

decision regarding the said section as the same has not given general satisfaction.

The petition of Collin McGregor and others praying for the appointment of Reel and Fork Inspector, to lay over for the present.

On motion of Mr. Robertson the By-law to establish a road between lots 25 and 26 on the 9th con., was read a second and third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Fisher the By-law to establish a road from the 8th con. line to the White Lake and Renfrew road at Barnetown, was read a second and third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Robertson it was ordered that the Road Inspector, do inspect that part of the road from side line between lots 17 and 18 on the 8th con., to the junction of the said road with the Renfrew road on the 3rd con., and see it laid out in accordance with specification and upon his certificate, that said road is done according to specification the Reeve do grant Mr. J. Miller an order on the Treasurer for the several amounts, according to agreement.

Mr. Fisher moved seconded by Mr. Robertson. That Messrs. J. Robertson and Daniel McIntyre be instructed to give a contract for replacing the Water Cutter to the Balmer Island Bridge, in lieu of the one taken away by Mr. Francis, and that the said contract do not exceed the sum of ten pounds. The Water Cutter to be well finished and filled with stones, and when the same is finished the Reeve to give an order on the Treasurer for the amount, on his receiving a certificate of the completion of the work.

A. H. DOWSWELL,
Town Clerk.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Council Chamber, Perth, Oct. 4, 1861.
The Council met this morning at Ten o'clock, a. m. The Roll was called, a quorum present, and the Warden in the chair.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read, approved by the Council, and the Warden signed them.

The following original papers were read, and referred to the respective Committees viz:
The Warden's Postage account.
An account from William Gill, Messenger.
John Hart for Stationery.

Resolved.—On motion of Mr. Gorman, seconded by Mr. Cresswell, the By-law appointing Local Superintendents of Common Schools for the Townships of Pembroke, Westmeath, Pettawawa, &c., &c., had the first blank filled up with the name of "John D. Clendenen of Pembroke," and the second blank with the words "The Rev. Mr. Tomlinson of Westmeath," in accordance with the Report of the Committee on Education, and was then read a third time and passed.

Resolved.—On motion of the same, the same By-law was read a third time and passed.

Resolved.—On motion of Mr. McArthur, seconded by Mr. Foster, the By-law confirming a certain By-law of the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Ramsey was read a third time and passed.

Resolved.—That the Report for the Special Committee of the Board of Directors of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company for considering the necessity and practicability of negotiating Bonds of Stock, England for the completion of the Railroad to Rod's Bay, be published in the "Perth Courier" for the information of the Public, and that this Council do hereby express its approval of said report was voted down by a majority of the Directors of said Company.

An account was put in by Mr. Charles Rice, for Printing, and an account by D. Fraser, Esq., for professional services, which were read and referred to the Finance Committee.

The Council then adjourned to Three o'clock, P. M.

Council Chamber, Oct. 4, 1861.

The Council met at six p. m., at Three o'clock, the Roll was called, a quorum present, and the Warden presiding.

Mr. Doran presented the Report of the Finance Committee, which was read and adopted as follows: 1 time.

To the Warden and Council of the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew, in session assembled.

After a careful examination of the accounts your Committee recommend that the following account be paid, viz:

C. Meighen for work done in Court House, \$1.50.
Wm. Butler for fitting up Stoves and Pipes, \$1.55.
Wm. Carmichael for work done in Cell Windows, \$1.75.
R. Kellack for work done in Court House and offices, 4.47.

W. R. P. Berford, Clerk of the Peace, Filing Selectors Bolls and Certificates, \$45.00.
J. H. Field, Painting and Varnishing Court of Arms, 64.00.

Frame for do., to be paid to city. Clerk for Express, Co., 30.00.
John Hart for Stationery, \$1.00.
W. Gill for cleaning Court House and Candles, \$2.40.
County Warden's Postage, \$1.50.
D. Fraser for defending suit against G. Ross, 44.25.

J. Hart for stationery, &c., 25.20.
Charles Rice, printing, 15.70.

Your Committee also had before them a Petition from J. H. Field, praying this Council to grant him a further sum in consideration of the extent of exertion made, and time occupied in completing the Coat of Arms. Your Committee recommend that the sum of \$18.00 be granted on said Petition.

Your Committee have also had before them a statement from the County Treasurer, containing an abstract of the transactions in his office, since the 1st of June last, showing the aggregate Receipts to be \$5311.89, leaving in his hands on the 1st of October, \$227. It also appears by the statement made by the Treasurer, that the County Auditors have been very negligent in not having examined the accounts for the past year.

Your Committee recommend that the Treasurer be instructed to press the matter upon their attention.

The Treasurer also solicits the sanction of the Council to be allowed to borrow the sum of \$2000 to meet the expenses of the County until the rates come in.

Your Committee recommend that he be empowered to borrow the same.

Your Treasurer also states that he has not received from the Deputy Clerk of the Crown any of the arrears due by him to the Jury Fund, with regard to which your committee recommend that the claim against Mr. Sacke be at once enforced, and that, unless forthwith settled and secured to the satisfaction of the Warden, he be authorized to take the most stringent proceedings to enforce payment, and that the Warden be empowered to effect the best possible settlement at his discretion; and Your Committee further recommend that the Treasurer be instructed to press on the first day of Trial, and insist on the amount of Fees being laid over forthwith.

Committee are of opinion that this Council derives little or no benefit therefrom. All of which is respectfully submitted.

Wm. Doran, Chairman.
McArthur,
A. McArthur,
H. White,

October 4, 1861.
The Council then adjourned to ten o'clock a. m., to-morrow.

Council Chamber, Oct. 5, 1861.
The Council assembled for business at ten o'clock, the Roll was called, a quorum present, and the Warden presiding.

The minutes of yesterday's business were read, approved, and the Warden signed them.

Resolved.—On motion of Mr. Byrne, seconded by Mr. Doran, the By-law providing for the payment of certain sums of money granted and allowed at the present Session of Council, was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Doran moved, seconded by Mr. Wm. Robertson. That the By-law extending the time for returning the Collector's Rolls in the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew was brought up and read a first time.

Mr. Doran moved, seconded by Mr. Byrne, Resolved.—That the first blank in the By-law now before the Council, be filled in with the words "First day of February," the second blank with the words "first day in January," and that it be then read a second time.

The By-law extending the time for the Return of Collectors Rolls, had the blanks filled in and was read a second time.

The Yeas and Nays were demanded upon the motion to fill the Blanks in the By-law now read, and were—

Yeas.—Messrs Fairbairn, Lett, Munro, Chambers, McArthur, Rowan, Scott, J. Robertson, Moore, Purdon, Guthrie, French, Byrne, Wm. Robertson, Gibbons, Moorehouse, Doran, Jamieson, Shaw and McCaffry. 20.

Resolved.—On motion of Mr. Doran, seconded by Mr. Moorehouse, the same By-law was read a third time and passed, the 32nd Rule of Council having been suspended for that purpose.

The Yeas and Nays were demanded and stood as before.

Yeas.—Messrs Fairbairn, Lett, Munro, Chambers, McArthur, Rowan, Scott, J. Robertson, Moore, Purdon, Guthrie, French, Byrne, Wm. Robertson, Gibbons, Moorehouse, Doran, Jamieson, Shaw and McCaffry. 20.

Nays.—Mr. Murray. 1.
Mr. McArthur moved, seconded by Mr. Murray.

Resolved.—That Messrs J. C. Foster, Wm. Robertson, John McGill Chambers and the Warden—with the Mayor and seconded by them are hereby appointed to carry out the contemplated improvements on the Jail, as recommended by the Committee appointed at this Session of Council and the said Committee is hereby empowered to procure Plans and specifications, and give out contracts, with a view of having the whole completed by the first day of November 1862, and that the members of the Committee be paid a reasonable amount for the actual time and expenses incurred, during the time they may be members of said Committee. And further, that the Council do at its next January Session pass a By-law for the purpose of having any sum or sums that may be required for the completion of the said contemplated improvements, or so much as may not be paid by the Government, said Assessment to be levied on the County of Lanark only.

Mr. McArthur moved, seconded by Mr. Murray.

Resolved.—That the Clerk of this Council do, and he is hereby authorized to furnish a copy of the proceedings of this Session of Council for publication in the Perth Courier at published free expense.

Mr. McArthur moved, seconded by Mr. Rowan.

Resolved.—That the Warden, Clerk and Treasurer do carry out the motion and Resolutions passed at this Session of Council, according to their true intent and purport.

Mr. French moved, seconded by Mr. Doran.

Resolved.—That the Clerk be and he is hereby instructed to furnish immediately the Clerks of the several Local Municipalities an epitome of the By-law now passed, extending the time for the collection of Rates.

Mr. Munro moved, seconded by Mr. Murray.

Resolved.—That the Warden do now leave the Chair, and that the Clerk do officiate as Chairman.

The Warden vacated his seat protem, and the Clerk took the Chair, and, seconded by Mr. Munro.

Resolved.—That the thanks of this Council be eminently due, and are hereby tendered to, Daniel Galbraith, Warden, not only for the highly efficient manner in which he has discharged the important duties entrusted to him, but for his uniform kind and courteous conduct to the members of this Council. Carried unanimously.

The Session then closed.

THE DARK LANTERN SOCIETY.
It appears that a secret society of some kind or other is really in existence in the neighboring county of Grenville, but it is files that any such society as has been published by its members. In fact there are as many conservatives connected with it as Reformers, the assertion that it is a Clear Grit society being false. What the particular object of the society may be, of course we cannot tell but this much we know as a fact, that a great many Conservatives are members of the society.

It is really laughable to hear the Monitor talk about the members of this society being like rats hiding themselves in holes, and like Italian assassins, when its known the editor of that paper joined the Orangemen, who have signs and passwords, and who took most in secret and decide on political matters.

The awful denunciation of the "Dark Lantern Society" is, in the Monitor's case, "sound and fury, signifying nothing," his fearful denunciation falling upon his own head as an Orangeman with more weight than the "Dark Lantern" disposes. Of one thing we are certain, the society is not made up of members of Reform party, but includes as many Tories as it does Reformers; neither are its objects traitorous or disloyal, the members being firmly attached to the throne of England. We have derived our information from "one who knows," consequently what we state may be relied on, despite the great mouthing of the Monitor and his bosom friend the Canadian and Messenger.—Brookville Recorder.

A builder was recently taken out of the Live Yankee claim at Forest City, California, from which fourteen pounds of gold were extracted.

Missouri is one of the largest States in the Union. Its territory exceeds in extent the six New England States and the state of Delaware combined. It is divided into twenty-one of one hundred counties. The State extends about two hundred and eighty-five miles from north to south.

REASONS FOR NOT BAPTISING THE CONVICT BURNS IN THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

In connection with the proper duties of his incumbency, it has been somewhat expected that the minister of St. Luke's Church in Montreal, would baptize the prisoner Burns, which lies within the limits of his district; and for which the authorities have as yet, made, in that respect, no suitable provision. Since the appointment of the present incumbent, these services have become particularly onerous and responsible, in consequence of the sentence of two persons, nominally Protestants to capital punishment. Public attention having been drawn to the case of one of these (Burns) in consequence of his reception into the Church of Rome, a few days before his execution, it is proper to give here a brief statement of the circumstances which led to this event. For many weeks Mr. Irwin was unremitting in his attendance upon the prisoner, and about a month before the time appointed for his execution, one of the prisoners was baptized by him, having manifested such signs of repentance and faith (which are "required" of persons about to be baptized) as encouraged the chaplain to believe that in baptizing him he was acting scripturally and according to the directions of the Church in this behalf. The attention of Burns was arrested and he requested that he might likewise be admitted to the privileges of Christian baptism. With this request Mr. Irwin declined for the present, to comply, in the hope that further instruction might, with God's blessing show him the necessity of those qualifications which seemed to be wanting in him. Burns subsequently became importunate stating that it was no matter to him whether he was baptized by a Methodist, Presbyterian, or Roman Catholic, and using language in relation to it, which plainly showed that he had a very inadequate conception of the real strength or correct his own judgment of the man's case. Mr. Irwin requested the Bishop of the Diocese to see him. With this request His Lordship complied, visiting him and his fellow-prisoner on different occasions; and perceiving the same difficulty in relation to the baptism of Burns, which had been felt by the spiritual attendant, recommended that his baptism should be delayed as long as possible, in the hope of seeing some better evidence of his faith and repentance; and distinctly explained this to Burns. He was, however, very importunate, and again declared that he did not care who baptized him, whether it was Church of England Minister, Methodist, or Roman Catholic, they were all the same to him.

On the last occasion of the Bishop's visit, the Roman Catholic clergyman, for whom the prisoner had that morning sent, arrived at the Jail and after the departure of the Bishop and Mr. Irwin, commenced those instructions which terminated in the baptism of Burns, and his reception into the Church of Rome, the customary rites of the Roman Catholic Church very shortly before his execution.—Church Chronicle.

Much excitement has been caused in northeastern New York by the artist of Messrs. J. R. and F. D. Flanders and their committee to erect a monument to the memory of the late Lafayette.

One of these gentlemen, was the editor and proprietor of the Franklin County Gazette and the other a leading lawyer, and formerly County Judge. The Gazette was some time ago deprived of mail facilities, but its publication has been continued; and the illegal and tyrannical acts of the Advertiser have been freely committed to its columns.

For this crime the Messrs. Flanders have been taken from their families and thrust into a State Prison. They are not secessionists, and from their position among the mountains and north-eastern New York, would give no aid to the rebels. But they pointed out the Executive, based on the enormous army he has destroyed every safeguard of civil liberty, treating the constitution as a dead letter, and erecting an unrestrained and irresponsible despotism.

New York is not under martial law, but the rights of individuals and the laws of the State are so completely annihilated in the tyrannical settlements as on the banks of the Potomac.

It cannot be pretended that the safety of the Republic requires the extinction of the right of the private judgment on the policy and acts of the Administration, and that cause of liberty is to be advanced by the suppression of free discussion.

Lagos a port and island with a small strip of territory near the Bight of Benin, on the Guinea coast, has been made over in sovereignty to Great Britain. Docomo, its "King," recognizes Queen Victoria as his liege, in return for which he will receive from the British treasury an annual sum equal to the net revenue of his dominions.

In 1851 Lagos was bombarded by the English, and its ruler (Kosoko) compelled to abolish the slave trade and human sacrifices. The place now contains some six thousand inhabitants, with facilities for an extensive legitimate commerce. The kingdom of Dahomey, lying immediately back of Lagos, may expect as early a visit, unless the King, who is a chief traitor to his people, the peaceable possession of the place has been hastened, doubtless with an eye to the cotton culture, for which that region is well adapted.

The other day a woman residing in Philadelphia, rushed frantically up to a carriage and asked the driver to take her to the city of New York, as her long-lost son had been published there, and she wished to see him. The astonished youth denied the relationship, but the captain of the boat allowed himself to be convinced that the lad was a runaway. She took him home, and after stripping his clothing from him, made an effort to obtain the wages due to her tribe. The deed was nearly successful, but the boy finally escaped, and the woman was arrested, and locked up.

SOOTLING.—If laughter begets fat, it is no less true that sootling is the parent of meanness. Whoever saw a fat tramp? The Virago is scraggy—scraggy as the legs of a scarecrow. It would seem that the attraction of a fierce exhortation to sharpness to the human frame as a gritty grindstone puts a wiry edge on a broadsword. Artists understand this fact and govern themselves accordingly. They invariably represent ladies supposed to be given to "the range," as remarkably high in the bone. Scores are thus depicted in comic valentines, and all the illustrators of "Curtain Lectures" have presented the "rib" of Mr. Caudle without a particle of fat. Lavater, referring to female fire-breands says flatly, to their faces, that their nose is sharp. We have a dim idea that he mentions some exceptional cases of ladies with snub-noses, who are given to snubbing their husbands; but these form a mild variety, and only a small portion of the genus snub.

Spain is a customer at present in the Birmingham market for 12,000 tons of railway iron, 50 locomotives and 600 carriages.

A most abundant harvest in Hungary is said to have rendered the rural population better disposed to pay taxes to the Austrian Government.

The South Australian Legislature would make the attempt to reimpose postage on newspapers, but without success.

A sale of condemned government horses took place near Washington a few days ago, when the prices ranged from 37 cts to \$10.

DEER HUNTING.

We have to thank the Brookville Hunting Club for a fine quarter of venison. Major Crawford and Messrs. D. S. Booth, H. Flint, J. Davis and Roscoe Baker, active members of the club, returned on Monday last from the township of DeLing, in the county of Lanark, after a very successful hunt. The weather was extremely broken, and heavy rains frequently prevented the sport for days, but the above named gentlemen managed to bring down in the course of twelve days no less than twenty-one deer, seven of which fell by the hands of Major Crawford alone.—Brookville Recorder.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Thursday a man named Andrew Paterson, residing near Adair, visited Brookville. While in town he imbibed too freely, consequently when he left town in the wagon of a friend, he was rather unsteady on his legs, and when near the residence of Mr. Dickson, fell from the wagon on his head, and was instantly killed. Let this be a warning to those who indulge when they visit Brookville.—Brookville Recorder.

Mr. Johnstone, of Newcastle-under-Lyme, met his daughter with a young man whom he had forbidden her to associate with. He ordered her into the house, went in himself, and immediately returned with a poker, dealt a furious blow at a young man who was standing by, under the impression that he was the offending party. It proved to be a stranger, and what is worse, he died of the blow and Mr. Johnstone is now in goal to answer for his crime.

LOSS OF A MAIL.—\$100,000 IN DRAFTS, &c., MISSING.—We learn that the New York mail leaving here last Monday evening at 7.30, failed to arrive at its destination. Word was received from Postmaster Taylor of New York City, stating in substance as above.

The bag contained about nine hundred letters destined for New York, Philadelphia and Washington, besides drafts &c., from the vicinity, amounting to about \$100,000. The money in the bag of which there might be considerable, is all that will reward the finder or the thief, as to them the drafts will not of course be of any value.—Rochester Express.

The St. Catharines Journal understands that it is the intention of Henry Mittelberger, Esq., to erect a monument to the memory of the late O. S. Phelps, and will be one in every way suitable to the business.

A storm of unusual severity prevailed on Lakes Michigan and Huron during the earlier part of last week. It resulted in the destruction of a large amount of property, and, for as long as known, the loss of one life. Nine vessels were driven ashore at Presque Isle.

SWALLOWING A YARD OF LAND.—"Dick let's have a pint of beer," said a Railway "navvie" to his mate. "Nay, Jack, I can't afford to drink a square yard of good land, worth 250 10s. an acre." "What's that you're saying, Dick?" "Why, every time you spend threepence in beer, you spend what would buy a square yard in land; look here. [Dick takes a piece of chalk out of his pocket and begins to make figures on his spade.] There are 4840 sq. yards in an acre; three pence is 3/4 of a shilling. Divide 4840 yards by 3/4, and gives 1210 shillings. Now divide that by 20 (there being 20s. in the £1), and there you have £60 10s., which is the cost of an acre of good land, at 3d. a square yard?"

The new Sultan of the Turkish Empire has inaugurated a new era in that country, since his elevation to the throne. He has abolished the harem, and made sweeping reforms in all the departments of the government, and is now engaged in establishing religious equality throughout his dominions. He has conferred the Pacha on several Christians.

Florence Nightingale, the soldier's friend, is so seriously ill as to preclude all hope of her recovery.

Lord Monk and family landed at Quebec on Wednesday morning, at nine o'clock. He was worn in yesterday morning and is now Governor General.

The Nationalities of Turin announce that General Klappa, like General Garibaldi, has refused to take service in the Federal army in America.

"Peter," said a teacher to one of his pupils, "are you such a bad boy that you are not fit to sit in the company of good boys on a bench. Come here and sit by me, sir!"

John B. Gough is quite ill; threatened with lung fever. He has given up lecturing for the present.

Washington, Oct. 26.
The steamer Reliance came up from the straits last night, bringing up Captain Fox, as commander of the Navy, but as she left the navy yard to rejoin the straits. It is reported that the locomotive, which was a battery of 4 guns, and another steamer, run up past Matthias Point battery in the night, and that they are now between the rebel steamer Page and Aquia Creek, with the Yankee.

San Francisco, Oct. 25.
The announcement is just made of the completion of the Overland Telegraph. The Pacific to Atlantic sends greeting, and may both Oceans be dry before a foot of all the land that lies between them shall belong to any other than our united country.

The steamer Arizona, sailing on the 21st for Panama. She had a million and a half of four hundred and fifty troops and 10,000 stand of arms have been forwarded by the Oregon.

Fortress Monroe, Oct. 25.
Nothing new has occurred in the vicinity of Old Point.

HABES CORPUS IN THE UNITED STATES.—"A writ of habeas corpus was served yesterday by a city lawyer, on behalf of a prisoner, upon Provost Marshal Porter. The President having instructed the Marshal of the District not to serve such writ, the District being practically under martial law, the lawyer was promptly arrested, and District Judge Mack, before whom the writ was returnable, had been placed under the surveillance of the authorities, and his pay stopped. There is a band of lawyers in the city, organized for the purpose of throwing impediments in the way of holding prisoners, and his pay stopped."

A fine comment the foregoing paragraph, from the New York Tribune's Washington correspondence, affords on Mr. Secretary Seward's lying letter to Lord Lyons, in which he alleges that the abrogation of the right of habeas corpus has "restored the sanction of the highest authorities of the country," which are, of course, the judiciary. The "highest authority" the judiciary, surveillance and his pay stopped" when he is expected to decide for law, and against arbitrary power; and the advocate who dares to invoke the law is arrested, and like the client whose cause he advocates, deprived of the right of habeas corpus.—Mont. Transcript.

The Hon. Messrs. Gals, Kelley and Howe are to proceed to England this month as representatives of Canada, for Brunswick, to meet the Canadian Commissioners of the Government on the subject of the International Railway.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

St. John, Nfld., Oct. 25.
The City of Baltimore, from Liverpool on the 15th and Queenstown on the 17th, passed here at 7.30 this evening. Her news is four days later than that by the Africa. The Jura and City of New York arrived at Liverpool on the 15th.

It had been decided in Liverpool to raise \$25,000 to repair the Great Eastern and pay the second mortgage of 106 per cent. Earl Russell, in a speech at Newcastle, deploring the disaster which has befallen the United States. He said he could not see that harmony could be restored either by the surrender or subjugation of the South.—The English Government has no immediate power or interest in the matter, but must watch closely what happens, and if the occasion offers, use its influence in the cause of freedom and humanity.

The Duke d'Annam, in a letter, rejoices that his nephews have joined the American army and are on the right side.

Mr. Russell's last letter to the Times is dated from Wisconsin. He says he heard expressions of discontent, and even secession sentiments, uttered by the people of the State. The London Star denies the existence of a party in England that seeks to embroil England with the United States, in order to reopen the cotton trade.

The King of Holland was on a visit to the Emperor Napoleon.

It is announced that M. Fould will resume the Ministry of Finance.

The Paris Bourse was flat. Rents closed firm at 67 1/2.

Breadstuffs in Paris were declining.

It was reported that the French naval reserve is to be kept in such condition that a large fleet can be ready in an incredibly short time.

Gen. De LaMarmora had accepted the command of the force of the Neapolitan provinces. He does not get the civil power enjoyed by Gen. Chialini.

The rumored departure of Garibaldi from Caprera was contradicted.

The King and Queen of Prussia made a solemn entry into Koenigsburgh on the 14th. The ceremony was brilliant and imposing.

A proclamation was published in Warsaw on the 14th declaring Poland in a state of siege. The military had occupied the public squares of Warsaw. The national demonstration had been fixed for the 15th.—There was no news as to the result.

The cotton factories of Spain were closing on account of a lack of raw material.

The Turks had commenced an invasion of Montenegro. Prince Montenegro had protested.

Telegrams of the arrival of the India, China and Australian mails had been received. The news was unimportant. The Calcutta market was active. Cotton goods advancing. Freighters drooping at Canton and Shanghai. Teas were advancing, and at Foochow they were unchanged.

COMMERCIAL. Liverpool, Oct. 15.
Breadstuffs—the market is buoyant, and all qualities have sustained a light advance. Wheat, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407,