Notches on The Stick

The lover of verse, who distinguishes the ceasional lyrical felicity amid the multi-mde of fugitive effusions, and who seeks to redeem it from the fustian of the press, clustering a few choice will thank us for clustering a few choice selections for his or her scrap-book. To did not only rhythmical expression and beautiful imagery, but also the enshrining of noble thought, will add to our apprecia-tion. That is valuable as literature which we may read not once only with delight, but which we may again return to and find the pleasure renewed. The poems we are about to present are of the kind to put us in love with the world of nature, with God, and our fellow-men,—yes and our fellow-creatures of the field and the wilderness also. It adds something to our enjoyment of a poem, too, when we have persona knowledge of the author, and that favorable knowledge illumines and gives significance to the writing. We can say that each one here mentioned, we have reason to regard in the light of personal friendship.

A few weeks ago one of Maine's truest

lyrists died in the town of Lincoln, where for years he had lived,—Henry Rand Edwards. At once a lever of books and of nature, his poems have a peculiar stamp a native melody and fire, and excellent literary form. The following lyric is one ot his best :

The Closing Year. Again far away to the ever-summer latitude
The brightness and the bloom with the summer
birds have flad,
And from Hope back to memory another year has
sped;

So dance we tonight the harvest dance of gratitude For all that is left to us above the ellent dead;
Dance we tonight, for the viol rings cheerfully,
Hope holds the New Year, and smiling cheers

on—
But calde not the footstep; that thread the mazes fearfully, And blame not the joyless hearts that turn back tearfully,

Tearfully to years and to friends that are gone.

Faded lie the ferest leaves on the frozen meadow-

Sombre are the shadows o'er the once-smiling vale; Low beat the muffled dram; wild dirges wail; For weird dim forms from out the mystic shadow-land

Move to our measure, and at our feasts regale. et dance we tonight in our tremulous security, umble ia our jyousness, hopeful when we weep; or only the tender heart can taste its joy in purity, ad tearful eyes see clesrer, in the lowering

obscurity,
The stars that shine eternal while the fragile flowerets sleep.

Low let the drum best. Trill the music tenderly; Silent as the heart-throb be our tuneful tread;

For sorrow haugs above our joy upon a brittle

And the fabric of our happiness is fashioned out so slenderly, The heart that holds the most of love has ever mos

Yet dance we tonight. And the sweeter for its

rarity

The light upon our lives that our unity will shed.

Then dance we in kindly love that knoweth no

disparity,
Welcoming the New Year in Faith, Hope and
Charity,
Peace with the living, and tears for the dead.

This may seem a little out of season, but for all that it may do us good. We shall long remember and cherish the kindly message received from Henry Rand Edwards and the hearty songs he has sung.

Among the poets of Canada we have none who touches a profounder ethical chord than Theodore H. Rand. Our excellent Doctor of McMaster is a teacher of the human heart, as well as a writer of purest classic verse: and now and then he gives the note of pathos, and in "Marie Depure," for instance, of pre-eminent tenderness. His "At Minas Basin and Other Poems," now in the second edition, is a waluable addition to our nascent literature. But it is from "The McMaster University



Special Combination . . .

Leather Dressing for Box Calf Shoes

is clean to use, applied like brown sho dressing, does not rub off or soil the ers, keeps the leather soft and glove like, makes it waterproof and imparts a very rich and durable polish. OIL, the tural leather preserver, is its principal ingredient. Be sure it's "Packard's."

L. H. PACKARD & CO., Montreal

Much in Little

Monthly," for April, that the following i

"Glory Roses."

"Only a penny sir!"
A child held to my view
A bunch of "glory-roses" red
As blood and wet with dew.

(O carnest little face, With living light in eye, Yourreses are too fair for earth, And you seem of the sky!) "My beauties sir!" he said,

"Only a penny, too!"—
His face shone in their ruddy glow
A Rafael cherub true. "Yestreen their hoods were close

But ere the sun was up, I saw That God had come last nigh "O, Sir, to see them then! The bush was all aflame; O yes, they're glory-roses, Sir, Tuat is their holy name.

"Only a penny, sir !"
Heaven seemed acro

For aye that radiant voice As if from heaven it came —

'O yes, they're glory-roses, sir,

That is their holy name!"

In the neighbor-towns of Dover and Foxcroft, Maine, are two sister poets, who add to their pure strains of song the induence of lives diffusive of good as banks of violets of odor. As the thrushes in the dells of the Piscataquis among kindred warblers, so, among the singers of her native State, we reckon Anna Boynton Averill. Her woodland lyrics are like voice, now plaintive and joyous now, breathed out of nature's heart. Her latest poem recalls Wordsworth's on the Pet Lamb, and also some sweet verses of Mary Howitt ; but rather by way of suggestion than by any imitation. The poem is indigenous and has the native color. It ap peared in the The Portland "Transcript:"

The First Sorrow.

O green and sweet were the grasses, and the waters were cool and clear,
Where the little white lambs with their gentle dams roamed in the flower o' the year.
Through all the tender blossoming May and the Summer's luscious prime
Till the leaves turned red and russet and gold in the ripently aritum time.

In the mossy hollows among the knolls, in the ce They cuddled at night beside their dams, shelf

So playful and so beautiful they won the heart of

ough the great barred gate that shut the lane she came each sunny day, me calling "Nanny, Nanny," to join them in their play.

They loved the sound of her happy voice, and when

she came in sight,
They would ran with joyous bleatings and gambols of delight,-

To nibble her hands and sniff her face and froli-

about her free and shift her face and from about her free A merry group of playfellows as sportive and glad as she.

Their breath was sweet with the fragrance of the honey-suckle low

That starred the fresh green pasture sod with bloom like forms of saw.

And their fleeces, were white as the summer clouds that drift across the blue,
And she knew each meek little face as well as the
Till life's utmost hour may music in your in

baby's face she knew; And her father said,—Why, little Beth, how fas your lambkins grow! I wouldn't love them over much, for have to go

Go where," she wondered musingly, and loved them more and more,

For every day they seemed to her more lovely than

before. But Autumn came, and one sad morn the butcher's heavy wain
With cages high to hold the lambs rolled up the

And round it surged the mother sheep with piteous bleatings loud,
As into it the lambs were packed, a huddled, frightened crowd.
And the butcher said,—"They're beauties! The facest lambs I've found
From Bowerbank to Garland, in all the country round!

They'll dress fall sixty pounds aplece, and only four months old!
"Good morning, little Blue Eyes! Are you sorry to see them sold?"

For mute and white stood little Beth beside the butcher's cart,

Bewildered, watching it all, with life's first shadow on her heart.

The sister-singer, of whom we spoke is Mrs. Nellie Wade Whitcomb, of Dover, Me., better known as "Hopestill Farnham". Since the day when first we saw her lines on the Piscataquis River, and since the days when we were fellow contributors

reciate her more. We give one nt pieces, and one of her best:

Affinity. Strange my past was upaware
Of the presence anywhere;
That we must as strangers meet.
Moving with reluctant feet
Toward this passion new and sweet.

Loved so late, can years atons
For the past we lived alone?
Hands and lips have touched and wed,
Hands and lips will soon be dead
Grasses waving overhead. Yet, O Love, thou wast and art,

and shall be a changeless part Of my being. Glad and free Is our nature's harmony, Past and future both are here Folded in the present, Dear, Like a rose that parteth wide

Life was hidden in its breast re the fragrant lips confest; Life remaineth,—though it lie In the dust;—eternally,

When we leave the shadow-land Passing outward hand in hand, Into summer and the sun, Where all restlessness is done And the perfect peace begun.—

Will it matter that the years
Dealt us doubt and pain and toars?
Death can only set us free:
Wide and sweet to me and thee

It is years behind, and the flowers are faded now, but in memory abides the sweet courtesy of her who sent to my door, and into my hand, that fragrant bouquet, which she had plucked and arranged, and to which her graceful message was added : the pure and the gifted singer, who is known by many, who prize and bless her helpfulness, as "Hopestill Farnham."

The following lines are a response to a kindly poetic greeting, and, though slightly personal, may be acceptable to some

Thanks for a Song.

(To Dr. Benjamin F. Leggett.) Thanks for your song, my brother! I have listened your voice of cheer, And dreamed the dream of your spirit through

many a varying year;
You have led me, and I have followed, as one

waters bright and fair:
You have taught me the joy of the faithful, the earnest of all things pure.
The pleasures that cannot perish, and the treasures that ever are sure;
The joy of the heart of nature, of valley and mountain dome.

tain dome,
The wild, free joys of the woodland, and the tender

an earlier day; You bring back the sweet old visions of love and of poesy, In a quaint old town that lieth afar by the summer

sea:
The wharves, the roofs and the spires, I see them as

in that day; The ruddy bluffs and beaches, and the waves of the

sunny bay;
The coves, the lighthouse, the mountain, the steam er making the pier,—
Your genie-song sings Presto! and lo! the vision is.

Thanks for your song, my brother! You tell why
the scene is dear,
While the halo ef memory deepens through the

shadowy year on year;
For you know the Joy of a lover, and to dream

you arow the joy of a lover, and to dream you are not afraid,
Though the world may scoff at the greybeard who goes sighing back for a maid:
Ah! but we remember the longing of love for her draught divine,
Before the hour that witnessed aloud,—Thou art mine! Thou art mine!
And today we declare that on earth here or in the

And today we declare that on earth here, or in the

heavens above, There is nothing purer or sweeter than a w perfect love.
So thanks for your song, my brother! May song

and love remain,

As long as you see the sunshine or feel the touch of

And the feet of a gentle woman go trav . "your side: And when for us Time's anthem is drawin

and the eyes of lover and sing



THE MOST PROMPT, Pleasant and Perfect Cure

for Coughs, Colds, Asthma. Bronchitis, Hoarsen Sore Throat, Croup, Who ing Cough, Quinsy, Pain in the Chest and all Throat,

Bronchial and Lung Diseases The healing anti-consumptive virtues of the Norway Pine are combined in this medicine with Wild Cherry and other pectoral Herbs and Balsams to make a true specific for all forms of disease originating from colds.

Price - 25c. and 50c.

\$100.00 Prizes

\$50.00 for best Essay. 25.00 for best Poem. \$25.00 for best Advertisem

SURPRISE SOAP

ESSAY not to exceed 300 words. Subject:
way to use Surprise Soap for washing cl
POEM not to exceed 5 verses. Subject: Whi
when washed with Surprise Soap.
ADVERTISEMENT 4 in. square, either p
trated, drawing may
Surprise Soap, best for washing ciothes.

May they ope on the grand, sweet vision, and find the same jovs be On Heaven's eternal mountains as down by Earth's Summer sea. Hampden Core, May 20th 1898. PASTOR FELIX.

Women Unjustly Treated When Dealers Sell Them Com-

mon and Deceptive Dyes.

There are thousands of women who have heard of the great saving that can be effected by home dyeing when the Diamond Dyes are used, and have decided to experiment for themselves.

Many of these women, thoughtlessly, will simply ask for a package of dye of the needed color when buying. This request will allow the wary dealer to foist on the unsuspecting customer some imitation or soap grease dye, worthless as coloring agents, but on which they realize a large profit.

Dealers who do this kind of business are of the contraction of the contra

Dealers who do this kind of business are

Dealers who do this kind of business are treating and serving their customers unjustly. The dealer knows well that the Diamond Dyes are necessary for his customer to achieve success in her new work. The Diamond Dyes are the only dyes that reputable dealers handle and sell. The wise merchant keeps a full stock of Diamond Dyes, because the daily demand is so great for these guaranteed and world-famed coloring agents. The woman who uses Diamond Dyes for her first dyeing operation will never use other makes. Bright, strong, clear, lasting and fashionable colors are obtained only from the Diamond Dyes.

Bo.k of directions and card of 48 colors free to any address. Write to Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal. P. Q.

BASY WAY TO BND WAR. He Came From the Country With Son

'Do you s'pose I could see the seckretary of war ^p' inquired Farmer Corntoseel.

'I don't know,' replied the man whom he had waylaid in the corridor. 'It would probably depend on who you are and the

nature of your business.'
'Well, who I am doesn't make so much difference. But the nature of my business is important. Ef I can't see him I'll hunt up the President an' talk it over. But I thought tt 'ud be only polite to see the

seckretary of war first.' 'If it's an appointment you want the nember of the house of representatives from your district-

'I don't want no office. I'm here to make a suggestion in the interests of the human

race. I want to talk about war.' 'You can get all the latest information in the newspapers.'

'I don't desire to get information. I wish to give it. War has changed tremend from what it used to be.'

'Unquestionably.' 'It's mostly a question of which has the nost fightin' material.'

'Yes.'

'And fightin' material costs money.' 'An' the idea is fur each side to get off

omewhere on land or sea an' ascertain which kin hold out the longest.' 'That's it.'

'I s'pose there aint no way that war kin be prevented from bein', more or less bar-borous, but I'd.like to offer a suggestion. Was you ever down to Swamp Center?' 'Never.!
'Well, that there's the most malarious

Well, that there's the most malariousest neighborhood in the geography. 'An'
it occured to me that it'ud be a good idee,
in case of war, to arrange it so's to march
the opposin' torces down into Swamp Center an' instid of shootin' an' stabbin' and
incouragin' the promisc'ous carryin' of
firearms, let 'em settle right down an' see
which side kin afford to buy the most
quinine. It's jest as reasonable to make
the supply of quinine the test as it is to
make the supply of gunpowder the decidin' argument. It brings it down to the
holdin' out qualities of the two parties, an'
while it may not show so much in the way
o' fireworks, it gives the soldiers more of a
chance to git away alive after one side or
the other has give out of ammunition:'—
Washington Star.

Lights of London and Paris.

Paris has about 600,000 electric lights and London twice as many. More than half of Berlin's streets are now lighted with a gas glow-light, periodily white, and five times as powerful as the old flame, and the

lamps are being placed rapidly in the other streets, and the city, with a consumption of 10,000 000 cubic meters of gas, will have fivefold the light herical store obtained from 17,000,000. The 10,000 000 oil lamps burned nightly in England cause 300 deaths annually, and 168 fires yearly in London alone.

Li.

Benefits of Conquests.

The town of Buluwayo affords a very striking illustration of British colonial enterprise. Only four years ago the site of was in the heart of a savage district. only penetrable at the momentary risk of life, and hundreds of miles from the nearest fringe of civilization. Now it is an English town of between 3,000 and four 4,000 inhabitants, connected by railroad and telegraph with the rest of the world, and throwing out new telegraphic lines of communication in all directions to interior points. The railroad itself is to be pushed forward at once still turther into the heart of what was once called the Dark Continent, to the coal fields of the Zainbesi. That it will insure a vast increase in growth and prosperity to Buluwayo can not be doubted. The mere difference per ton in the price of transport on goods coming from Cape Town is about £100. The average cost of carriage for goods from Cape Town is about £10 to £120. The development of trade will influenced, not only by the lessened cost, but by the time required for delivery. Goods forwarded by road before the railway was finished, and arriving after trains were running into Buluwayo, had, to be sold for something less than the obst of carriage. Already a considerable Mallain prices has taken place, and as there are practically no customs duties in Rhodesis, it is expected that living in the neighborhood of Buluwayo will soon be fire resigner than in Johannesburg. Just before the opening of the railroad butter, was at 128 6d a pound, fowls at 25s a pair, and eggs at 48s a dozen—New York Post. lish town of between 3,000 and four 4,000



A NURSE'S STORY.

Tells how she was cured of Heart and Nerve Troubles.

The onerous duties that fall to the Tot of a nurse, the worry, care, loss of sleep, irregularity of meals soon sell on the nervous system and undermine the health. Mrs. H. L. Menzies, a professional nurse living as the Corner of Wellington and

