SCUTELLARIA, L. Skull-cap.

1785. S. LATERIFLORA, L. (Mad-dog Skull-cap.)

Low ground. July-1. (B.) Flowers small in axillary and terminal one-sided racemes.

1787. S. PARVULA, MX.

Dry banks and in sand. June—2. Not so common as our other two species. A low, branching, pubescent plant, spreading by means of stolons which bear several elongated and connected tuber-like swellings.

1789. S. GALERICULATA, L. (COMMON SKULL-CAP.)

On floating logs and banks of streams. July-1. (B.) A tall, graceful plant with showy flowers.

BRUNELLA, Touru. Self-heal.

1790. B. VULGARIS, L. (Common Heal-all.)

Prunclla rulgaris, L.

Introduced (?) Damp woods and fields. June-2. (B)

LEONURUS, L.

1794. L. Cardiaca, L. (Common Motherwort.)
Pastures and clearings. July—1. (B)

LAMIUM.

1795. L. ample.cicaule, L. (Hen-bit Dead-nettle.)

Introduced. Rare and not persistent. Billings Bridge. Stewarton. Bell's Corners. July—3.

GALEOPSIS, L. Hemp-nettle.

1798. G. Tetrahit, L. (Common Hemp-nettle.)

Introduced. Common in waste places and cultivated fields. July-3. (B) Easily known by the bristly stems which are swollen beneath the joints. Flowers often yellowish or white.