regard did not bring yet any results as the Government of the Republic of Viet-Nam had refused to take part in the Joint Commission". The Indian and Canadian Delegations would like to state that the views of the two Parties on this question are still under the consideration of the Commission.

42. While the Commission appreciates the measure of co-operation received from each Party, it feels concerned about the tendency of the Parties to refuse to accept and comply with the decisions of the Commission and their persistence in maintaining their stands in certain cases. tendency, if allowed to continue, will seriously affect the supervisory and control duties of the Commission and the Commission will not be able to discharge these duties to its full satisfaction. It is, therefore, hoped that the Parties, realising as they do, the importance of maintaining peace in Viet-Nam, will give the Commission their full co-operation and assistance in controlling and supervising the implementation of the provisions of the Geneva Agreements. In spite, however, of the difficulties experienced by the Commission, the Commission has made, and will continue to make, all possible efforts to maintain and strengthen peace in Viet-Nam in accordance with the provisions of the Geneva Agreements.

The Commission notes that there has been no consultation between the two Parties with a view to holding free nation-wide elections for the reunification of the country, and to resolving the political problems and thus facilitating an early termination of the activities of the Commission and the fulfilment of its tasks. The Commission is confident that this important problem is engaging the attention of the Co-Chairmon and the Members of the Geneva Conference.

(T. N. Kaul)

CANADA

(T. Lom. Carter) (Wladyslaw Goralski) POLAND

SAIGON, Juno 5, 1958.