

## \$500.00 REWARD

THE Government of the Province of New Brunswick offers a reward of \$500.00 for information that will result in the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who caused the death, on or about the 7th of August last, of Harry L. Williams, late of the City of Saint John.

JAMES P. BYRNE  
Attorney-General  
Fredericton  
October 5th, 1917

## IT IS HUMMING WITH INDUSTRY

Amherst a Busy Town—The Interned Germans Enjoy Life—Schools and Library—A Sewer Contract

A newspaper man visiting Amherst last week found the town humming with industry, as fresh orders for munitions had been received, and there was talk of three eight hour shifts in one large plant. An effort is also being made to have Amherst recognized as a centre for the training of soldiers. There was much political talk in the town, and apparently the prospect of a contest between Messrs. Rhodes and Logan, both supporting the military service act. Negotiations for avoidance of a contest were in progress, but somewhat doubtful of success.

On three evenings last week in the new Empress theatre, which is a very pretty and artistic house of entertainment, local amateurs presented in aid of the Red Cross the play Brown of Harvard, with very elaborately staged and splendidly presented specialties. A great number of young people participated, and visitors were surprised and delighted with the display of dramatic and musical talent, as well as the smoothness which marked the performance, and the beauty of the costumes and electric light effects. The affair was not only an artistic but a great financial success.

Amherst has evening technical classes, with a large attendance of working boys and young men, and women. The newspaper man on Thursday morning visited one of the school buildings, that at Amherst Highlands, in company with E. J. Lay, who is school superintendent. The building is admirably constructed, as to light, ventilation, heat and general equipment, and the visitor was especially interested in the music, in which the children even in the first grade are carefully

## FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES ASHAMED TO GO OUT

Many an otherwise beautiful and attractive face is sadly marred by unsightly pimples, blotches, flesh worms and various other skin diseases. Their presence is a source of embarrassment to those afflicted as well as pain and regret to their friends.

Many a cheek and brow cast in the mould of beauty have been sadly defaced, their attractiveness lost and their possessor rendered unhappy for years.

Why, then, consent to rest under this cloud of embarrassment?

There is an effective remedy for all these defects.

It is Burdock Blood Bitters. This remedy will drive out all the impurities from the blood and leave the complexion healthy and clear.

Mrs. Katherine Henry, Port Sydney, Ont., writes: "Two years ago my face was so covered with pimples I was ashamed to go out at all. I tried several remedies, but they were of no use. At last a friend advised me to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I got a bottle, and by the time it was used I could see a difference. I then got two more, and when I had used them the pimples were completely gone. I can highly recommend B. B. B."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

time the boss had finished the cook had donned his coat.

"You can cook for this camp," he said.

The boss hastily explained that he was not finding fault, but the cook remarked that if he took charge of a cook-house he took charge, and that was all there was about it. And he departed. They do say that the supply merchant who tries to work off a barrel of No. 2 pork or beef on this cook for No. 1, invariably has to try again at a camp of at least forty men and a cook who is his minimum for real joy in service.

## REMARKABLE FOR LOW HIT GAMES

During the Season Major Leagues Tied the No Hit Game Record; Many Games With Few Hits

The season of 1917 was a remarkable one for low hit games, particularly games in which the pitcher held teams without a hit, writes "Shortstop" in the New York Times. In the American league there were seventy-five games in which pitchers held teams to three hits or less, and sixty-nine such games in the national league.

During the season the major leagues tied the no hit game record of 1908, when six hitless games were turned in. For a while it seemed certain that a new record for no hit games would be hung up in 1917, as all six of the no hit games were pitched by June 29. However, after Ernie Shore pitched a no hit game against Washington on that date the no hit season ended.

Ten no hit games were pitched during the seasons of 1916 and 1917, a two year record. After the 1908 no hit game rampage there was a quick reaction. There was not a single one in 1909, while the National league went four years before it had another one. Jeff Tesreau of the Giants shut out Philadelphia with a hit on September 6, 1912, four years and a day after Nap Rucker pitched a sensational no hit game over the Braves in 1908, in which he struck out sixteen men.

Of the no hit games in 1917 five were pitched by American league pitchers, Cletto of the White Sox, Mogridge of the Yankees, Koob and Groom of the Browns and Shore of the Red Sox. Fred Toney of the Cincinnati Reds won the lone National league no hit game, a brilliant ten inning affair, in which Jim Vaughn, his opponent, also went nine innings without permitting a hit. Toney won when the Reds bunched two hits on Big Jim in the tenth. It was one of the most famous pitching battles of all time.

Mogridge's no hit game was the first ever pitched by a Yankee gunner in the league years, that New York has been represented in the American league, during which the Yankees have played in approximately 2,800 games. Mogridge's feat therefore is well deserving of a niche in the Yankee hall of fame.

By a freak coincidence all five no hit games in the American league concerned either the present world's champion White Sox or the former world's champion Red Sox, which wore the mantle last season. Cletto, Chicago's crack hurler, pitched the first no hit game of the year, shuttling the Sox to a 1-0 opening. Eddie's victims were the St. Louis Browns.

On May 5 and 6 the Browns, which finished in seventh place, certainly made the White Sox batters look bad. On May 6 Koob shut them out without a hit, and the next day the veteran Bob Groom repeated the stunt. Groom had a wonderful afternoon, as he did not allow a hit for eleven innings. He tied pitching for St. Louis in the eighth inning of the first game of a double header and went through two hitless innings. Then he started the second game and the Sox failed to garner a hit

off him during the remainder of the afternoon.

On April 24 Mogridge selected the Red Sox as his no hit victims, and on June 29 Ernie Shore, the big Boston right hander, defeated Washington without a hit.

BRITISH IN PALESTINE

London, Nov. 4.—The British army in Palestine captured fifteen guns in the recent attack which resulted in the taking of Beersheba. It was officially announced today. The statement says:

"Fifteen guns were captured at Beersheba. Prisoners to the number of 444, including 26 officers, were captured at Gaza."

In Mesopotamia the British troops operating against the Turks have driven a sharp salient into the Ottoman line northwest of Bagdad, having forced the enemy to withdraw along the Tigris about twenty miles from Due to the town of Tektit. The new drive places the apex of the British line approximately one hundred miles up the Tigris from Bagdad.

## SMALLPOX WARNING

Dr. R. H. McGrath, secretary of the provincial board of health, officially announced last night that the smallpox situation in the up-river counties—Victoria, Carleton and York, is alarming. Fifteen cases are in quarantine in these three counties and one in Newcastle, Northumberland county. Contagion is widespread from original infection and

contact in northern Aroostook county, and in Maine towns.

Advice is given to commercial men and travellers generally to avoid travelling in infected districts and to submit immediately to successful vaccination, and avoid all public gatherings, telephone booths, drinking tanks and cup, and hotels in places where cases of smallpox are known to exist.

USE THE WANT AD. WAY

The Military Service Act, 1917



# Privileges and Penalties for Class One Men, Employers, Parents

## For Class One Men

If your examination by a Medical Board has placed you in Medical Category B, C, or E, attend the nearest post office, attach Medical Certificate to claim for exemption and your present responsibility under the Military Service Act ends.

If placed in Medical Category A, and you feel justified in asking for exemption on financial, business, or domestic grounds, you have the right to claim exemption before a tribunal. It is not necessary or desirable to report for Service or to make claim for exemption in person. Simply go to nearest Post Office, fill in the form provided, leaving it with the Postmaster for free transmission to Registrar.

## For Employers of Class One Men

The employer may make claims for exemption of Class One men in his employ on the forms obtainable at the nearest Post Office. In their enthusiasm to serve Canada there will be a number of men in Class One who will desire to report for service, but who will better serve the national interest by continuing their present occupations. It is the duty and privilege of employers to claim exemption in such cases.

## For Parents

Where domestic reasons exist for the exemption of a Class One man, application may be made by parents or a near relation for exemption of such man.

N.B.—Care should be exercised to prevent more than one claim for exemption being made in respect of any one man. Where the claim is made on industrial grounds it is best made by the employer.

## Penalties Provided

Failure on the part of a Class One man to report for service or apply for exemption on or before November 10th—a term of imprisonment not exceeding five years with hard labor; also claim to exemption is forfeited.

Attempt to bribe any member of an exemption tribunal, medical board or military representative—a term of imprisonment not exceeding five years and not less than one year.

Employer reducing wage, or altering conditions of employment by virtue of making claim for employee's exemption—fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, nor less than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed six months.

Any person urging a man in Class One not to observe the requirements of the Military Service Act—imprisonment for term not less than one year nor more than five years.

Issued by  
The Military Service Council

## Mutt and Jeff—Showing Here That the Woman Always Gets the Best of it in Court

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By "Bud" Fisher

