held a place unique among his confrères, his name being famous the world over. Every man who went to London always took his clinics if possible, gaining much by his clearness and power as a diagnostician. He held the degrees of M.D., F.R.S. and LL.D., and was at the time of his death President of the British Medical Association. He was born October 28, 1826; was educated first at Aberdeen and afterwards at Edinburgh. the extra academical Medical School of that city, he gained the first medals in anatomy, physiology, chemistry, botany, materia medica, surgery, pathology and practice of physic. .For two years he assisted Dr. Hughes Bennett in the pathological department of the Royal Infirmary, and was demonstrator of anatomy to Dr. Robert Knox in the final course of lectures delivered by that celebrated anatomist. For four years Dr. Clark had charge of the pathological department of the Royal Naval hospital at Haslar. In 1854 he took his degree of M.D. at the University of Aberdeen, settled in the metropolis, and became a member of the Royal College of Physicians of London. He was the author of numerous medical works referring principally to the respiratory, renal and digestive organs. He was created a baronet in 1883. At the time of his death, Dr. Clark was consulting physician and lecturer on clinical medicine to the London hospital.

It is with considerable regret that we have to announce to our readers the death of Dr. W. R. Shaw, who passed away at Brantford on September roth last, at the age of twenty-seven. About a year and a half ago he developed tuberculosis, and although he tried a change of climate to the North-West, and later to California, it seemed to avail nothing.

Dr. Shaw graduated as an M.D. from Victoria University in 1887. He went to England to complete his studies, and in 1888 he was granted the license of the Royal College of Physicians of London: subsequent to this he was Resident Physician in the Victoria Park Hospital for Diseases of the Chest, and after that was House Physician in the East London Hospital for Diseases of Children. We have not only seen the flattering testimonials that Dr. Eustace Smith OVER.

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