as broad. Middle tibiæ with five or six long bristles along the basal two-thirds of the outer edge and a single bristle at the basal third on the anterior surface; longer spur two-thirds as long as the metatarsus. Hind tibia with a single bristle on the anterior surface at the basal two-fifths and a short one just before the apex; longer spur scarcely longer than the width of the metatarsus. Wings with the costal vein reaching to the middle, its bristles rather long and sparse, about 17 in each series, and each bristle about as long as the greatest distance from the costa to the first vein; first vein bending sharply and then slanting to the costa, its apex nearer to the tip of the costa than to the humeral crossvein; fourth vein weakly curved on its basal half, straight beyond, ending barely before the wing tip; fifth and sixth weak, nearly straight; seventh obsolete. Halteres black.

Female.—The front is broader, and the body is black, with only the slightest tinge of the green colour of the male. The front tarsi are more distinctly thickened, the second and following joints being slightly wider than the tibia; second joint distinctly less than twice as wide as long; third one-third longer than wide.

Described from four specimens; type \eth , two \eth paratypes and one \Diamond paratype. Treesbank, Manitoba, Canada, (N. Criddle) May 30. Type in the collection of the Entomological Branch, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

As Professor Aldrich remarked in his letter sent with the specimens, this is the only Phorid which shows a distinct green colour, the other members of the family being black, brown, reddish or yellow of various shades and combinations. Only one other form with which I am familiar, *Melaloncha pulchella* Brues, departs from this type of coloration, the abdomen having bands of bluish pruinosity.

BOOK REVIEW.

RHYNCOPHORA OR WEEVILS OF NORTHEASTERN AMERICA.
BY W. S. BLATCHLEY AND C. W. LENG. THE NATURE PUBLISHING
CO., 1558 PARK AVENUE, INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, U. S. A.

Those who possess the monumental work of Prof. Blatchley on the Coleoptera of Indiana will rejoice to learn that he has completed his great task by publishing the present volume on the Rhyncophora, which were not included in the former book. By