

Montreal. 6th April, 1887.



 $\mathbf N$ SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the under-signed, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received at this office up to noon of SATURDAY, 30th April, 1887, for the delivery of Indian supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1888, consisting of Flour, Bacon, Groceries, Ammunition, Twine, Oxen, Cows, Bulls, Agricultural Implements, Tools, &c., duty paid, at various points in Manitoba and the North-West Territories. Forms of tender containing full particulars relative to the Supplies required, dates of delivery, &c., may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg Parties may tender for each description of goods (or any portion of each description of goods) separately or for all the goods called for in the Schedules, and the Department re-serves to itself the right to reject the whole or any part of a tender. Each tender must be accompanied by an SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the under-

any part of a tender. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Cheque on a Canadian Bank in favor accepted Cheque on a Canadian Bank in favor of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs for at least five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will 'e forfeited if the party ten-dering declines to enter into a contract based on such tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned returned.

It the tender be not accepted the eneque will be returned. Tenderers must make up in the Money col umns of the Schedule the total money value of the goods they offer to supply, or the tender will not be en ertained. Each tender must, in addition to the signa-ture of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract. When implements of a particular make are mentioned it is because the articles so designated suit the Department for the purpose required better than others; in such cases the compe-tition between tenderers must, of course, be in the transportation to the place of delivery. In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for supplies to be forwarded at once from railway stations to their destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

Tenderers will please note carefully the following conditions:

- 1. Supplies will not be paid or until the Depart-ment has been assured of the satisfactory delivery of each article for which payment is cloumed.
- claimed. No tender for supplies of a description different to that given in th- index will be considered, and supplies which are found, on delivery, to be of a kind or quality different to those described, will be rejected by the agents of the Department; and the contractor and his sureties will be held responsible for any loss entailed on the Department through failure to deliver in accordance with terms of contract.

contract.
3. It must be distinctly un 'er tood that supplies are to be delivered at the various points for the prices named in the tender; that no additional charge for packing or any other account will be entertained, and that an in voice must accompany each separate delivery of supplies. An invoice for each separate delivery must also be sent to the Department of Indian Affairs at Ottawa, and one to the Indian Commissioner at Regina, if the supplies

are for the North-West Territories. When the supplies are for points in the Manitoba Superintendency the triplicate invoice should be sent to E. McColl, Winnipeg.

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- Prices must be given for articles to be de-livered at each point of delivery named in the Schedule for each article for which a tender is submitted, and not an average price for each article at all points of delivery; no tender based on a system of averages will be considered.
- Tenderers should understand that they must bear the cost, not only of sending their samples to the Department of Indian Affairs, but also freight charges incurred in returning such samples to the tenderer.
- such samples to the tenderer.
  6. When supplies are to be delivered "equal to sample," tenderers should understand that the sample is to be seen either at the Department of Indian Affairs, at the office of the Indian Commissioner at Regina, at the office of the Inspector in charge at Winnipeg, or at any of the undermentioned Indian Agencies.

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H. Martineau F. Ogletree A. M. Muckle R. J. N. Pither Geo. McPherson. John McIntyre J. Reader A. MacKay	The Narrows, Lake Manitoba Portage la Prairie. St. leter's. Fort Francis. Assabaskasing. Savanne. Grand Hapids.
Norm	WREE TRUBEROPPE

## NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

Agent. Agency.

- A. Markle ....Birtle.

- J. A. Markle .....Birtle. J. J. Campbell.... Moose Mountain. A. McDonald......Crooked Lakes. W. S. Grant.....Assiniboine Reserve. P. J. Williams....File Hills. J. B. Lash.......Muscowpetung's | eserve. H. Leith.......Touchwood Hills. J. M. Bae. Dringe Alberts.

- M. Begg ......Blackioot Orose. W. C. de Balinhard...Sarcee Reserve ..... Blackfoot Crossing.

and that no attention will be paid to a sample and that no attention will be paid to a sample of- any article, which may accompany a tender, if a stan 'ard sample of such article is on view at the Department of Indian Affairs, or any one of its Offices or Agencies aforesaid.

These Schedules must not be mutilated-they must be returned to the Department entire even if the supply of one article only is tendered for- and tenderers should in the covering letter accompanying their tender, name the pages of their Schedule on which are the articles for which they have tendered.

The lowest or any tender not necessaril accepted.

## L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.

Department of Indian Affairs, ) Ottawa, Feby., 1887.