

meeting be offered to the Lord Bishop of Cape Town, for the opportunity afforded by him to the Rev. R. G. Lamb, of contradicting the version of his speech, which, according to his statement, must have been incorrectly reported in the printed account of the proceedings at the meeting of the Colonial Church Society at Liverpool." (Immense cheering.)

"A voice—And that would have been carried."
"Eventually, the parties who had called the meeting being unable to get a hearing, the meeting separated with three cheers for the Bishop—groans for Mr. Lamb, applause to Mr. Lamb, and groans for the Bishop.

The consequences of the capture of the Malakoff were far more considerable and more rapid than any one—even the Generals themselves—ventured to anticipate. Sebastopol was at once regarded by the Russians as untenable, and orders were given for its evacuation. In the dead of the night the remains of the garrison crossed by the floating bridge recently constructed to the north side of the Sebastopol Inlet, and shortly the explosion of magazines and the lurid glare of burning ships betrayed to the besiegers the despair and retreat of the enemy. Morning showed the town empty, the floating bridge broken, and burnt hulls of vessels blackening the waters of the Great Harbour. Three small steamers are all that remain of the boasted Black Sea fleet, so lately the pride of Russia and the terror of the Sultan!—*London Guardian*.

The English loss in killed and wounded is 2000,—between five and six hundred killed.—The French have 4500. The number killed is supposed to amount to one-third of the number wounded.

The Queen, upon the recommendation of Sir William Molesworth, has appointed Mr. Hincks, a distinguished member of the Canadian Legislature, to the governorship of Barbadoes. Mr. Hincks is a native of Ireland.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

SPURIOUS COPPER COIN.—We have been shown a sample of a large lot of spurious copper coin which has recently arrived from Boston. The coin shows us has a ship on the obverse side, and on the reverse the words "Ships, Colonies, and Commerce." Its weight is about one-half that of the Provincial half-penny. Shopkeepers and others should be on their guard. At present, we believe the copper currency is composed only of British and Provincial coin.—*St. John, N. B. Courier*.

Diocesan Assembly.

PROPOSED REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The Committee appointed at the Meeting of the Bishops, Clergy, and Representatives of the Laity, assembled at Halifax on the 12th day of October last, to prepare a Constitution upon which the proposed Synodical action of the Diocese of Nova Scotia should be based, have so far proceeded in conformity with their instructions, as to agree upon the following Declaration and Regulations, which they now publish for the information of the members of the Church, preparatory to submitting them for adoption at the meeting of the Assembly to be held in October next:—

I. Declaration of Principles.

We, the Bishop and Clergy, and Representatives of the Laity of the United Church of England and Ireland, within the Diocese of Nova Scotia, assembled together and intending, under God's blessing and guidance, to consider and determine upon such matters as shall appear necessary for the welfare of the Church in this Diocese, desire, in the first place, for the avoiding of all misunderstanding and scandal, to make a declaration of the principles upon which we propose to proceed.

We desire that the Church in this Colony may continue, as it has been, an integral portion of the United Church of England and Ireland.

We recognize the true Canon of Holy Scripture, as received by that Church, to be the rule and standard of faith; we acknowledge the Book of Common Prayer and Sacraments, together with the Thirty Nine Articles of Religion, to be the true and faithful declaration of the doctrines contained in Holy Scripture; we maintain the form of Church government by Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, as Scriptural and Apostolical; and we declare our firm and unanimous resolution, in dependence on Divine aid, to preserve those doctrines and that form of Church Government, and to transmit them to our posterity.

In particular we uphold the ancient doctrine of our Church, that the Queen is rightfully possessed of the chief government or supremacy over all persons within her dominions, in all causes whether ecclesiastical or civil; and we desire that such supremacy may continue unimpaired.

It is our earnest wish and determination to confine our deliberations and actions to matters of discipline, to the temporalities of the Church, and to such regulations of order as may tend to her efficiency and extension.

II. Constitution and Regulations of Assembly.

1. Periodical Meetings shall be held, composed

of the Bishop, Clergy, and Laity of this Diocese; and their Assembly, constituted as hereafter provided, shall be called the Diocesan Assembly of Nova Scotia.

2. Every Clergyman in the Diocese duly licensed by the Bishop shall have a seat in the Assembly, Presbyters alone having the right of voting. The Laity shall appear by their representatives.

3. A quorum of the Assembly shall consist of not less than one-fourth of the whole number of Clergy and Lay members respectively, with the Bishop or his Commissary presiding.

4. The vote of each order shall be taken separately, such vote being determined by the majority of the members present in each order.

5. No rule shall be binding on the members of the Church of this diocese at large which shall not have received the concurrent assent of the Bishop, the Clergy, and the Laity, and have been passed in the Diocesan Assembly.

6. The Clergy being under the obligation implied in their subscription to the Thirty Nine Articles, as well as the three Articles of the 39th Canon, it is not competent for the Diocesan Assembly to make alterations in those formularies or in the method of interpretation laid down in the Declaration prefixed to the 39 Articles, or in the Book of Common Prayer of the United Church of England and Ireland, or finally in the authorised versions of the Holy Scriptures. With those exceptions, the Diocesan Assembly may deliberate and decide by a majority of votes taken as specified in Rule 4, on all matters affecting the interests of the Church of this Diocese.

7. The Representatives of the Laity must have been communicants for the 12 months preceding the Election, and every adult male Parishoner may vote for the Parish or District of which he is a member, upon subscribing the following declaration:—"I do declare that I am a member of the United Church of England and Ireland, and belong to no other religious denomination."

8. Each District forming a separate cure of souls may send 2 lay representatives, and the Parish of St. Paul's in the City of Halifax may send 4, so long as its present area remains undiminished.

9. The meetings of the Assembly shall be Biennial, but the Bishop (or in his absence the Archdeacon,) shall have power to summon additional meetings at his discretion, and an Election of Representatives shall take place at the Easter Meeting preceding each ordinary biennial Meeting of the Assembly.

10. There shall be two Secretaries, one chosen by the Clergy, the other by the Laity, who shall keep regular Minutes of all proceedings of the Assembly.

Editorial Miscellany.

ORDINATION.

AN Ordination of which no notice was previously given, was held at the Bishop's Chapel, on Sunday last, when the Rev. Mr. Pearson was duly ordained to be a Priest, and Messrs. Hensley, Bowman and Randall, were ordained to the Deacon's office. All the above gentlemen had been under examination since the Wednesday previous, and had given satisfactory evidence to the Bishop of their fitness for the Holy Ministry. The Service was truly impressive, and the large congregation evinced by their devout attention a deep interest in its solemnity. The Rev. W. Ballock, the Rev. E. Maturin, and the Rev. J. C. Cochran, joined with the Bishop in the imposition of hands, and the Ordination Sermon was preached by the Rev. E. Maturin from Timothy II. 2. The Venite, Te Deum, Jubilate, were chanted in good style by the congregation, led by the Revd. Mr. Pearson. The Bishop with the officiating Clergy, and the newly ordained Clergymen, remained to partake of the Holy Communion. The Revd. Mr. Pearson preached in the evening at the Bishop's Chapel, and the Bishop held evening service at St. Paul's.

DIOCESAN CHURCH SOCIETY.

The Annual Sermons for the Diocesan Church Society are to be preached at St. Paul's and St. Luke's in this City, on Sunday October 7th, the appointed Preachers being Rev. Messrs. Maynard, Snyder, and Forsythe. On the following Wednesday the Clergy and Representatives of the Laity will assemble at St. Paul's at 11 A.M., when a Sermon will be preached by the Rev. Dr. Shreve, and the Holy Communion will be celebrated. At 2 P.M. the general meeting of Members of the D. C. S. will be held in the National School Room. On Thursday 11th, Morning prayer will be said in the Bishop's Chapel at half-past nine, and immediately afterwards the Synod or "Diocesan Assembly" will meet for business in the large School Room adjoining the Chapel. The members of the Committee ap-

pointed to prepare a Constitution will meet at the Bishop's residence on Tuesday 9th at 11 A.M. to complete their Report.

FIRES AT DARTMOUTH.—On Wednesday morning about 1 o'clock, the roof of the Pottery at Dartmouth was discovered to be on fire. The alarm was immediately given, and the engine being brought to the scene of action, the fire was soon subdued.—They have no fire bell Dartmouth, and we understand that but few of the inhabitants were aware of the danger in which the above premises were involved, until a much later hour in the morning. They should by all means get a bell.

Just as we were congratulating ourselves upon a new phase in the Cunard enterprise, and with the certainty that like all the other solid speculations of that Firm, it was sure to pay, and anticipating a cheap and quick trip to Boston, our expectations were nipped in the bud, by the announcement that the *Curlaw* was taken off the line. Various rumors are afloat as to the cause of this stoppage, which is on all hands generally regretted. In connection with other enterprises which are calculated to raise Halifax again to that position relatively to the other parts of the Province, which was once held, but is now nearly lost, a good steamer to Boston cannot well be dispensed with, and is essential to the completeness of the design. No firm in this City is so likely to do the thing well as the Cunards; but if they decline the responsibility, the next best plan would be for our citizens to make it a joint stock enterprise, after the manner of the good people of Yarmouth, whose steamer is even now doing a very fair business, and is expected to pay well next year. From that port they collect passengers as far east as Halifax and west as far as Digby, and a large quantity of freight both ways crosses a business in Yarmouth for all the surrounding country. The chances of success are much in favor of Halifax, and if our steamers were to touch at Liverpool, a detention of little consequence in making the voyage, and of vast importance to that port, increasing travelling along the shore, and opening up a United States market for the products of the adjacent agricultural districts, there could be no risk of failure. We cannot doubt that Legislative aid would be granted to such an enterprise, if it was found to be necessary to foster it in the beginning, as it is rather of Provincial than sectional interest; and if Railroads through the interior receive the government aid, surely steamers along the coast are equally entitled thereto.

J. W. Dawson, Esq., late Superintendent of Education in this Province, has accepted the office of Principal of McGill College, Montreal, said to be one of the best endowed institutions of learning in British America. Mr. Dawson's varied acquirements eminently qualify him for this post; as a Geologist, especially, we doubt whether there is one more competent in the science on this Continent.

The barque *Saxon* was launched on Tuesday last, from the ship yard of Messrs. Starr & Williams, at Richmond. The *Saxon* is of beautiful mould and superior workmanship, and reflects credit upon her builders and owners.

A gathering of Roman Catholic prelates and clergy, at St. John's, Newfoundland, to assist at the consecration of the Roman Catholic Cathedral, just erected there, which took place on the 9th inst. has caused much sensation in that capital.

The Hon. Joseph Howe arrived in the Steamship that brought the news of the fall of Sebastopol.

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS.

A singular combination, but very effectual, as the following will show:

New York, November 20, 1852.

Knowing, from experience, the valuable qualities of Dr. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS, I have for some time back considered it my duty, and made it my business to make those articles known wherever I went among my friends. A short time ago I became acquainted with the case of a young girl, who seemed to be troubled with worms and Liver complaint at the same time, and had been suffering for some two months. Through my persuasion she purchased one bottle of Dr. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE, and one box of LIVER PILLS, which she took according to directions. The result was, she passed a large quantity of worms, and thinks that one box more of the Pills will restore her to perfect health. Her name and residence can be learned by calling on E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

P.S. Dr. M'LANE'S celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills can both be obtained at any of the respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take note that Dr. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS. There are other Vermifuges and Pills now before the public, but all comparatively worthless.