthes, Toronto and Hugo Vellein, Montreal. Mr. Vellein is the treasurer of the company. The other members of the Board are T. H. Rieder, president; D. Lorne McGibbon, chairman of the Board; Sir Herbert B. Ames, vice-president; Hon. C. P. Beaton, Hon. Nathaniel Curry, Hon. Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., Toronto; Sir Thomas Tait, Shirley Ogilvie, S. J. Leharay and T. H. Lane.

BELLS TOLL AND WHISTLES BLOW

IN OBSERVANCE OF THE END OF THE WAR.
Peace has been signed! This was the good word on the lips of everybody whenever he or she met a friend on the street. This was the message that came from church bells and factory whistles shortly after eleven o'clock this morning. It indicated the final realization of the hopes and dreams of years of agony.

The word flashed over the wires at that hour. While at time of writing there was no doubt as to its authenticity, the municipal head was awaiting official word through Ottawa sources. The Mayor had made arrangements with Mr. W. D. Euler, M.P., who was to wire him as soon as the Ottawa government had received the word from across the waters.

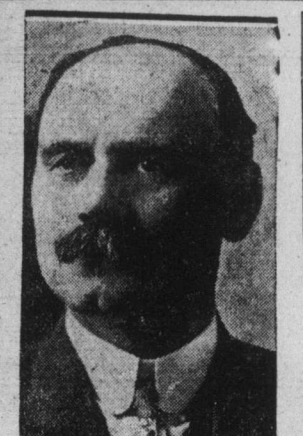
Among the first indications of the local observance of the signing of the peace treaty were the ringing of St. Mary's bells. It was not long before others and whistles followed.

FIGHTING OCCURS IN ENGLAND BETWEEN

BETWEEN CANADIAN AND BRITISH SOLDIERS
LONDON, June 28.—Towns where disturbances have occurred having been placed out of bounds, the Willy camp men visited Woking and heavy street fighting between Canadian and British soldiers and others has occurred.

Rev. Canon O'Meara, parish priest of St. Gabriel's, Montreal, was found dead in bed from heart failure.

Lightning struck the home of J. Rendell, Elmira, during an electrical storm, but no person was injured.



CHAS. M. BOWMAN, M.P., Veteran Chief Whip of the Liberal Party in Ontario, who announces his retirement from public life.

MANY DELIGHTED BY THE COMEDY

"Seven Keys to Baldpate" Rendered at the Chautauqua.
A record audience at the Chautauqua last night was entertained and amused by the able presentation of George Cohan's melodramatic comedy or farce, "Seven Keys to Baldpate."

Long before the opening every seat in the large tent was taken and extra chairs were requisitioned from nearby houses which with several hundred more hurriedly brought up at the last minute filled the huge tent to overflowing. It was a magnificent audience close to two thousand people being present, and amply demonstrates that the enterprise of the local committee in providing a first class Chautauqua for Kitchener is appreciated by the citizens of this community.

The play itself is a clever mixture of melodrama and comedy, with Mr. Percival Vivian in the leading, and by far the most arduous role. Mr. Vivian will be remembered by many who saw him last year with the Ben Greet Players in "A Comedy of Errors." The part he takes in "Seven Keys to Baldpate" is a rather exciting role, but he carries it through from start to finish with a nerve and vim which has much to do with the success of the entire play.

The plot is based on a freak bet, in which an author of the "Penny Dreadful" type agrees to write a complete novel within twenty-four hours at a deserted summer hotel in winter time. The author's story is presented as he writes it, and includes all the accessories of the most lurid type of popular novels, including ghosts, hermits, crooked politicians, police officers, love at first sight, money, money, and lots of gun play and killings. One hair raising climax after another follow in rapid succession and the audience is kept guessing as to the outcome right up till the final denouement. The entire play is a scream from start to finish, and to say that the audience enjoyed it is putting it very mildly.

WESTERN UNIONISTS MAY JUMP BACK TO LIBERAL PARTY

MANITOBA TO SEND LARGE DELEGATION TO CONVENTION
(Special to The Record)
WINNIPEG, Man., June 28.—Manitoba will send a big delegation to the Liberal convention at Ottawa in August. The West's representation will be large and influential. All the three western provinces are in accord with the fiscal policy to be urged on the convention. It will be lower than the present tariff by a long way.

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The delegation from Manitoba will include 14 members of the present legislature.

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Mike Syroishke, a young Ruthenian farmer of the Sokol district, near Waku, is accused of burning down Manohur House, three years ago.

John Grant, who advocated the holding of the "massed silent parade" in defiance of the edict of Mayor Grey in Winnipeg has been arrested.

Three men made an attempt to burglarize the store of Newman & Livingstone at Napesee, but were seized away by Constable Beard, who captured one.



HON. HUGH A. ROBSON—formerly of the Manitoba Court of King's Bench who will likely be appointed a commissioner of one by the Manitoba Government to investigate the Winnipeg strike.

THE WATER COMMISSION PROCEED WITH PLANS

Will Secure Advice From Consulting Engineer.
ESTIMATE ON BRIDGEPORT WELLS.

The Water Commission are proceeding with the completion of plans for the proposed system at Bridgeport. The preliminary estimate of the cost of the work has been made and the next step will be to secure the advice of a reliable consulting engineer, who will confer with Provincial Board of Health whose sanction must be secured before the work can be gone on with.

As to when the improvement will be commenced it may be that a beginning will be made this year, but this would probably be limited to making the excavation for the reservoir on Lancaster hill. The Commission realize that the preparations for the construction of the new plant require much time and aside from the excavating mentioned do not anticipate to do much this year. In the meantime the new air compressors at the old plant are being installed as rapidly as possible and it is expected to have the work completed soon.

At the meeting of the Commission last evening the Chief Engineer was urged to rush the work employing any extra help that he can get in order to do so. When these have been installed the well on Strango street will be tested with an air compressor. The matter of sinking another rock well at the old plant is also still being entertained. So far the Commission has not been able to secure a well driller, all drillers being tied up with contracts for the whole year or

WINNIPEG FACES THE POSSIBILITY OF ANOTHER STRIKE

Those Not Taken Back Are Appealing to Fellows
DENOUNCE DISCRIMINATION AGAINST THEM
WINNIPEG, Man., June 28. (By J. J. Conklin).—Winnipeg faces the possibility of another large strike. Labor leaders declare that "if indications of wholesale discrimination by employers against the reinstatement of striking workers continues, the matter of going out again would be laid before the various unions."

The movement for the resumption of the old strike or the beginning of a new one is being led by strikers whose names have been filled and who have been refused jobs when reporting back for work after six weeks' idleness.

"We cannot stand for 75 per cent. of our men being taken back and the other 25 per cent. being left out," said J. L. McBride, leader of the trade and labor council. Mr. McBride said that evidence of widespread reports of discrimination among employers was coming into labor headquarters, although the problem of reinstatement was being handled by individual unions and no official reports to central body had been made. "We have no objection to the discharge of men on legitimate grounds," said McBride. "But we can't allow men to be held off their jobs just because they were prominent in the affairs of the unions or active in the strike. And, if the men come out again it won't be a sympathetic strike either."

The strike committee retains its organization, but it is not known whether it maintains authority to call men off their jobs without a new vote. Various unions are handling all matters connected with reinstatement, according to Mr. McBride and no general committee for the purpose has been appointed.

It was rumored about the labor temple that a committee might be organized if the reinstatement tangle is not hurriedly untangled. There seemed to be a feeling closely akin to indignation at the action taken by the strike committee. There could be no mistaking the temper of tense groans who met and eagerly discussed the situation around the labor temple to-day. Feeling everywhere was that they would not yield. A sample of this is the vote of C.P.R. storemen, who voted 93 to 5 to strike. Federal railway trades are reported to be still solid to remain on strike. Metal trades are reported to be still solid to remain on strike. Metal trades council has recommended that each union concerned deal directly with employers, but employers are the railway firemen and switchmen, certain civic employees, policemen, firemen, electrical workers and telephone workers.

Although no official statement was made by the ironmasters to-day it was declared that negotiations have not been resumed, contract shops managers maintaining that their joint statement on collective bargaining, re-

F. J. DIXON, M.P. GAVE HIMSELF UP

CHARGED WITH SEDITION
WINNIPEG, MAN., June 28.—Fred J. Dixon one of the members of the legislature sitting with Hon. B.J. Johnston for Center Winnipeg, walked into the police station last night and gave himself up. A warrant was issued for his arrest on Thursday. The charge is sedition.

He is the tenth of the strike leaders to be arrested. Dixon was taken to jail, no bail being allowed.

The metal trades, at a mass meeting last night decided not to return to work, so it seems the collective bargaining they secured is somewhat of a myth. The secretary of the builders exchange states that while the men have not yet decided to go back that every indication points to the return of all trades on July 2nd.

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