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LIFE-HISTORY OF XYLINA BETHUNEI, G. & R. BY HENRY H. LYMAN, MONTREAL.

On the evening of 17th of April, 1898, a \circ of this species entered my room, and was bottled and not looked at again until the morning of the 19th, when it was found that the cyanide in the bottle was exhausted and that the moth was still alive and had laid a considerable number of eggs. The eggs were distributed through the cotton wool at the bottom of the bottle, and this had to be carefully pulled to pieces thread by thread to secure the eggs.

The following description was taken:

Egg.—Somewhat of gumdrop shape, .60 mm. in diameter, wider than high. Many low ribs rising from the base, the whole surface pitted with rather large depressions having the appearance near the apex of short transverse striæ. Colour when laid, creamy with a tinge of green, soon turning whitish and then soon showing a mottling of brownish red. Later they turned darker, but the mottling remained; hatching 1st and 2nd May. Egg period about 14 days.

Young larva.—Stage I: Length, at rest, 1.42 mm.; in motion, 1.70 mm. Head large, considerably exceeding the 2nd segment, lower part projecting forward. Colour creamy white, but with a darker interior shade beginning at the 3rd segment and extending about two-thirds to anal end, but darker and more marked on the anterior segments. Setæ long, concolorous, as are also the feet and claspers.

The larvæ were offered wild cherry, red-oak bud, hawthorn, silver maple, white birch, willow, plantain, ash, apple. They are several of the foods offered, but preferred cherry, maple or apple; hawthorn, birch and plantain were not touched.

By the 5th May the general colour was a pale green, the interior shade being dark green, though some did not show the darker interior shade, being uniformly pale green.

Passing 1st moult 7th May; described 9th May.