<u>Guideline 7.</u> <u>Co-operative security rejects stale rhetoric</u> and sterile ideology. It seems no advantage in stereotypes and much damage in the prejudice perpetuated by them. It rejects, as does Canada, such blemishes on this Organization as the odious Resolution equating Zionism with racism, passed 15 years ago by this Assembly.

<u>Guideline 8.</u> <u>Co-operative security recognizes that true</u> <u>security is impossible without justice</u>. It accepts that democracy within states is a force for stability and prosperity and that justice between states - whether through development assistance, debt relief or fairer and more open terms of trade - is a necessary component of a secure world.

Mr. President, today in Ottawa on Parliament Hill a statue was unveiled to Lester B. Pearson, a great Canadian leader and world statesman, a true friend of this Organization. Mr. Pearson was present at the creation of the UN. He helped build its Charter. He helped mould its mission. He played a central role in establishing the UN's great tradition of peacekeeping. There was no cause to which he was more committed than the construction of an effective United Nations system.

Out of the ashes of World War II and World War I before it, he sought to build a structure of co-operative security which would prevent Armageddon and build a world which was prosperous, free and just for all. Lester Pearson never saw the UN fulfill its intended purpose. His dream was dashed by yet another war - the Cold War.

That war is now over. The promise is renewed, and the dream is re-kindled. Yet the challenges remain more acute, more demanding than ever.

Let us do now what we have been unable to do before. Let us shake off our past failings, confront our present and in so doing build a new future. Let us behave as United Nations.

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